Name:	

Here are some basic rules for calculating the Big O for some T(n) or an algorithm.

1. Only the highest degree of n matters. For example

$$T(n) = n^3 + 5n^2 + 10^7 \rightarrow O(n^3)$$

since once n becomes super-massively huge, the other terms just stop mattering.

2. Constant factors don't matter. T(n) = 500n and T(n) = 0.005n both O(n). Again, as n becomes bigger, these constants stop mattering; what matters is the rate of growth. Example:

$$T(n) = 50n^3 - 2n^2 + 400 \rightarrow O(n^3)$$

3. Counting the number of nested loops usually works.

Demo this assignment to the Professor or TA.

For each of the following T(n), write the corresponding Big O time complexity. Some series may require research.

1. (2 points) $T(n) = n^2 + 3n + 2$

1. _____

2. (2 points) $T(n) = (n^2 + n)(n^2 + \frac{\pi}{2})$

2. _____

3. (2 points) $T(n) = 1 + 2 + 3 + \ldots + n - 1 + n$

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4. (2 points) $T(n) = 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + (n-1)^2 + n^2$

4.

5. (2 points) T(n) = 10

ň

6. (2 points) $T(n) = 10^{100}$

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7. (2 points) $T(n) = n + \log n$

7

8. (2 points) $T(n) = 12 \log(n) + \frac{n}{2} - 400$

9. (2 points) $T(n) = (n+1) \cdot \log(n) - n$

). _____

10. (2 points) $T(n) = \frac{n^4 + 3n^2 + 2n}{n}$

10. _____

11.	(4 points)	What is the time complexity to get an item from a specific index in an ArrayList?
12.	(3 points)	What is the time complexity remove an item in the middle of an ArrayList?
13.	(3 points)	Why?
14.	(3 points)	What is the average time complexity to add an item to the end of an ArrayList?
15.		What is the worst case time complexity to add an item to the end of an ArrayList? What e to or don't have to reallocate?
16.		Taking this all into account, what situations would an ArrayList be the appropriate data for storing your data?

```
public static int[] allEvensUnder(int limit){
    if (limit <= 0){
        return new int[0];
    }
    if (limit < 2){
        return new int[1];
    }
    int[] vals = new int[(limit+1)/2];
    for(int i = 0; i <(limit+ 1)/2 ; i++ ) {
        vals[i] = i*2;
    }
    return vals;
}</pre>
```

17. (5 points) What is the **time** complexity of the above algorithm?

18. (5 points) What is the **space** complexity of the above algorithm? In other words, how much space is used up as a function if the input size? Think about it, we didn't cover this in the videos.

19. (10 points) What is the time complexity of the above algorithm?

	bogosort	attempts	to sort a	list by s	$\operatorname{shuffling}$	the items	in the	· list.	If the	list is	unsorted	after	shuffling,	we
(continue sh	uffling the	list and	checking	g until it	is finally	sorted	l.						

20. (5 points) What is the worst case run time for bogosort?

21. (5 points) Why?

22. (5 points) What is the average case run time for bogosort (Hint: think about a deck of cards)?

23. (5 points) Why?

24. (20 points) For each of the methods you wrote in Lab 2, figure out the time complexity of the method you wrote. To turn in this portion, attach a printout of the code and specify the time complexity of each.