

A)Creating a view

1)Create a horizontal view

```
create view emp_view as select * from emp
```

2)Create a vertical view

```
create view dept_view as select dno,dname,location  
from dept
```

3) Create a view that display eno,ename,salary of employee working for dept 10

```
create view emp_view_v1 as select eno,ename,salary  
from emp where dno=10
```

4) Create a view that display employee with its annual salary

```
create view emp_view_v1 as select eno,salary*12  
Annual_Salary from emp
```

5) Create a view that display employee whose commission is in the range of 200 to 500

```
create view comm_emp_sal as select ename from emp  
where comm between 200 and 500
```

6) Create a view that display employee with corresponding dept whose dept is in USA

```
create view emp_dept_loc as select e.dno,e.ename  
from emp e,dept d where d.location='USA' and  
e.dno=d.dno
```

7) Create a view that display employee not getting any commission with check option

```
create view comm_view as select * from emp where  
comm is null with check option
```

8) Insert the records into any one of the view created

```
insert into dept_view values(11,'Maths','Africa')
```

9) Increment salary by 10% who are not getting commission perform in the view

```
update emp_view set salary=salary+salary*0.1 where  
comm is null
```

10) Remove the details that belongs to dept 10 perform this operation in view

```
delete from dept_view where dno=10
```

11) Drop a view

```
drop view dept_view
```

12) Create a view that display total salary for each dept

```
create view emp_total_salary (total_salary,Dept_no)  
as select sum(salary),dno from emp group by dno
```

B) Use of other database object

1) Keyword: Identity

```
create table persons (id int identity primary key, fname  
varchar (40) not null, lname varchar (40), address varchar  
(50))
```

```
insert into persons (fname,lname,address) values ('rohit' ,  
'shetty' , 'mumbai')
```

```
insert into persons (fname,lname,address) values ('Rahul' ,  
'sharma' , 'Pune')
```

```
insert into persons (fname,lname,address) values ('Chirag' ,  
'sheth' , 'Kolad')
```

```
select * from persons
```

```
create table persons_1 id int identity (5,10) primary key,  
fname varchar (40) not null, lname varchar (40), address  
varchar (50))
```

```
insert into persons_1 (fname,lname,address) values ('rohit' ,  
'shetty' , 'mumbai')
```

```
insert into persons_1 (fname,lname,address) values ('Rahul' ,  
'sharma' , 'Pune')
```

```
insert into persons_1 (fname,lname,address) values ('Chirag' ,  
'sheth' , 'Kolad')
```

```
select * from persons_1
```

2) Keyword: synonym

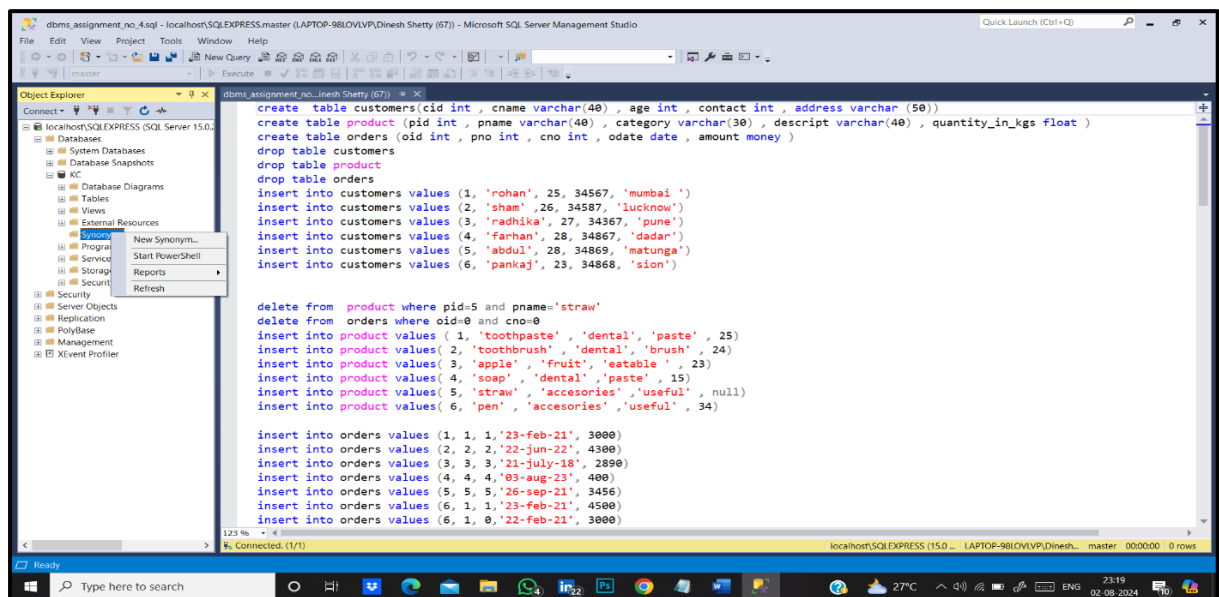
a) Using SQL cmd

create synonym p for persons

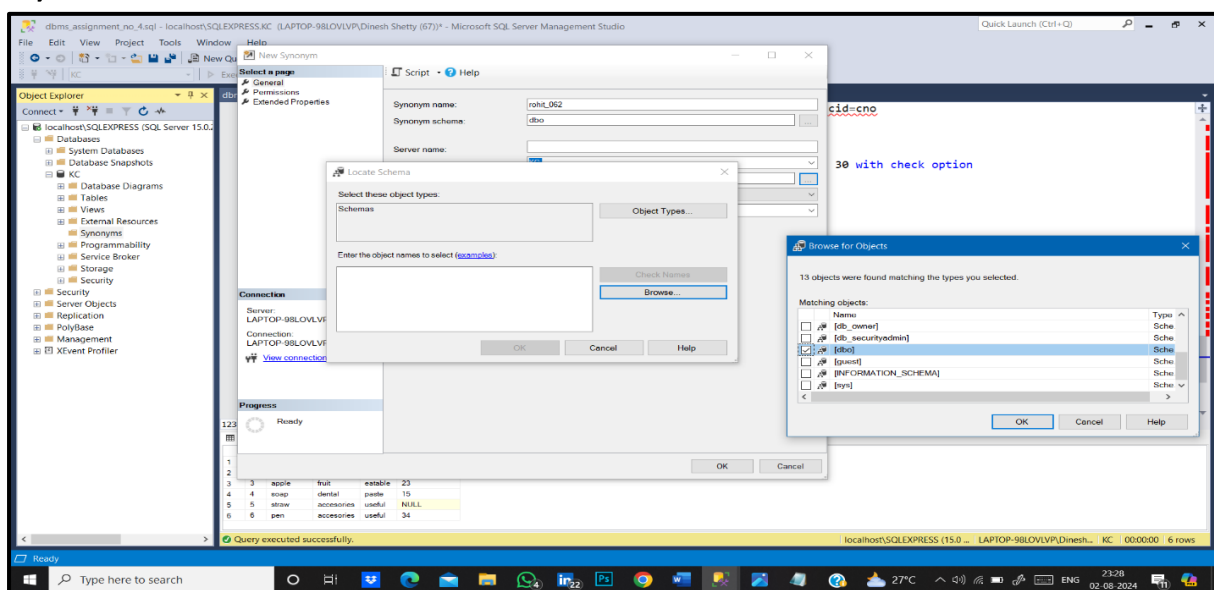
select * from p

b) Using Interface

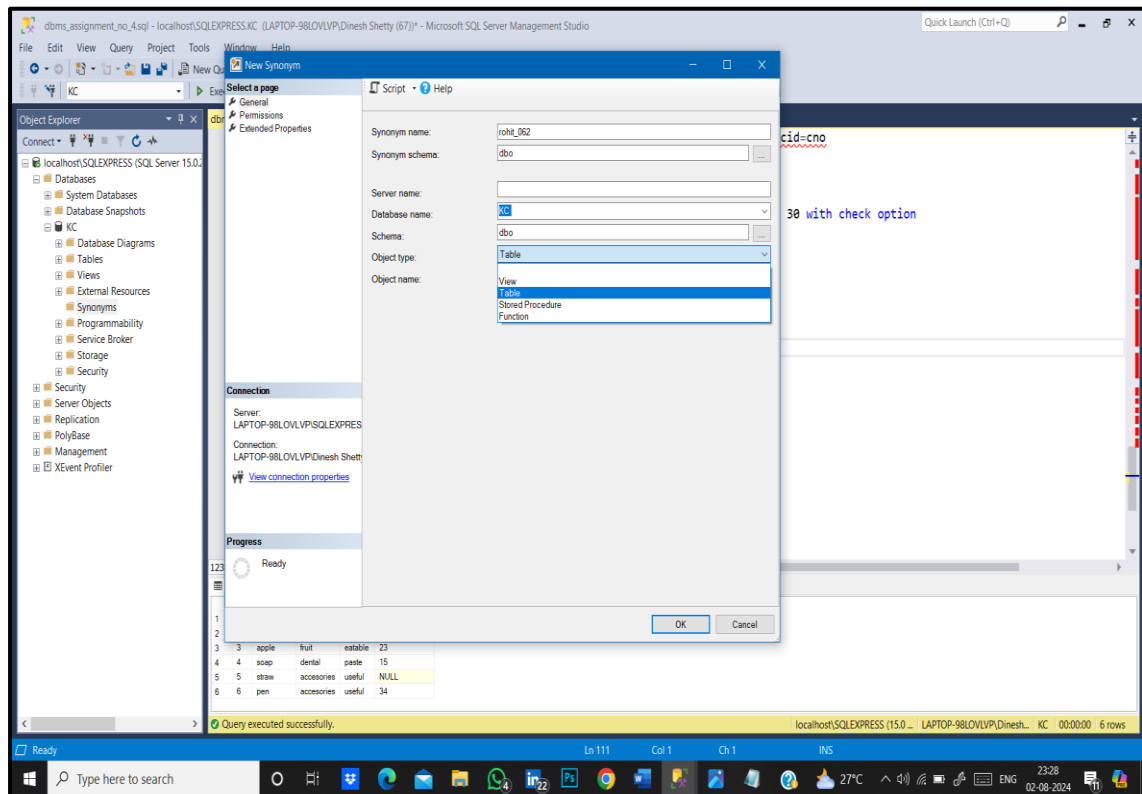
1)



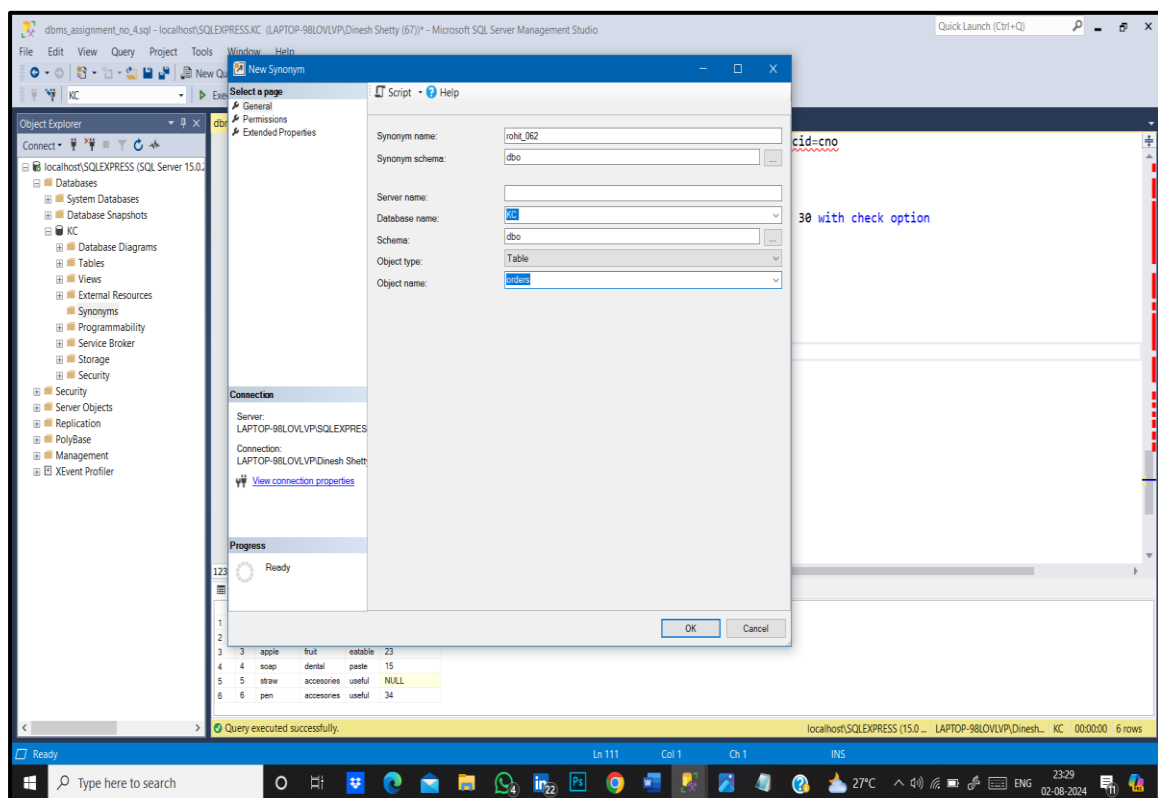
2)



3)



4)



5)

The screenshot displays the Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio interface. The main window shows a SQL query being executed. The query includes creating a view, inserting data, and selecting data from various tables and views. The results pane at the bottom shows a table with 7 rows and 6 columns: id, pno, cno, odate, amount, and discount.

```
create view two_tables_cust_orders as select * from customers inner join orders on cid=cno
select * from two_tables_cust_orders

//View with check option
create view age_check as select cname, age from customers where age between 20 and 30 with check option
select * from age_check

INSERT INTO age_check(cname,age) VALUES('Suresh',31);

update cust_view set age=age+12 where cname='rohan'
Select * from cust_view
select * from rohit_062
```

	id	pno	cno	odate	amount	discount
1	1	1	1	2021-02-23	3000.00	NULL
2	2	2	2	2022-06-22	4300.00	NULL
3	3	3	3	2018-07-21	2890.00	NULL
4	4	4	4	2023-08-03	400.00	NULL
5	5	5	5	2021-09-26	3456.00	NULL
6	6	1	1	2021-02-23	4500.00	NULL
7	0	1	5	2025-02-23	5001.00	NULL

Query executed successfully. localhost\SQLEXPRESS (15.0 ... LAPTOP-98LOVLVP)\Dinesh... KC | 00:00:00 7 rows