

Fachkurs - FBA

Ana Oliver

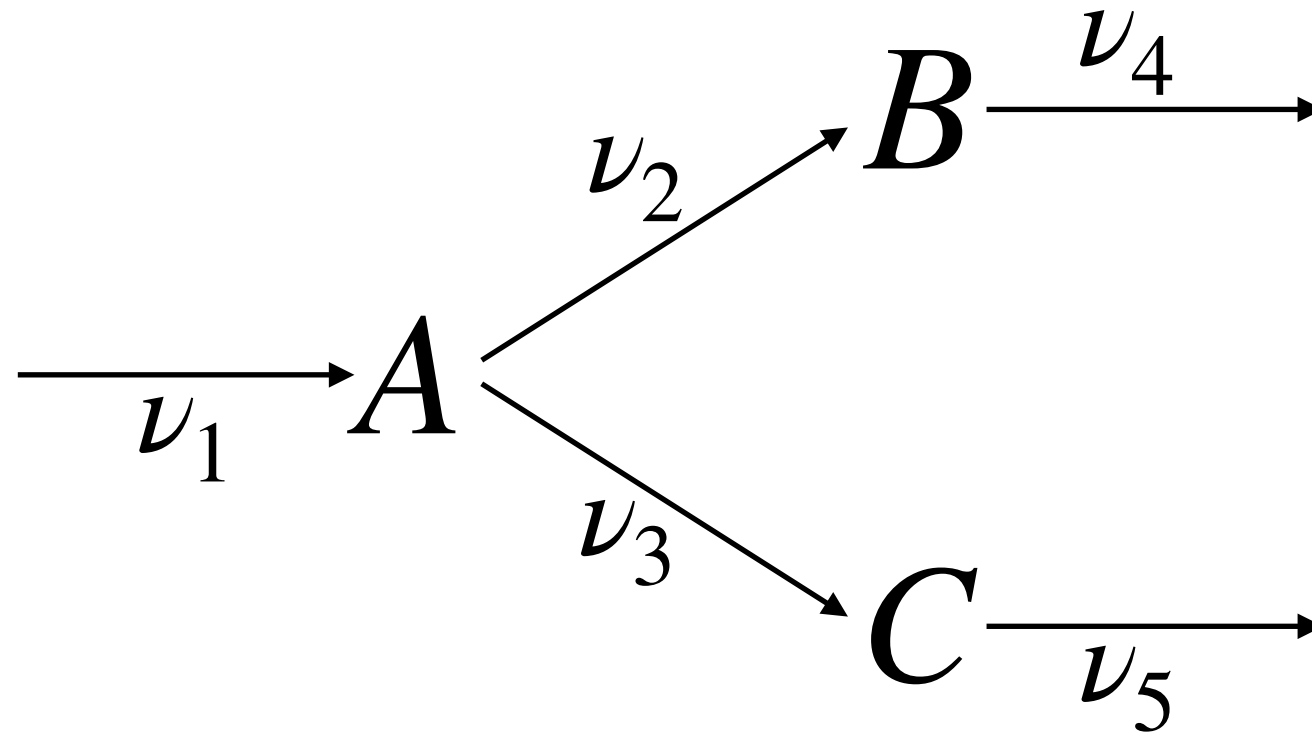
Seminar 01.06.2023
TBP



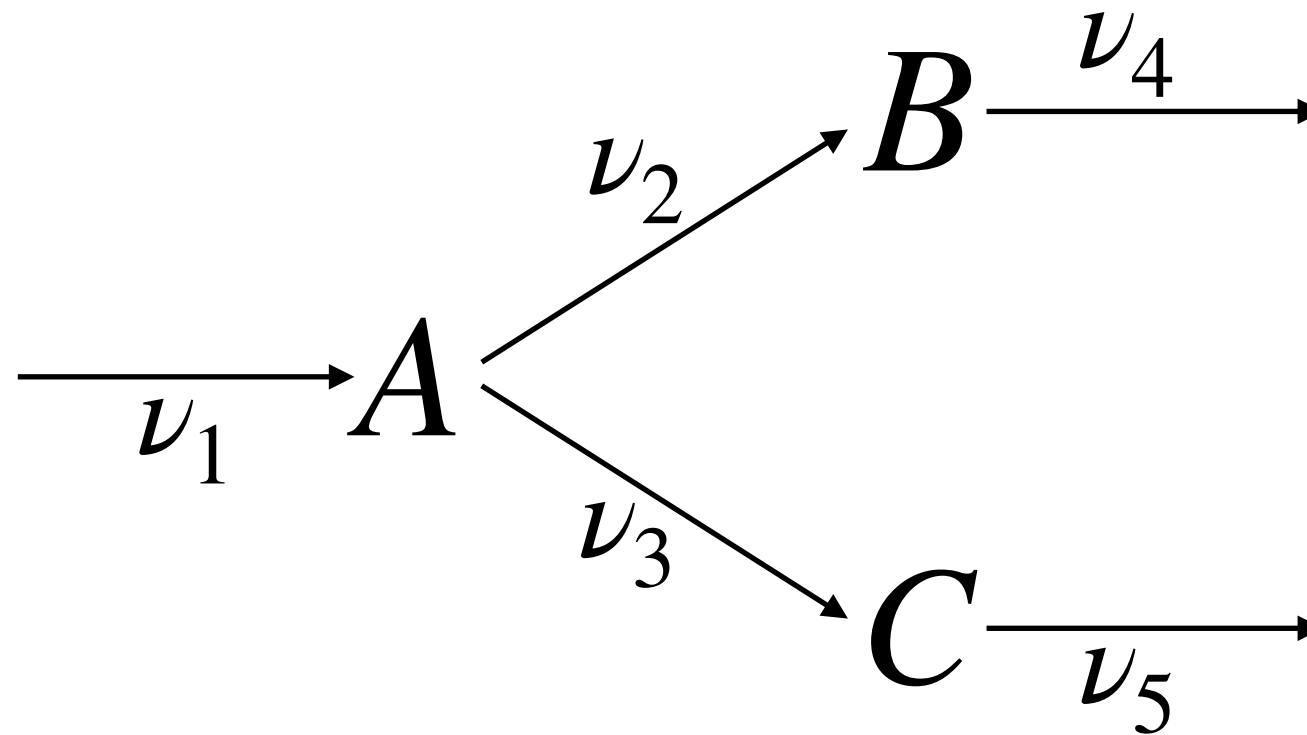
Outline

1. Introduction to FBA
2. Hands-on: linear optimisation
3. Hands-on: FBA with *COBRA* library

Toy reaction-system



Toy reaction-system

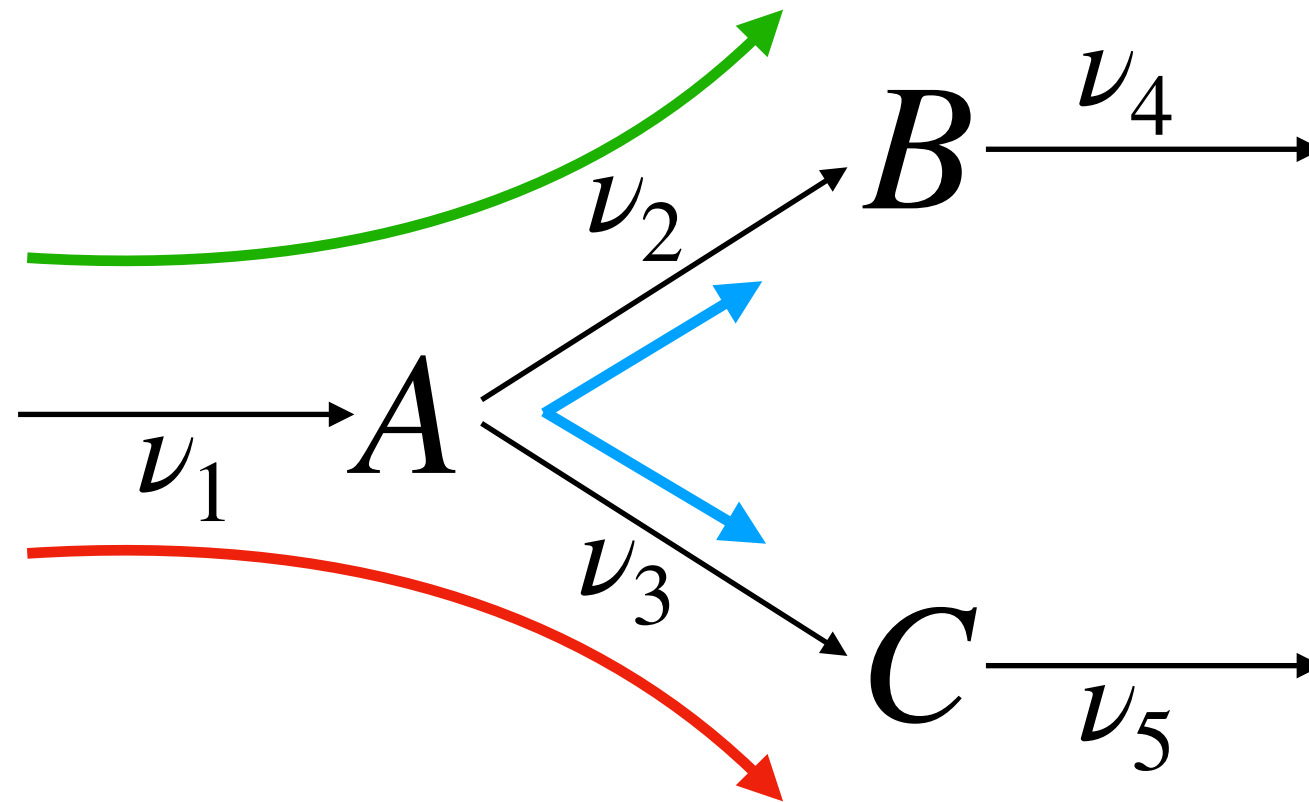


$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \nu_1 - \nu_2 - \nu_3 = \nu_1 - k_2 A - k_3 A$$

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = \nu_2 - \nu_4 = k_2 A - k_4 B$$

$$\frac{dC}{dt} = \nu_3 - \nu_5 = k_3 A - k_5 C$$

System in steady state

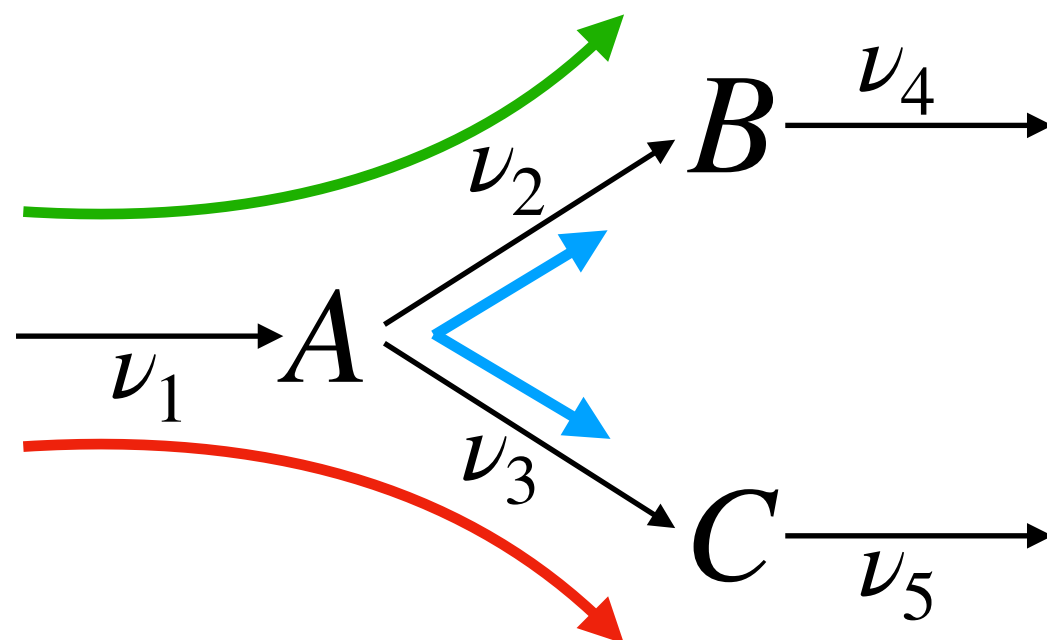
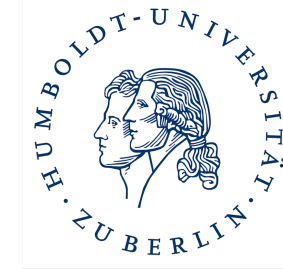


$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \nu_1 - \nu_2 - \nu_3 \boxed{= 0}$$

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = \nu_2 - \nu_4 \boxed{= 0}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dt} = \nu_3 - \nu_5 \boxed{= 0}$$

System in steady state

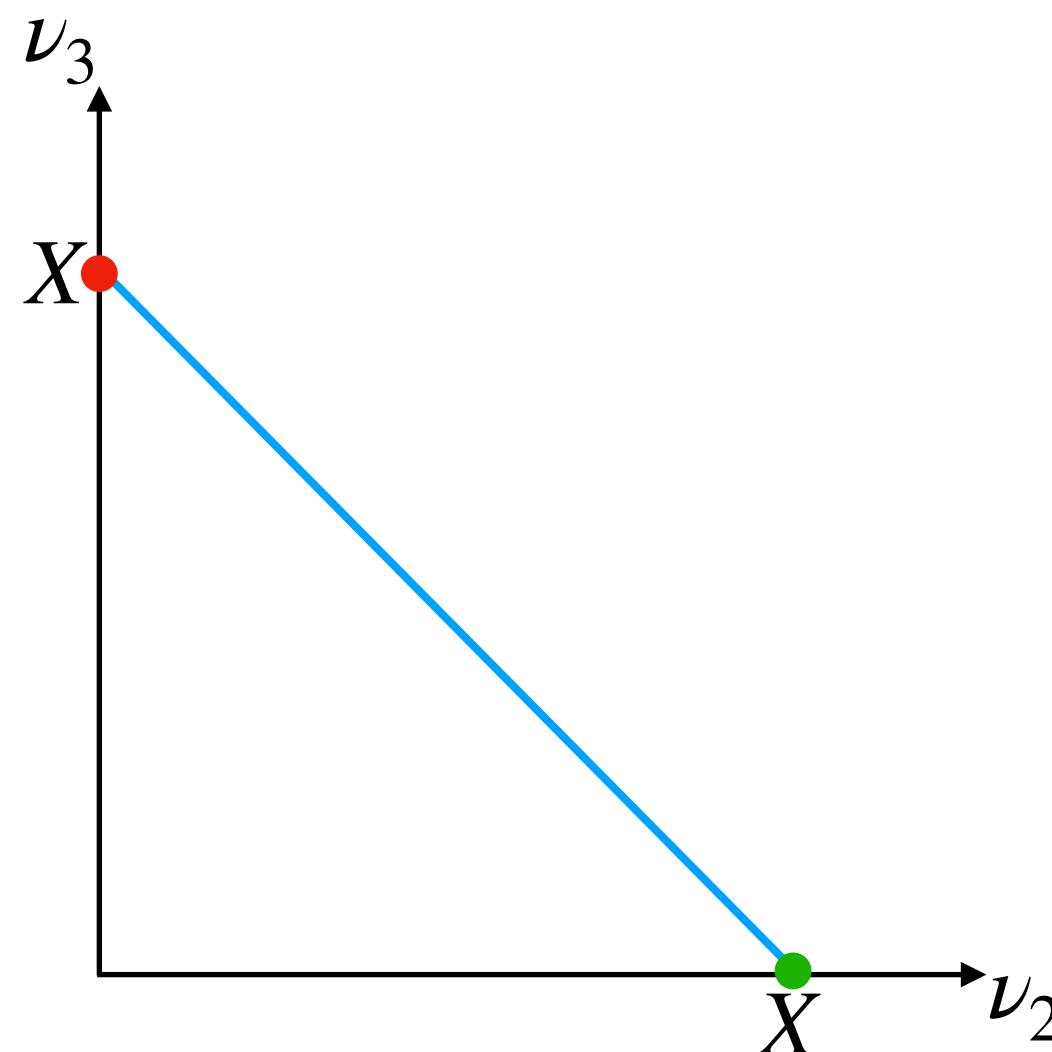


$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \nu_1 - \nu_2 - \nu_3 = 0 \rightarrow \nu_1 = \nu_2 + \nu_3$$

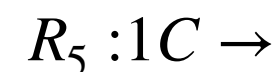
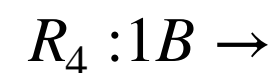
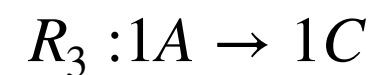
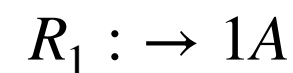
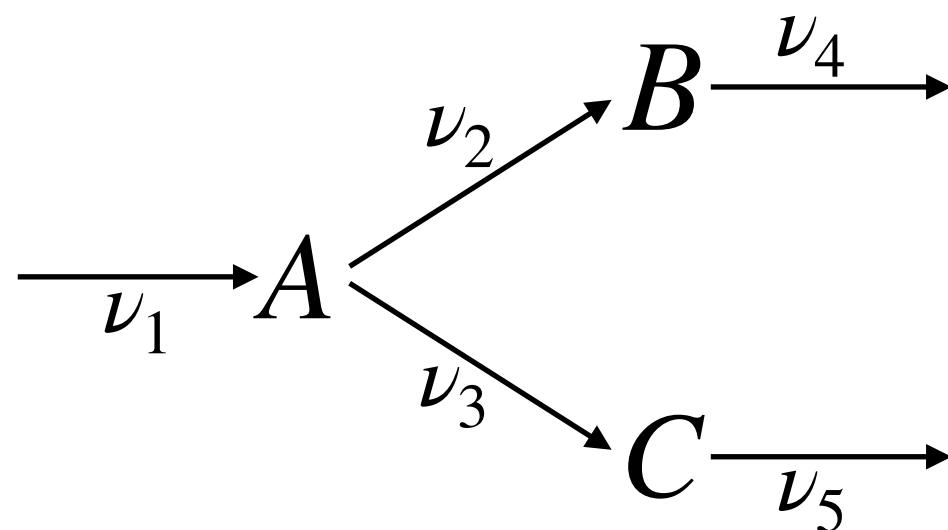
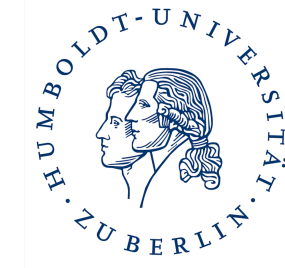
$$\frac{dB}{dt} = \nu_2 - \nu_4 = 0 \rightarrow \nu_2 = \nu_4$$

$$\frac{dC}{dt} = \nu_3 - \nu_5 = 0 \rightarrow \nu_3 = \nu_5$$

$$\nu_1 \triangleq X \rightarrow$$



Stoichiometry matrix



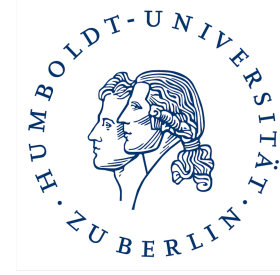
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 1\nu_1 - 1\nu_2 - 1\nu_3 = 0$$

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = 1\nu_2 - 1\nu_4 = 0$$

$$\frac{dC}{dt} = 1\nu_3 - 1\nu_5 = 0$$

	ν_1	ν_2	ν_3	ν_4	ν_5	
A	1	-1	-1	0	0	= 0
B	0	1	0	-1	0	= 0
C	0	0	1	0	-1	= 0
...	1	0	0	0	0	= X

Gaussian elimination



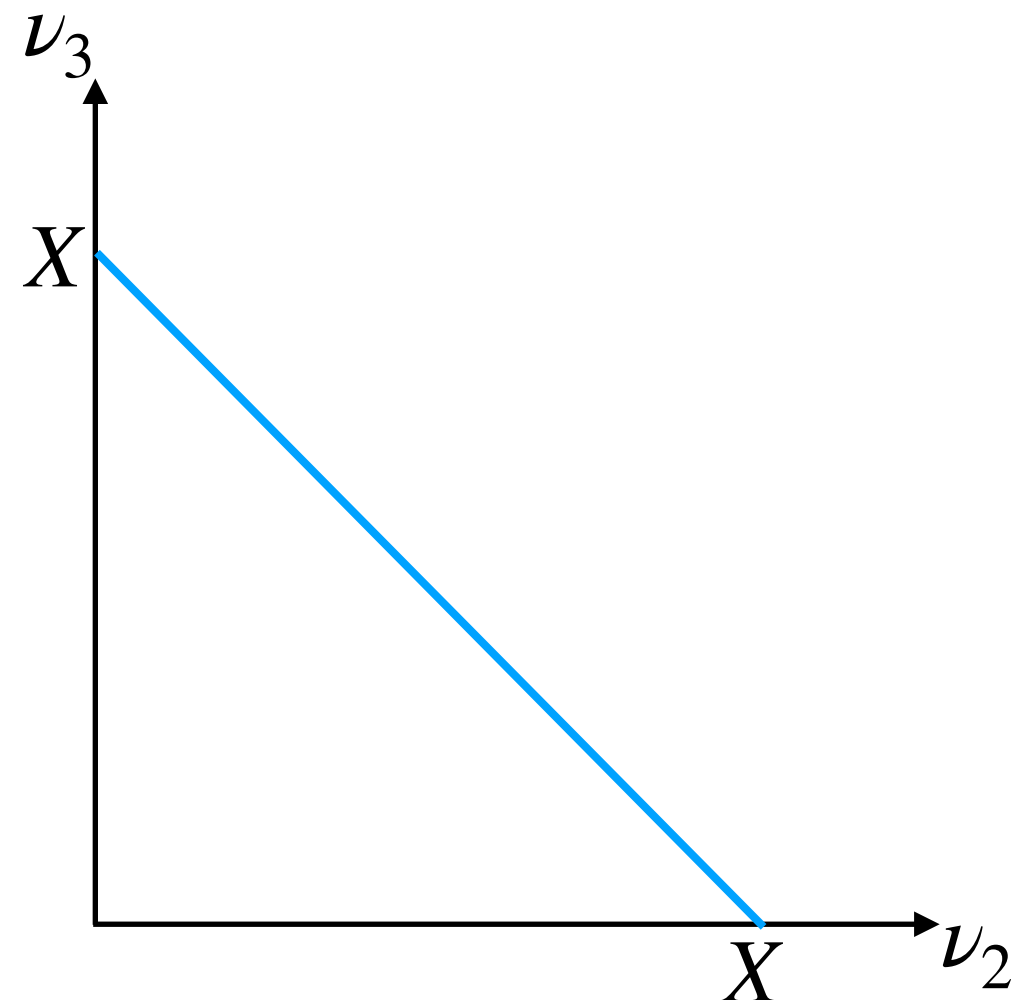
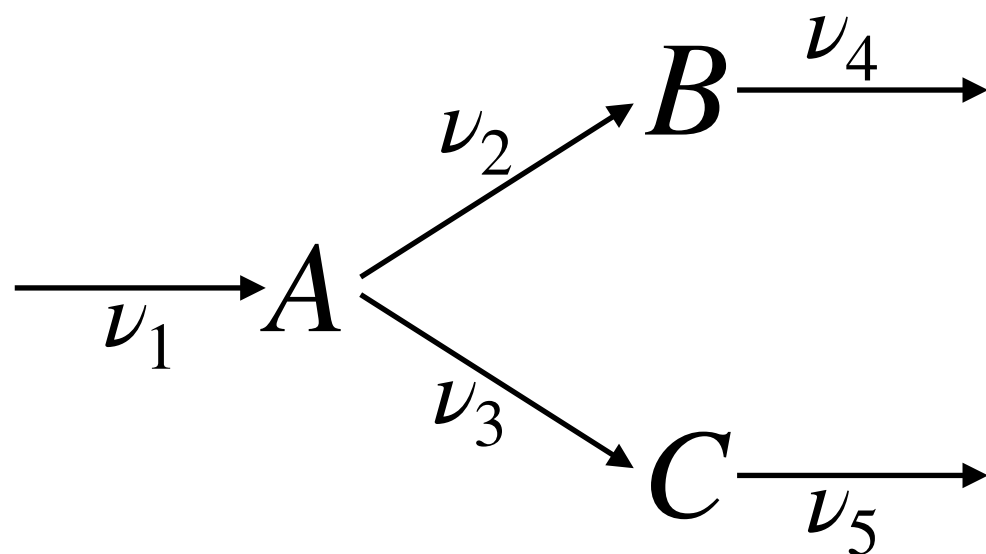
	ν_1	ν_2	ν_3	ν_4	ν_5	
A	1	-1	-1	0	0	$= 0$
B	0	1	0	-1	0	$= 0$
C	0	0	1	0	-1	$= 0$
...	1	0	0	0	0	$= X$

$$\nu_1 = X$$

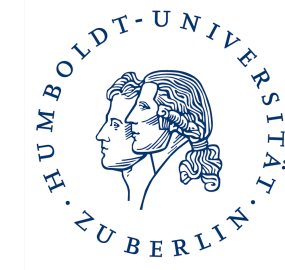
$$\nu_4 = \nu_2$$

$$\nu_5 = \nu_3$$

$$\nu_2 = \nu_1 - \nu_3 = X - \nu_3$$



Solution space



	ν_1	ν_2	ν_3	ν_4	ν_5	
A	1	-1	-1	0	0	$= 0$
B	0	1	0	-1	0	$= 0$
C	0	0	1	0	-1	$= 0$
\dots	1	0	0	0	0	$= X$

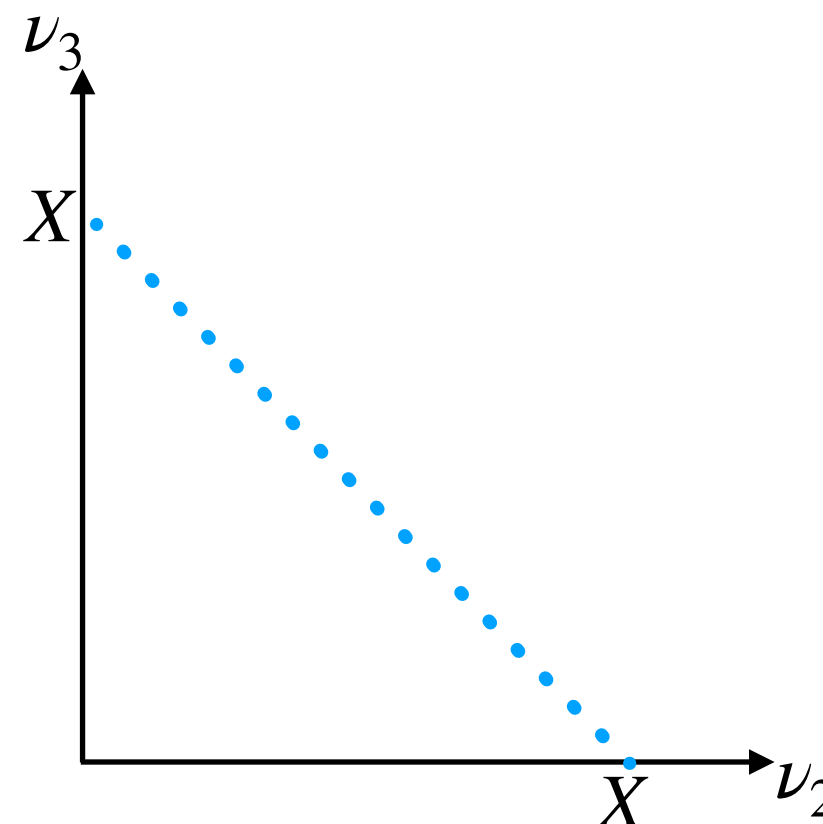
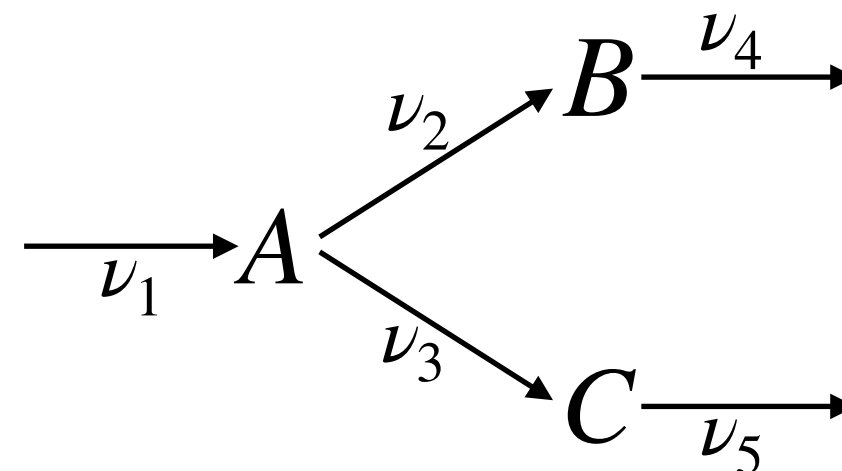
Underdetermined!

$$\nu_1 = X$$

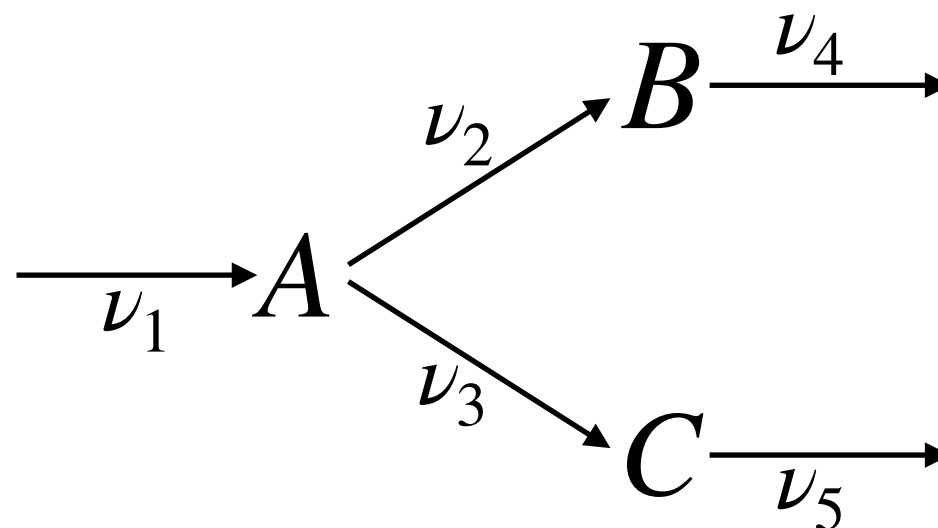
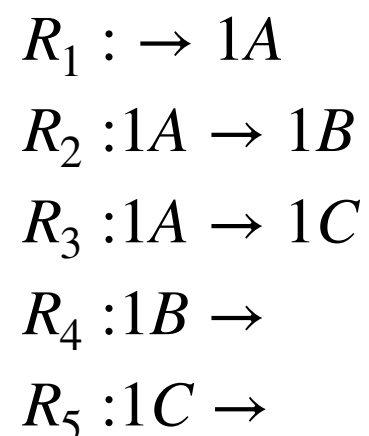
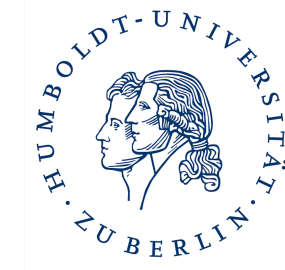
$$\nu_4 = \nu_2$$

$$\nu_5 = \nu_3$$

$$\nu_2 = \nu_1 - \nu_3 = X - \nu_3$$



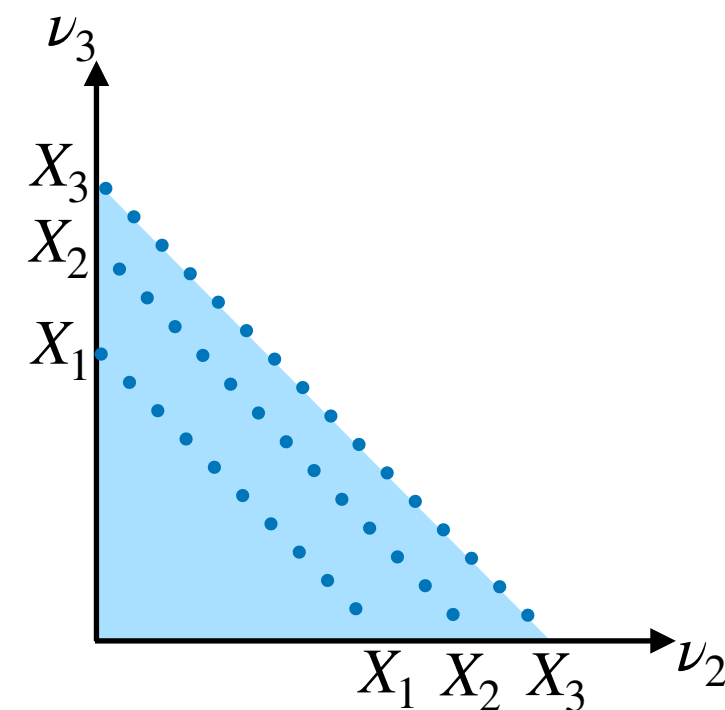
Solution space with inequalities



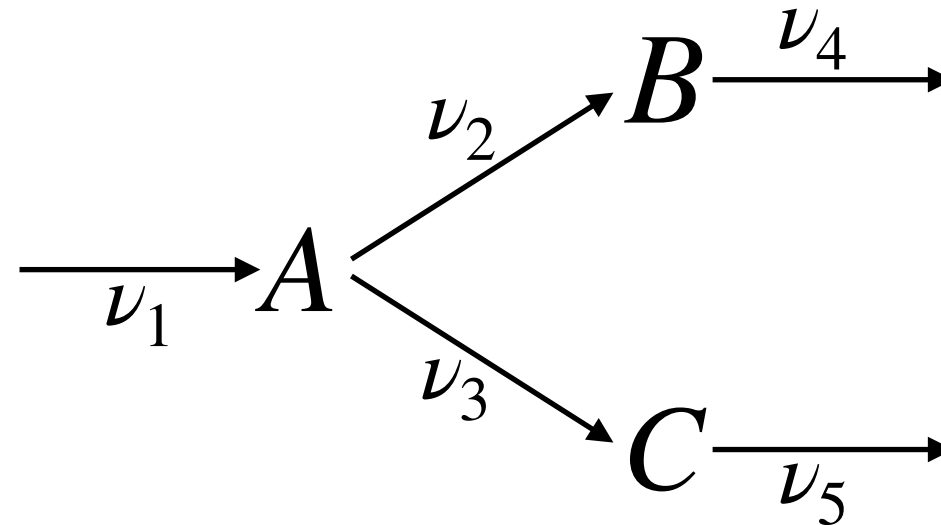
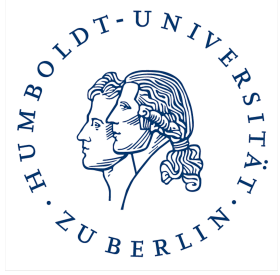
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dA}{dt} &= 1\nu_1 - 1\nu_2 - 1\nu_3 = 0 \\ \frac{dB}{dt} &= 1\nu_2 - 1\nu_4 = 0 \\ \frac{dC}{dt} &= 1\nu_3 - 1\nu_5 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

	ν_1	ν_2	ν_3	ν_4	ν_5	
A	1	-1	-1	0	0	$= 0$
B	0	1	0	-1	0	$= 0$
C	0	0	1	0	-1	$= 0$
...	1	0	0	0	0	$\leq X$

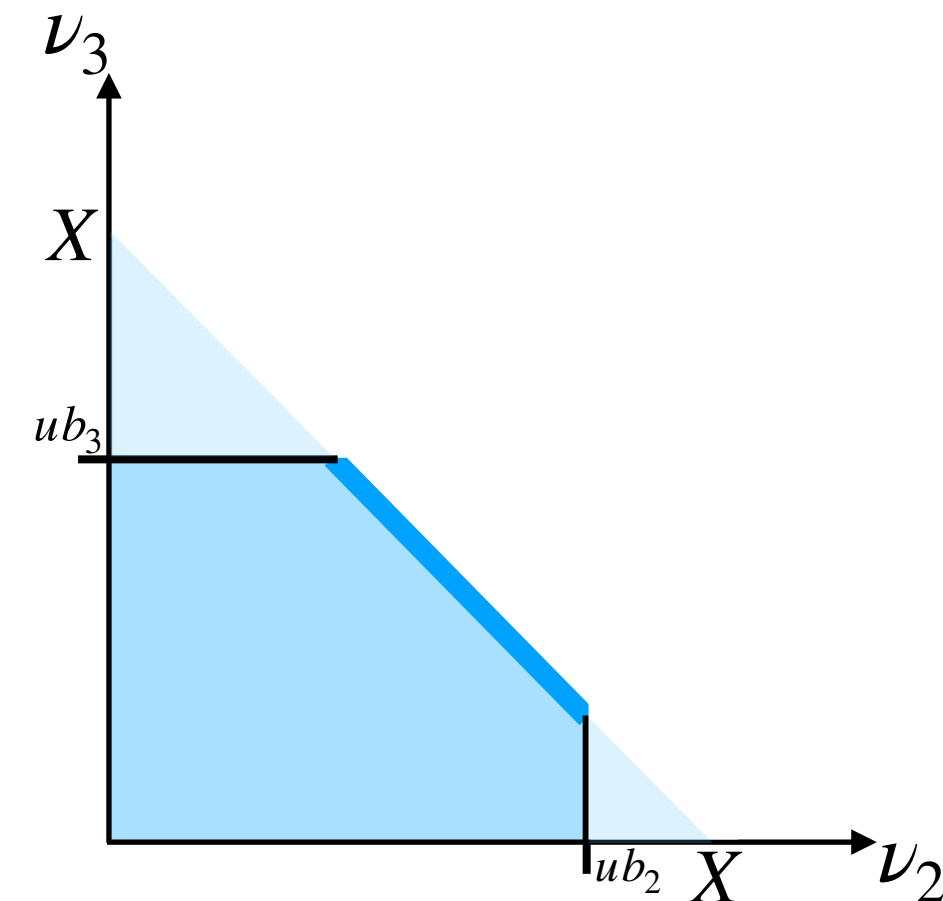
!



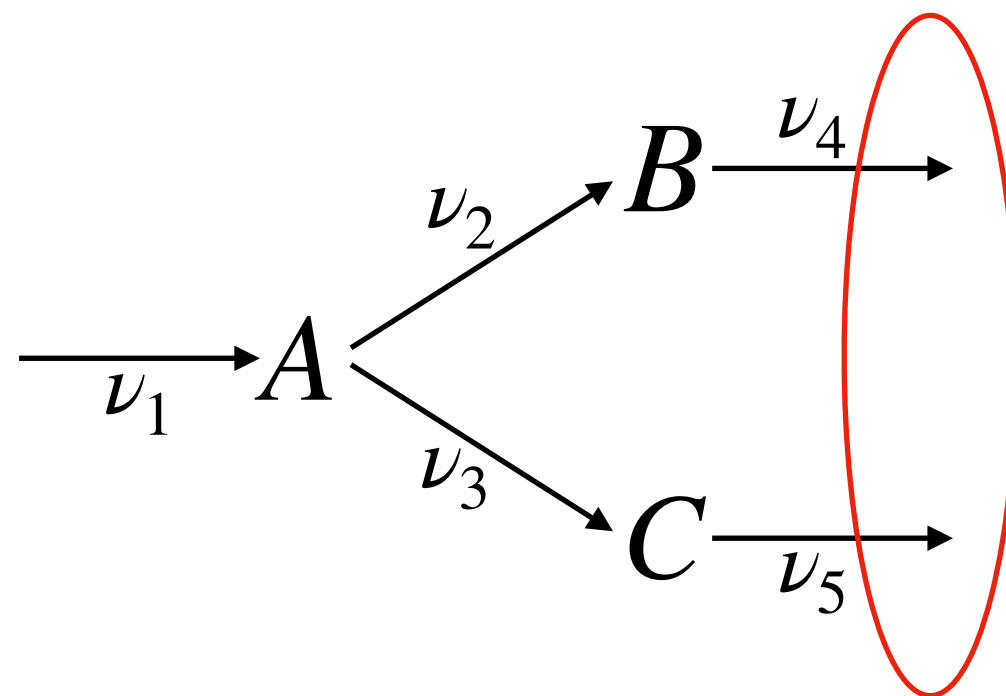
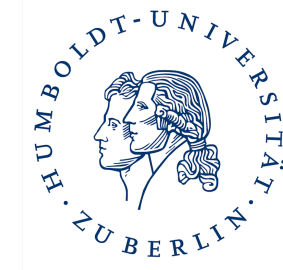
Limits to reaction-rates



	ν_1	ν_2	ν_3	ν_4	ν_5	
A	1	-1	-1	0	0	$= 0$
B	0	1	0	-1	0	$= 0$
C	0	0	1	0	-1	$= 0$
...	1	0	0	0	0	$\leq X$
...	0	1	0	0	0	≥ 0
...	0	0	1	0	0	≥ 0
...	0	1	0	0	0	$\leq ub_2$
...	0	0	1	0	0	$\leq ub_3$



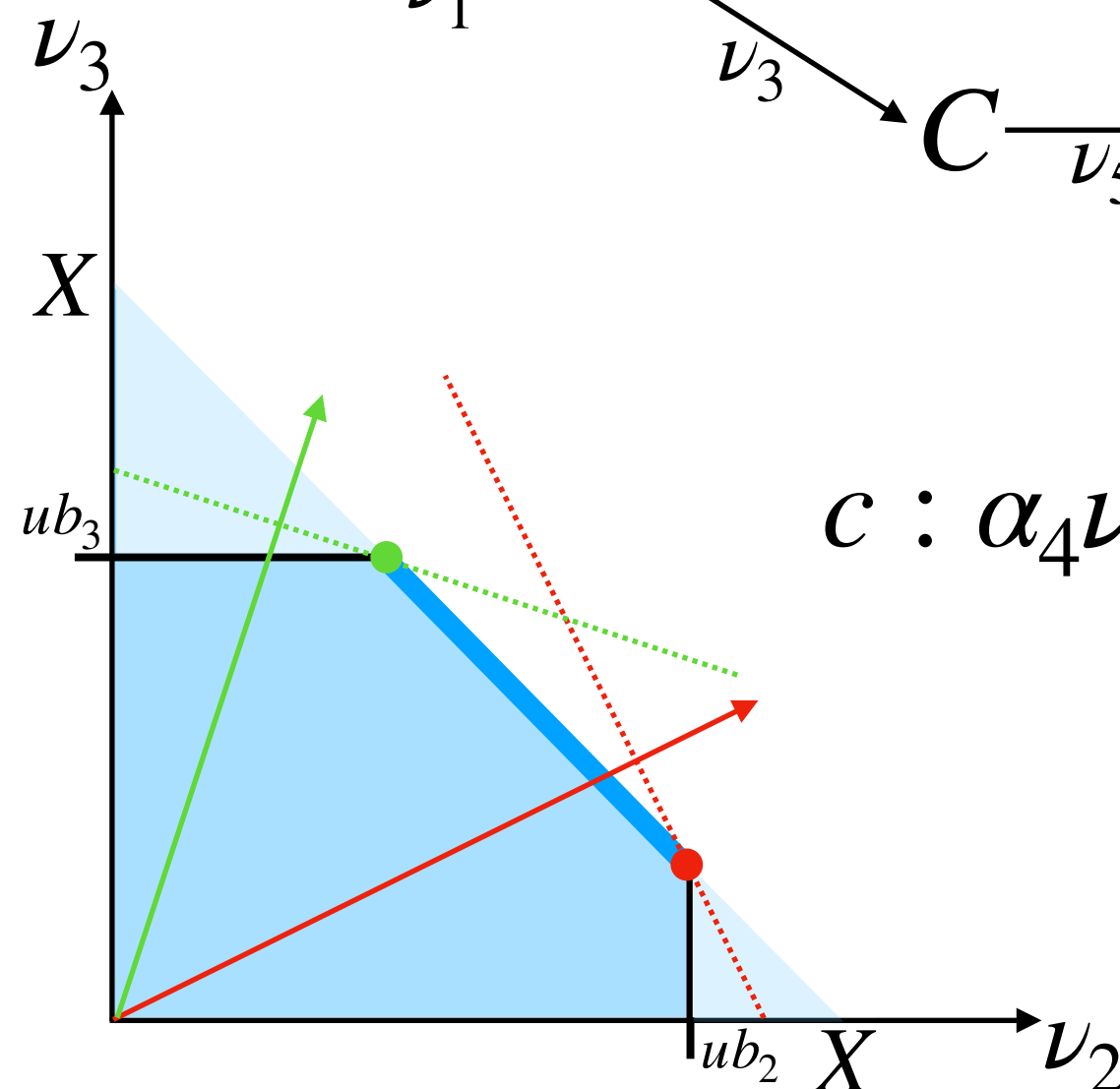
Selecting solutions



Assigning "value"
to different system outputs

System objective is defined
by assigned values

Objective function:
weighted sum of system variables



$$c : \alpha_4 \nu_4 + \alpha_5 \nu_5 = \alpha_2 \nu_2 + \alpha_3 \nu_3$$

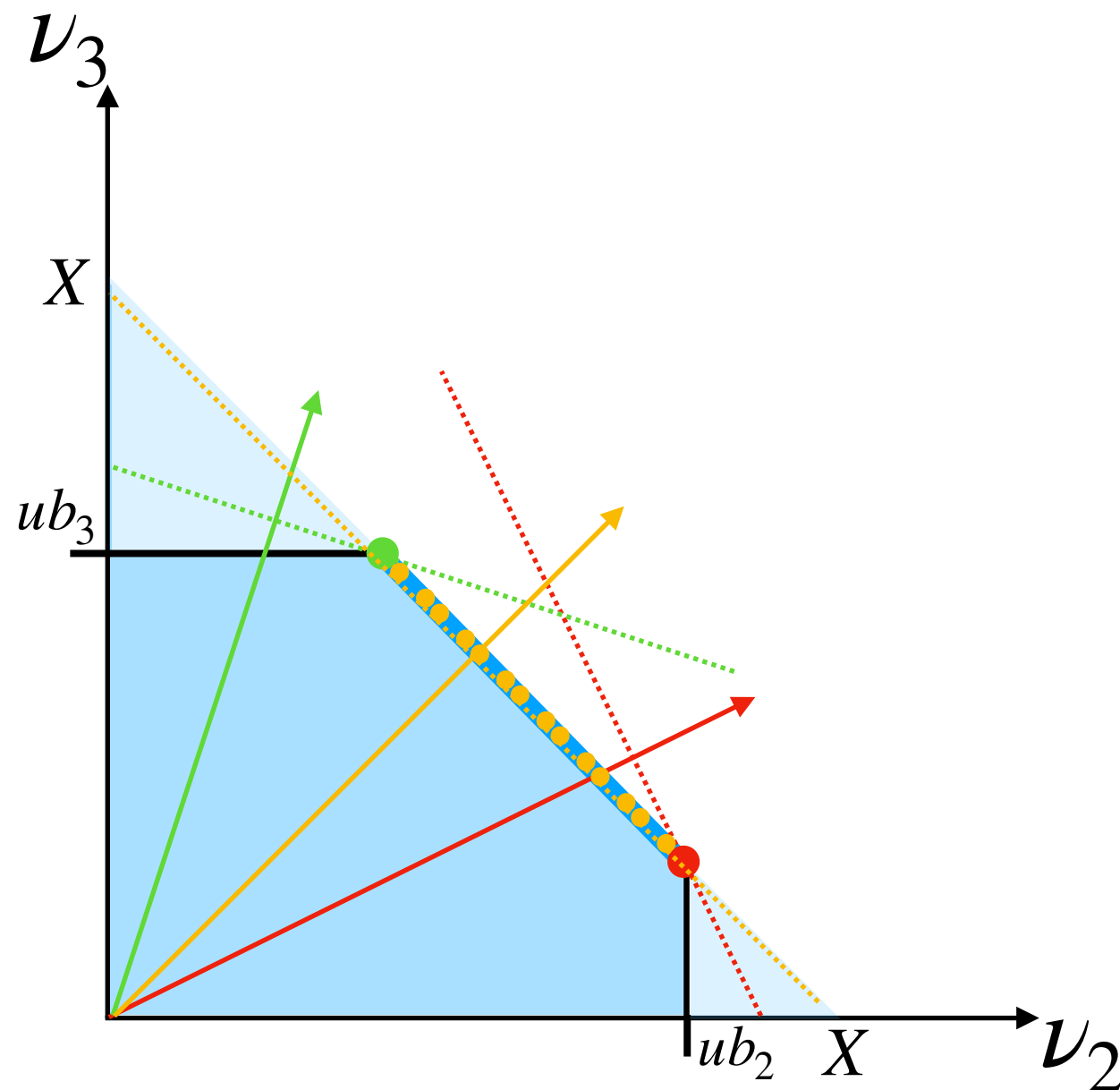
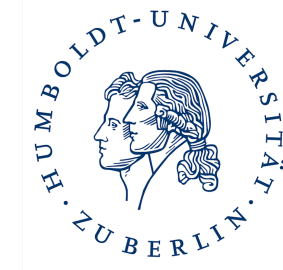
1

2

3

1

Uniqueness of optima



$$\nu_1 = X$$

$$\nu_2 = X - \nu_3$$

$$\alpha_2(X - \nu_3) + \alpha_3\nu_3 = Z_{obj}$$

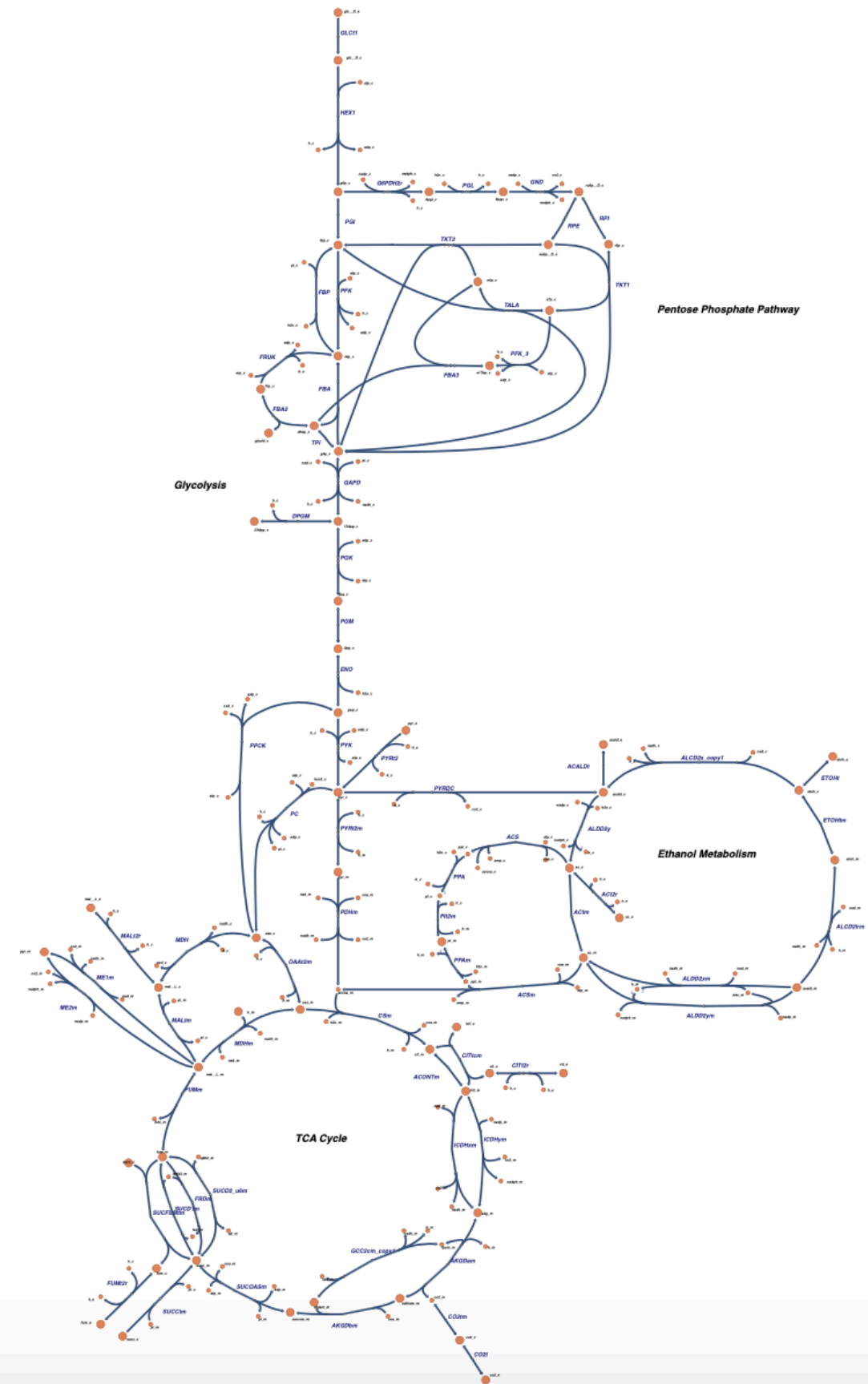
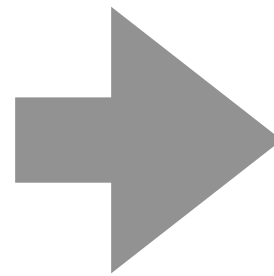
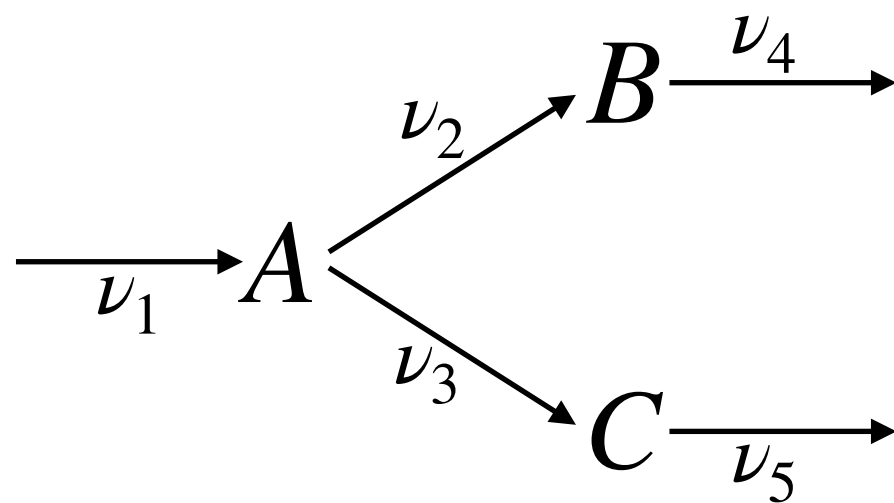
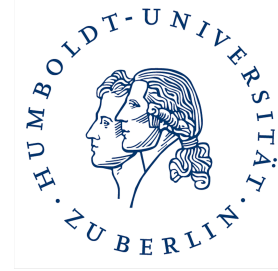
	ν_1	ν_2	ν_3	ν_4	ν_5	
A	1	-1	-1	0	0	$= 0$
B	0	1	0	-1	0	$= 0$
C	0	0	1	0	-1	$= 0$
...	1	0	0	0	0	$\leq X$
...	0	1	0	0	0	≥ 0
...	0	0	1	0	0	≥ 0
...	0	1	0	0	0	$\leq ub_2$
...	0	0	1	0	0	$\leq ub_3$
...	0	α_2	α_3	0	0	$= Z_{obj}$

Might be determined now

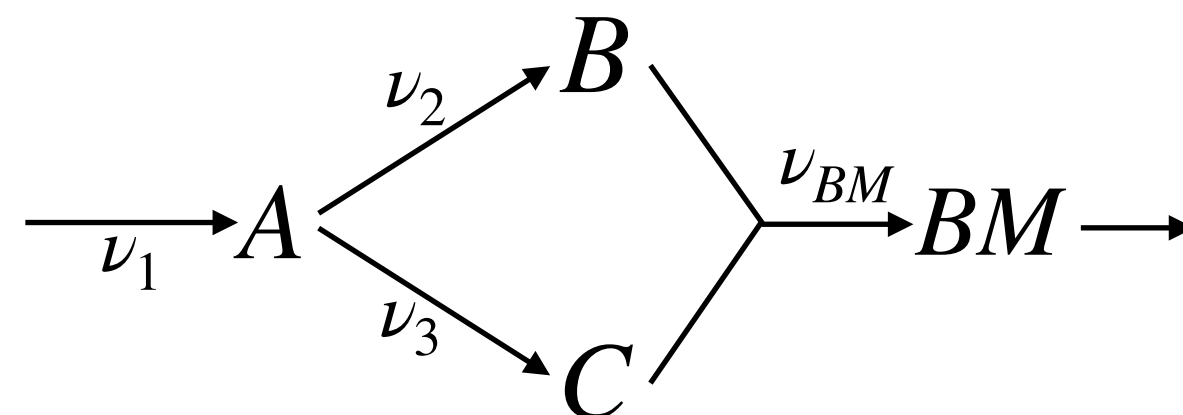
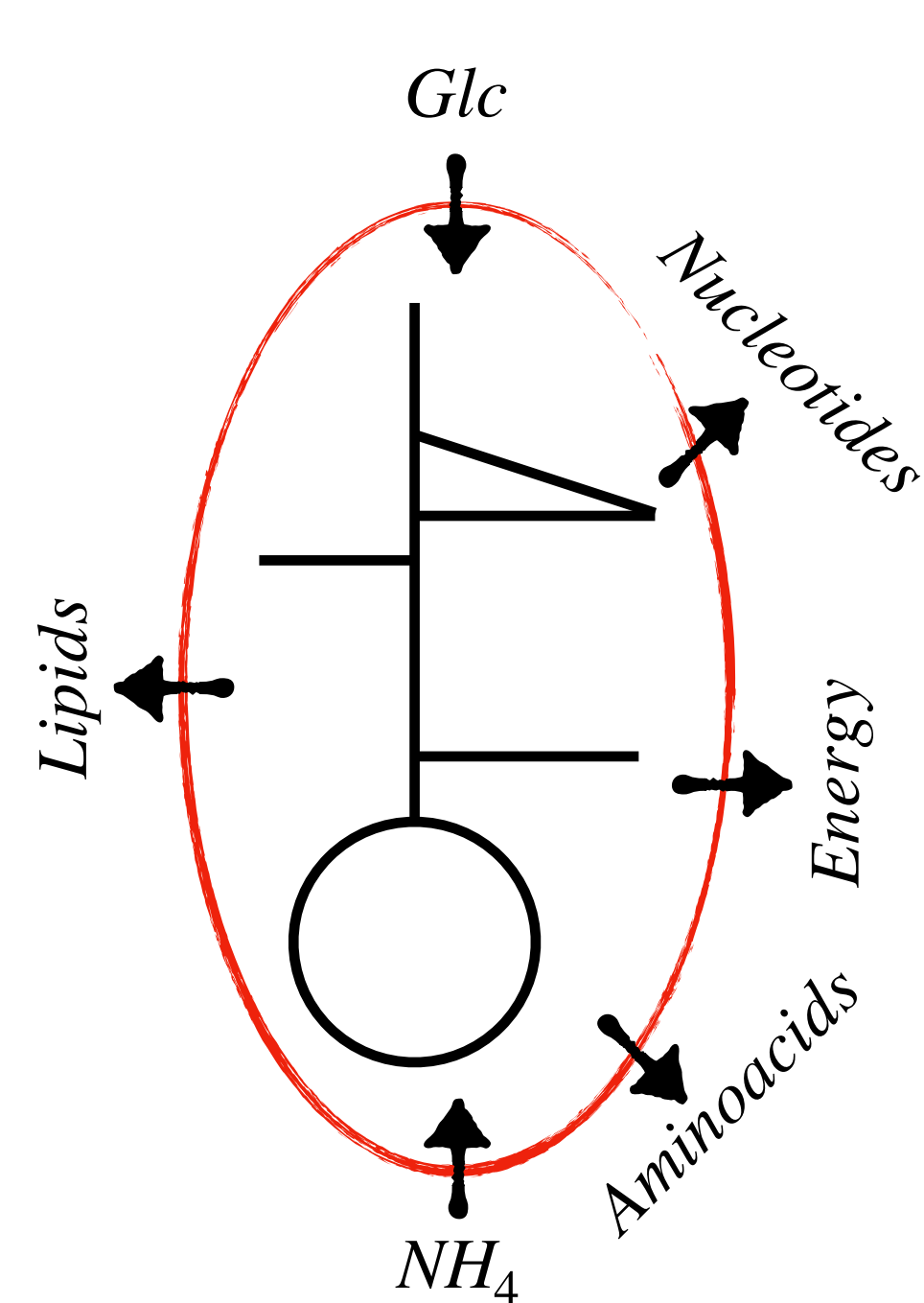
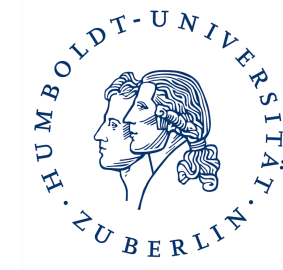
If $\alpha_2 \neq \alpha_3$:

$$\nu_3 = \frac{(Z_{obj} - \alpha_2 X)}{(\alpha_3 - \alpha_2)}$$

Genome-scale metabolism



Biomass-function as objective



R_{BM} :

$\alpha_1 \text{Energy} + \alpha_2 \text{AA} + \alpha_3 \text{Lipid} + \alpha_4 \text{Nucleotide} \rightarrow$

	ν_1	ν_2	ν_3			ν_1	ν_2	ν_3	ν_{BM}	
A	1	-1	-1	= 0		A	1	-1	-1	0 = 0
B	0	1	0	= 0		B	0	1	0	$-\alpha_2$ = 0
C	0	0	1	= 0		C	0	0	1	$-\alpha_3$ = 0
...	1	0	0	$\leq X$...	1	0	0	$\leq X$
...	0	1	0	≥ 0		...	0	1	0	≥ 0
...	0	0	1	≥ 0		...	0	0	1	≥ 0
...	0	1	0	$\leq ub_2$...	0	1	0	$\leq ub_2$
...	0	0	1	$\leq ub_3$...	0	0	1	$\leq ub_3$
...	0	α_2	α_3	= Z_{obj}		...	0	0	0	1 = Z_{obj}