Assignment 6

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16 September 2024 13:3
```

```
Declare a single-dimensional array of 5 integers inside the main method.
Traverse the array to print the default values.
Then accept records from the user and print the updated values of the array.
package org.example;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Que1 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            int[] arr = new int[5];
            System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            for(int i=0; i<arr.length; i++) {</pre>
                   System.out.print("Enter array for index "+ i +" : ");
                   arr[i]=sc.nextInt();
            }
            System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
      }
}
```

```
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
Enter array for index 0 : 1
Enter array for index 1 : 2
Enter array for index 2 : 3
Enter array for index 3 : 4
Enter array for index 4 : 5
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
/*
Declare a single-dimensional array of 5 integers inside the main method.
Define a method named acceptRecord to get input from the terminal into the array and another method named printRecord to print the state of the array to the terminal */
package org.example;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
class Q2{
    private int[] arr;
```

```
private int a;
      public Q2() {
             this.arr = new int[3];
      }
      public Q2(int size) {
             this.arr = new int[size];
      public void acceptRecord(){
             Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
             for(int i = 0; i<arr.length; ++i) {</pre>
                   System.out.print("Enter an array at element "+ i +" : ");
                   arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
             }
      }
      public void printRecord(){
             System.out.print(Arrays.toString(arr));
      }
}
public class Que2 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             Q2 q = new Q2(5);
             q.acceptRecord();
             q.printRecord();
      }
}
```

```
Enter an array at element 0 : 1
Enter an array at element 1 : 2
Enter an array at element 2 : 3
Enter an array at element 3 : 4
Enter an array at element 4 : 5
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

 $/\!/ Write \ a \ program \ to \ find \ the \ maximum \ and \ minimum \ values \ in \ a \ single-dimensional \ array \ of \ integers.$

```
package org.example;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Que3 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
int[] arr = new int[5];
           Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
           for(int i = 0; i<arr.length; ++i) {
                System.out.print("Enter an array at element "+ i +":");
                arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
           }
           int max = arr[0];
           int min = arr[0];
           for(int i = 0; i<arr.length; i++) {
                if(max < arr[i]) {
                      max = arr[i];
                }
                if(min > arr[i]) {
                      min = arr[i];
                }
           }
           System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
           System.out.println("Maximum number in array is: " + max);
           System.out.println("Minimum number in array is : " + min);
     }
}
 Enter an array at element 0 : 1
 Enter an array at element 1 : 2
 Enter an array at element 2 : 6
 Enter an array at element 3 : 3
 Enter an array at element 4 : 9
 [1, 2, 6, 3, 9]
 Maximum number in array is : 9
 Minimum number in array is : 1
```

//Write a program to remove duplicate elements from a single-dimensional array of integers.

```
}
```

```
Given Array : [1, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 6, 6, 7, 7] new Array : 1 2 4 5 6
```

```
//Write a program to find the intersection of two single-dimensional arrays.
package org.example;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class Que5 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            // TODO Auto-generated method stub
            int[] \ arr1 = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,45,3,6,6,2,6,3,5,8,9,2,1,3,6,8,94,2,25,7,53,5,6,4,4,5,6,7,4,45,7,8,5,4,7,5,4,4,7,746,6,6\};
            int[] arr2 = {1,3,5,7,9,10};
            Arrays.sort(arr1);
            Arrays.sort(arr2);
            int[] temparr = new int[arr1.length];
            int count = 0;
             for(int i=0; i<arr1.length-1; i++)</pre>
                   for(int j=0; j<arr2.length; j++)</pre>
                          if((float)arr1[i]/(float)arr2[j] == 1.0) {
                                temparr[count] = arr1[i];
                                count++;
                         }
            int[] arr3 = new int[count];
            for(int i=0; i<count; i++)
                   arr3[i] = temparr[i];
             for(int i =0; i<arr3.length-1; i++)</pre>
                   if((float)arr3[i]/(float)arr3[i+1] != 1.0) {
                          System.out.println(arr3[i]);
                   }
      }
```

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```
//Write a program to find the missing number in an array of integers ranging from 1 to N.
package org.example;

public class Que6 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] array = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9};
        int n = array.length + 1;

        int expectedSum = n * (n + 1) / 2;
        int actualSum = 0;
        for (int num : array) {
            actualSum += num;
        }

        int missingNumber = expectedSum - actualSum;
        System.out.println("The missing number is: " + missingNumber);
      }
}
```

The missing number is: 7

```
//Declare a single-dimensional array as a field inside a class and instantiate it inside the class constructor. //Define methods named acceptRecord and printRecord within the class and test their functionality.
```

```
package org.example;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Que7 {
  private int[] numbers;
  public Que7(int size) {
    numbers = new int[size];
  public void acceptRecord() {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++) {
      numbers[i] = scanner.nextInt();
  }
  public void printRecord() {
    for (int num: numbers) {
      System.out.print(num + " ");
    System.out.println();
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Que7 example = new Que7(5);
    example.acceptRecord();
    example.printRecord();
```

```
}
```

//Modify the previous assignment to use getter and setter methods instead of acceptRecord and printRecord

```
package org.example;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Que8 {
  private int[] numbers;
  public Que8(int size) {
    numbers = new int[size];
  public void setNumbers(int[] numbers) {
    this.numbers = numbers;
  public int[] getNumbers() {
    return numbers;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
        Que8 example = new Que8(5);
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    int[] inputNumbers = new int[5];
    System.out.println("Enter 5 numbers:");
    for (int i = 0; i < inputNumbers.length; i++) {
      inputNumbers[i] = scanner.nextInt();
    example.setNumbers(inputNumbers);
    int[] outputNumbers = example.getNumbers();
    System.out.println("The numbers in the array are:");
    for (int num : outputNumbers) {
      System.out.print(num + " ");
    System.out.println();
  }
}
```

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```
Enter 5 numbers:

1
2
3
4
5
The numbers in the array are:
1 2 3 4 5
```

```
//You need to implement a system to manage airplane seat assignments. The airplane has seats arranged in rows and columns. Implement
functionalities to:
//Initialize the seating arrangement with a given number of rows and columns.
//Book a seat to mark it as occupied.
//Cancel a booking to mark a seat as available.
//Check seat availability to determine if a specific seat is available.
//Display the current seating chart.
package org.example;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Que9 {
  private boolean[][] seats;
  public Que9(int rows, int columns) {
    seats = new boolean[rows][columns];
  public void bookSeat(int row, int column) {
    if (row \ge 0 \&\& row < seats.length \&\& column >= 0 \&\& column < seats[0].length) {
      if (!seats[row][column]) {
         seats[row][column] = true;
         System.out.println("Seat booked successfully.");
      } else {
         System.out.println("Seat is already occupied.");
      }
    } else {
      System.out.println("Invalid seat number.");
    }
  }
  public void cancelBooking(int row, int column) {
    if (row >= 0 \&\& row < seats.length \&\& column >= 0 \&\& column < seats[0].length) {
      if (seats[row][column]) {
         seats[row][column] = false;
         System.out.println("Booking cancelled successfully.");
        System.out.println("Seat is already available.");
      }
    } else {
      System.out.println("Invalid seat number.");
  }
  public boolean isSeatAvailable(int row, int column) {
```

```
if (row >= 0 && row < seats.length && column >= 0 && column < seats[0].length) {
    return !seats[row][column];
  } else {
    System.out.println("Invalid seat number.");
    return false;
  }
}
public void displaySeatingChart() {
  System.out.println("Seating Chart:");
  for (int i = 0; i < seats.length; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < seats[i].length; <math>j++) {
       if (seats[i][j]) {
         System.out.print("X");
      } else {
         System.out.print("O");
      }
    }
    System.out.println();
  }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.println("Enter number of rows:");
  int rows = scanner.nextInt();
  System.out.println("Enter number of columns:");
  int columns = scanner.nextInt();
  Que9 airplane = new Que9(rows, columns);
  while (true) {
    System.out.println("1. Book a seat");
    System.out.println("2. Cancel a booking");
    System.out.println("3. Check seat availability");
    System.out.println("4. Display seating chart");
    System.out.println("5. Exit");
    System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
    int choice = scanner.nextInt();
    if (choice == 5) {
       break;
    }
    System.out.println("Enter row number:");
    int row = scanner.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter column number:");
    int column = scanner.nextInt();
    switch (choice) {
       case 1:
         airplane.bookSeat(row, column);
         break;
       case 2:
         airplane.cancelBooking(row, column);
         break;
       case 3:
         boolean available = airplane.isSeatAvailable(row, column);
         System.out.println("Seat availability: " + (available ? "Available": "Occupied"));
         break;
       case 4:
```

```
airplane.displaySeatingChart();
    break;
    default:
        System.out.println("Invalid option.");
    }
}
```

```
Enter number of rows:
Enter number of columns:
1. Book a seat
2. Cancel a booking
3. Check seat availability
4. Display seating chart
5. Exit
Choose an option: 4
Enter row number:
Enter column number:
Seating Chart:
0000
0000
1. Book a seat
2. Cancel a booking
3. Check seat availability
4. Display seating chart
5. Exit
Choose an option:
```