Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

MATH 1020 - Project 1 February, 2023

Name (PRINT):	Anna Foody	RIN: 662046160
	Ali Brooks	RIN: 66204 253

Pledge of Academic Honesty

I affirm that I will not copy this project from any other resources and that all work will be my own.

Signature: Cha Joy

Abstract:

Both authors are Computer Science majors, but Anna is a dual with GSAS while Ali is a dual with ITWS. The following project lets the user pick how many numbers they wish to see from four specific sequences until they wish to quit the program. These are the Padovan Sequence, the Catalan Sequence, the Perrin Sequence, and the Fermat Sequence. Each is given an explanation before the user selects the sequence.

PROJECT- (No more than 2 pages)

#continued on next page

```
import math
looping = True
while looping:
  # choosing the sequence
  chosenSequence = 0
  print("Which series/sequence would you like to calculate?")
  print("1) Padovan Sequence")
  print("2) Catalan Numbers")
  print("3) Perrin Numbers")
  print("4) Fermat Numbers")
  while chosenSequence <= 0 or chosenSequence >= 5:
    chosenSequence = int(input(">"))
    if chosenSequence <= 0 or chosenSequence >= 5:
      print("Not a valid Series.")
  # printing the explanation
  if chosenSequence == 1:
    print("The Padovan Sequence is a sequence named after Richard Padovan.")
    print("It is a series of integers defined by the recursive formula P(n) = P(n-2) - P(n-3).")
    print("It's values can create a triangular spiral, similar to how Fibbonachi can create a square spiral.")
  elif chosenSequence == 2:
    print("The Catalan Numbers is a sequence named after Eugene Charles Catalan.")
    print("It is a series of integers defined by the formula (2n)!/((n+1)!*n!), which is equivalent to the product
      summation (capital pi) of n+k/k from k=2 to n.")
    print("It has many applications in combinatorics.")
  elif chosenSequence == 3:
    print("The Perrin Numbers is a sequence named after François Olivier Raoul Perrin.")
    print("It is often shown as a spiral of equilateral triangles and is defined by the recursive formula P(n) = P(n-2)
      + P(n-3) for n > 2 with the initial values of P(0) = 3, P(1) = 0, P(2) = 2."
    print("The Fermat Sequence is a sequence of positive integers after Pierre de Fermat.")
    print("Each individual number can be defined by 2^2^n + 1, but the sequence can be recursively defined in
      various ways as well.")
    print("These get large very quickly.")
  # Choosing the number of terms
  numTerms = 0
  print("How many terms?")
  while numTerms <= 0:
    numTerms = int(input(">"))
    if numTerms <= 0:
      print("Not a valid number of terms")
```

```
# calculating the sequences
count = 0
if chosenSequence == 1:
  # Padovan Calculation
  prev, prevPrev, current, next = 1, 1, 1, 1
  while count < numTerms:
    if count < 3:
      print(1)
    else:
      next = prevPrev + prev
      prevPrev = prev
      prev = current
      current = next
      print(next)
    count += 1
elif chosenSequence == 2:
  # Catalan Calculation
  while count < numTerms:
    top = (math.factorial(count*2))
    bottom = (math.factorial(count+1)*math.factorial(count))
    print(int(top/bottom))
    count += 1
elif chosenSequence == 3:
  # Perrin Calulation
  prev1, prev2, prev3, temp = 2, 0, 3, 0
  while count < numTerms:
    if count == 0:
      print(3)
    elif count == 1:
      print(0)
    elif count == 2:
      print(2)
    else:
      temp = prev2+prev3
      print(temp)
      prev3 = prev2
      prev2 = prev1
      prev1 = temp
    count += 1
  # Fermat Calculation
  while count < numTerms:
    fermat = pow(2, pow(2, count)) + 1
    print(fermat)
    count += 1
# Continuing the Loop
print("Would you like to calculate some more? Y/N")
choice = input(">")
if choice == "Y" or choice == "y":
  print("Sounds good!")
elif choice == "N" or choice == "n":
  print("Thank you for calculating with us!")
  looping = False
  print("Unknown input, exiting.")
  looping = False
```