SLEEP TRACKING APP

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Adding required Gradle scripts:

1. Project-level build.gradle

In the project-level build gradle file, ensure you have the proper repositories and classpath for the Android Gradle Plugin.

```
gradle

Copy code

// Project-level build.gradle (root)

buildscript {
    repositories {
        google()
        mavenCentral()
    }

    dependencies {
        // Use the latest version of the Android Gradle plugin
        classpath 'com.android.tools.build:gradle:8.0.0' // Update as needed
        classpath 'org.jetbrains.kotlin:kotlin-gradle-plugin:1.8.0' // If using Kotlin
    }
}
```

```
allprojects {
    repositories {
        google()
        mavenCentral()
    }
}
```

2. Module-level build.gradle (App-level)

In your module-level build gradle file, you need to define the necessary dependencies. These could include libraries for sensors, background tasks, UI components, and more.

```
gradle
// App-level build.gradle
plugins {
  id 'com.android.application'
  id 'kotlin-android' // If you're using Kotlin
}
android {
  compileSdkVersion 34 // Use the latest version of Android SDK
  defaultConfig {
    applicationId "com.example.sleeptracker" // Update with your app's ID
    minSdkVersion 21 // Minimum SDK for your app
    targetSdkVersion 34
    versionCode 1
    versionName "1.0"
    testInstrumentationRunner "androidx.test.runner.AndroidJUnitRunner"
  }
```

```
buildTypes {
     release {
       minifyEnabled false
       proguardFiles getDefaultProguardFile('proguard-android-optimize.txt'),
'proguard-rules.pro'
dependencies {
  // AndroidX libraries
  implementation 'androidx.appcompat:appcompat:1.6.0'
  implementation 'androidx.constraintlayout:constraintlayout:2.1.4'
  // For working with sensors (e.g., accelerometer, gyroscope, etc.)
  implementation 'androidx.core:core-ktx:1.10.1'
  implementation 'androidx.lifecycle:lifecycle-runtime-ktx:2.6.0'
  // For background tasks (important for tracking sleep data in the background)
  implementation 'androidx.work:work-runtime-ktx:2.8.0' // For background
processing
  // For graphs (optional, useful for displaying sleep data in a graphical format)
  implementation 'com.github.PhilJay:MPAndroidChart:v3.1.0' //
MPAndroidChart for graphing
  // Permission handling (to access storage or sensors)
```

```
implementation 'com.karumi:dexter:6.2.2' // Dexter for runtime permission
requests
  // For using sensors (optional, based on your needs)
  implementation 'androidx.activity:activity-ktx:1.8.0' // For Activity/Fragment
lifecycle management
  // Testing libraries (optional, if you're planning to write tests)
  testImplementation 'junit:junit:4.13.2'
  androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.espresso:espresso-core:3.5.0'
}
3. Add Permissions in AndroidManifest.xml
Sleep tracking apps often require permissions like
ACCESS FINE LOCATION, READ EXTERNAL STORAGE, and
WRITE EXTERNAL STORAGE (depending on your app's features), as well
as sensors access. Add the following permissions to your AndroidManifest.xml
file:
xml
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  package="com.example.sleeptracker">
  <application
    android:allowBackup="true"
    android:label="Sleep Tracker"
    android:theme="@style/Theme.SleepTracker">
    <!-- Required permissions for background services and storage -->
    <uses-permission
android:name="android.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION"/>
```

```
<uses-permission
android:name="android.permission.READ EXTERNAL STORAGE"/>
    <uses-permission
android:name="android.permission.WRITE EXTERNAL STORAGE"/>
    <uses-permission
android:name="android.permission.ACTIVITY RECOGNITION"/>
    <!-- Permissions for working with sensors (accelerometer, gyroscope, etc.)
-->
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.BODY SENSORS"</pre>
/>
    <!-- Optional: For background work with WorkManager -->
    <uses-permission
android:name="android.permission.ACCESS BACKGROUND LOCATION"/
>
    <!-- For using internet (if you need to send data to the server, sync data,
etc.) -->
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>
  </application>
</manifest>
```

4. Optional: Set Up Background Tracking with WorkManager

Since sleep tracking often requires background services, you might want to use WorkManager for handling background tasks such as tracking sleep data while the app isn't actively running. You can define a Worker to track sleep patterns in the background.

kotlin

import androidx.work.Worker

```
class SleepTrackingWorker(appContext: Context, workerParams:
WorkerParameters): Worker(appContext, workerParams) {
  override fun doWork(): Result {
    // Your code to track sleep data here
    // For example, check if the user is sleeping using sensors
    // Return success after completing the task
    return Result.success()
  }
}
To schedule the worker, use WorkManager:
kotlin
import androidx.work.OneTimeWorkRequest
import androidx.work.WorkManager
val sleepTrackingRequest =
OneTimeWorkRequest.Builder(SleepTrackingWorker::class.java)
  .build()
```

5. Sync Gradle

After making these changes to your build gradle files, click Sync Now in the top bar of Android Studio or use the File > Sync Project with Gradle Files option to sync the project and download the necessary dependencies.

WorkManager.getInstance(context).enqueue(sleepTrackingRequest)

Screenshots:

