

Scalable Underapproximative Verification of Stochastic LTI Systems using Convexity and Compactness

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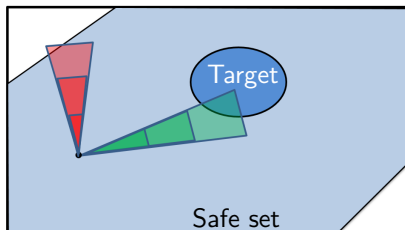
HSCC 2018 — Porto, Portugal

Motivation



- ▶ Real world problems — stochastic and high-dimensional
 - ▶ Motion planning in stochastic environments — transportation
 - ▶ Human-automation collaboration systems — biomedical systems
- ▶ Need for probabilistic guarantees of safety and performance

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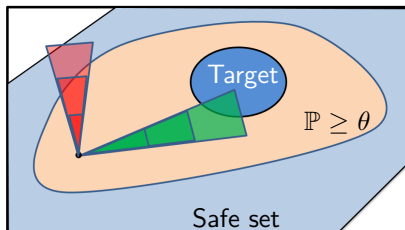


- Stochastic reach-avoid problem — viability and reachability

maximize $\mathbb{P}\{\textit{stay safe and reach target at the time horizon}\}$

subject to dynamics, initial state, policy constraints

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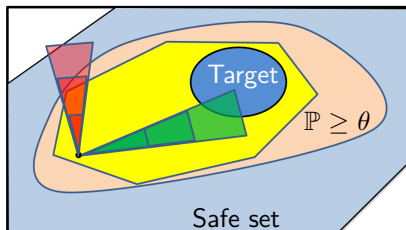
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- ▶ Stochastic reach-avoid set — acceptable initial states $\mathbb{P} \geq \theta$
- ▶ High computation costs and lacks scalability

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- Stochastic reach-avoid problem — viability and reachability

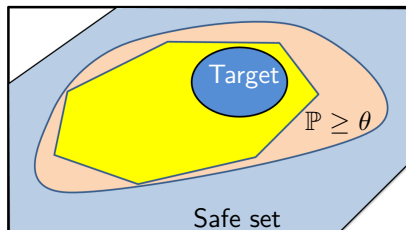
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- High computation costs and lacks scalability

Objective: Compute a polytopic underapproximation of $\mathbb{P} \geq \theta$

Main contributions



- ▶ Polytopic underapproximation of stochastic reach-avoid set
 - ▶ Open-loop underapproximation
 - ▶ Convex compact sets
- ▶ Sufficient conditions for closed, compact, and convex
 - ▶ Stochastic reach-avoid set
 - ▶ Open-loop underapproximation
- ▶ Admittance of optimal bang-bang Markov policies

Related work

Backward stochastic reachability

Abate, Amin, Prandini, Lygeros, & Sastry (2007); Abate, Prandini, Lygeros, & Sastry (2008); Summers, & Lygeros (2010)

Approximation techniques

Lesser, Oishi, & Erwin (2013); Manganini, Pirotta, Restelli, Piroddi, & Prandini (2015); Kariotoglou, Kamgarpour, Summers, & Lygeros (2017); Gleason, Vinod, & Oishi (2017); Vinod & Oishi (2017)

Forward stochastic reachability

Lasota & Mackey (1985); Althoff, Stursberg, & Buss (2009); Vinod, HomChaudhuri, & Oishi (2017); HomChaudhuri, Vinod, & Oishi (2017)

Uncertain system reachability (discrete time)

Bertsekas and Rhodes (1971); Girard (2005); Kurzhanskiy & Varaiya (2006); Kvasnica, Takács, Holaza, & Ingole (2015); Althoff (2015); Bak & Duggirala (2017)

Uncertain system reachability (continuous time)

Tomlin, Mitchell, Bayen, & Oishi (2003); Bokanowski, Forcadell, & Zidani (2010); Huang, Ding, Zhang, & Tomlin (2015); Chen, Herbert, & Tomlin (2017)

System formulation

- ▶ Discrete-time LTI system (time horizon N and initial state $\bar{x}_0 \in \mathcal{X}$)

$$\mathbf{x}_{k+1} = A\mathbf{x}_k + B\bar{u}_k + \mathbf{w}_k \quad \mathbf{x}_k \in \mathcal{X} = \mathbb{R}^n, \bar{u}_k \in \mathcal{U} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$\mathbf{w}_k \in \mathcal{W} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^p, \mathbf{w}_k \sim \psi_{\mathbf{w}}$$

- ▶ (\equiv) Continuous state Markov decision process (when IID noise)

$$Q(d\bar{y}|\bar{x}, \bar{u}) = \psi_{\mathbf{w}}(\bar{y} - A\bar{x} - B\bar{u})d\bar{y}$$

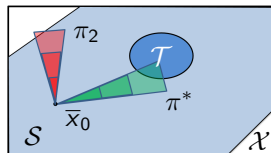
- ▶ $\mathbf{X} = [\mathbf{x}_1^\top \dots \mathbf{x}_N^\top]^\top \in \mathcal{X}^N$ random vector with probability measure
 - ▶ $\mathbb{P}_{\mathbf{X}}^{\pi, \bar{x}_0} \leftarrow$ Markov (closed-loop) policy $\pi : \mathbb{N}_{[0, N-1]} \times \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{U}$, $\pi \in \mathcal{M}$
 - ▶ $\mathbb{P}_{\mathbf{X}}^{\rho, \bar{x}_0} \leftarrow$ Open-loop policy $\rho : \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{U}^N$, $\rho(\bar{x}_0) \notin \mathcal{M}$

Stochastic reach-avoid problem and its solution

- ▶ Borel $\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T} \subseteq \mathcal{X}$
- ▶ Terminal stochastic reach-avoid problem

$$V_0^*(\bar{x}_0) = \max_{\pi} \mathbb{P}_{\mathbf{X}}^{\pi, \bar{x}_0} \{ \mathbf{X} \in (\mathcal{S}^{N-1} \times \mathcal{T}) \}$$

s. t. $\pi \in \mathcal{M}$



- ▶ Solution via dynamic programming

$$V_N^*(\bar{x}) = 1_{\mathcal{T}}(\bar{x})$$

$$V_k^*(\bar{x}) = \sup_{\bar{u} \in \mathcal{U}} 1_{\mathcal{S}}(\bar{x}) \int_{\mathcal{X}} V_{k+1}^*(\bar{y}) Q(d\bar{y} | \bar{x}, \bar{u})$$

- ▶ Discretization approach
 - ▶ For compact $\mathcal{U}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T}$ and Lipschitz Q
 - ▶ Curse of dimensionality — $n \leq 3$

$\bar{x}_0 \in \mathcal{S}$
$\mathbf{x}_1 \in \mathcal{S}$
$\mathbf{x}_2 \in \mathcal{S}$
\vdots
$\mathbf{x}_{N-1} \in \mathcal{S}$
$\mathbf{x}_N \in \mathcal{T}$
$\mathbf{X} \in \mathcal{S}^{N-1} \times \mathcal{T}$

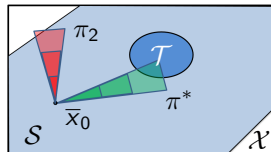
Abate, Amin, Prandini, Lygeros, and Sastry, HSCC 2007
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$$V_0^*(\bar{x}_0) = \max_{\pi} \mathbb{E}_{x_0}^{\pi} \left[\left(\prod_{k=0}^{N-1} 1_{\mathcal{S}}(\mathbf{x}_k) \right) 1_{\mathcal{T}}(\mathbf{x}_N) \right]$$

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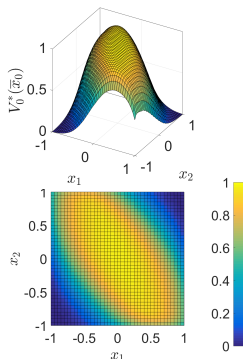
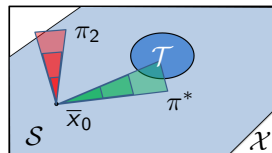
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Underapproximation of the stochastic reach-avoid problem

Stochastic reach-avoid problem	Underapproximation
$\begin{array}{ll} \max. & \mathbb{P}_{\mathbf{X}}^{\pi, \bar{x}_0} \left\{ \mathbf{X} \in (\mathcal{S}^{N-1} \times \mathcal{T}) \right\} \\ \text{s.t.} & \pi \in \mathcal{M} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ll} \max. & \mathbb{P}_{\mathbf{X}}^{\rho, \bar{x}_0} \left\{ \mathbf{X} \in (\mathcal{S}^{N-1} \times \mathcal{T}) \right\} \\ \text{s.t.} & \rho(\bar{x}_0) \in \mathcal{U}^N \end{array}$
Optimal value function $V_0^*(\bar{x}_0)$	Optimal value function $W_0^*(\bar{x}_0)$
Search over Markov policies	Search over open-loop policies

Vinod and Oishi, LCSS 2017

Vinod, HomChaudhuri, and Oishi, HSCC 2017

Underapproximation of the stochastic reach-avoid problem

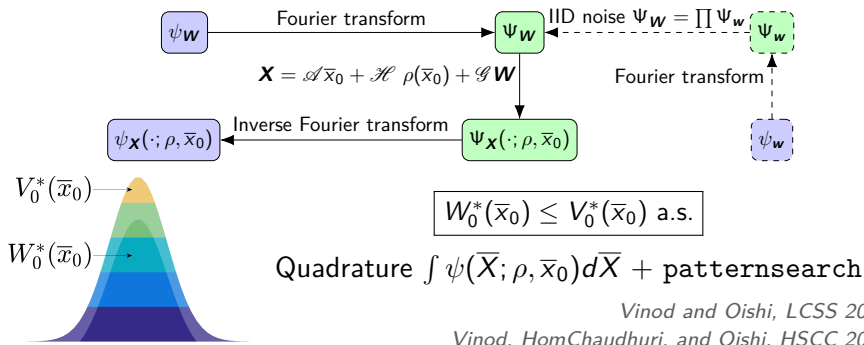
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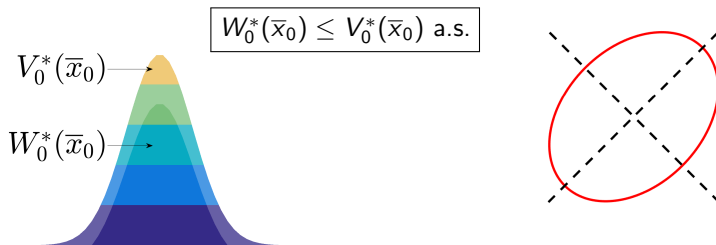
Underapproximation of stochastic reach-avoid sets

- Stochastic reach-avoid set and its underapproximation, $\theta \in [0, 1]$

$$\mathcal{L}^{\pi^*}(\theta, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T}) = \{\bar{x}_0 \in \mathcal{X} : V_0^*(\bar{x}_0) \geq \theta\}$$

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- Convex compact set — tight polytopic underapproximation



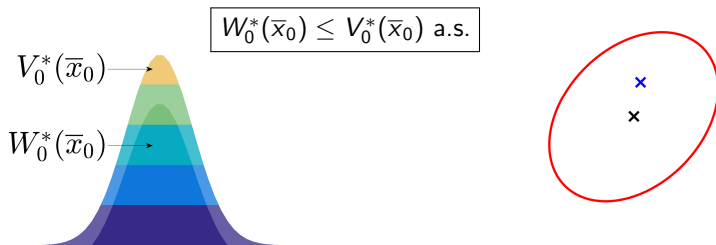
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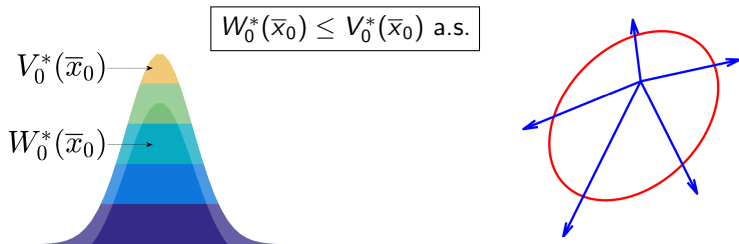
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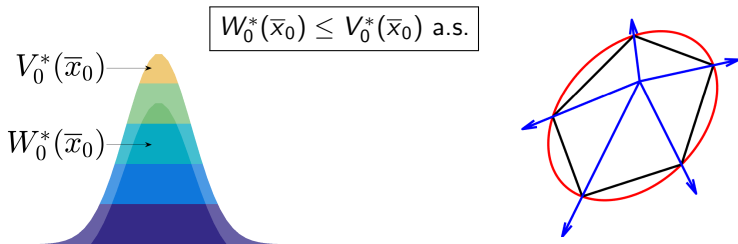
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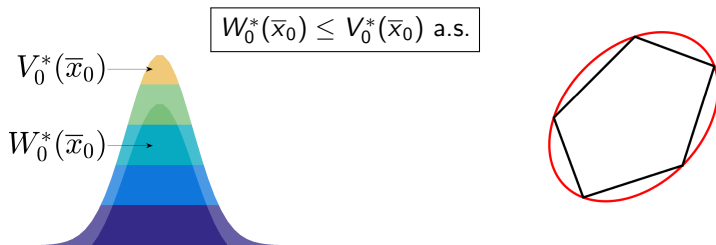
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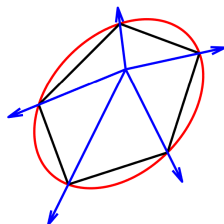
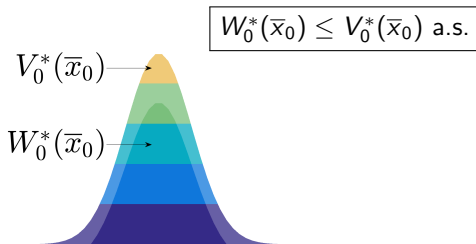
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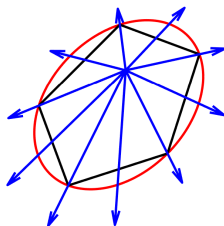
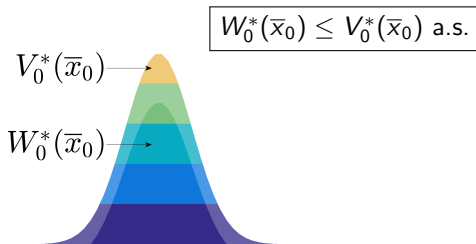
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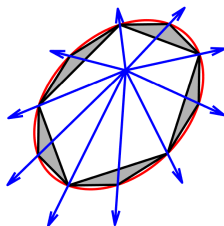
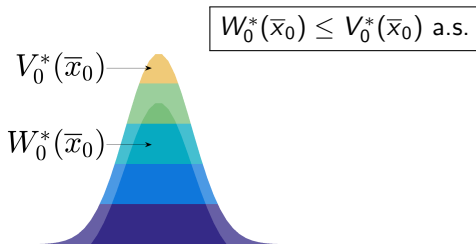
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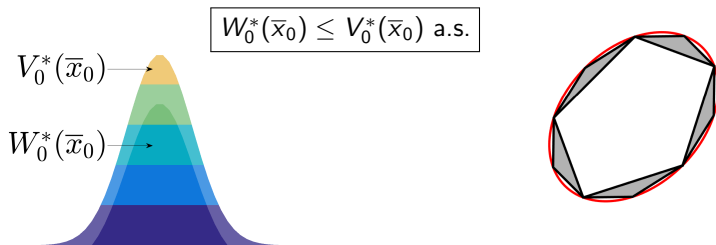
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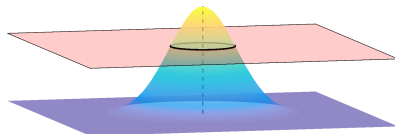
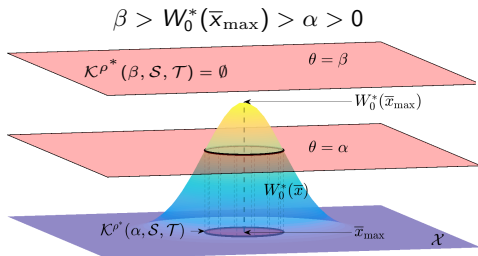


Problem statements

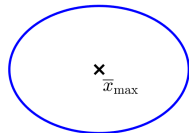
- Q1 Compute a tight polytopic underapproximation of $\mathcal{K}^{\rho^*}(\theta, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T})$ in a grid-free manner
- Q2 When are $\mathcal{L}^{\pi^*}(\theta, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T})$ and $\mathcal{K}^{\rho^*}(\theta, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T})$ convex and compact?
- ▶ Log-concavity and upper semicontinuity of $V_0^*(\bar{x}_0)$ and $W_0^*(\bar{x}_0)$
 - ▶ Admittance of bang-bang optimal Markov policies

Tight polytopic underapproximation of $\mathcal{K}^{\rho^*}(\theta, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T})$

Property		\mathcal{S}	\mathcal{T}	$Q(\cdot \bar{x}, \bar{u})$	\mathcal{U}
$V_0^*(\bar{x})$ and $W_0^*(\bar{x})$	$\mathcal{L}^{\pi^*}(\theta)$ and $\mathcal{K}^{\rho^*}(\theta)$				
Log-concave	Convex	Borel Convex	Borel Convex	Continuous Log-concave	Compact Convex
upper semi-continuity	Closed	Closed	Closed	Continuous	Compact
—	Compact $\theta \in (0, 1]$	Compact			

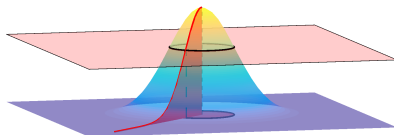
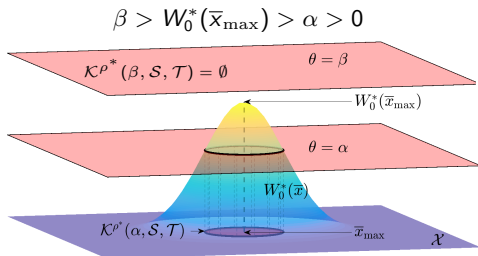


$|D|$ bisections to ϵ accuracy
Runtime: $\mathcal{O}(|D| \log(\lceil \epsilon \rceil))$

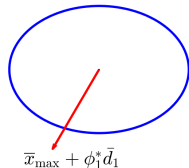


Tight polytopic underapproximation of $\mathcal{K}^{\rho^*}(\theta, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T})$

Property		\mathcal{S}	\mathcal{T}	$Q(\cdot \bar{x}, \bar{u})$	\mathcal{U}
$V_0^*(\bar{x})$ and $W_0^*(\bar{x})$	$\mathcal{L}^{\pi^*}(\theta)$ and $\mathcal{K}^{\rho^*}(\theta)$				
Log-concave	Convex	Borel Convex	Borel Convex	Continuous Log-concave	Compact Convex
upper semi-continuity	Closed	Closed	Closed	Continuous	Compact
—	Compact $\theta \in (0, 1]$	Compact			

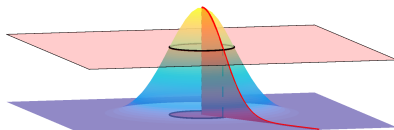
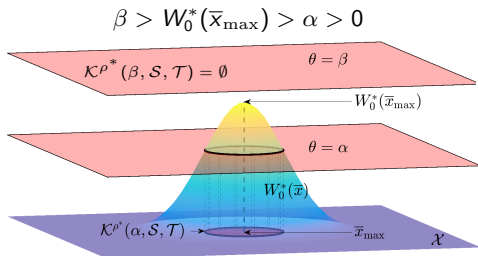


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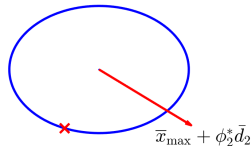


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$V_0^*(\bar{x})$ and $W_0^*(\bar{x})$	$\mathcal{L}^{\pi^*}(\theta)$ and $\mathcal{K}^{\rho^*}(\theta)$				
Log-concave	Convex	Borel Convex	Borel Convex	Continuous Log-concave	Compact Convex
upper semi-continuity	Closed	Closed	Closed	Continuous	Compact
—	Compact $\theta \in (0, 1]$	Compact			

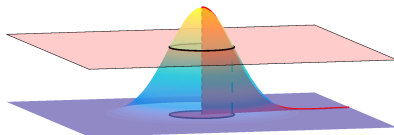
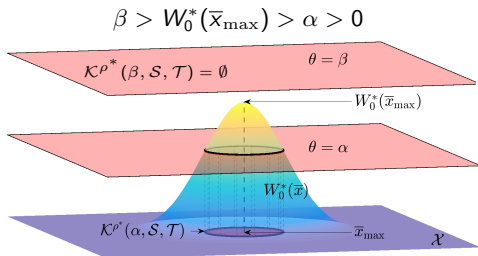


$|D|$ bisections to ϵ accuracy
Runtime: $\mathcal{O}(|D| \log(\lceil \epsilon \rceil))$

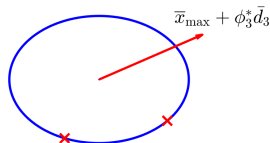


Tight polytopic underapproximation of $\mathcal{K}^{\rho^*}(\theta, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T})$

Property		\mathcal{S}	\mathcal{T}	$Q(\cdot \bar{x}, \bar{u})$	\mathcal{U}
$V_0^*(\bar{x})$ and $W_0^*(\bar{x})$	$\mathcal{L}^{\pi^*}(\theta)$ and $\mathcal{K}^{\rho^*}(\theta)$				
Log-concave	Convex	Borel Convex	Borel Convex	Continuous Log-concave	Compact Convex
upper semi-continuity	Closed	Closed	Closed	Continuous	Compact
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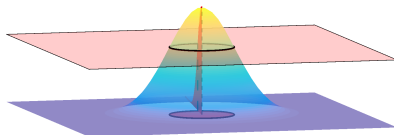
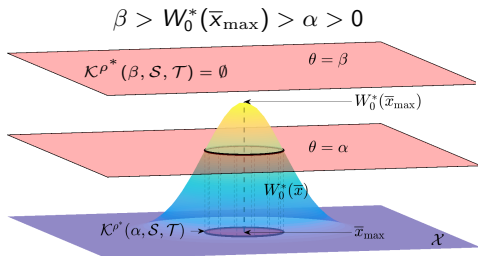


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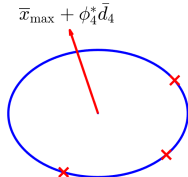


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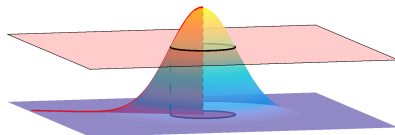
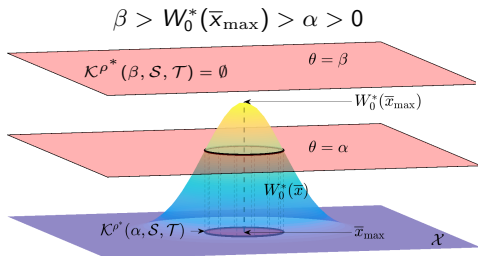


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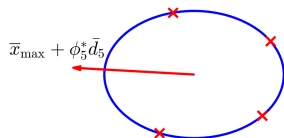


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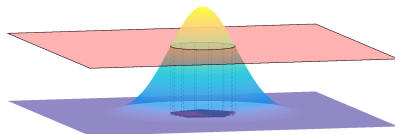
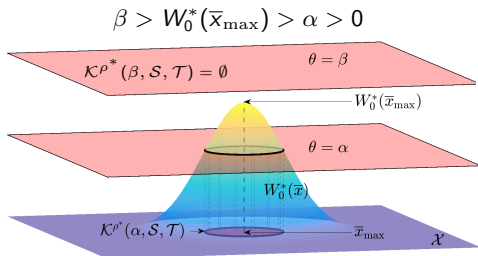


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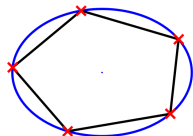


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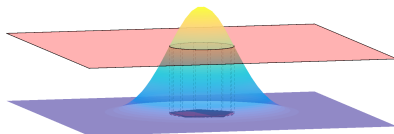
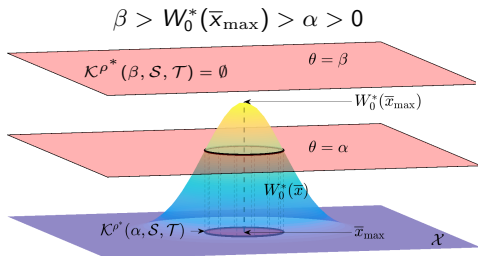


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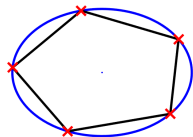


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Grid-free, parallelizable, tight polytopic underapproximation!

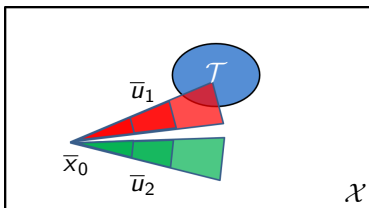
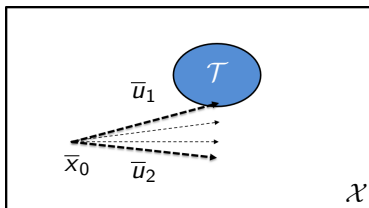


Special case: Bang-bang optimal Markov policies

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► Avoid \mathcal{T} at N :

- Reach $\mathcal{X} \setminus \mathcal{T}$ at N ,
- $\mathcal{S} \leftarrow \mathcal{X}$, and
- $\mathcal{U} = \text{convexHull}(\mathcal{U}_{\text{vertices}})$



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 &\triangleq 1 - V_{0, \text{bang}}^*(\bar{x})
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$$V_{N, \text{bang}}^*(\bar{x}) = 1_{\mathcal{T}}(\bar{x})$$

$$V_{k, \text{bang}}^*(\bar{x}) = \inf_{\bar{u} \in \mathcal{U}} \int_{\mathcal{X}} V_{k+1}^*(\bar{y}) Q(d\bar{y}|\bar{x}, \bar{u})$$

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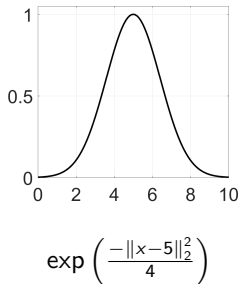
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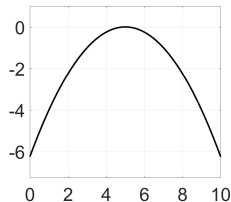
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$$\log \left(\exp \left(\frac{-\|\mathbf{x} - 5\|_2^2}{4} \right) \right)$$

Special case: Bang-bang optimal Markov policies

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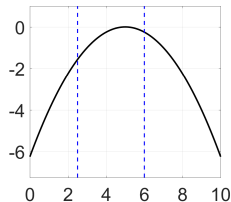
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$$\begin{aligned}
 &\log \left(\exp \left(\frac{-\|x-5\|_2^2}{4} \right) \right) \\
 &\text{minimize } \exp \left(\frac{-\|x-5\|_2^2}{4} \right) \\
 &\text{s.t } x \in [2.5, 6]
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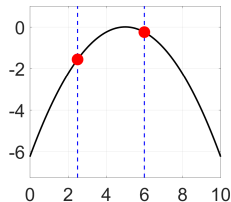
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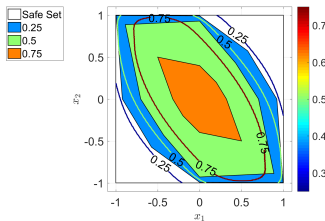
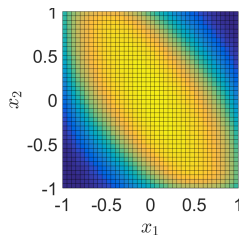
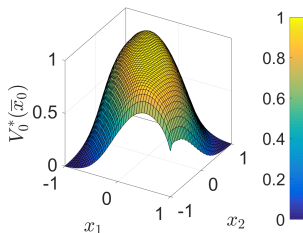
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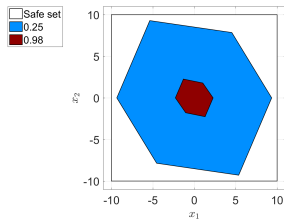
$$\log \left(\exp \left(\frac{-\|x-5\|_2^2}{4} \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{minimize } \exp \left(\frac{-\|x-5\|_2^2}{4} \right) \\
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Chain of integrators

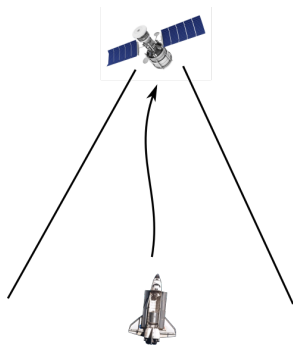


$n = 2$ (4–6 min. vs 34 min.)



$n = 40$ (16–31 min.)

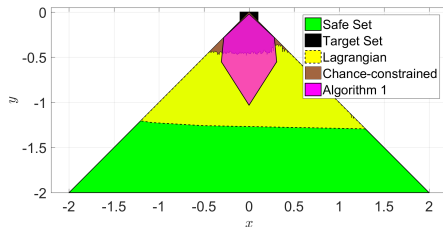
Satellite docking problem



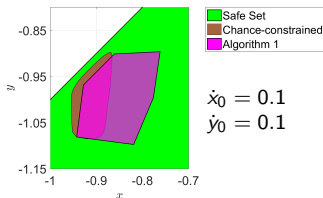
Clohessy-Wiltshire-Hill dynamics

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \ddot{x} - 3\omega^2 x - 2\omega \dot{y} &= u_1 \\ \ddot{y} + 2\omega \dot{x} &= u_2 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \mathbf{x}_{t+1} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}_t + \mathbf{B}\mathbf{u}_t + \mathbf{w}_t \\ \mathbf{x}_t = [x_t \ y_t \ \dot{x}_t \ \dot{y}_t]^\top \\ \mathbf{w}_t \sim \mathcal{N}(\bar{0}, \Sigma_w) \end{cases}$$

Stay within line-of-sight cone and reach target



$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_0 &= 0 \\ \dot{y}_0 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$



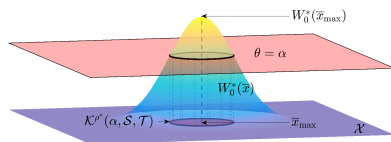
$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_0 &= 0.1 \\ \dot{y}_0 &= 0.1 \end{aligned}$$

	Proposed method	Chance const. (CDC '13)	Lagrangian (CDC '17)	Dyn. prog. (HSCC '07)	Value of v ($\dot{x}_0 = \dot{y}_0 = v$)
Compute time (min.)	6.52	106.53	0.24	—	0
	9.88	13.12	—	—	0.1

Conclusion

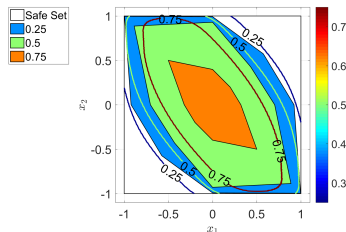
Summary

- ▶ Polytopic underapproximation for the stochastic reach-avoid set
 - ▶ Scalable, grid-free, parallelizable
- ▶ Sufficient conditions for
 - ▶ Closed, compact, convex sets
- ▶ Optimal bang-bang policies



Future work

- ▶ Mitigate noisy optimization
- ▶ Feedback-based underapproximation



Acknowledgement

This work was supported by the following grants:

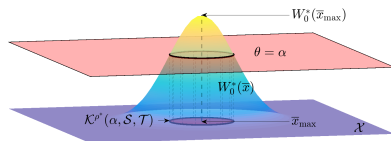
- ▶ NSF CMMI-1254990 (CAREER, Oishi)
- ▶ CNS-1329878



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