Carlingford High School



Mathematics Year 10 5.2 Term 2 Exam 2018

Student Name:	Solutions - Hooper	
Class: 10MA2		

Time allowed: 50 minutes

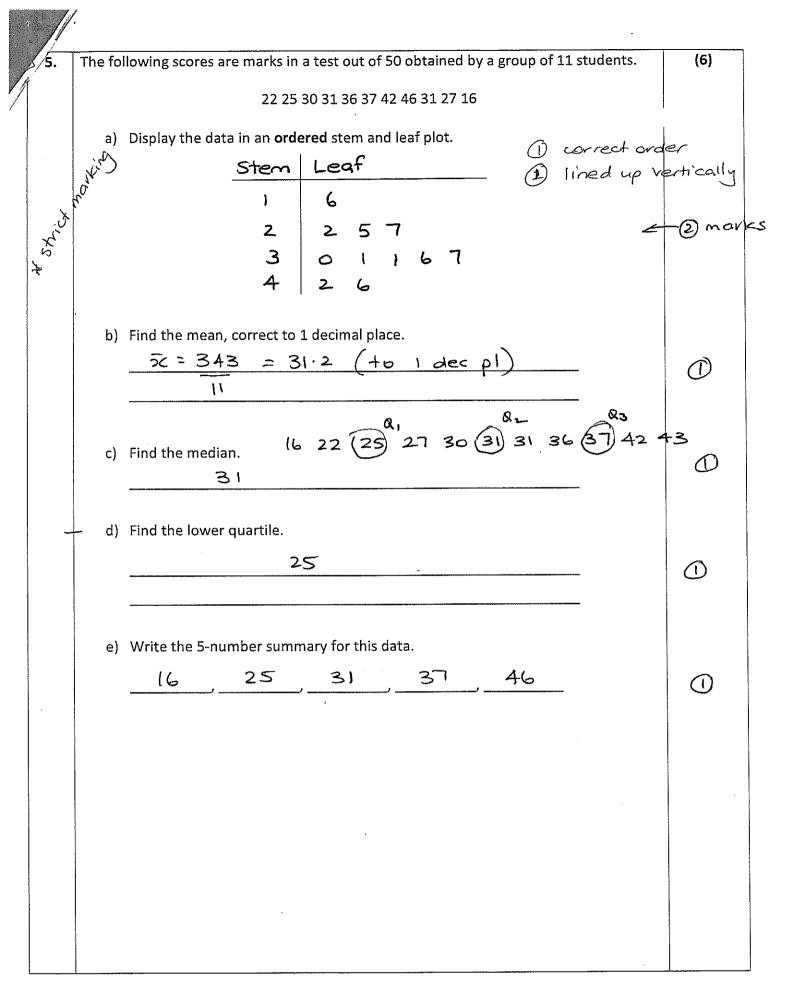
- Complete the examination in blue or black pen.
- Show all necessary working.
- Attempt all questions.
- Extension questions are marked with an asterisk *.

	Data Analysis	Compound Interest	Total	
Standard	/29	/24	/53	
Extension	/8	/3	/11	
Total	/37	/27	/64	%

	Data Analysis	Marks
1.	10.7 10.8 10.9 11 11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4	(5)
e d)	The above graph shows the times, in seconds, for a 100m sprint race. Find the: a) Range (. 3 - 10 . 8 = 0 . 5] b) Median (. 1 . 1 . 1) c) Upper Quartile (Q3) (1 . 2 . 2 . 2) d) Lower Quartile (Q1) (0 . 9 . 2) e) Interquartile Range (1 . 2 - 10 . 9 = 0 . 3)	30999
2.	A back-to-back stem and leaf plot, showing pulse rates (in beats per minute) of PE students before and after exercise, is given below. pulse rate before after 9888 6 8664110 7 8862 8 6788 60 9 02245899 4 10 044 0 11 8 12 44 13 14 6	(5)
	a) What is the mode pulse rate before exercise?	0
(roun	1928 _ ,	① ①

	e) Which of the measures of central tendency (<i>mean, median</i> or <i>mode</i>) is most affected by this outlier?	
3.	The graph below shows the number of hours spent by Year 7 students on homework each week.	(3)
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 hours spent on homework per week	•
And the second s	a) What type of graph is this? <u>dot plot</u>	0
	b) Is this graph symmetric, skewed or bimodal? skewed	0
	(c) Find the mode of the distribution? hr	0
4.	The oldest person in an under 21's soccer team is 20 and the youngest person is 15. The median age of the soccer team is 17, the lower quartile is 16, and the upper quartile is 18. a) Represent this information with a box-and-whisker plot on the axis below. U 21'S Soccer Team	(4)
extens	Age (Yrs) *b)/What percentage of soccer players are aged between	marks
extens mark	i) 16 and 18? <u>50 %</u>	
	ii) 16 and 20?	
		•

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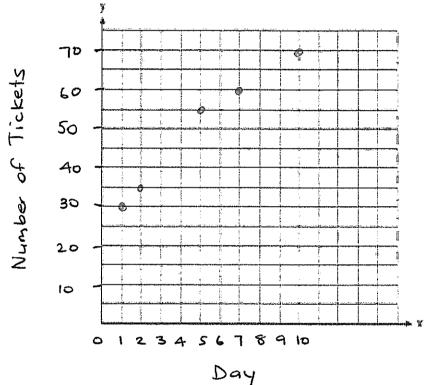
Day(x)	1	2	อั	7	10
Number of	30	35	อ ีอี	60	70
tickets sold(y)		2			

a) i) Mark and label the x-axis correctly.

ii) Mark and label the y-axis correctly.

iii) Plot all data points

Tickets Sold for Yr 10 Formal



b) Describe the strength and direction of the relationship between the two variables.

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*7.	The re	sults of a Maths test given to four Year 10 classes are shown below;	(*6)
		1021	
		10X	
:		10Y	
		107	
	г .	30 40 50 60 70 80 90	
	a)	For which of the classes are the test results:	
		i. Negatively skewed?	
		ii. Symmetrical?	1
	b)	Which class has the lowest overall results? Give a reason for your answer. 102 has the lowest overall results as it	
	,	has the lowest median of all classes (1)	
	c)	10X and 10Y have the same range. Which class has a larger spread of test results? Give a reason for your answer.	
		10x has a larger spread of test results	
			①
8.	a)	What is represented by the whiskers on a box-and-whisker plot?	(3)
		lowest 25% and highest 25% of scores	(1)
	b)	Describe a set of data which is skewed.	
		Most of the data is bunched/clustered	
		at the lower scores	
	c)	What type of graph is used to represent bivariate data?	
		Scatter Graph or Line Graph	O

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		Consumer Arithmetic	
1	a)	Find 6.25% of \$1200.	(5)
	ARAMI ARAM ARAM ARAM ARAM ARAM ARAM ARAM	6.25 × \$ 1200 = \$75	
	b)	Calculate the simple interest on \$700 over 7 months at 0.007% per month.	
		$T = $700 \times \frac{0.007}{100} \times 7 = 0.34 (to nearest	cest)
	c)	The interest on \$16 240, invested at 4.8% p.a. over 5 years, is calculated to be \$3897.60. Find the value of the investment after 5 years.	
		lov = (\$16240x 4.8 x 5) + \$16 240 = \$20 31	7.60
	d)	A television, on sale for \$8790, is bought on terms. Calculate the dollar amount of a 15% deposit.	
		Dep = 15 × \$8790 = \$1318.50	0
	e)	Ken makes repayments of \$62 per month for his computer. How much does he repay in 4 years?	
		Tot Repay = \$62 x 48 = \$2976	
2.	a)	Calculate the simple interest on an investment of \$5000 invested for 3 years at a rate of 5% p.a.	(5)
		T = \$5000 X 0.05 x 3	
		= \$ 750	2/
	b)	Use $A = P(1+R)^n$ to calculate the compound interest earned on the investment in part a).	
		$A = $5000 (1 + 0.05)^3$	(2)
		A = \$ 5788.13 (to nearest cent)	
		,	
	c)	If interest is calculated by compounding quarterly, would the investment earn more or less interest than compounding annually?	
	c)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	()

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*3.	After 5 years an investment has increased from \$3500 to \$8000. Calculate the simple interest rate per annum at which the principal was invested, correct		
٠,.	to one decimal place		
	\$4500 = \$3500 xrx5	- O	
	\$ 4500 = \$)7500×r		
	\$ 4500 = \$ 17500 × r \$ 17500 \$ 17500		
	0.2571428=r	- O	
	25.7% =r (to I dec pl)	-0	
4.	Sam bought a car at the beginning of May 2013 for \$19 990. If the car depreciates at 18% per year since it was purchased, use $A = P(1-R)^n$ to calculate the value of the car at the beginning of May 2018? (Write your answer correct to the nearest dollar)	(2)	
	$A = $19990 (1 - 0.18)^{5}$		
	A = \$7377.72288		
;	A = \$7378 (to nearest dollar) <	- ①	
5.	Joe purchased a new fridge and dishwasher package valued at \$3200. He pays a 15% deposit and repays the balance over 48 months at a flate rate of 7.5% p.a. interest.	(6)	
	a) Deposit = 100 × \$ 3200		
	= \$ 480		
	b) Balance owing = \$ 3200 - 480		
	= \$ 2720	0	
		-	
	c) Interest owing on the balance = $\frac{$2720 \times 0.075 \times 4}{}$		
ï	= \$ 816		
	d) Total repayment, including interest = \$2720 + 816		
	= \$ 3536		

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	e)	Amount of each monthly installment = \$3536 : 48	0
		= \$ 73.67 (to nearest	cent)
	f)	Total amount paid for the entire package =	
		\$ 3536 + 480	
		= \$4016	
			4-1
6.	•	ourchases a new computer, valued at \$900, on a deferred payment plan, where he own a deposit of 10% and then pays \$110 per month for 9 months.	(3)
	a)	Calculate the amount of the deposit.	
		Dep = 0.10 x \$900	
		= \$ 90	0
-	b)	Calculate the total of the monthly repayments.	
		Tot Repay = 9×\$110	
		= \$ 990	
	c)	How much more has Chris paid for the computer by buying it on a payment plan.	
		Extra = (\$90+990) - 900	
		= \$180	
7.	a)	When investing, why does compound interest earn more than simple interest?	(3)
		c d laborat cause laborat	
		Compound interest earns interest on	
	. <u></u>	the interest plus principal. Simple interest is calculated on the principal only. What does the R stand for in the formula $A = P(1-R)^n$?	(1)
	b)	What does the R stand for in the formula $A = P(1-R)^n$?	
		Interest rate as a decimal/fraction	①
	c)	What word means a decrease in the value of an item over time?	
		Depreciation	