



## Welcome back!

# Psychology of Close Relationships!

January 30, 2024





#### Head TF: Alison Hui

(PGP: They, Them, Their)

#### Hello everyone!

I'm delighted to explore the Psychology of Close Relationships with you this term!

I am a huge nerd for neuroscience, nature, and the cultural/linguistic influences on cognition and relationships.

In my free time, I like to spend time in nature with friends and family as well as photographing wildlife (the photos from this slide are all from my collection).

I look forward to working with you all! Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions about sections or the course in general.

Happy Learning! ~Alison







## Holly Parker (PGP: She, her, hers)

Hello Everyone! ©

I'm a psychologist in private practice, and I deeply love to teach and write too. At home, I live with the love of my life and best friend, Guille, and get bossed around by my hilarious and awesome parrot, Edgar...admittedly, I obey.

I love this field because close relationships are the bedrock of a well-lived life. Even though we can't literally control the outcomes of our relationships (thankfully!), we all have much more influence over those outcomes than we realize.

Thank you so much for being a part of this class! I'm so excited to get to know you over the course of the semester, and greatly hope you enjoy the learning journey!

My husband and I love to travel and go on biking/hiking adventures and explore ancient ruins together. Some our favorites include climbing down into a dead volcano and exploring a cave with 40,000 year old Neanderthal paintings. Since the pandemic, we've also embraced jigsaw puzzles and cooking dishes from around the world.



#### Start with Research

It can be (understandably!) tempting to choose a topic entirely based on your interests.

Before you move forward, research the scientific literature first.

Why?

Enables you to see if there's research on your topic of interest

Highlights the nuances in the research, including what's not known, possibly boundary conditions, methodological issues, variations across circumstances or populations, and areas of debate

Reveals theoretical underpinnings to deeper your understanding

Can potentially inspire you to expand or refine your topic, or even find a new one

There are excellent research resources available to you

**HOLLIS** 

https://library.harvard.edu/services-tools/hollis

Click on "Launch HOLLIS"

Can search in the search window under "Catalog & Articles"

If you wish, you can refine your search in the column on the right-hand side

Online

In the library

Date

Language

Articles, books, book chapters

There are excellent research resources available to you

**HOLLIS** 

https://library.harvard.edu/services-tools/hollis

Click on "Launch HOLLIS"

Click on "Databases" at the top of the page

Great examples of databases

**PsycINFO** 

Google Scholar

Academic Search Premier

PubMed

Web of Science

#### PsycINFO research tips

Experiment with your search terms

Use "\*" at the end of words

"Coupl\*" will give you "couple," "couples," "coupling," and "coupled" Will expand your search

Use "and"

"Couple and love and openness" will give you articles with these terms together Will narrow your search

Use "or"

"Couple or marriage or marital or partner or spouse" will give you articles with any of these terms
Will expand your search

Clicking "Linked Full Text" will give you the full text of the article

Review the references of papers that are useful to you

One of the best ways to find additional references

Can find the articles for those references directly in HOLLIS, PsycINFO, or Google Scholar

#### Writing Tips

Start the research and writing process early

Enables you to break up the work into segments, making it easier

Allows you to write and refine a draft

Eases writing pressure

Spares you the stress of trying to meet a deadline at the last minute

Make an outline of your main points
Helps organize your writing

Facilitates writing

Enables you to organize your references

#### Writing Tips

Give yourself permission to write a bad first draft

Assume the paper you're about to write is the the same one you're going to turn in.

Allow yourself to experiment and take chances with what you write.

Let yourself step away from it for a few hours, or a day or two.

Come back and reread it.

#### Writing Tips

#### Revise what you have

Create a new document in case you want to save old language from the previous draft.

Expect that you're not going to like everything you've written. That's okay! It's part of the process.

Plan to reread and revise it at least one more time.

Try reading it out loud. This will help you catch typos and language that may be unclear.

Double-check your paper for APA formatting.

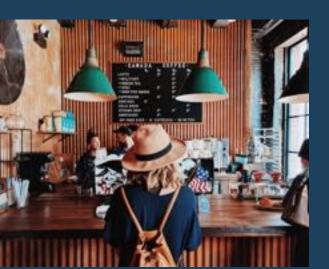
Try to be encouraging toward yourself through the writing process!

#### A Relationship: Nuts and Bolts

Must not be interacting in a social role:

Two people behave with each other in a way that is different from how they would behave with others.

The relationship is unique.





A Relationship: Nuts and Bolts

What is a relationship? (Romantic relationships)

Uniqueness

The specific qualities of each person



The particular dynamics arise as partners (and their qualities) interact

Integration

Opportunities and interests to be interdependent

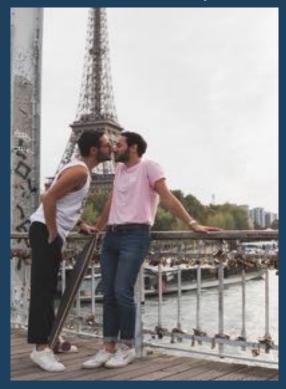
Greater likelihood of a blend in cognition, affect, and motivation

Trajectory

Partners continue to revise how they see experiences with their partner.

These perceptions impact how relationships change over time.

#### Romantic relationships



May be sexual
Different expectations, dynamics, and norms than friendships
Can be committed or uncommitted
Choose them

Friendships



Choose them
Generally less structured than romantic relationships
May be sexual

What does it mean to be close and intimate?

Personal sense of being intimate

Feel close and connected

Objective intimacy

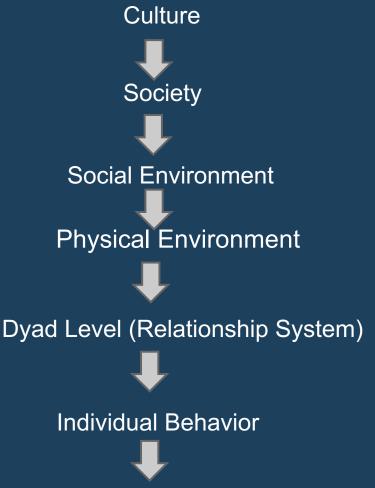
How you behave and influence each other

Frequent
Strong
Diverse
Longer duration



#### Why is Relationship Science a Bit Tricky?

Relationships exist across multiple levels of analysis and are nested within other systems.



Elements Within a Person (e.g., affects, cognitions, hormones, neural responses)

(Regan, 2011)

#### How Do We Do Relationship Research?

How to look at couples:

Actor-Partner Interdependence Model

Results of interactions in a dyad reflect:

Your own personal characteristics and behavior

Your partner's personal characteristics and behavior

Your thoughts, feelings, and behavior both influence and are influenced by the thoughts, feelings, and behavior of your partner.

X and X' = Something we would measure about Person A and Person B that would predict Y and Y'

Y and Y' = Outcomes of an interaction for Person A and Person B

## How Do We Do Relationship Research?

Meet Josh and Heidi

X = Heidi's characteristic

X' = Josh's characteristic

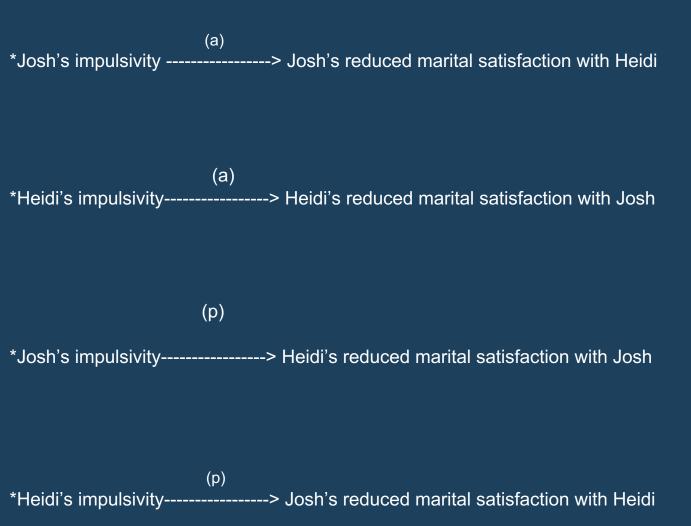
Y = Heidi's reaction

Y' = Josh's reaction

a = actor effects

p = partner effects

## How Do We Do Relationship Research?



Thank you!

Have a lovely rest of your week!

See you next Tuesday!



#### References

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