# Getting started with csvkit

DATA PROCESSING IN SHELL



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#### What is csvkit?

#### csvkit:

- is a suite of command-line tools
- is developed in Python by Wireservice
- offers data processing and cleaning capabilities on CSV files
- has data capabilities that rival Python, R, and SQL
- documentation: https://csvkit.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

#### csvkit installation

```
Install csvkit using Python package manager pip:
```

```
pip install csvkit
```

Upgrade csvkit to the latest version:

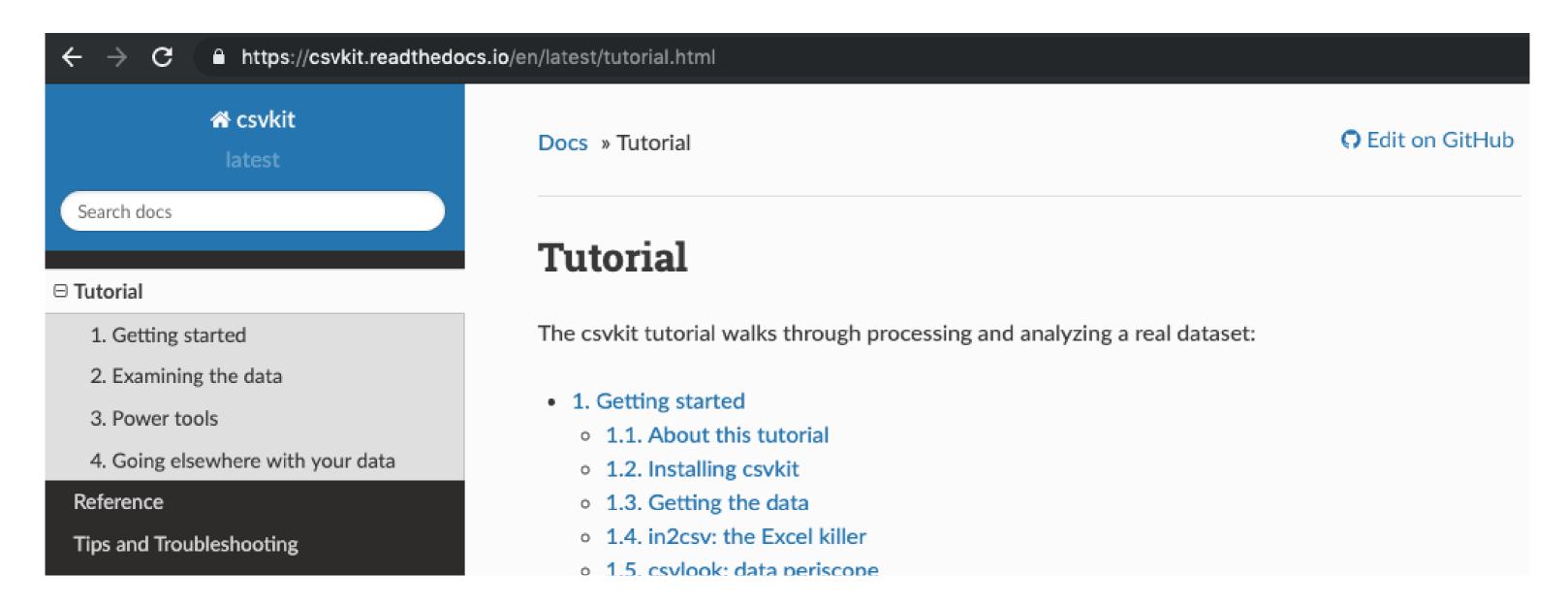
```
pip install --upgrade csvkit
```

Full instructions:

https://csvkit.readthedocs.io/en/latest/tutorial.html.

## Browsing the csvkit manual

Web-based documentation: https://csvkit.readthedocs.io/en/latest/tutorial.html



Web-based documentation:

https://csvkit.readthedocs.io/en/latest/scripts/in2csv.html

Command line-based documentation:

```
in2csv --help
in2csv -h
```

```
usage: in2csv [-h] [-d DELIMITER] [-t] [-q QUOTECHAR] [-u {0,1,2,3}] [-b]
[-p ESCAPECHAR] [-z FIELD_SIZE_LIMIT] [-e ENCODING] [-L LOCALE]
[-S] [--blanks] [--date-format DATE_FORMAT]
[--datetime-format DATETIME_FORMAT] [-H] [-K SKIP_LINES] [-v]
```

Syntax:

in2csv SpotifyData.xlsx > SpotifyData.csv

Prints the first sheet in Excel to console and does not save

in2csv SpotifyData.xlsx

- > redirects the output and saves it as a new file SpotifyData.csv
- > SpotifyData.csv

```
Use --names or -n option to print all sheet names in SpotifyData.xlsx.
```

```
in2csv -n SpotifyData.xlsx
```

```
Worksheet1_Popularity
Worksheet2_MusicAttributes
```

Use --sheet option followed by the sheet "Worksheet1\_Popularity" to be converted.

in2csv SpotifyData.xlsx --sheet "Worksheet1\_Popularity" > Spotify\_Popularity.csv



in2csv does not print logs to console.

in2csv SpotifyData.xlsx --sheet "Worksheet1\_Popularity" > Spotify\_Popularity.csv

Sanity check:

ls

SpotifyData.xlsx Spotify\_Popularity.csv backup bin

## csvlook: data preview on the command line

csvlook: renders a CSV to the command line in a Markdown-compatible, fixed-width format

#### **Documentation:**

csvlook -h

```
usage: csvlook [-h] [-d DELIMITER] [-t] [-q QUOTECHAR] [-u {0,1,2,3}] [-b]
[-p ESCAPECHAR] [-z FIELD_SIZE_LIMIT] [-e ENCODING] [-L LOCALE]
[-S] [--blanks] [--date-format DATE_FORMAT]
```

#### csvlook: data preview on the command line

#### Syntax:

```
csvlook Spotify_Popularity.csv
```



#### csvstat: descriptive stats on CSV data files

csvstat : prints descriptive summary statistics on all columns in CSV (e.g. mean, median, unique values counts)

#### **Documentation:**

csvstat -h

```
usage: csvstat [-h] [-d DELIMITER] [-t] [-q QUOTECHAR] [-u {0,1,2,3}] [-b]
[-p ESCAPECHAR] [-z FIELD_SIZE_LIMIT] [-e ENCODING] [-S] [-H]
[-K SKIP_LINES] [-v] [-1] [--zero] [-V] [--csv] [-n]
```

#### csvstat: descriptive stats on CSV data files

#### Syntax:

```
csvstat Spotify_Popularity.csv
```

```
1. "track_id"

Type of data: Text

Contains null values: False

Unique values: 24

Longest value: 22 characters

Most common values: 118GQ70Sp6pMqn6w1oKuki (1x)

6S7cr72a7a8RVAXzDCRj6m (1x)
```



# Let's try some csvkit!

DATA PROCESSING IN SHELL



# Filtering data using csvkit

DATA PROCESSING IN SHELL



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#### What does it mean to filter data?

We can create a subset of the original data file by:

- 1. Filtering the data by column
- 2. Filtering the data by row

**csvcut**: filters data using **column** name or position

csvgrep: filters data by row value through exact match, pattern matching, or even regex

csvcut : filters and truncates CSV files by column name or column position

#### **Documentation:**

```
csvcut -h
```

```
usage: csvcut [-h] [-d DELIMITER] [-t] [-q QUOTECHAR] [-u {0,1,2,3}] [-b]
[-p ESCAPECHAR] [-z FIELD_SIZE_LIMIT] [-e ENCODING] [-S] [-H]
[-K SKIP_LINES] [-v] [-l] [--zero] [-V] [-n] [-c COLUMNS]
```

Use --names or -n option to print all column names in Spotify\_MusicAttributes.csv.

csvcut -n Spotify\_MusicAttributes.csv

- 1: track\_id
- 2: danceability
- 3: duration\_ms

```
1: track_id
```

- 2: danceability
- 3: duration\_ms

Returns the first column in the data, by **position**:

```
csvcut -c 1 Spotify_MusicAttributes.csv
```

```
track_id
118GQ70Sp6pMqn6w1oKuki
6S7cr72a7a8RVAXzDCRj6m
```



```
1: track_id
```

- 2: danceability
- 3: duration\_ms

Returns only the first column in the data, by name:

```
csvcut -c "track_id" Spotify_MusicAttributes.csv
```

```
track_id
118GQ70Sp6pMqn6w1oKuki
6S7cr72a7a8RVAXzDCRj6m
```



```
1: track_id
```

- 2: danceability
- 3: duration\_ms

Returns the second and third column in the data, by **position**:

```
csvcut -c 2,3 Spotify_MusicAttributes.csv
```

danceability,duration\_ms

- 0.787,124016.0
- 0.777,128016.0
- 0.79599999999999,132742.0



```
1: track_id
2: danceability
3: duration_ms
```

Returns the second and third column in the data, by name:

```
csvcut -c "danceability","duration_ms" Spotify_MusicAttributes.csv
```

```
danceability,duration_ms
0.787,124016.0
0.777,128016.0
0.795999999999,132742.0
```



#### csvgrep: filtering data by row value

#### csvgrep:

- filters by row using exact match or regex fuzzy matching
- must be paired with one of these options:
- -m : followed by the exact row value to filter
- -r : followed with a regex pattern
- -f: followed by the path to a file

#### **Documentation:**

csvgrep -h



# csvgrep: filtering data by row value

```
Find in Spotify_Popularity.csv where track_id = 5RCPsfzmEpTXMCTNk7wEfQ
```

```
csvgrep -c "track_id" -m 5RCPsfzmEpTXMCTNk7wEfQ Spotify_Popularity.csv
```

```
track_id, popularity
5RCPsfzmEpTXMCTNk7wEfQ,7.0
```

csvgrep -c 1 -m 5RCPsfzmEpTXMCTNk7wEfQ Spotify\_Popularity.csv

```
track_id, popularity
5RCPsfzmEpTXMCTNk7wEfQ, 7.0
```



# Let's do data filtering with csvkit!

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# Stacking data and chaining commands with csvkit

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**Susan Sun**Data Person



csvstack: stacks up the rows from two or more CSV files

#### **Documentation:**

csvstack -h

```
usage: csvstack [-h] [-d DELIMITER] [-t] [-q QUOTECHAR] [-u {0,1,2,3}] [-b]
[-p ESCAPECHAR] [-z FIELD_SIZE_LIMIT] [-e ENCODING] [-S] [-H]
[-n GROUP_NAME] [--filenames]
```

Stack two similar files Spotify\_Rank6.csv and Spotify\_Rank7.csv into one file.

Preview the data to check schema:

```
csvlook Spotify_Rank6.csv
```

```
csvlook Spotify_Rank7.csv
```



#### Syntax:

```
csvstack Spotify_Rank6.csv Spotify_Rank7.csv > Spotify_AllRanks.csv

csvlook Spotify_AllRanks.csv
```



6S7cr72a7a8RVAXzDCRj6m |

```
csvstack -g "Rank6","Rank7" \
Spotify_Rank6.csv Spotify_Rank7.csv > Spotify_AllRanks.csv

csvlook Spotify_AllRanks.csv
```



```
csvstack -g "Rank6","Rank7" -n "source" \
Spotify_Rank6.csv Spotify_Rank7.csv > Spotify_AllRanks.csv
```

csvlook Spotify\_AllRanks.csv



; links commands together and runs sequentially

csvlook SpotifyData\_All.csv; csvstat SpotifyData\_All.csv

**&&** links commands together, but only runs the 2nd command if the 1st succeeds

csvlook SpotifyData\_All.csv && SpotifyData\_All data.csv

> re-directs the output from the 1st command to the location indicated as the 2nd

in2csv SpotifyData.xlsx > SpotifyData.csv

uses the output of the 1st command as input to the 2nd

#### **Example:**

Output of csvcut is not well formatted:

```
csvcut -c "track_id", "danceability" Spotify_MusicAttributes.csv
```

```
track_id,danceability
118GQ70Sp6pMqn6w1oKuki,0.787
6S7cr72a7a8RVAXzDCRj6m,0.777
7h2qWpMJzIVtiP30E8VDW4,0.795
3KVQFxJ5CWOcbxdpPYdi4o,0.815
```



#### **Example (continued):**

```
Re-format csvcut 's output by piping the output as input to csvlook:
```

```
csvcut -c "track_id","danceability" Spotify_Popularity.csv | csvlook
```



# Let's put everything together!

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