Assignment- 4

Aim:

- 1. To determine the fundamental matrix between two images.
- 2. To search along the epipolar line for every point in the reference(img2) and replace that location with a corresponding point in source(img1).

Methodology:

- 1. First we determine the fundamental matrix between the image pair using OpenCV inbuilt function.
- 2. Then find the epipolar line for every point in the reference image and find the corresponding point in the source image.
- 3. Create a window around the pixel location in the reference image of a size 4x4.
- 4. Multiply the window by a gaussian function to give more weight to central pixel. Use the value of $\sigma = 4/6$ where 4x4 is the size of the gaussian filter.
- 5. Find a similar neighbourhood for every point on the epipolar line weight it with the same gaussian, and establish the pixel wise difference with the patch on the reference image.
- 6. Find the location which gives minimum patch difference and replace the pixel value in the source image at that location in the reference image.
- 7. Repeat the procedure for all pixels in the reference image.
- 8. The final output of size equal to the reference image is being displayed.

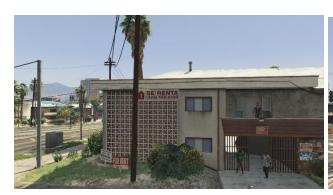
Results:

Image Set 1:





Image Set 2:





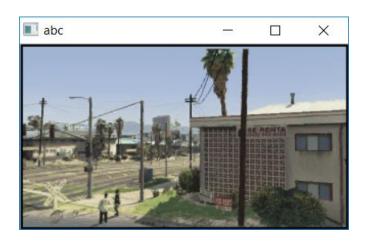


Image Set 3:



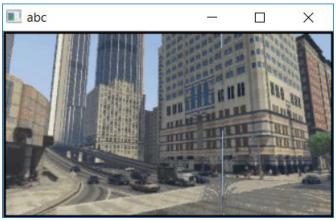


Image Set 4:







Observations:

- 1. The warping is ineffective when we have a region present in the 2nd image that does not have any correspondence in the 1st image. This is particularly observed in the case of image set 4 where a blue area exists when warped.
- 2. The image set 2 shows that when the images have when there is not existing a pure rotation matrix between the two images, there is imperfect warping obtained between the images.