

# Redes Neurais e Regressão Polinomial

Um estudo de caso

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## 1 INTRODUÇÃO

## 2 DESENVOLVIMENTO E FUNDAMENTAÇÃO

```
## Creating index variable
```

```
# Read the Data
```

```
data = centro_2015@data[complete.cases(centro_2015@data),]  
data$padrao <- as.numeric(data$padrao)
```

```
# Random sampling
```

```
samplesize = 0.60*nrow(data)  
set.seed(80)  
index = sample( seq_len(nrow(data)), size = samplesize)
```

```
# Create training and test set
```

```
datatrain = data[ index, ]  
datatest = data[ -index, ]
```

```
## Scale data for neural network
```

```
max = apply(data, 2, max)  
min = apply(data, 2, min)  
scaled = as.data.frame(scale(data, center = min, scale = max - min))
```

```
## Fit neural network
```

```
# load library
```

```
library(neuralnet)
```

```
# creating training and test set
```

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```

trainNN = scaled[index , ]
testNN = scaled[-index , ]

# fit neural network
set.seed(2)
NN = neuralnet(valor ~ area_total + quartos + suites + garagens + dist_b_mar + p
               hidden = 3 , linear.output = T )

# plot neural network
plot(NN)

```

## 2.1 Estimativas

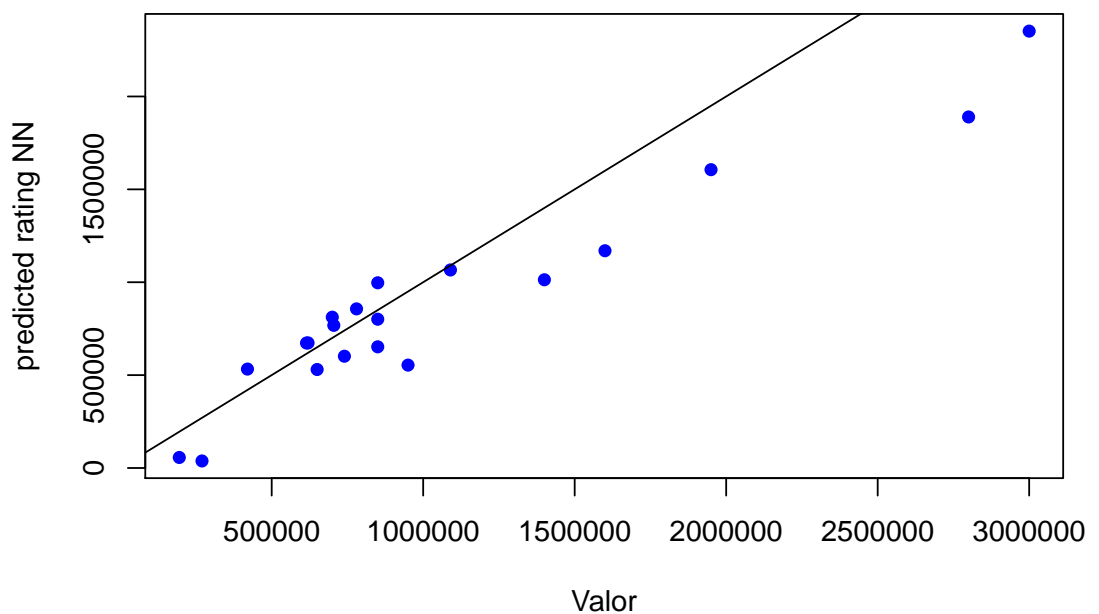
```

## Prediction using neural network

predict_testNN = compute(NN, testNN[,2:7])
predict_testNN = (predict_testNN$net.result * (max(data$valor) - min(data$valor))

plot(datatest$valor, predict_testNN, col='blue', pch=16, ylab = "predicted rating
abline(0,1)

```



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```
# Calculate Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)
RMSE.NN = (sum((datatest$valor - predict_testNN)^2) / nrow(datatest)) ^ 0.5
```

## 2.2 Validação Cruzada

```
## Cross validation of neural network model

# Load libraries
library(boot)
library(plyr)

# Initialize variables
set.seed(50)
k = 100
RMSE.NN = NULL

List = list( )

# Fit neural network model within nested for loop
for(j in 10:45){
  for (i in 1:k) {
    index = sample(1:nrow(data),j )

    trainNN = scaled[index,]
    testNN = scaled[-index,]
    datatest = data[-index,]

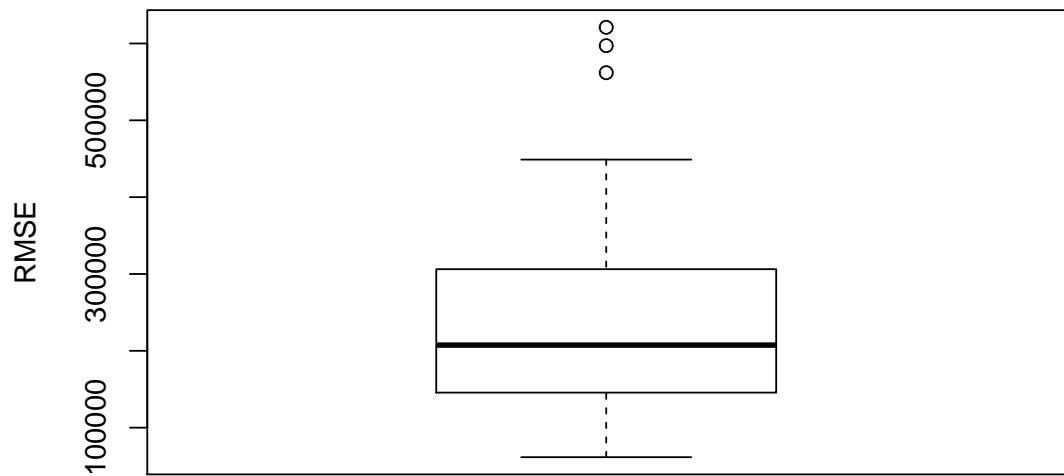
    NN = neuralnet(valor ~ area_total + quartos + suites + garagens + dist_b,
                    trainNN, hidden = 3, linear.output= T)
    predict_testNN = compute(NN,testNN[,c(2:7)])
    predict_testNN = (predict_testNN$net.result*(max(data$valor)-min(data$va

    RMSE.NN[i]<- (sum((datatest$valor - predict_testNN)^2)/nrow(datatest))^0
  }
  List[[j]] = RMSE.NN
}

Matrix.RMSE = do.call(cbind, List)

## Prepare boxplot
boxplot(Matrix.RMSE[,36], ylab = "RMSE", main = "RMSE BoxPlot (length of traning
```

**RMSE BoxPlot (length of training set = 45)**



```
## Variation of median RMSE
library(matrixStats)

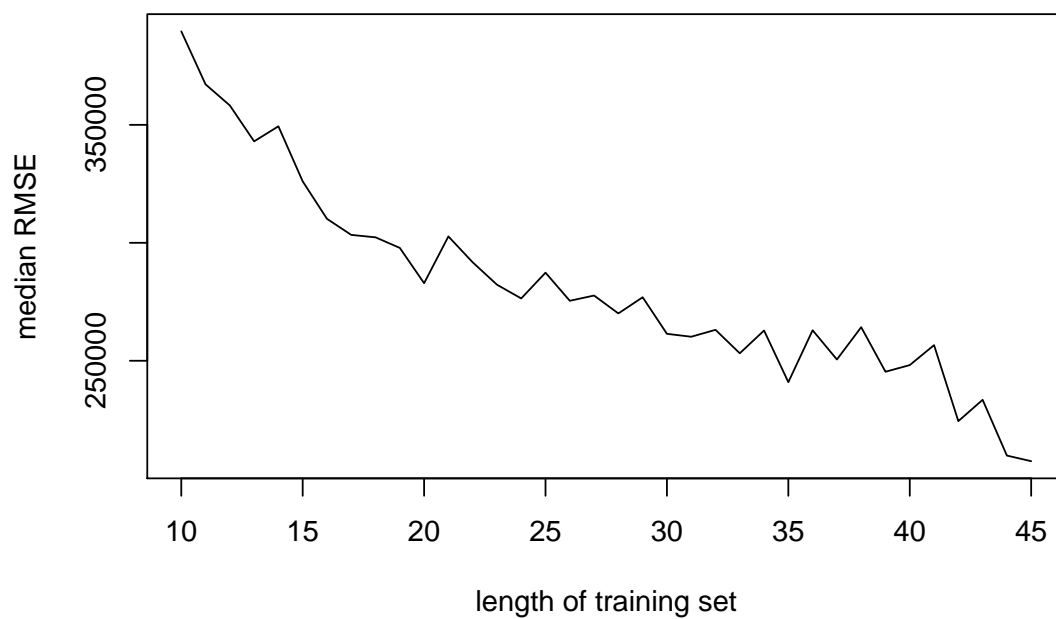
med = colMedians(Matrix.RMSE)

X = seq(10,45)

plot (med~X, type = "l", xlab = "length of training set", ylab = "median RMSE", m
```

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**Variation of RMSE with length of training set**



### **3 CONCLUSÕES E RECOMENDAÇÕES**

### **4 REFERÊNCIAS**