

### Remote Sensing - Advanced Methods AI4EO Hackathon November, 2022



Andrés Camero

Andres.CameroUnzueta@dlr.de

Helmholtz AI Consultant Team Leader

German Aerospace Center (DLR)



## Agenda

- 1. Introduction
- 2.Meet the data
- 3. Machine learning
- 4.Deep learning
- 5.0pen problems
- 6.Challenge



#### 1. Introduction

# What is artificial intelligence?

It is the science and engineering of making intelligent machines, especially intelligent computer programs. It is related to the similar task of using computers to understand human intelligence, but AI does not have to confine itself to methods that are biologically observable.

John McCarthy, 2007



#### $AI \gg ML \gg DL$

Artificial Intelligence Mimicking human intelligence

NLP

Speech

Vision

Expert systems

Robotics

**Optimization** 

#### Machine Learning

The use and development of computer systems that are able to learn

#### Deep Learning

ML based on artificial neural networks that uses multiple layers to extract high-level features



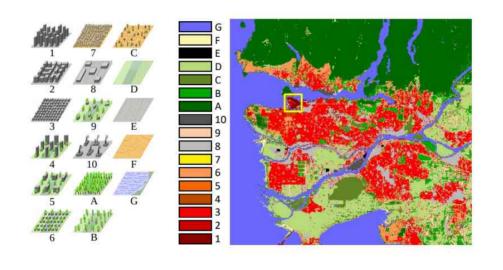
#### 2.Meet the data

#### So2Sat LCZ42

17 LCZ classes

10 urban

7 natural



42 Cities

32 Train

10 Test



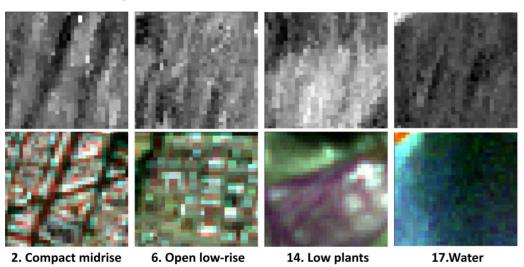
Manually labeled by 10 remote sensing experts



#### 2.Meet the data

# So2Sat LCZ42 patches

#### 32x32 pixels



Sentinel-1
8 real-valued bands

Sentinel-2 10 real-valued bands

17 one hot encoded classes



2.Meet the data

# https://github.com/acamero/rsam-lcz42



#### 3.Machine learning

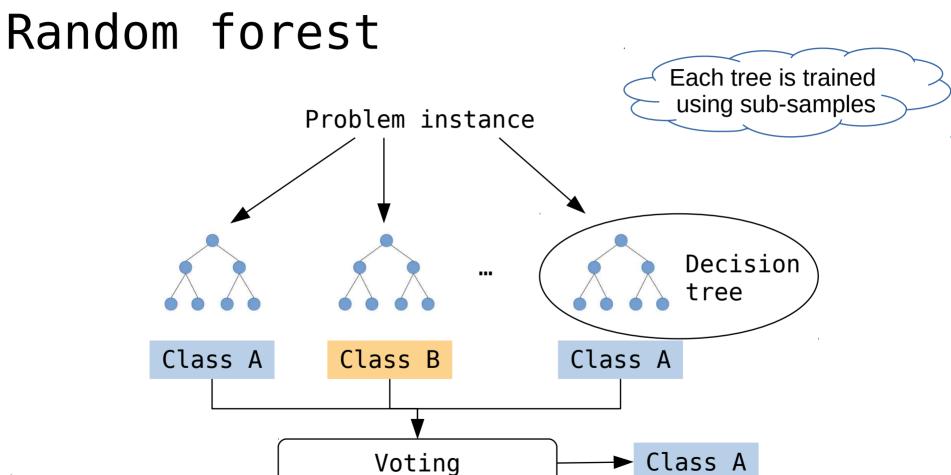
# Machine Learning

A computer program is said to learn from experience E with respect to some task T and some performance measure P, if its performance on T, as measured by P, improves with experience E.

Tom M. Michell, 1997



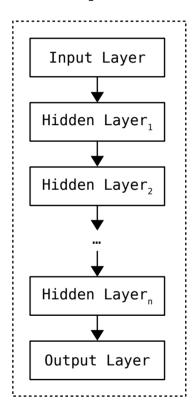
#### 3. Machine learning





#### 4.Deep learning

# Deep neural networks



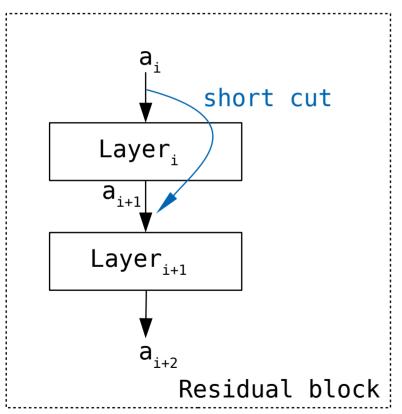
Deep-learning methods are representation-learning methods with multiple levels of representation, obtained by composing simple but non-linear modules that each transform the representation at one level (starting with the raw input) into a representation at a higher, slightly more abstract level. With the composition of enough such transformations, very complex functions can be learned.

Yann LeCun, Yoshua Bengio and Geoffrey Hinton, 2015



#### 4.Deep learning

### Residual block

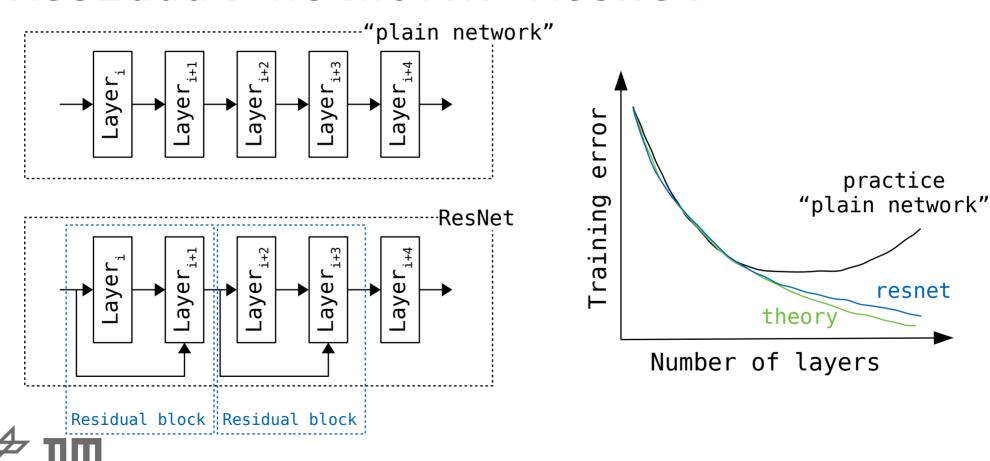


```
a_{i+1} = g(W_i \cdot a_i + b_i)
a_{i+2} = g(W_{i+1} \cdot a_{i+1} + b_{i+1})  "Plain network"
a_{i+2} = g(W_{i+1} \cdot a_{i+1} + b_{i+1})  "Short cut"
```



#### 4.Deep learning

#### Residual network: ResNet



#### 5.Open problems

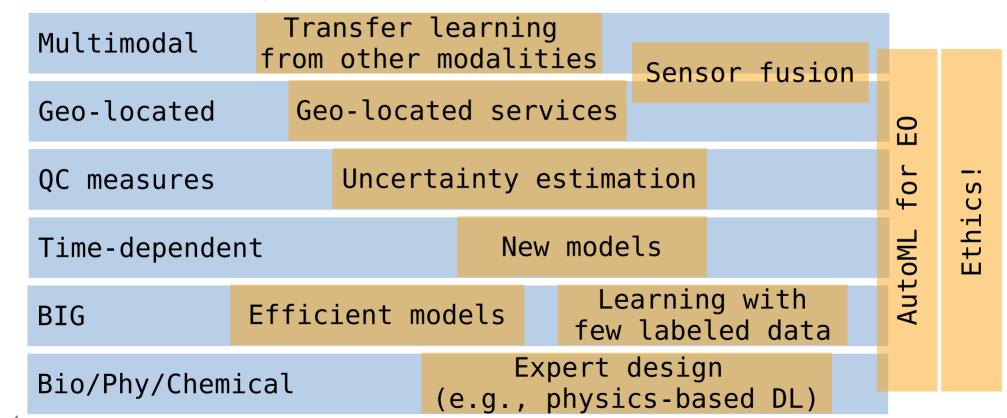
# Remote sensing data is...

```
Multimodal
Geo-located
QC measures
Time-dependent
BIG
Bio/Phy/Chemical
```



#### 5. Open problems

# Thus, requires...





# Propose the best DL model to predict LCZ!

#### You may...

- start from the simple model or the ResNet50,
- use Sentinel-1 and/or 2,
- r modify the architecture by adding/removing/modifying layers,
- changing the optimizer parameters, ...



#### References

- 1. He, K., Zhang, X., Ren, S. and Sun, J., 2016. Deep residual learning for image recognition. In Proceedings of the IEEE conference on computer vision and pattern recognition (CVPR) (pp. 770-778).
- 2. LeCun, Y., Bengio, Y. and Hinton, G., 2015. Deep learning. nature, 521(7553), pp.436-444.
- 3. McCarthy, J., 2007. What is artificial intelligence?
- 4. Mohri, M., Rostamizadeh, A. and Talwalkar, A., 2018. Foundations of machine learning. MIT press.
- 5. Zhu, X.X., Hu, J., Qiu, C., Shi, Y., Kang, J., Mou, L., Bagheri, H., Haberle, M., Hua, Y., Huang, R. and Hughes, L., 2020. So2Sat LCZ42: a benchmark data set for the classification of global local climate zones [Software and Data Sets]. IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Magazine, 8(3), pp.76-89.
- 6. Zhu, X.X., Tuia, D., Mou, L., Xia, G.S., Zhang, L., Xu, F. and Fraundorfer, F., 2017. Deep learning in remote sensing: A comprehensive review and list of resources. IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Magazine, 5(4), pp.8-36.

