

**ORDER SHEET.**  
**IN THE ISLAMABAD HIGH COURT, ISLAMABAD.**  
**JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT**

**W.P No.371 of 2022**

**M/s Islamabad Electric Supply Company Limited  
VS**

**Federal Board of Revenue, etc.**

<b>S. No. of order/ proceedings</b>	<b>Date of order/ proceedings</b>	<b>Order with signature of Judge and that of parties or counsel where necessary.</b>
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**03.02.2022. Mr. Muhammad Asif Khan, Advocate for the  
petitioner.**

This is 05<sup>th</sup> petition on the subject filed under Article 199 of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973 through which the petitioner has sought *inter alia* direction to respondent No.2 to decide its pending appeal and stay application and in the meanwhile restraining respondent No.1 from initiating the recovery proceedings in pursuance of impugned order dated 07.05.2021 for the period: July-2017 to June-2020.

2. Learned counsel for the petitioner submitted that the impugned notice is illegal, arbitrary and against the law. It was further contended that initiation of recovery proceedings during the pendency of petitioner's appeal is against its fundamental rights

guaranteed under the Constitution. It was further contended that it is trite law that unless there is adjudication by one independent forum, no recovery proceedings can be initiated against the assessee. In this behalf learned counsel placed reliance on the case titled "*M/s Pak Saudi Fertilizers Ltd. Vs. Federation of Pakistan and others*" (2002 PTD 679), "*Z.N. Exporters (Pvt.) Ltd Vs. Collector of Sales Tax*" (2003 PTD 1746), "*Brothers Engineering (Pvt.) Ltd Vs. Appellate Tribunal Sales Tax*" (2003 PTD 1836). Learned counsel further contended that delay in decision of the appeal is not on part of the petitioner, therefore, impugned recovery notice dated 07.05.2021 may be suspended and recovery proceedings be stopped till the final decision of the appeal and stay application by respondents No.2.

3. The submissions made by the learned counsel for the petitioner have substance. In this behalf the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Pakistan in case titled "*Mehram Ali Vs. Federation of Pakistan etc.*" (PLD 1998 SC 1445) has specifically held that there should be adjudication of grievance by an independent

Tribunal and even Lahore High Court in numerous judgments has held that an assessee is entitled to adjudication in respect of his disputed tax liabilities by at least one independent forum outside hierarchy of the respondent department.

4. In view of the above, the instant Writ Petition is disposed of with direction to respondent No.2 to hear and decide the appeal within a period of Sixty days and till then no coercive measures shall be adopted against the petitioner by respondents No.1.

**(AAMER FAROOQ)**  
**JUDGE**

\*M.NAVEED.