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Web Calling

Get started with Vapi on the Web.

Anywhere you can run client-side JavaScript, you can run Vapi. All the way from vanilla to complex component-based applications with React and Next.js.

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Installation

Install the package:

\$ yarn add @vapi-ai/web

or w/ npm:

\$ npm install @vapi-ai/web

Import the package:

1 import Vapi from "@vapi-ai/web";

Then, create a new instance of the Vapi class, passing your **Public Key** as a parameter to the constructor:

1 const vapi = new Vapi("your-public-key");

You can find your public key in the Vapi Dashboard 🗹.

Starting a Call

Assistants can either be created on the fly (temporary) or created & persisted to your account (persistent).

**Option 1: Temporary Assistant** 

If you want to customize properties from the frontend on the fly, you can create an as-

> Assistant Configuration

Now we can call .start(), passing the temporary assistant configuration:

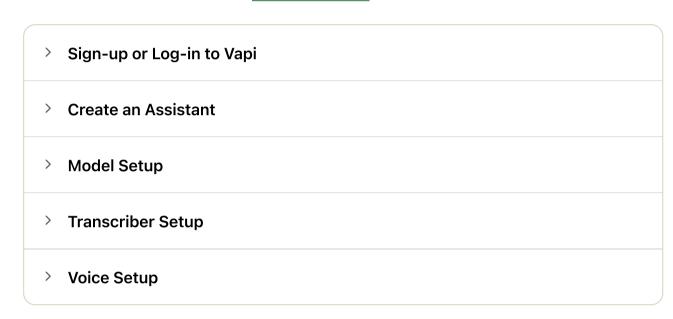
sistant configuration object and pass it to the .start() method.

1 vapi.start(assistantOptions);

More configuration options can be found in the Assistant API reference.

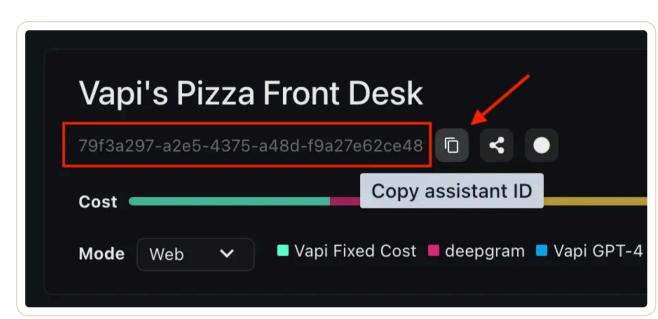
**Option 2: Persistent Assistant** 

If you want to create an assistant that you can reuse across multiple calls, you can create a persistent assistant in the <u>Vapi Dashboard</u> . Here's how you can do that:



To customize additional fields, this can be done via the <u>Assistant</u> API instead.

Then, you can copy the assistant's ID at the top of the assistant detail page:



Now we can call <code>.start()</code> , passing the persistent assistant's ID:

1 vapi.start("79f3XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXXX-XXXXXXxce48");

If you need to override any assistant settings or set template variables, you can pass assistantOverrides as the second argument.

For example, if the first message is "Hello {{name}} ", you can set assistantOverrides to replace {{name}} with John:

Ask Al