

m504_gh1017889

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1 AI and Applications M504

1.1 Analysis of Video Game Sales

2 Understanding of Business Task

2.1 Introduction

Game is one of the oldest activities. Since ancient times, games have educated the younger generation, taught team skills, and supported primary socialization. However, the main function of the game has always been to provide joy and meet leisure needs. Today, tens of thousands of years later, nothing has changed, except that the game has received a completely new format of video game.

This digital game format means using computer technology during the game. This actually creates a video game environment where players are free to act.

The modern gaming industry spans all continents of the globe, speaks dozens of languages, is worth billions of dollars, and is an integral part of the world economy. Around the world, young and old play video games. And every year, more and more fans are "cutting themselves" in computer games.

2.1.1 Aim of the Notebook

I was hired by Video Games Selling Platform and I need to analyze the market. Moreover I need to generate questions that are relevant in my case and consequently to find answers using Python.

3 Data Collection

3.1 Importing Libraries

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

3.2 Loading the dataset

```
[17]: df = pd.read_csv ("/home/abdullamuradov/vgsales.csv")
      print(df.shape)
      df.head(10)
```

(16598, 11)

```
[17]:
```

	Rank	Name	Platform	Year	Genre	Publisher	\
0	1	Wii Sports	Wii	2006.0	Sports	Nintendo	
1	2	Super Mario Bros.	NES	1985.0	Platform	Nintendo	
2	3	Mario Kart Wii	Wii	2008.0	Racing	Nintendo	
3	4	Wii Sports Resort	Wii	2009.0	Sports	Nintendo	
4	5	Pokemon Red/Pokemon Blue	GB	1996.0	Role-Playing	Nintendo	
5	6	Tetris	GB	1989.0	Puzzle	Nintendo	
6	7	New Super Mario Bros.	DS	2006.0	Platform	Nintendo	
7	8	Wii Play	Wii	2006.0	Misc	Nintendo	
8	9	New Super Mario Bros. Wii	Wii	2009.0	Platform	Nintendo	
9	10	Duck Hunt	NES	1984.0	Shooter	Nintendo	

	NA_Sales	EU_Sales	JP_Sales	Other_Sales	Global_Sales
0	41.49	29.02	3.77	8.46	82.74
1	29.08	3.58	6.81	0.77	40.24
2	15.85	12.88	3.79	3.31	35.82
3	15.75	11.01	3.28	2.96	33.00
4	11.27	8.89	10.22	1.00	31.37
5	23.20	2.26	4.22	0.58	30.26
6	11.38	9.23	6.50	2.90	30.01
7	14.03	9.20	2.93	2.85	29.02
8	14.59	7.06	4.70	2.26	28.62
9	26.93	0.63	0.28	0.47	28.31

3.3 Data Overview

Rank : The rank of the game sort on global sales

Name : Name of the Game

Platform : Name of the Platform

Year : The year of release

Genre : The genre of the game

Publisher : Name of the Publisher

NA_Sales : Sales in North America (million \$)

EU_Sales : Sales in Europe (million \$)

JP_Sales : Sales in Japan (million \$)

Other Sales : Sales in other Continents (million \$)

Global Sales : Overall Sales (million \$)

4 Data Preprocessing

4.1 Detailed description of Dataset

```
[57]: df.info()  
      df.describe()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 16598 entries, 0 to 16597  
Data columns (total 11 columns):  
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -  
0   Rank             16598 non-null  int64  
1   Name             16598 non-null  object  
2   Platform         16598 non-null  object  
3   Year             16327 non-null  float64  
4   Genre            16598 non-null  object  
5   Publisher        16540 non-null  object  
6   NA_Sales         16598 non-null  float64  
7   EU_Sales         16598 non-null  float64  
8   JP_Sales         16598 non-null  float64  
9   Other_Sales      16598 non-null  float64  
10  Global_Sales     16598 non-null  float64  
dtypes: float64(6), int64(1), object(4)  
memory usage: 1.4+ MB
```

```
[57]:
```

	Rank	Year	NA_Sales	EU_Sales	JP_Sales	\
count	16598.000000	16327.000000	16598.000000	16598.000000	16598.000000	
mean	8300.605254	2006.406443	0.264667	0.146652	0.077782	
std	4791.853933	5.828981	0.816683	0.505351	0.309291	
min	1.000000	1980.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	4151.250000	2003.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
50%	8300.500000	2007.000000	0.080000	0.020000	0.000000	
75%	12449.750000	2010.000000	0.240000	0.110000	0.040000	
max	16600.000000	2020.000000	41.490000	29.020000	10.220000	

	Other_Sales	Global_Sales
count	16598.000000	16598.000000
mean	0.048063	0.537441
std	0.188588	1.555028
min	0.000000	0.010000

25%	0.000000	0.060000
50%	0.010000	0.170000
75%	0.040000	0.470000
max	10.570000	82.740000

As we can see we have some missing values. I will use 'dropna' function to drop missing values. By running describe function I got a general information about the dataset

```
[18]: df = df.dropna()
      print ("Missing Values has been Dropped")
```

Missing Values has been Dropped

```
[20]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 16291 entries, 0 to 16597
Data columns (total 11 columns):
 #   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Rank            16291 non-null  int64
 1   Name            16291 non-null  object
 2   Platform        16291 non-null  object
 3   Year            16291 non-null  float64
 4   Genre           16291 non-null  object
 5   Publisher       16291 non-null  object
 6   NA_Sales        16291 non-null  float64
 7   EU_Sales        16291 non-null  float64
 8   JP_Sales        16291 non-null  float64
 9   Other_Sales     16291 non-null  float64
10  Global_Sales    16291 non-null  float64
dtypes: float64(6), int64(1), object(4)
memory usage: 1.5+ MB
```

The Value count in our dataset has been equalized. Now we can use it to answer business questions

5 Questions and Answers

What is the best selling platform?

```
[59]: df.groupby("Platform")["Global_Sales"].sum()
```

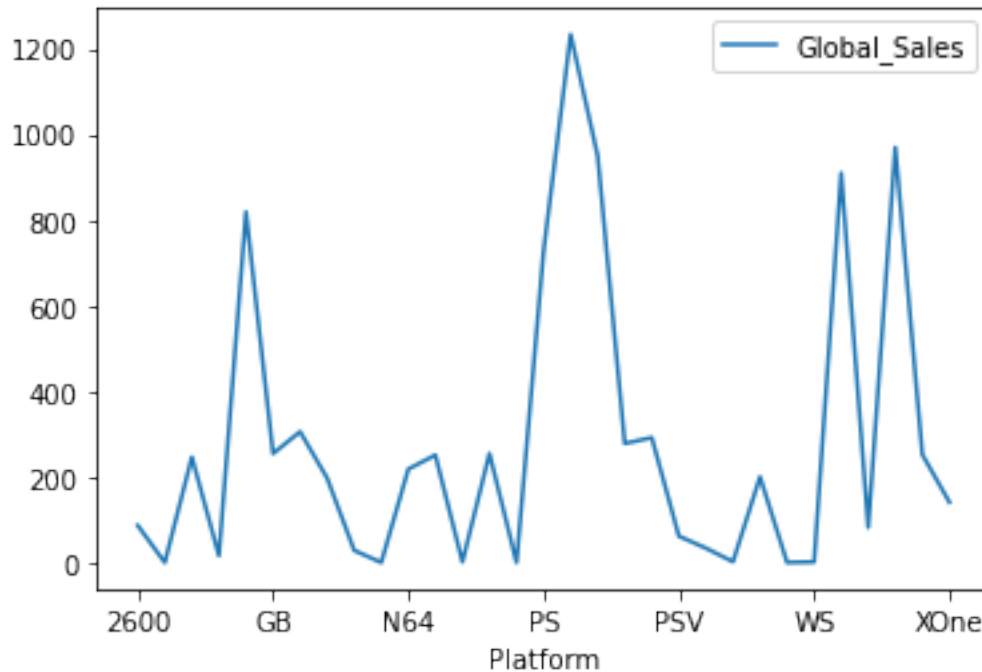
```
[59]: Platform
2600      86.57
3D0        0.10
3DS      246.27
DC        15.97
```

DS	818.91
GB	254.42
GBA	305.62
GC	197.14
GEN	28.36
GG	0.04
N64	218.21
NES	251.07
NG	1.44
PC	254.70
PCFX	0.03
PS	727.39
PS2	1233.46
PS3	949.35
PS4	278.10
PSP	291.71
PSV	61.60
SAT	33.59
SCD	1.87
SNES	200.05
TG16	0.16
WS	1.42
Wii	909.81
WiiU	81.86
X360	969.60
XB	252.09
XOne	141.06

Name: Global_Sales, dtype: float64

```
[60]: df.set_index('Platform', inplace=True)
df.groupby('Platform').sum()['Global_Sales'].plot(legend=True)
```

```
[60]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Platform'>
```



After grouping Platform and Global Sales I answered the question. As it is shown in the graph 'Playstation' was the best selling platform. For more precise answer is PS2 with Global Sales of 1233 million \$

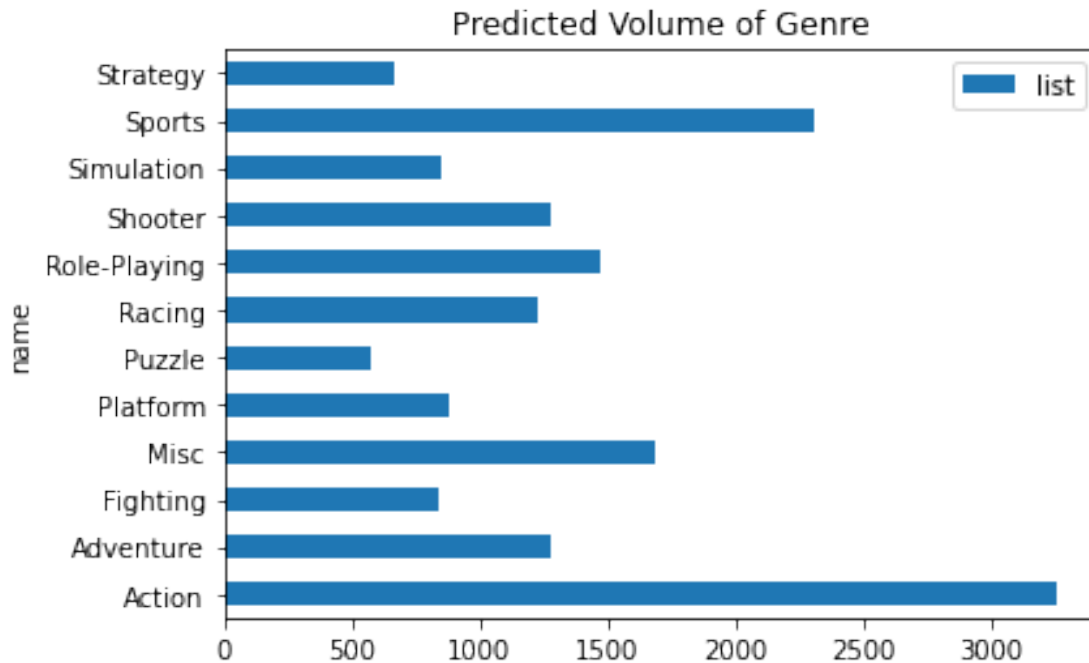
5.1 Which genre has more games than the others?

```
[21]: genre = df["Genre"]
genre_counts = np.unique(genre, return_counts=True)
print(genre_counts)

(array(['Action', 'Adventure', 'Fighting', 'Misc', 'Platform', 'Puzzle',
       'Racing', 'Role-Playing', 'Shooter', 'Simulation', 'Sports',
       'Strategy'], dtype=object), array([3251, 1274, 836, 1686, 875, 570,
    1225, 1470, 1282, 848, 2304,
    670]))
```

```
[62]: df_tmp = pd.DataFrame({'name':genre_counts[0], 'list':genre_counts[1]})
df_tmp.plot.barh(x='name', y='list', title="Predicted Volume of Genre")
```

```
[62]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Predicted Volume of Genre'}, ylabel='name'>
```



Obviously 'Action' genre has the best sales in the market. Because it covers wide range of most played games.

5.2 Which games sold the most globally?

```
[22]: df.sort_values(by=['Global_Sales'], ascending=False).head(5)
```

```
[22]:
```

	Rank	Name	Platform	Year	Genre	Publisher	\
0	1	Wii Sports	Wii	2006.0	Sports	Nintendo	
1	2	Super Mario Bros.	NES	1985.0	Platform	Nintendo	
2	3	Mario Kart Wii	Wii	2008.0	Racing	Nintendo	
3	4	Wii Sports Resort	Wii	2009.0	Sports	Nintendo	
4	5	Pokemon Red/Pokemon Blue	GB	1996.0	Role-Playing	Nintendo	

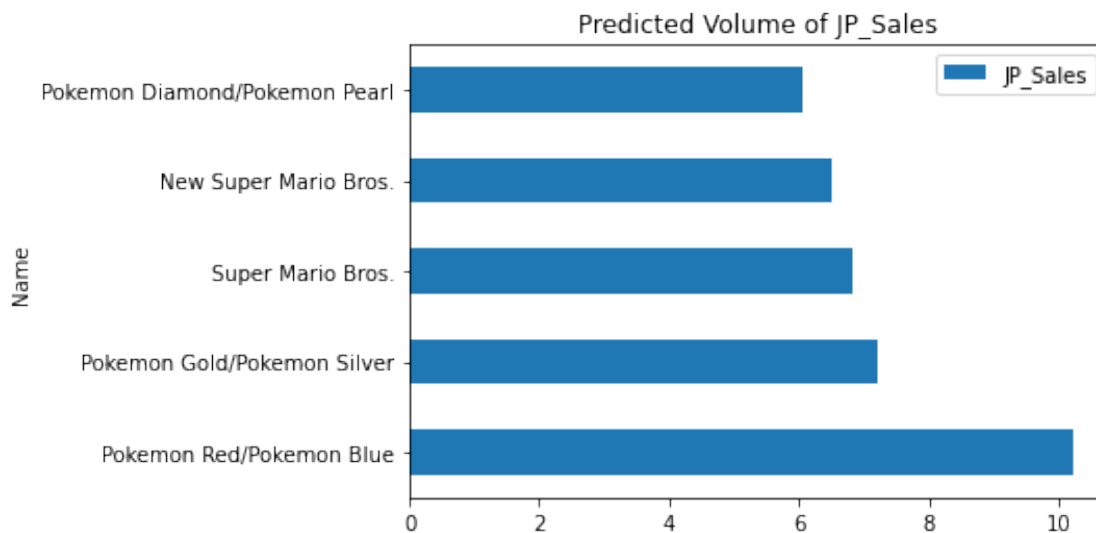
	NA_Sales	EU_Sales	JP_Sales	Other_Sales	Global_Sales
0	41.49	29.02	3.77	8.46	82.74
1	29.08	3.58	6.81	0.77	40.24
2	15.85	12.88	3.79	3.31	35.82
3	15.75	11.01	3.28	2.96	33.00
4	11.27	8.89	10.22	1.00	31.37

Wii Sports is a leader of global sales and in top 5 we have 3 products of 'Wii'

5.3 What is the top selling 5 games in Japan?

```
[24]: df.sort_values(by=["JP_Sales"], ascending=False).head(5)
df.sort_values(by=["JP_Sales"], ascending=False)[:5].plot.barh(x='Name',
↪y="JP_Sales", title="Predicted Volume of JP_Sales")
```

```
[24]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center': 'Predicted Volume of JP_Sales'}, ylabel='Name'>
```

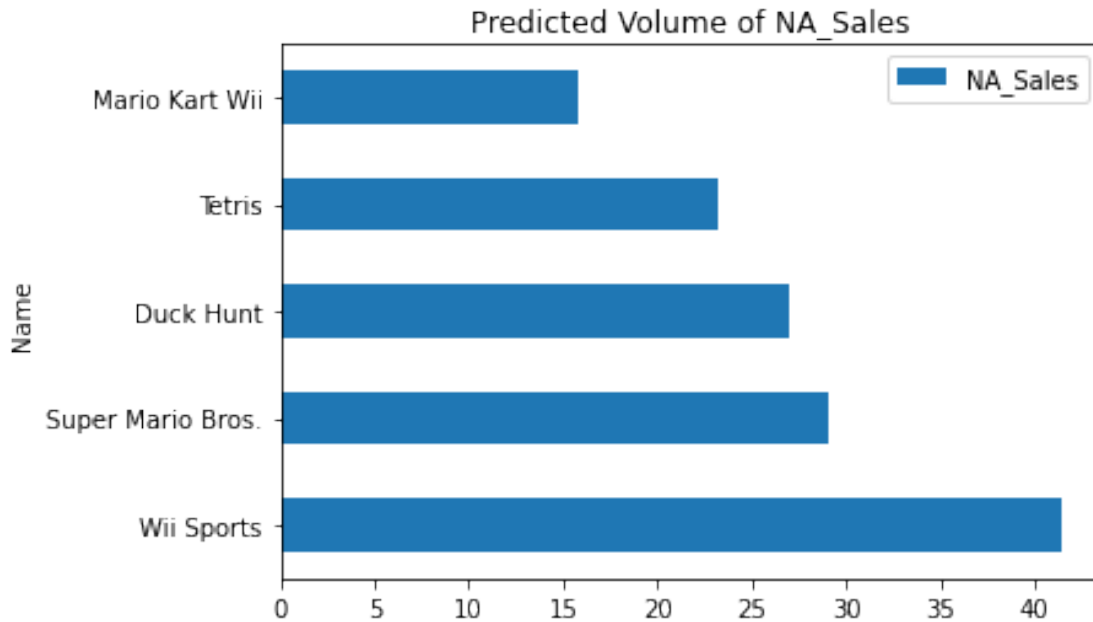


Pokemon Red/Pokemon Blue that is in 5 th places in Global Sales, selling the most in Japan. In top 5 Japan Sales Pokemon took 3 places. First,second and fifth.

5.4 What is the top selling 5 games in North America?

```
[26]: df.sort_values(by=["NA_Sales"], ascending=False).head(5)
df.sort_values(by=["NA_Sales"], ascending=False)[:5].plot.barh(x='Name',
↪y="NA_Sales", title="Predicted Volume of NA_Sales")
```

```
[26]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center': 'Predicted Volume of NA_Sales'}, ylabel='Name'>
```

Both Japan and North America have 'Mario' games in top 5 selling list.

5.5 How many Mario games are there?

```
[25]: df[df["Name"].str.contains(r'Mario(?!$)')]
```

```
[25]:
```

	Rank	Name	Platform	\
1	2	Super Mario Bros.	NES	
2	3	Mario Kart Wii	Wii	
6	7	New Super Mario Bros.	DS	
8	9	New Super Mario Bros. Wii	Wii	
11	12	Mario Kart DS	DS	
...
12373	12375	Mario vs. Donkey Kong: Tipping Stars	3DS	
12770	12772	Dance Dance Revolution: Mario Mix (JP sales)	GC	
13273	13275	Detective Conan: Marionette Symphony	3DS	
16357	16360	Mario vs. Donkey Kong: Tipping Stars	WiiU	
16542	16545	Mario & Luigi: Paper Jam & Mario Kart 7 Double...	3DS	

	Year	Genre	Publisher	NA_Sales	EU_Sales	JP_Sales	\
1	1985.0	Platform	Nintendo	29.08	3.58	6.81	
2	2008.0	Racing	Nintendo	15.85	12.88	3.79	
6	2006.0	Platform	Nintendo	11.38	9.23	6.50	
8	2009.0	Platform	Nintendo	14.59	7.06	4.70	
11	2005.0	Racing	Nintendo	9.81	7.57	4.13	

...
12373	2015.0	Puzzle	Nintendo	0.00	0.00	0.06
12770	2005.0	Simulation	Nintendo	0.00	0.00	0.05
13273	2013.0	Adventure	Namco Bandai Games	0.00	0.00	0.05
16357	2015.0	Puzzle	Nintendo	0.00	0.00	0.01
16542	2015.0	Misc	Nintendo	0.00	0.00	0.01

	Other_Sales	Global_Sales
1	0.77	40.24
2	3.31	35.82
6	2.90	30.01
8	2.26	28.62
11	1.92	23.42

...
12373	0.00	0.06
12770	0.00	0.06
13273	0.00	0.05
16357	0.00	0.01
16542	0.00	0.01

[107 rows x 11 columns]

In this dataset we have 10 games of Mario. First game of Mario was released in 1985 and last one in 2015

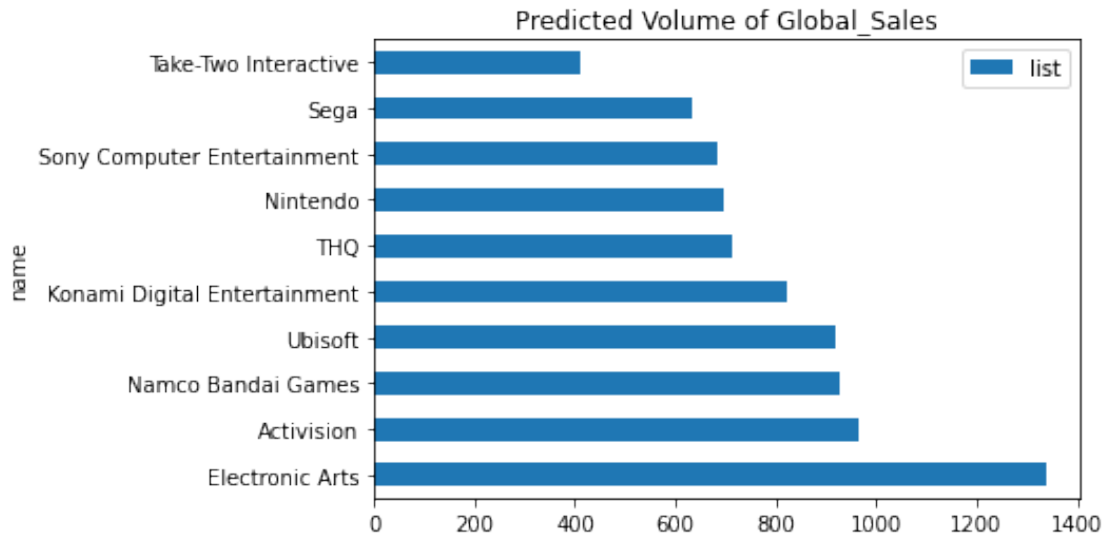
5.6 Which Publisher has more total sales (Global sales)?

```
[65]: df_pub = df.groupby('Publisher')['Global_Sales'].count()
df_pub = df_pub.sort_values(ascending=False)
df_pub
```

```
[65]: Publisher
Electronic Arts          1339
Activision              966
Namco Bandai Games      928
Ubisoft                 918
Konami Digital Entertainment 823
...
Elite                   1
Mystique                1
NDA Productions         1
Navarre Corp            1
Locus                   1
Name: Global_Sales, Length: 576, dtype: int64
```

```
[66]: df_tmp = pd.DataFrame({'name':df_pub.index, 'list':df_pub.values})
df_tmp[:10].plot.barh(x='name', y="list", title="Predicted Volume of_
↳Global_Sales")
```

```
[66]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Predicted Volume of Global_Sales'}, ylabel='name'>
```



Ea games is undoubted leader in Global Sales.

5.7 In which year are more sales in EU?

```
[67]: df['Year'] = df['Year'].astype(int)
df.head()
```

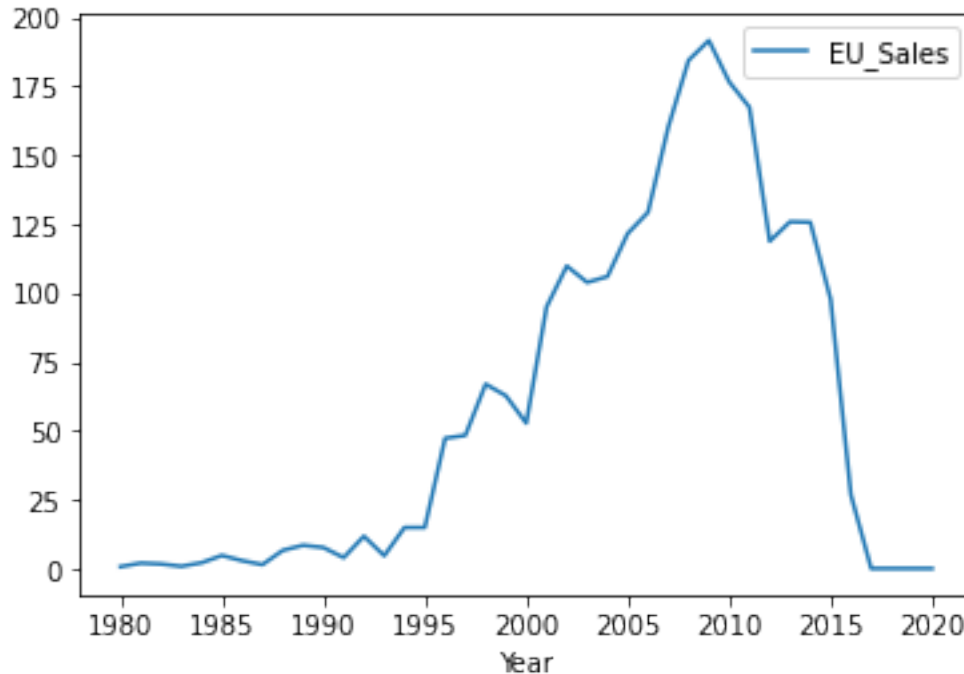
```
EU = df[['Year', 'EU_Sales']]
EU = EU.groupby('Year').sum()

print(EU['EU_Sales'].idxmax())
print(max(EU.EU_Sales))
```

```
2009
191.58999999999998
```

```
[68]: df.set_index('Year', inplace=True)
df.groupby('Year').sum()['EU_Sales'].plot(legend=True)
```

```
[68]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Year'>
```



2009 was a year with the best sales in Europe. According to the graph the sales were raising from 1985 to 2009 and then started to decrease.

6 Conclusion

According to the analysis, I can make suggestions and to state my personal opinion :

1. 'EA' is the best selling platform and action genre is most popular one. As a gamer i know that most of the games released by EA are action games. In my opinion other publishers have to take that fact into account.
2. 'Playstation' is the best selling platform and they have official partnership with 'EA'. It means that 'Playstation' is getting 'EA' games before all other platforms. That might be a reason of success, collaboration of 2 giants works well.
3. In my opinion 'Mario' should release a new game that will be similar to old 'Mario' but with new graphical effects. Mario had really huge volume of sales back in 1985 that was almost 41 million, however new 'Mario' series have almost "no sales". In my opinion it is related with their wish to produce something new but from the other hand they are not producing same type of games for which audience loved them. Restoring collaboration with 'Nintendo' is a good idea as well.

In this assignment I tried to present answers with graphs and without them. The dataset that I used is really handfull, however some records seems to be not so fresh.