





#### Phase-2

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Github Repository Link: https://github.com/abzya26/House-

price.git

### 1. Problem Statement

Accurately predicting house prices based on various property features is a key challenge in real estate analytics. This is a regression problem aiming to estimate continuous output (house price) using historical data. Solving this helps realtors, buyers, and policymakers make informed decisions, optimize investments, and understand market dynamics.

### 2. Project Objectives

• Build and evaluate multiple regression models to predict house prices.







- Compare performance metrics (MAE, RMSE, R<sup>2</sup>) to select the best model.
- Ensure model interpretability and practical applicability.
- Improve prediction accuracy via feature engineering and model tuning.

#### 3. Flowchart of the Project Workflow



# 4. Data Description

• **Source:** Kaggle's House Price Dataset.







- Type: Structured tabular data.
- **Features:** e.g., 80 variables (size, location, amenities).
- Target: SalePrice (continuous variable).
- Dataset Type: Static.

### 5. Data Preprocessing

- Handled missing values using median/mode imputation.
- Removed duplicates and irrelevant features.
- Outlier treatment via IQR method or log transformation.
- Encoded categorical variables using one-hot encoding.
- Normalized numerical features using MinMaxScaler/StandardScaler.

#### 6. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Univariate: Histograms and boxplots for numerical features.
- **Bivariate:** Heatmap of correlations to identify impactful predictors.







• **Insights:** Features like OverallQual, GrLivArea, and GarageCars show strong correlation with price.

#### 7. Feature Engineering

- Created interaction terms (e.g., TotalBathrooms).
- Extracted date components from year-related features.
- Binned skewed variables to reduce variance.
- PCA for dimensionality reduction (optional).

#### 8. Model Building

- **Models Used:** Linear Regression, Random Forest Regressor, XGBoost Regressor.
- Train-Test Split: 80-20 ratio with stratified sampling if needed.
- Metrics: MAE, RMSE, and R<sup>2</sup> score.
- **Best Model:** XGBoost with hyperparameter tuning showed lowest RMSE.

#### 9. Visualization of Results & Model Insights

• Residual plots to check error distribution.







- Feature importance plot (from tree-based models).
- Comparison charts for MAE/RMSE across models.

# 10. Tools and Technologies Used

- Language: Python
- **IDE:** Jupyter Notebook / Google Colab
- Libraries: pandas, numpy, matplotlib, seaborn, scikit-learn, XGBoost

#### 11. Team Members and Contributions

- **Abinaya S** Data collection, Development.
- Gokulavarshini P-Model evaluation.
- Madhan S- Visualization, project co-ordination.
- Jeevan R-Documentation and Reporting,