NAME:

CSCI S-89c Deep Reinforcement Learning

Part I of Assignment 11

Suppose each state $s \in \mathcal{S}$ of the Markov Decision Process can be represented by a vector of 2 real-valued features: $\mathbf{x}(s) = (x_1(s), x_2(s))^T$.

Given some policy π , suppose we model the state value function $v_{\pi}(s)$ with a fully connected feedforward neural network (please see the table below) which has two inputs $(x_1(s) \text{ and } x_2(s))$, one hidden layer that consists of two neurons $(u_1 \text{ and } u_2)$ with ReLU activation functions, and one output $(\hat{v}(s, \mathbf{w}))$ with the ReLU activation function.

The explicit representation of this network is

input layer	hidden layer	output layer
x_1	$u_1 = f(w_{01}^{(1)} + w_{11}^{(1)}x_1 + w_{21}^{(1)}x_2)$	^ (2) (2) (2) (2)
x_2	$u_2 = f(w_{02}^{(1)} + w_{12}^{(1)}x_1 + w_{22}^{(1)}x_2)$	$\hat{v} = f(w_0^{(2)} + w_1^{(2)}u_1 + w_2^{(2)}u_2)$

Here, f(x) denotes the rectified linear unit (ReLU) defined as follows:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & \text{if } x \ge 0, \\ 0, & \text{if } x < 0. \end{cases}$$

Assume that the weights,

$$\mathbf{w} = \left(\underbrace{w_{01}^{(1)}, w_{11}^{(1)}, w_{21}^{(1)}, w_{02}^{(1)}, w_{12}^{(1)}, w_{22}^{(1)}}_{\text{hidden layer}}, \underbrace{w_{0}^{(2)}, w_{1}^{(2)}, w_{2}^{(2)}}_{\text{output layer}}\right)^{T},$$

are currently estimated as follows:

hidden layer	output layer
$w_{01}^{(1)} = -1.2, w_{11}^{(1)} = 0.1, w_{21}^{(1)} = 0.5$	$w_0^{(2)} = 0.2, w_1^{(2)} = -0.8, w_2^{(2)} = 1.2$
$w_{02}^{(1)} = 0.9, w_{12}^{(1)} = 0.8, w_{22}^{(1)} = -0.3$	

Assume the agent minimizes the mean squared error loss function,

$$L \doteq \frac{1}{2} \left(\hat{v}(S_t, \mathbf{w}) - v_{\pi}(S_t) \right)^2,$$

using Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD), i.e. the Neural Network is trained in minibatches of size 1.

If for current state S_t , the features are $x_1(S_t) = 1.3$ and $x_2(S_t) = 0.7$; and the agent "observes" $v_{\pi}(S_t)$ (this, of course, means the agent uses MC return, 1-step TD return, etc. as a "measurement" of $v_{\pi}(S_t)$) to be 4.1, please find

(a) Error associated with the output layer:

$$\varepsilon^{(2)} \doteq \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{v}}.$$

(b) Errors associated with the hidden layer:

$$\varepsilon_h^{(1)} \doteq \frac{\partial L}{\partial u_h}, \quad h = 1, 2.$$

(c) Partial derivatives of the loss function with respect to weights in the output layer:

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_h^{(2)}}, \quad h = 0, 1, 2.$$

(d) Partial derivatives of the loss function with respect to weights in the hidden layer:

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{ih}^{(1)}}$$
, $j = 0, 1, 2$ and $h = 1, 2$.

(e) The next SGD update of the weights using $\alpha = 0.1$:

$$\mathbf{w} - \alpha \nabla L$$
,

where
$$\nabla L \doteq \left(\underbrace{\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{01}^{(1)}}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{11}^{(1)}}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{21}^{(1)}}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{02}^{(1)}}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{12}^{(1)}}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{22}^{(1)}}, \underbrace{\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{0}^{(2)}}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{1}^{(2)}}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2}^{(2)}}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2}^{(2)}}}_{\text{output layer}}\right)^{T}.$$

Please notice that the "measurement" of the state-value $v_{\pi}(S_t)$ here is considered to be independent of **w** (please see, for example, the Semi-gradient 1-step Temporal-Difference (TD) prediction).

SOLUTION: