



Welcome to Intermediate SQL!

Mona Khalil Curriculum Lead, DataCamp



Topics covered:

- CASE statements
- Simple subqueries
- Correlated subqueries
- Window functions



Prerequisites

Intro to SQL for Data Science

```
SELECT user_id, SUM(sales)
FROM sales_data
WHERE user_id BETWEEN 300 AND 400
GROUP BY user_id;
```

Joining Tables in PostgreSQL

```
SELECT c.country, c.team, SUM(m.goals)
FROM countries AS c
LEFT JOIN matches AS m
ON c.team_id = m.home_team_id
WHERE m.year > 1990
GROUP BY c.country, c.team;
```



Selecting from the European Soccer Database

```
SELECT
    l.name AS league,
    COUNT(m.country_id) as matches
FROM
    league AS l
LEFT JOIN match AS m
ON l.country_id = m.country_id
GROUP BY l.name;
```

league	total_matches
Belgium Jupiler League	732
England Premier League	1520
France Ligue 1	1520
Germany 1. Bundesliga	1224



Selecting from the European Soccer Database

```
SELECT
    date,
    id,
    home_goal,
    away_goal
FROM match
WHERE
    season = "2013/2014";
```

date	id	home_goal	away_goal
2014-03-29 00:00:00	1237	2	0
2014-03-29 00:00:00	1238	0	1
2014-04-05 00:00:00	1239	1	0
2014-04-05 00:00:00	1240	0	0



Selecting from the European Soccer Database

```
SELECT
    date,
    id,
    home_goal,
    away_goal
FROM match
WHERE
    season = "2013/2014"
    AND home_team_goal > away_team_goal;
```

date	id	home_goal	away_goal
2014-03-29 00:00:00	1237	2	0
2014-04-05 00:00:00	1239	1	0
2014-04-12 00:00:00	1241	2	1
2014-04-12 00:00:00	1242	2	0



CASE statements

• Contains a WHEN, THEN, and ELSE statement, finished with END

```
CASE WHEN x = 1 THEN "a"

WHEN x = 2 THEN "b"

ELSE "c" END AS new_column
```



CASE WHEN

```
SELECT
   id,
home_goal,
away_goal,
CASE WHEN home_goal > away_goal THEN "Home Team Win"
        WHEN home_goal < away_goal THEN "Away Team Win"
        ELSE "Tie" END AS outcome
FROM match
WHERE
season = "2013/2014";</pre>
```

id	home_goal	away_goal	outcome
1237	2	0	Home Team Win
1238	0	1	Away Team Win
1239	1	0	Home Team Win
1240	0	0	Tie





Let's Practice!





CASE WHEN with multiple conditions

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CASE WHEN ... and then some!

```
SELECT
date,
season,
CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8455 AND home_goal > away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea home win!'
WHEN awayteam_id = 8455 AND home_goal < away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea away win!'
ELSE 'Loss or tie : (' END AS outcome
FROM match
WHERE
hometeam_id = 8455 OR awayteam_id = 8455;
```

date	season	outcome
2011-08-14	2011/2012	Loss or tie :(
2011-11-05	2011/2012	Chelsea away win!
2011-11-20	2011/2012	Loss or tie :(
2011-11-26	2011/2012	Chelsea home win!



CASE WHEN things to watch out for

What's in your ELSE clause?

- Non-Chelsea matches aren't filtered out
- All losses, ties, and non-Chelsea matches count as "Loss or tie"



CASE WHEN best practices

```
SELECT
date,
season,
CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8455 AND home_goal > away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea home win!'
WHEN awayteam_id = 8455 AND home_goal < away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea away win!'
ELSE 'Loss : (' END AS outcome
FROM match
WHERE
hometeam_id = 8455 OR awayteam_id = 8455;
```



CASE WHEN best practices



CASE WHEN and NULLs

What are your NULL values doing?

```
SELECT

date,
season,

CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8455 AND home_goal > away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea home win!'

WHEN awayteam_id = 8455 AND home_goal < away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea away win!'
END AS outcome

FROM match;
```

date	season	outcome
2012-01-02	2011/2012	Chelsea away win!
2012-01-14	2011/2012	NULL
2012-01-14	2011/2012	NULL
2012-01-14	2011/2012	Chelsea home win!

CASE WHEN and NULLs

```
SELECT
date,
season,
CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8455 AND home_goal > away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea home win!'
WHEN awayteam_id = 8455 AND home_goal < away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea away win!' END AS outcome

FROM match
WHERE
CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8455 AND home_goal > away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea home win!'
WHEN awayteam_id = 8455 AND home_goal < away_goal
THEN 'Chelsea away win!' END
IS NOT NULL;
```

date	season	outcome
2011-11-05	2011/2012	Chelsea away win!
2011-11-26	2011/2012	Chelsea home win!
2011-12-03	2011/2012	Chelsea away win!





Let's Practice!





CASE WHEN with aggregate functions

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CASE WHEN with SUM

```
SELECT

season,

SUM(CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8634

THEN home_goal END) AS barca_homegoals,

SUM(CASE WHEN awayteam_id = 8634

THEN away_goal END) AS barca_awaygoals

FROM match

GROUP BY season;
```

season	barca_homegoals	barca_awaygoals
2011/2012	73	41
2012/2013	63	52
2013/2014	64	36
2014/2015	64	46



CASE WHEN with COUNT

season	home_wins	away_wins
2011/2012	17	11
2012/2013	18	14
2013/2014	16	11
2014/2015	16	14



COUNTing with CASE WHEN and SUM

```
SELECT
    season,
SUM(CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8634 AND home_goal > away_goal
        THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS home_wins,
SUM(CASE WHEN awayteam_id = 8634 AND away_goal > home_goal
        THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS away_wins
FROM match
GROUP BY season;
```

season	home_wins	away_wins
2011/2012	17	11
2012/2013	18	14
2013/2014	16	11
2014/2015	16	14



CASE WHEN with AVG

```
SELECT
season,
AVG(CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8634
THEN home_goal END) AS barca_home_goals,
AVG(CASE WHEN awayteam_id = 8634
THEN away_goal END) AS barca_away_goals
FROM match
GROUP BY season;
```

season	barca_homegoals	barca_awaygoals
2011/2012	3.84	2.16
2012/2013	3.32	2.74
2013/2014	3.37	1.89
2014/2015	3.37	2.42



Percentages with CASE and AVG

```
SELECT

season,

AVG(CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8634 AND home_goal > away_goal THEN 1

WHEN hometeam_id = 8634 AND home_goal < away_goal THEN 0

END) AS pct_homewins,

AVG(CASE WHEN awayteam_id = 8634 AND away_goal > home_goal THEN 1

WHEN awayteam_id = 8634 AND away_goal < home_goal THEN 0

END) AS pct_awaywins

FROM match

GROUP BY season;
```

season	pct_homewins	pct_awaywins
2011/2012	0.944444	0.846153
2012/2013	1	0.875
2013/2014	0.941176	0.733333
2014/2015	0.888888	0.875



Percentages with CASE and AVG!

```
SELECT

season,

ROUND (AVG (CASE WHEN hometeam_id = 8634 AND home_goal > away_goal THEN 1

WHEN hometeam_id = 8634 AND home_goal < away_goal THEN 0

END) *100,2) AS pct_homewins,

ROUND (AVG (CASE WHEN awayteam_id = 8634 AND away_goal > home_goal THEN 1

WHEN awayteam_id = 8634 AND away_goal < home_goal THEN 0

END) *100,2) AS pct_awaywins

FROM match

GROUP BY season;
```

season	pct_homewins	pct_awaywins
2011/2012	94.44	84.62
2012/2013	100	87.5
2013/2014	94.12	73.33
2014/2015	88.89	87.5





Let's Practice!