

```
# This Python 3 environment comes with many helpful analytics
libraries installed
# It is defined by the kaggle/python Docker image:
https://github.com/kaggle/docker-python
# For example, here's several helpful packages to load

import numpy as np # linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)

# Input data files are available in the read-only "../input/"
directory
# For example, running this (by clicking run or pressing Shift+Enter)
will list all files under the input directory

import os
for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('/kaggle/input'):
    for filename in filenames:
        print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))

# You can write up to 20GB to the current directory (/kaggle/working/)
that gets preserved as output when you create a version using "Save &
Run All"
# You can also write temporary files to /kaggle/temp/, but they won't
be saved outside of the current session

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

pip install kaggle

Requirement already satisfied: kaggle in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (1.6.14)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.10 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from kaggle) (1.16.0)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2023.7.22 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from kaggle) (2024.7.4)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from kaggle) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: requests in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from kaggle) (2.32.3)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-
packages (from kaggle) (4.66.4)
Requirement already satisfied: python-slugify in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from kaggle) (8.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from kaggle) (1.26.18)
Requirement already satisfied: bleach in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from kaggle) (6.1.0)
```

Requirement already satisfied: webencodings in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from bleach->kaggle) (0.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: text-unidecode>=1.3 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from python-slugify->kaggle)
(1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from requests->kaggle)
(3.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from requests->kaggle) (3.6)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

```
df= pd.read_csv('/kaggle/input/zomato-sales/Zomato data .csv')
print(df.head())
```

	name	online_order	book_table	rate	votes	\
0	Jalsa	Yes	Yes	4.1/5	775	
1	Spice Elephant	Yes	No	4.1/5	787	
2	San Churro Cafe	Yes	No	3.8/5	918	
3	Addhuri Udupi Bhojana	No	No	3.7/5	88	
4	Grand Village	No	No	3.8/5	166	

	approx_cost(for two people)	listed_in(type)
0	800	Buffet
1	800	Buffet
2	800	Buffet
3	300	Buffet
4	600	Buffet

df

	name	online_order	book_table	rate	votes	\
0	Jalsa	Yes	Yes	4.1/5	775	
1	Spice Elephant	Yes	No	4.1/5	787	
2	San Churro Cafe	Yes	No	3.8/5	918	
3	Addhuri Udupi Bhojana	No	No	3.7/5	88	
4	Grand Village	No	No	3.8/5	166	
..	
143	Melting Melodies	No	No	3.3/5	0	
144	New Indraprasta	No	No	3.3/5	0	
145	Anna Kuteera	Yes	No	4.0/5	771	
146	Darbar	No	No	3.0/5	98	
147	Vijayalakshmi	Yes	No	3.9/5	47	

	approx_cost(for two people)	listed_in(type)
0	800	Buffet
1	800	Buffet
2	800	Buffet
3	300	Buffet

4	600	Buffet
...
143	100	Dining
144	150	Dining
145	450	Dining
146	800	Dining
147	200	Dining

[148 rows x 7 columns]

removing denominator from rate column

```
def handleRate(value):
    value= str(value).split('/')
    value= value[0];
    return float (value)
df['rate']=df['rate'].apply(handleRate)
print(df.head())
```

	name	online_order	book_table	rate	votes	\
0	Jalsa	Yes	Yes	4.1	775	
1	Spice Elephant	Yes	No	4.1	787	
2	San Churro Cafe	Yes	No	3.8	918	
3	Addhuri Udupi Bhojana	No	No	3.7	88	
4	Grand Village	No	No	3.8	166	

	approx_cost(for two people)	listed_in(type)
0	800	Buffet
1	800	Buffet
2	800	Buffet
3	300	Buffet
4	600	Buffet

info dataframe

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 148 entries, 0 to 147
```

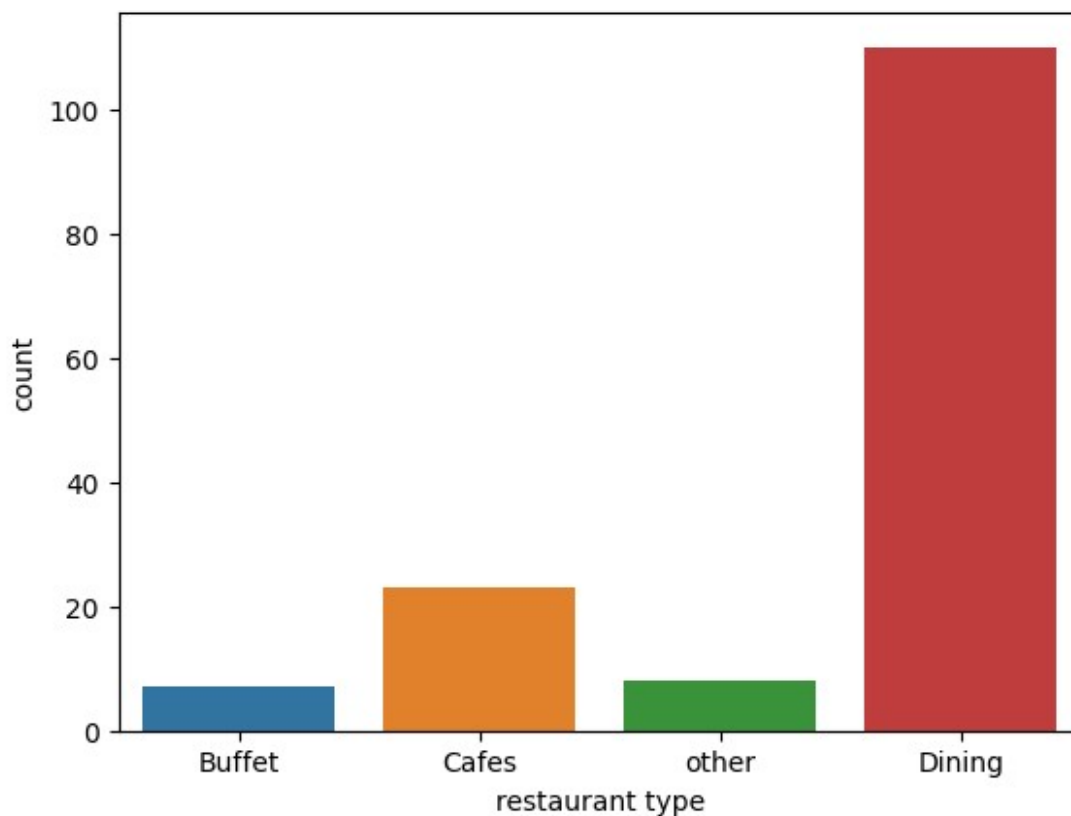
```
Data columns (total 7 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	name	148 non-null	object
1	online_order	148 non-null	object
2	book_table	148 non-null	object
3	rate	148 non-null	float64

```
4 votes 148 non-null int64
5 approx_cost(for two people) 148 non-null int64
6 listed_in(type) 148 non-null object
dtypes: float64(1), int64(2), object(4)
memory usage: 8.2+ KB
```

no null value here

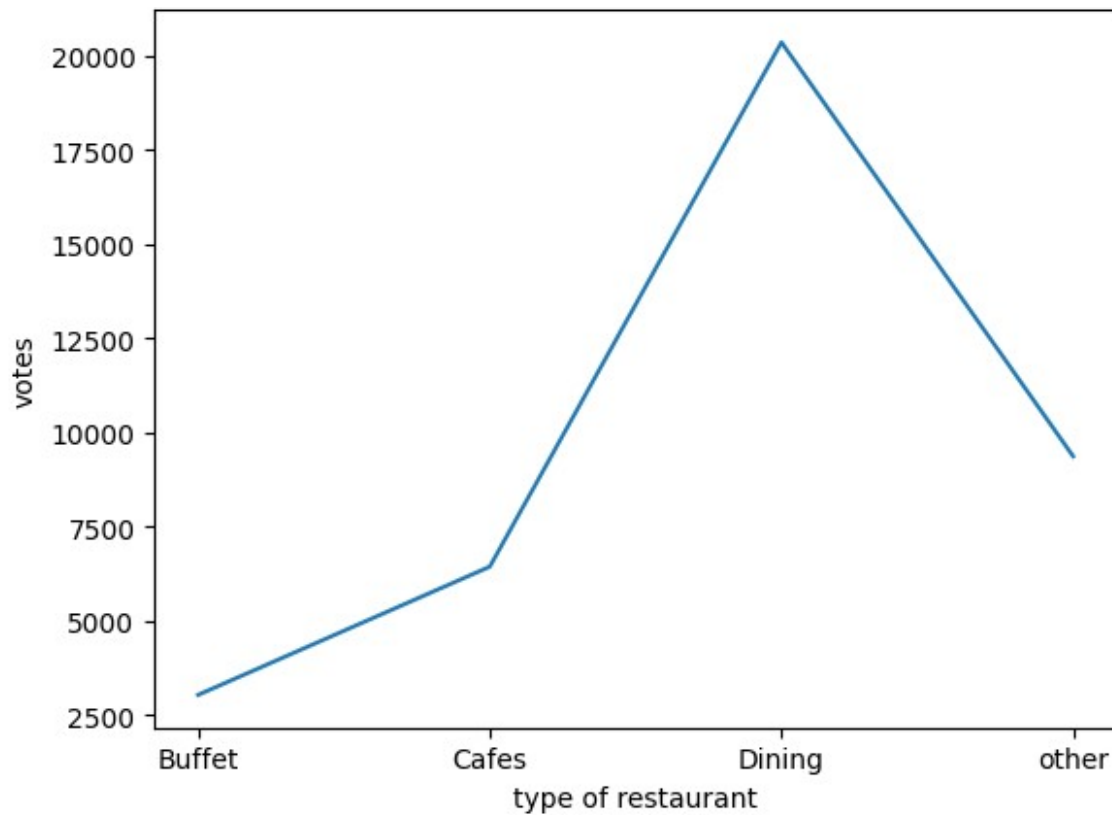
```
sns.countplot(x=df['listed_in(type)'])
plt.xlabel('restaurant type')
Text(0.5, 0, 'restaurant type')
```



dining category holds max orders

```
grp_data=df.groupby('listed_in(type)')['votes'].sum()
result=pd.DataFrame({'votes': grp_data})
plt.plot(result)
plt.xlabel('type of restaurant')
plt.ylabel('votes')
```

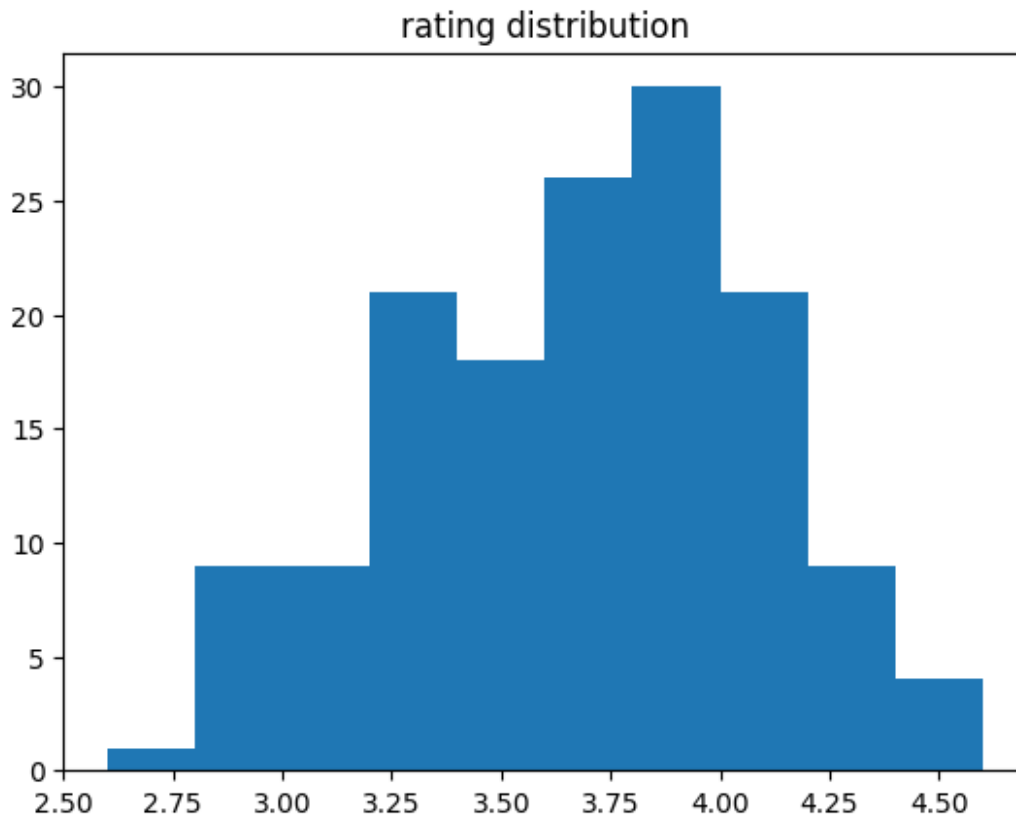
```
Text(0, 0.5, 'votes')
```



majority of restourant recieved votes

for rating distrubution

```
plt.hist(df['rate'])  
plt.title('rating distribution')  
plt.show()
```

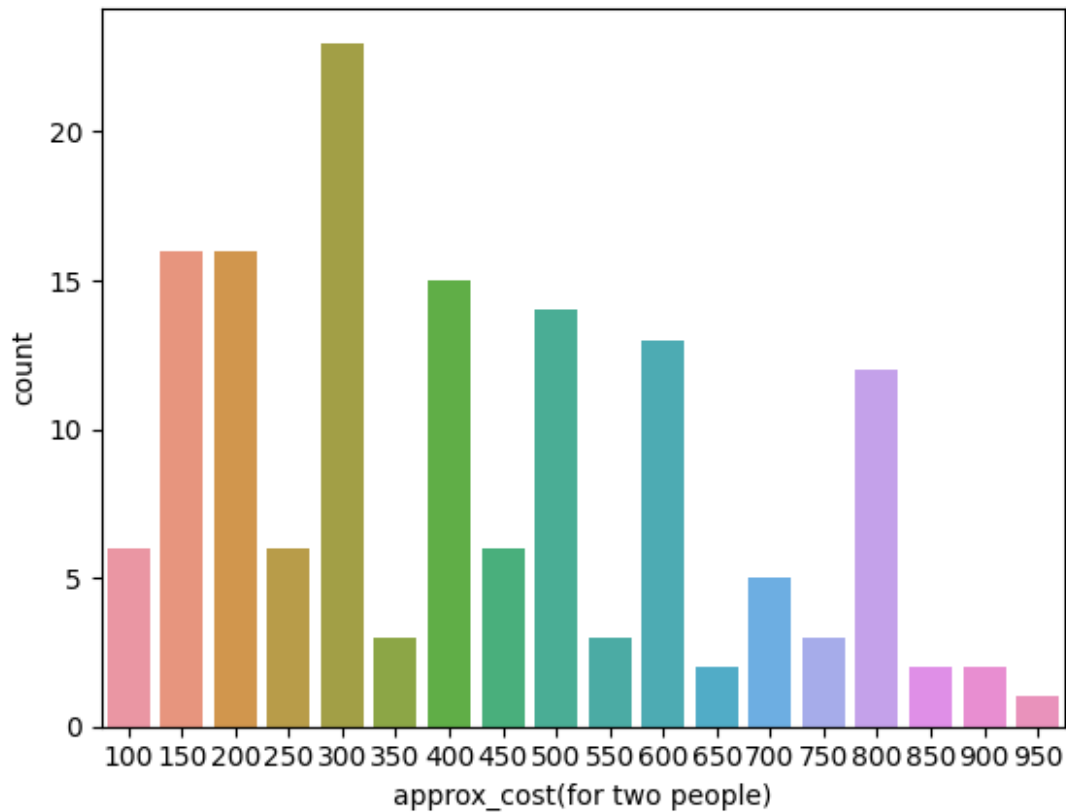


Majority of rest. recieved 3.5 to 5 ratings

for two people/couple data info

```
cpl_data=df['approx_cost(for two people)']  
sns.countplot(x=cpl_data)
```

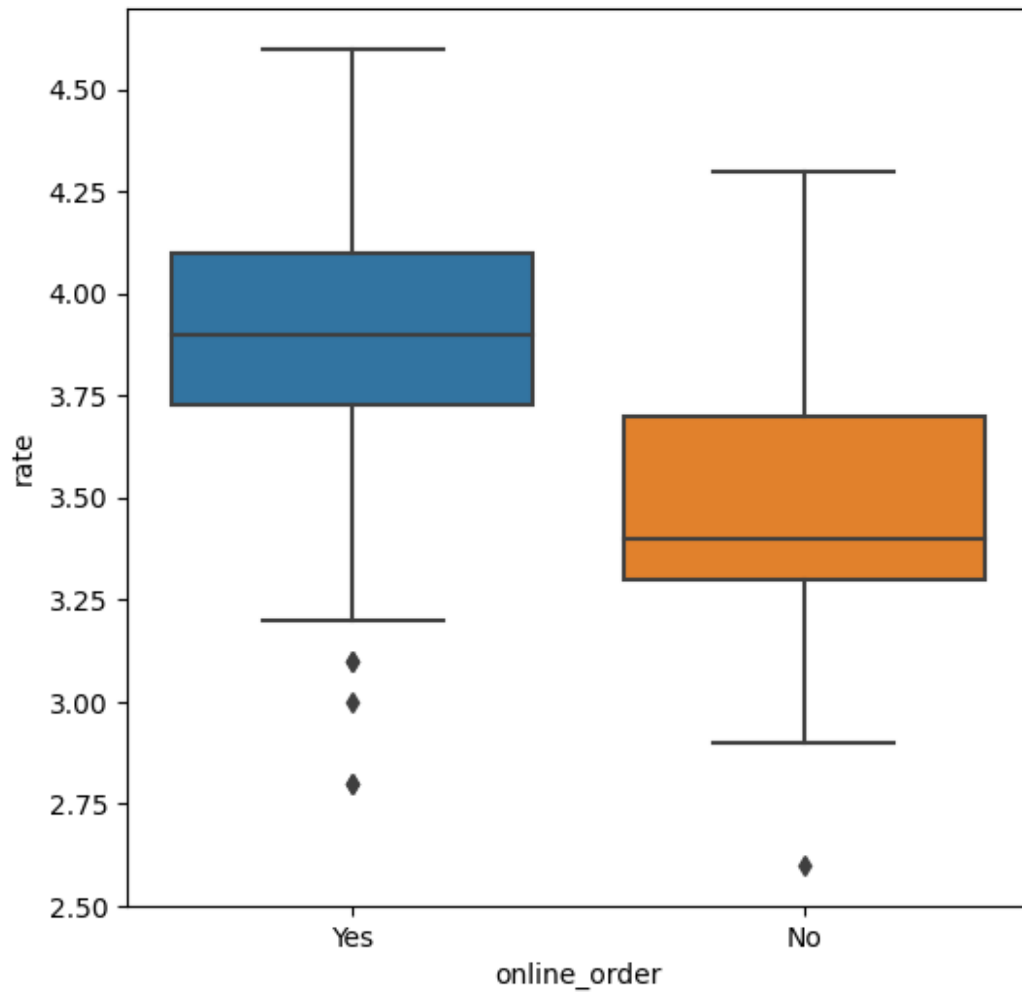
```
<Axes: xlabel='approx_cost(for two people)', ylabel='count'>
```



Most couples/ two people prefer cost 300

Online or offline which given higher rating

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
sns.boxplot(x='online_order',y='rate', data= df)
<Axes: xlabel='online_order', ylabel='rate'>
```



online orders having higher rating than offline