

PENGATURCARAAN BERORENTASIKAN OBJEK (OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING (SECJ2154)

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GROUP PROJECT Nutrition Tracker

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2/SECRH

SECTION 04

Lecturer:

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SECTION A: PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Synopsis:

Nowadays. importance of health getting aware of people. However, the rise of fast food, processed snacks, and busy lifestyles has led to a significant increase in diet-related health issues such as obesity, diabetes, and heart disease. Therefore, people struggle to keep track of their nutrition intake for analysis purposes. A nutrition tracker system is the solution to this problem.

Our developed nutrition tracker system provides an interface for users to enter their calorie intake daily and record it in the database. Users can view their records anytime, anywhere. Plus, our system will also calculate the BMI based on the information provided by users to recommend the calories that should be taken daily.

In our developed system, there are 5 modules:

1. User Module:

- This module consists User, Regular User and Admin class.
- This module is used to create and delete users.

2. Food Module:

- This module consists FoodItem, FoodItemEnum and Meal class
- This module is used for users to create meals with food items manually or use the predefined food items with pre-set calories as well as edit the meals

3. Tracking Module:

- This module consists NutritionTracker class.
- This module is used to calculate the daily total and recommended calorie intake of users and displays the details of their recorded meals.

4. Utility Module:

- This module consists DatabaseManager and InvalidFoodException class
- This module is used to handle data storage and provide exceptions for the food items.

5. Application Module

- This module consists Main class
- This module is used to integrate all the modules and consists main function.

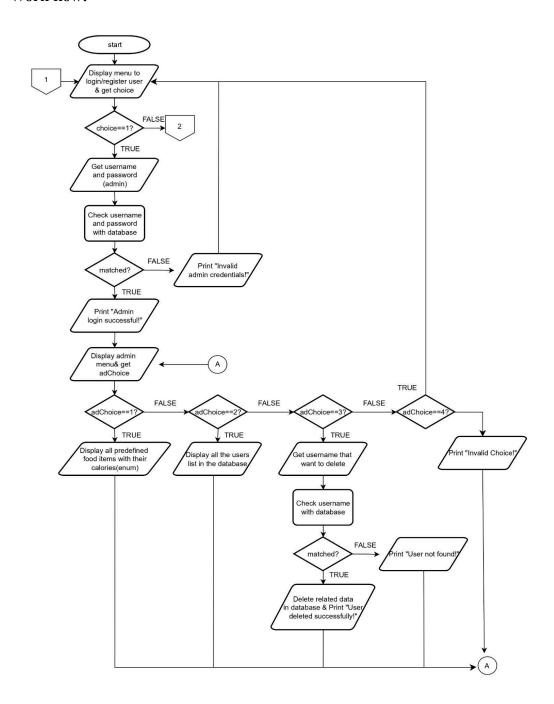
Also, we have used 3 .txt files as our database. Please note that to run our system, you should change the value of ADMIN_FILE, REGULAR_USER_FILE and MEAL_FILE instance variables in the DatabaseManager class with your respective path of admin.txt, regular users.txt and meals.txt on your device.

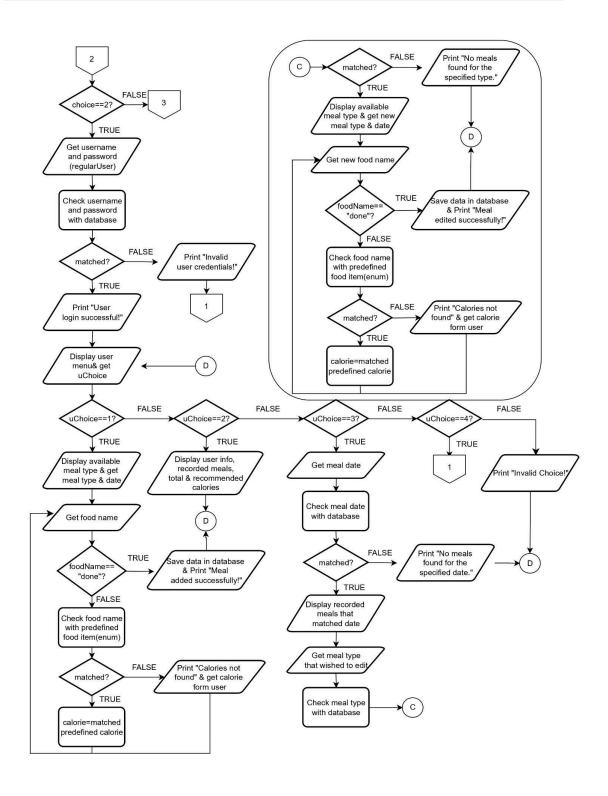
```
public class DatabaseManager {{
    private ArrayList<Admin> admins;
    private ArrayList<AgegularUser> regularUsers;
    private static final String ADMIN_FILE = "C:\\Users\\SOH FEI ZHEN\\Documents\\Documents\\UTM sem4\\OOP\\GroupProject\\GroupProject\\GroupProject\\regular_users.txt";
    private static final String REGULAR_USER_FILE = "C:\\Users\\SOH FEI ZHEN\\Documents\\Documents\\UTM sem4\\OOP\\GroupProject\\GroupProject\\regular_users.txt";
    private static final String MEAL_FILE = "C:\\Users\\SOH FEI ZHEN\\Documents\\Documents\\UTM sem4\\OOP\\GroupProject\\GroupProject\\mathrea{\text{meals.txt}};
```

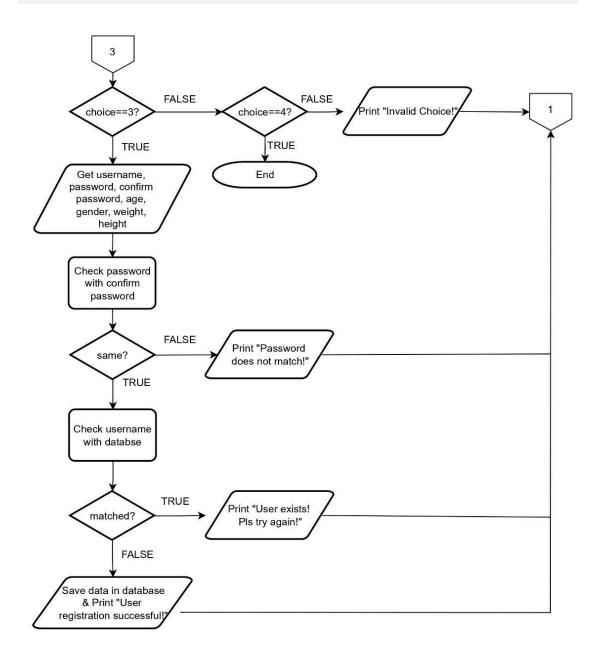
Objective and Scope:

- 1. To implement encapsulation and data hiding in the system
- 2. To implement association and composition in the system
- 3. To implement inheritance, polymorphism and abstract class in the system
- 4. To implement exception handling in the system

Work flow:







OO Concepts:

1. Encapsulation and data hiding

In our developed system, we have used Java language which implements object-oriented programming. That means each class we declare combines data and methods via encapsulation. If the other objects want to access or manipulate the data, they need to access or manipulate it via public methods. This indirect access is known as a programming interface. By encapsulating object data, we maximize reusability, reduce data dependency, and minimize debugging time.

Also, by implementing the encapsulation concept, we have implemented data hiding too. This is because every object has its own data and method, only objects themselves can access the private data unless by public method. Data hiding is important as it protects attributes from accidental corruption by outside objects, allows the maintainer of the object to modify the internal functioning of the object without "breaking" other's code as well as better security.

```
public class RegularUser extends User {
    private int age;
    private String gender;
    private double weight;
    private double height;
    private NutritionTracker nutritionTracker;

    public RegularUser(String username, String password, int age, String gender, double weight, double height) {
        super(username, password);
        this.age = age;
        this.gender = gender;
        this.weight = weight;
        this.height = height;
        this.nutritionTracker = new NutritionTracker();
    }

    public int getAge() {
        return age;
    }
}
```

The above figure shows the RegularUser class has implemented encapsulation by providing accessors such as getAge() for other objects to indirectly access data.

2. Association

Association is a general binary relationship between two classes. This relationship allows objects to call methods in other objects. In our system, we only implement the unidirectional association.

```
public class NutritionTracker {
   private ArrayList<Meal> meals;
    public NutritionTracker() {
        this.meals = new ArrayList<>();
    public void addMeal(Meal meal) {
       meals.add(meal);
public class Meal {
    private String type;
    private String date;
    private ArrayList<FoodItem> foodItems;
    public Meal(String type, String date) {
        this.type = type;
        this.date = date;
        this.foodItems = new ArrayList<>();
    public void addFoodItem(FoodItem item) {
        foodItems.add(item);
```

The above figures show the unidirectional association between the Meal class and NutritionTracker class. This can be proven by the instance variables of Meal datatype objects as well as methods to add Meal objects in NutritionTracker. However, in the Meal class, there is none of the instance variables or methods about the NutritionTracker class. Also, the NutritionTracker class is an enclosing class whereas the Meal class is an enclosed class. The enclosing class exclusively owns enclosed classes. That means the existence of objects are independent where when a NutritionTracker object is destroyed, the Meal objects owned by this NutritionTracker object will not be destroyed together.

3. Composition

Composition is a special form of association, which represents an ownership relationship between two classes.

```
public class DatabaseManager {
    private ArrayList<Admin> admins;
    private ArrayList<RegularUser> regularUsers;
    private static final String ADMIN_FILE = "C:\\Users\\SOH FE:
    private static final String REGULAR_USER_FILE = "C:\\Users\\'
    private static final String MEAL_FILE = "C:\\Users\\SOH FEI

public DatabaseManager() throws IOException {
    this.admins = new ArrayList<>();
    this.regularUsers = new ArrayList<>();
    loadAdmins();
    loadRegularUsers();
    loadMeals();
}
```

The above figure shows the composition between the DatabaseManager class with Admin class and the RegularUser class. In this case, the DatabaseManager class is an enclosing class whereas the Admin class and RegularUser class are enclosed classes. The enclosed classes are the parts of the enclosed class. That means the existence of objects is dependent where when a DatabaseManager object is destroyed, the Admin objects and RegularUsers objects owned by this DatabaseManager object will be destroyed too.

4. Inheritance

Inheritance provides a way to create a new class from an existing class. That means classes can inherit attributes and methods from other classes, and add extra attributes and methods of their own.

The above figure shows the inheritance relationship between RegularUser and User where RegularUser is a child class, User is a parent class. A child class will own all the attributes and methods declared in the parent class and add on their specific attribute and methods. The username and password attributes shown above are the attributes inherited from the parent class, User. To initialize them, we need to invoke the parent class constructor by super() method. The instance variables and methods are declared in the RegularUser class making it a specialized form of the User class.

5. Abstract class and polymorphism

An abstract class is a class with one or more abstract methods where the methods should not have implementation. We also cannot have any object of abstract class.

```
public abstract class User {
    private String username;
    private String password;

public User(String username, String password) {
        this.username = username;
        this.password = password;
    }

public String getUsername() {
        return username;
    }

public String getPassword() {
        return password;
    }

public abstract void displayOptions();
}
```

The above figure shows the abstract class in our system. As you see, there is one abstract method in this class, so this class will automatically become abstract and must be extended by the child class. Yet, the abstract method must be overridden by the subclass so that the subclass will not transform to an abstract class too.

```
public void displayOptions() {
    System.out.println(x:"1. Add Meal");
    System.out.println(x:"2. View Meals");
    System.out.println(x:"3. Edit Meal");
}
```

The figure above shows the overridden method in the RegularUser class where it is the child class of the User class. To override the method, we should have exactly the same function name, parameter lists and return datatype. If a User datatype variable reference to a RegularUser, the polymorphism is implemented as the implementation of displayOptions() will be used either in User class or RegularUser class will be determined during run time.

6. Exception handling

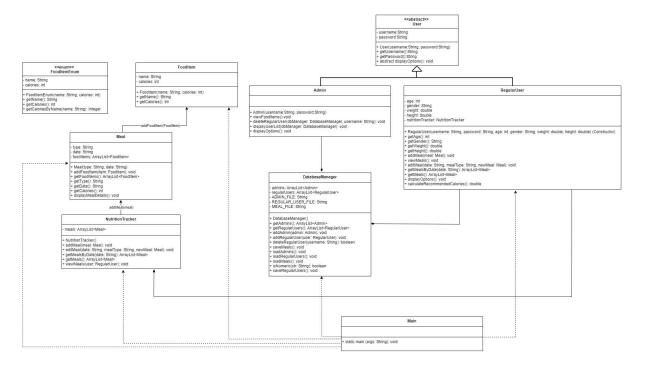
```
private static void adminLogin(DatabaseManager dbManager, Scanner scanner) {
    clearConsole();
    System.out.print(s:"Enter username: ");
    String username = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print(s:"Enter password: ");
    String password = scanner.nextLine();

    for (Admin admin : dbManager.getAdmins()) {
        if (admin.getUsername().equals(username) && admin.getPassword().equals(password)) {
            System.out.println(x:"Admin login successful!");
            pauseForUserInput();
            adminOptions(admin, dbManager, scanner);
            return;
        }
    }
    System.out.println(x:"Invalid admin credentials!");
    pauseForUserInput();
}
```

The above figure shows one of the exception handling we had in our developed system. The exception we try to handle is the user entering an invalid input of username and password. If the user entered the username and password which is not matched with the database, an error message "Invalid admin credentials" will be displayed to the user to indicates their invalid inputs.

SECTION B: CLASS DIAGRAMS

The following diagram shows class diagram for the "Nutrition Tracker".



PDF File:

 $\frac{https://drive.google.com/file/d/1p6gn3fgb4KgbxAUSTbbQZom97mcHeHEQ/view}{?usp=sharing}$

Class User:

Attributes	Description		
username	The username to login		
password	The password to login		
Methods	Description		
getUsername	To get the username value		
getPassword	To get the password value		
displayOptions	A abstract function		

Class Admin:

Attributes	Description	
Methods	Description	
viewFoodItems	To display enum food item list	
deleteRegularUser	To delete specific regular user	
displayUserList	To display regular user list	
displayOptions	To display the options menu for admin	

Class RegularUser

Attributes	Description		
age	The age of user		
gender	The gender of user		
weight	The weight of user		
height	The height of user		
nutritionTracker	The nutrition tracker for the user		
Methods	Description		
getAge	To get the age of user		
getGender	To get the gender of user		
getWeight	To get the weight of user		
getHeight	To get the height of user		
calculateBMI	Calculate the BMI by using formulate weight / ((height /		
	100) * (height / 100))		
addMeal	To add new meal to the nutrition tracker of user		
viewMeals	To view all the meal records in the nutrition tracker		
editMeal	To edit the specific meal		
getMealByDate	To search and display the meal by key in the date		
getMeals	To return the object meal array list		
displayOptions	To display the options menu for user		
calculateRecommend	To calculate the calories that recommended to each user		
edCalories	based on their age, gender, weight and height		

Class NutritionTracker:

Attributes	Description		
meals	Array that store meal objects		
Methods	Description		
addMeal	To add a new meal object into the meals array		
editMeal	To edit a specific meal object in the meals array		
getMealsByDate	To return the meals array by searching the date		
getMeals	To return a specific meal object from the meals array list		
viewMeals	To display the meals of list of the user		

Class FoodItemEnum:

Attributes	Description		
name	The name of food		
calories	The calorie of food		
Methods	Description		
getName	To get the name of food		
getCalories	To get the calorie of food		
getCaloriesByName	To get the calorie value of the food by entering the food		
	name		

Class FoodItem:

Attributes	Description		
name	The name of food		
calories	The calorie of food		
Methods	Description		
getName	To get the name of food		
getCalories	To get the calorie of food		

Class Meal:

Attributes	Description		
type	The type of meals: Breakfast, lunch, dinner or snack		
date	The date of the meal		
foodItems	Thea array list of foodItem object		
Methods	Description		
addFoodItem	To add new food item object into foodItems array		
getFoodItem	To get the foodItem array		
getType	To get the type of meal		
getDate	To get the date of meal		
getCalories	To get the total calorie of food item in the array		
displayMealDetails	To display the meal details and all the food in the list		

Class DatabaseManager

Attributes	Description	
admins	The array list of admins	
regularUsers	The arraylist of regular users	
ADMIN_FILE	The constant admins list file name	
REGULAR_USER_FIL	The constant regular users list file name	
Е		
MEAL_FILE	The constant meal list file name	
Methods	Description	
getAdmins	To get the array of admins	
getRegularUsers	To get the array of regular users	
addAdmin	To add new admin into the array	
addRegularUser	To add new regular user into the array	
deleteRegularUser	To get the result of deleting a specific regular user	
saveMeals	To load and save the nutrition tracker data of users	
	into the MEAL FILE	
loadAdmins	Ins To load the data of admins from the ADMIN_FILE	
	and store them in the array	
loadRegularUsers	To load the data of regular users from the	
	REGULAR USER FILE and store them in the array	
loadMeals	To load the data of meals from the MEAL_FILE and	
	store them in the array	
isNumeric	To cast a string into an integer and return the result of	
	casting either successful or not	
saveRegularUsers	To load and save the data of regular user into the	
	REGULAR USER FILE	

SECTION C: USER MANUAL

At user's first sight is the main page, the system will prompt user to choose the type of login, whether is Admin Login, Regular User Login, Register, or exit.

```
Welcome to Nutrition Tracker System!

+-----+

| MAIN PAGE |

+-----+

1. Admin Login
2. Regular User Login
3. Register
4. Exit
Choose an option: [
```

1. Admin Login

If user choose option 1- admin login, the user required to enter username and password to verify the admin.

a) Below is the example of entering wrong username and password User can press enter to return to the main page

```
+----+

| A D M I N L O G I N |
+-----+

Enter username: Kai
Enter password: 2992332

CAUTION: !!! Invalid admin credentials !!!

Press Enter to continue...
```

b) Below is the example of admin successfully login.

User can press enter to enter next page



After successfully login, system display the admin menu. The admin can choose to view food item, view user list, delete regular user, and logout.



i) if admin choose option 1, system will display the list of food items and their calories Admin can press enter to return to the admin menu.

Food Item	Calories	
Apple	52	
Banana	89	
Orange	62	
Oatmeal	150	
Pancakes	175	
Scrambled Eggs	140	
Bacon	42	
Toast	75	
Yogurt	100	
Granola	200	
Smoothie	250	
Noodles	200	
Shrimp	100	
McChicken	450	
Roast Beef	250	
Stir Fry	400	
Lasagna	350	
BBQ Ribs	400	
Chocolate Bar	210	
Chips	152	
Nuts	175	
Fruit Salad	120	
Granola Bar	150	
Cookies	160	
Ice Cream	137	
Popcorn	55	
Cheese	113	
Trail Mix	200	
++		
Press Enter to continue		

ii) if admin choose option 2, list of system's existing users is being displayed Admin can press enter to return to the admin menu.

```
---- List of existing users ----
- Qingyee
- Sini
- Kaixuen
```

iii) if admin choose option 3, admin is required to enter the username of user to delete from the system

Admin can press enter to return to the admin menu.

```
Enter username to delete: Qingyee User deleted successfully!
```

if the username is not existing to the system, it will unable to delete it.

```
Enter username to delete: david User not found!
```

iv) System will return to the main page if admin choose to logout.

```
Welcome to Nutrition Tracker System!

+-----+

LOGIN PAGE |

+----+

1. Admin Login
2. Regular User Login
3. Register
4. Exit
Choose an option:
```

2. Regular User Login

If user choose option 2- regular user login, the user required to enter username and password to verify him/her.

a) Below is the example of entering wrong username and password

User can press enter to return to the main page

```
+-----+

USER LOGIN

+-----+

Enter username: sini
Enter password: 0810

CAUTION: !!! Invalid user credentials !!!
```

b) Below is the example of user successfully login.

User can press enter to proceed enter the next page

```
+----+

| USER LOGIN |

+----+

Enter username: Sini
Enter password: 0810

-----User login successful!-----
```

After successfully login, system display the user menu. The user can choose to enter meal, view meals, edit meal, and logout.

```
USER MENU
+-----+

1. Enter Meal
2. View Meals
3. Edit Meal
4. Logout
Choose an option:
```

i) For option 1, user can choose to record their meal.

User can record their meal by entering the meal type, date and also the food item.

If the calories of food item that user entered is not recorded in the system, such as the "Omakase", user will required to enter the calories of that speific food item.

```
Select meal type:

1. Breakfast
2. Lunch
3. Dinner
4. Snack

Choose an option (1-4): 2
Enter meal date (yyyy-mm-dd): 2024-08-22
Enter food item name (or type 'done' to finish): Sushi Enter food item name (or type 'done' to finish): Omakase

Calories not found for Omakase. Please enter calories: 300
Enter food item name (or type 'done' to finish): done

-----Meal added successfully!-----
Press Enter to continue...
```

ii) if user chooses option 2, the system will display the user's personal details and the list of meals they have recorded. System will also automatically calculate and display their calories consumed status.

User can press enter to return to the user menu.

+ User Info	·····		
Name: Sini Age : 22 BMI : 19.10			
+ Date	+ Meal Type	+ Food Item '	++ Calories
2024-06-11 	Breakfast Lunch Dinner Snack	Apple Toast Sandwich Soup Pizza GrilledChicken GranolaBar	52
2024-06-11 2024-06-11 2024-06-11	Total Recommend Status		1297 1613 Under
2024-06-12 	Breakfast Lunch Dinner Snack	NasiLemak Yogurt Sushi Salad Pasta Steak ChocolateBar	280 100 200 150 300 679
2024-06-12 2024-06-12 2024-06-12 2024-06-12	Total Recommend Status	 	1919 1613 Exceeded

iii) if user choose option 3, user is required to enter the date to edit their meal If the date entered is not found, system will display error message.

```
Enter the date of the meal you want to edit (yyyy-mm-dd): 2025-01-01

No meals found for the specified date.

Press Enter to continue...
```

If the date entered is found, system will display the list of meals on that day, User can modify the meal by entering the information of meal.

For example, if user enter Breakfast, user will required to re-enter the whole breakfast list on that day.

```
Enter the date of the meal you want to edit (yyyy-mm-dd): 2024-08-22

Meal: Lunch
Date: 2024-08-22

- Meesua: 250 calories

- Fried chicken: 300 calories

Meal: Breakfast
Date: 2024-08-22

- Apple: 52 calories

- Pizza: 285 calories

Enter the meal type to edit:
```

iv) System will return to the main page if user choose to logout.

3. Register

If user choose option 3-register, the user is required to enter their information in order to register to the system.

If someone trying to use the same username to register, the registration will not success.

User then press enter to return to main page.