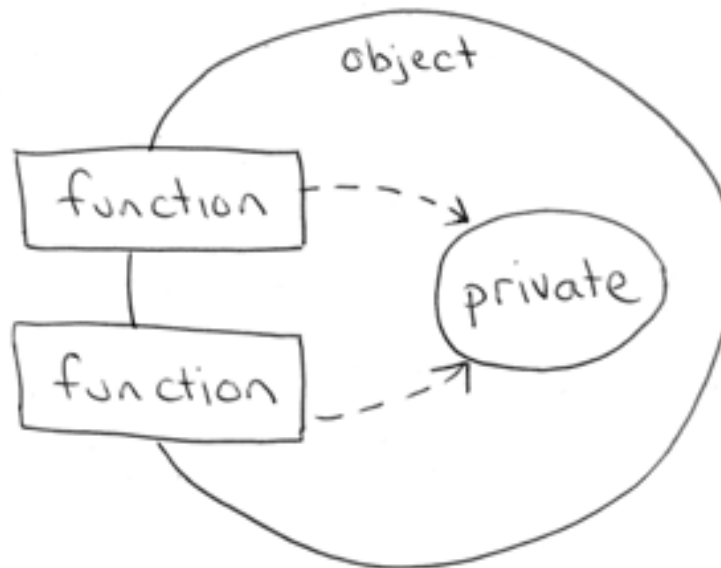


REPORTING

Unit 3 – Data exploitation. Query languages and visualization
S3 –2 – MDX

- **CUBES**
- **LANGUAGE**
- **MultiDimensional eXpression.**
 - Microsoft in 1997

- Do you remember studying Object-Oriented Programming?



1. Tuples, Sets & Cells
2. MDX Spells
3. MDX Query Syntax

1. Tuples, Sets & Cells

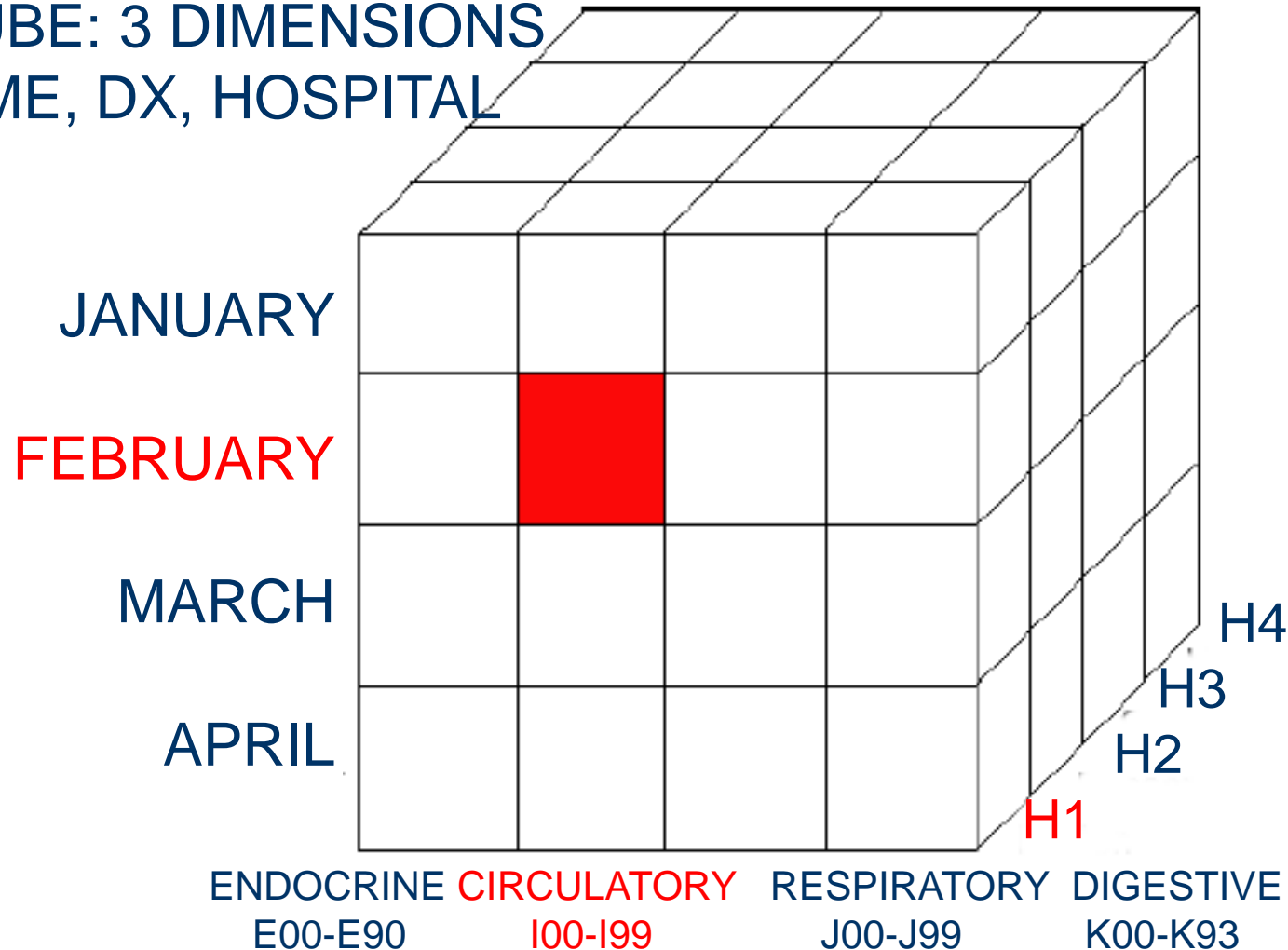
- Measures | Dimensions>Members
- E.g.: 2 dimension cube
 - **1 measure:** discharged patients.
 - Time Dimension with 4 members: Jan to April.
 - Hospital Dimension with 4 members: H1,H2,H3,H4.

Discharged	H1	H2	H3	H4
January	20	44	81	44
February	15	32	78	32
March	23	65	88	65
April	19	67	67	67

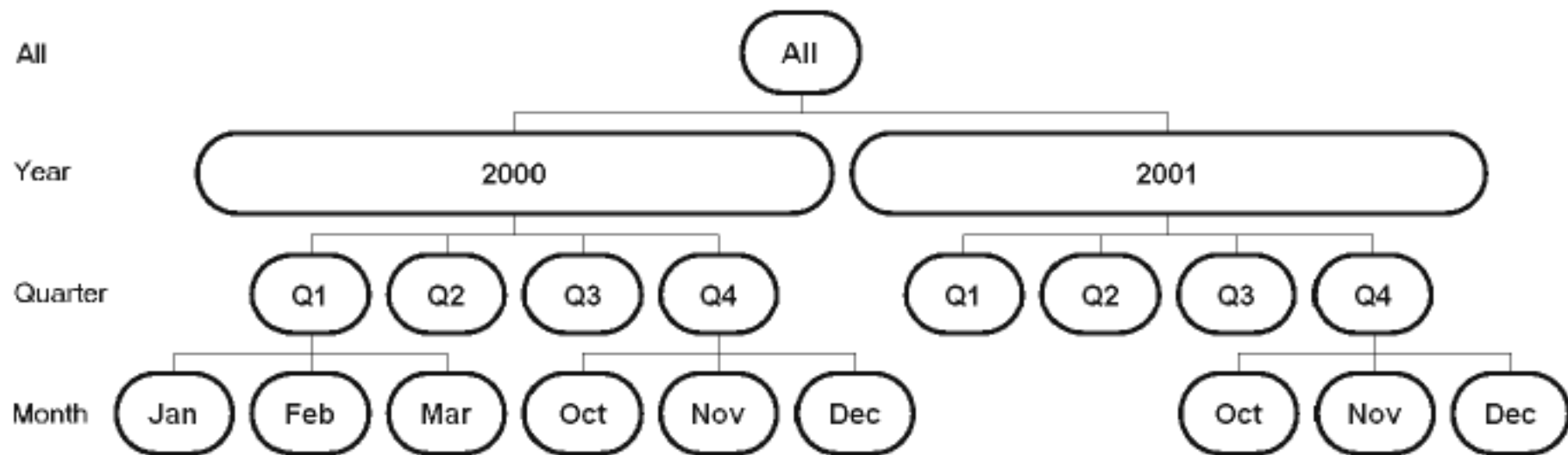
- Measures | Dimensions>Members
- E.g.: 2 dimension cube
 - **2 measure:** no. discharged patients, total cost (M€).
 - Time Dimension with 4 members: Jan to April.
 - Hospital Dimension with 4 members: H1,H2,H3, H4.

Discharged	H1	H2	H3	H4
January	20 1.5M€	44 4.1M€	81 10.5M€	44 4.1M€
February	15 1.1M€	32 3.9M€	78 10.4M€	32 3.9M€
March	23 1.6M€	65 5.4M€	88 10.7M€	65 5.4M€
April	19 1.5M€	67 5.6M€	67 9.5M€	67 5.6M€

CUBE: 3 DIMENSIONS
TIME, DX, HOSPITAL

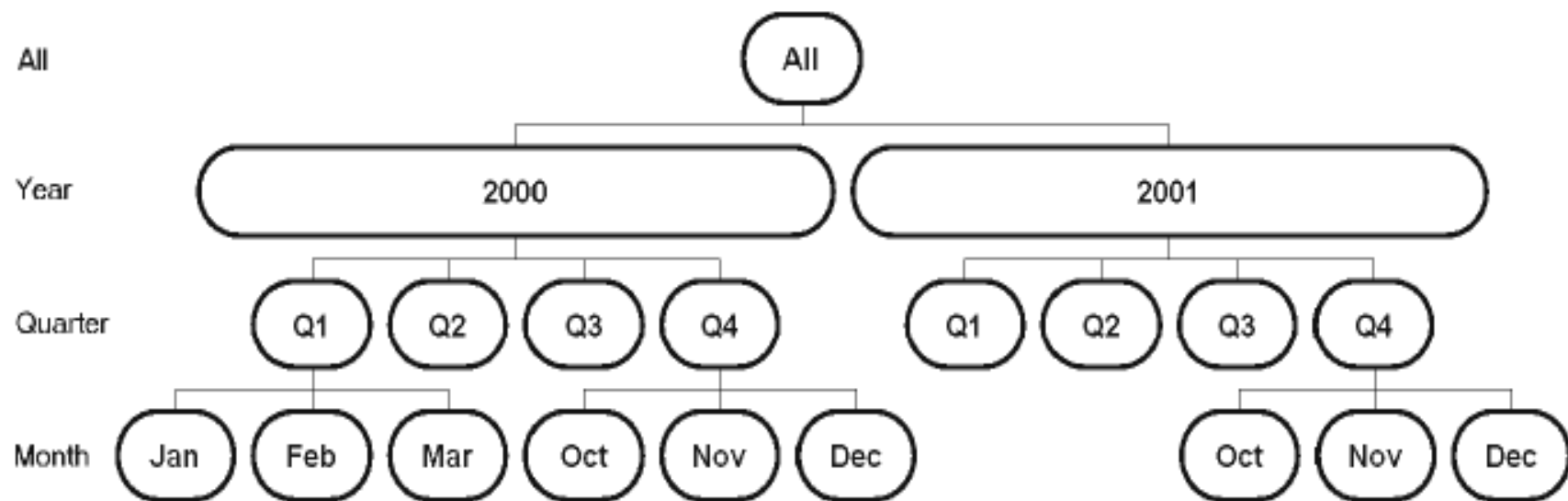


- Dimension has **hierarchies**
- Hierarchy has **levels**: All, Year, Quarter, Month



- Naming Conventions

$[Time].[All].[2000].[Q4].[Oct] = [Time].[Oct-2000]$



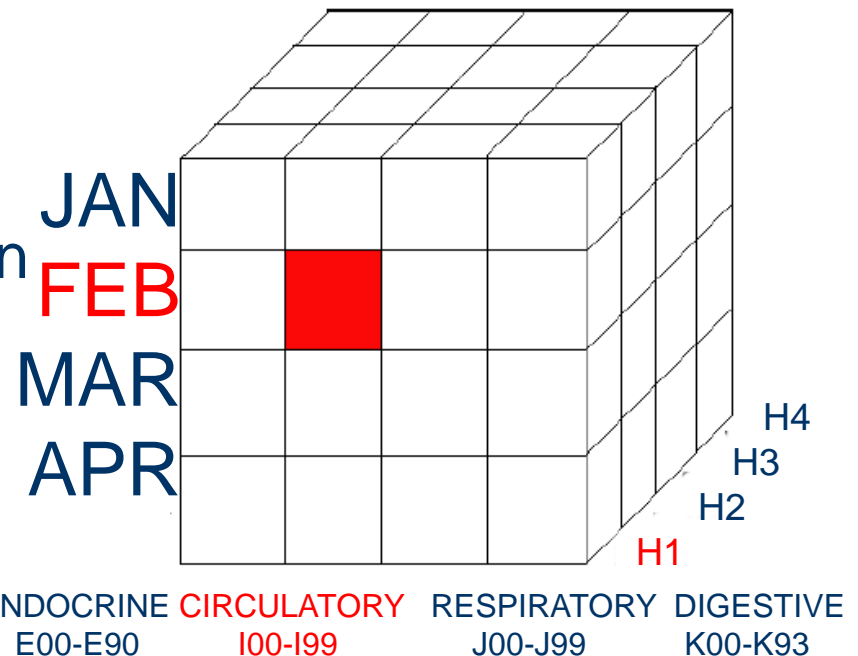
- Naming Conventions: **Tuple**

Tuple in pseudo-MDX: $(x,y,z)=(y,z,x)$
 $([Time].[Feb],[Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1])$

Def1: “***Tuple*** is the intersection choosing **one member of each dimension**”

Def2: “A tuple is the intersection of one (and only one) member taken from one or several of the dimensions in the cube.”

(tuple=single cell in the cube ??)



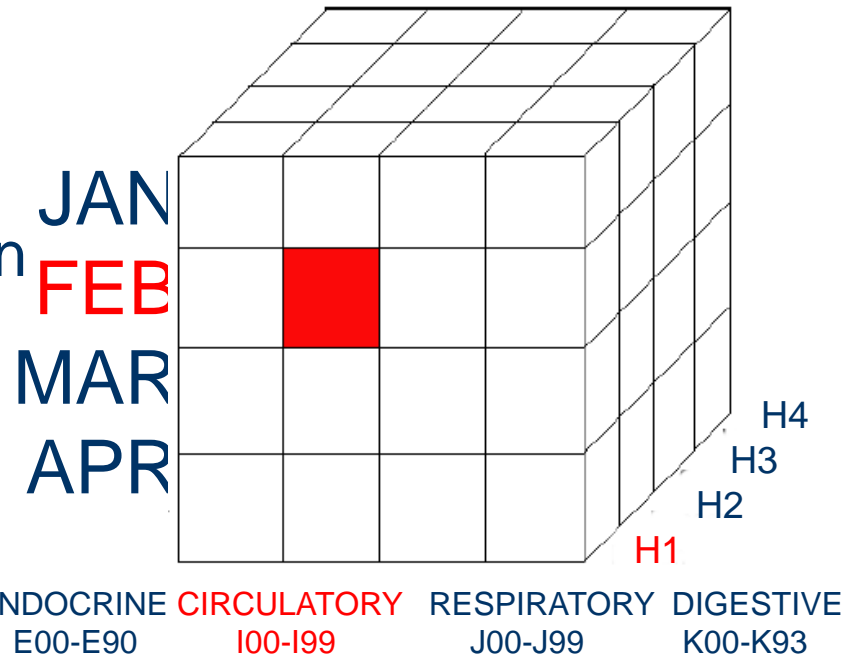
- Naming Conventions: **Tuple**

Tuple in pseudo-MDX: $(x,y,z)=(y,z,x)$
 $([Time].[Feb],[Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1])$

Def1: “***Tuple*** is the intersection choosing **one member of each dimension**”

Def2: “A tuple is the intersection of one (and only one) member taken from one or several of the dimensions in the cube.”

(tuple=single cell in the cube ??)



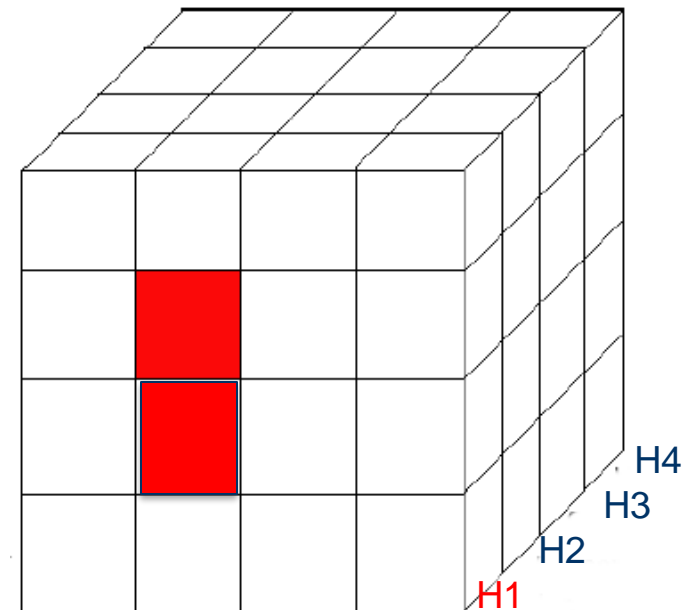
- Naming Conventions: **Set**

Set in pseudo-MDX: $\{(x1,y1,z1),\dots,(xn,yn,zn)\}$
 $\{([Time].[Feb],[Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1]),$
 $([Time].[Mar],[Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1])\}$

“**Set** is a set of tuples with
the same dimensionality”
(set of cells in the cube)

$AVG(SET) \rightarrow FLOAT$

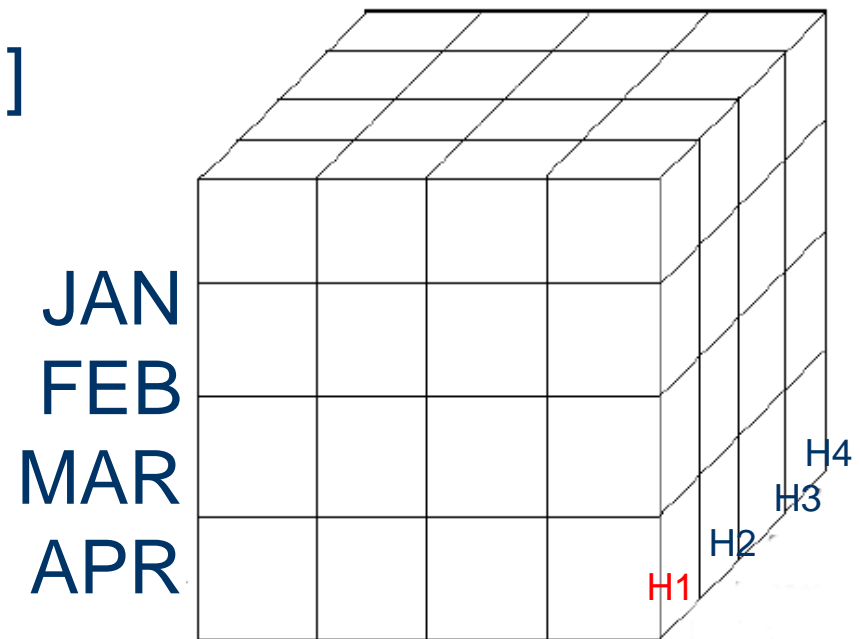
JAN
FEB
MAR
APR



ENDOCRINE E00-E90 CIRCULATORY I00-I99 RESPIRATORY J00-J99 DIGESTIVE K00-K93

- Question: Tuple or Set?

[DX].[Circulatory],[Hosp].[H1]

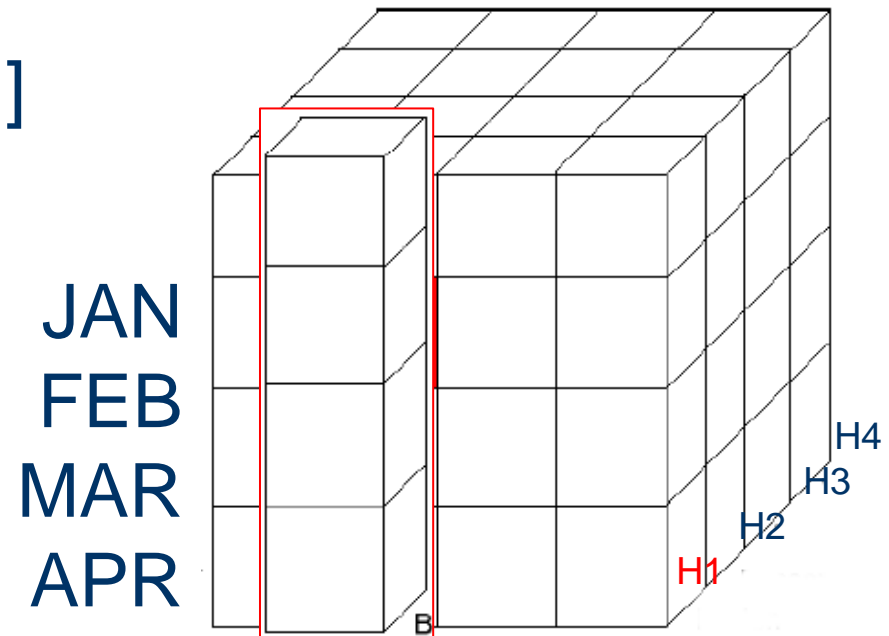


ENDOCRINE E00-E90 CIRCULATORY I00-I99 RESPIRATORY J00-J99 DIGESTIVE K00-K93

- Question: Tuple or Set?

[DX].[Circulatory],[Hosp].[H1]

Is a TUPLE!
(but MANY CELLS!)



ENDOCRINE E00-E90 CIRCULATORY I00-I99 RESPIRATORY J00-J99 DIGESTIVE K00-K93

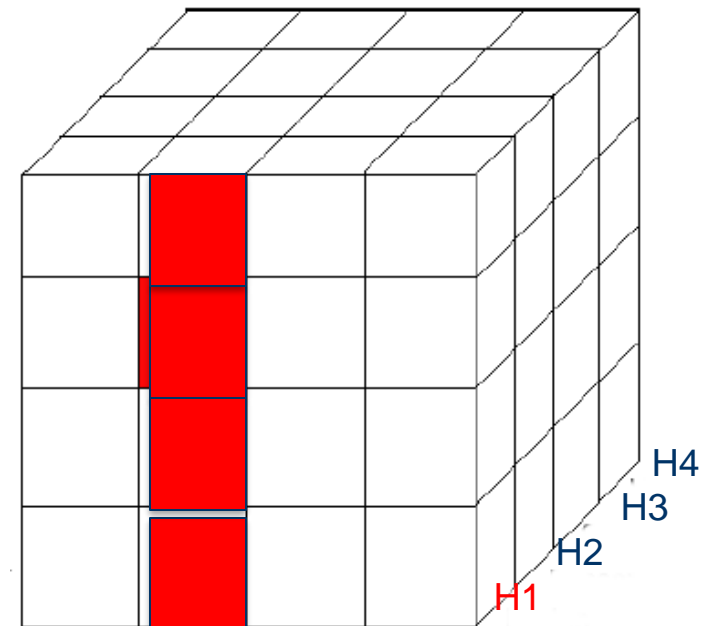
- Question: Difference between?

a) ([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1])

b)

{([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Jan]),
([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Feb]),
([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Mar]),
([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Apr])
}

JAN
FEB
MAR
APR



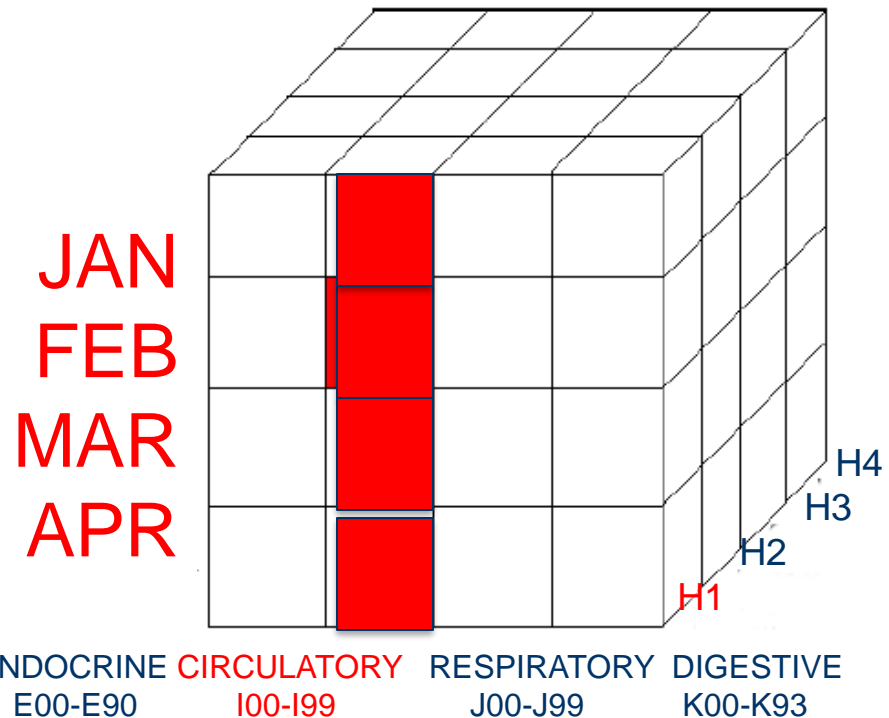
ENDOCRINE E00-E90 CIRCULATORY I00-I99 RESPIRATORY J00-J99 DIGESTIVE K00-K93

- Question: Difference between?

a) ([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1]) **IS A TUPLE** (SEE DEFINITION 1)

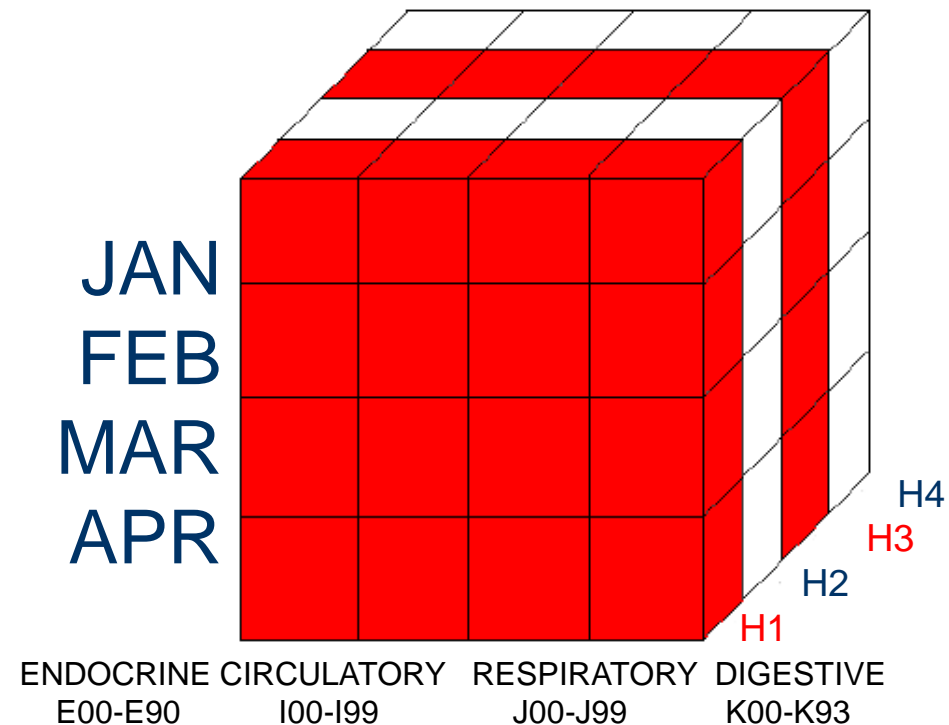
b)

{([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Jan]),
([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Feb]),
([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Mar]),
([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Apr])
} **IS A SET**



- Question: Tuple or Set?

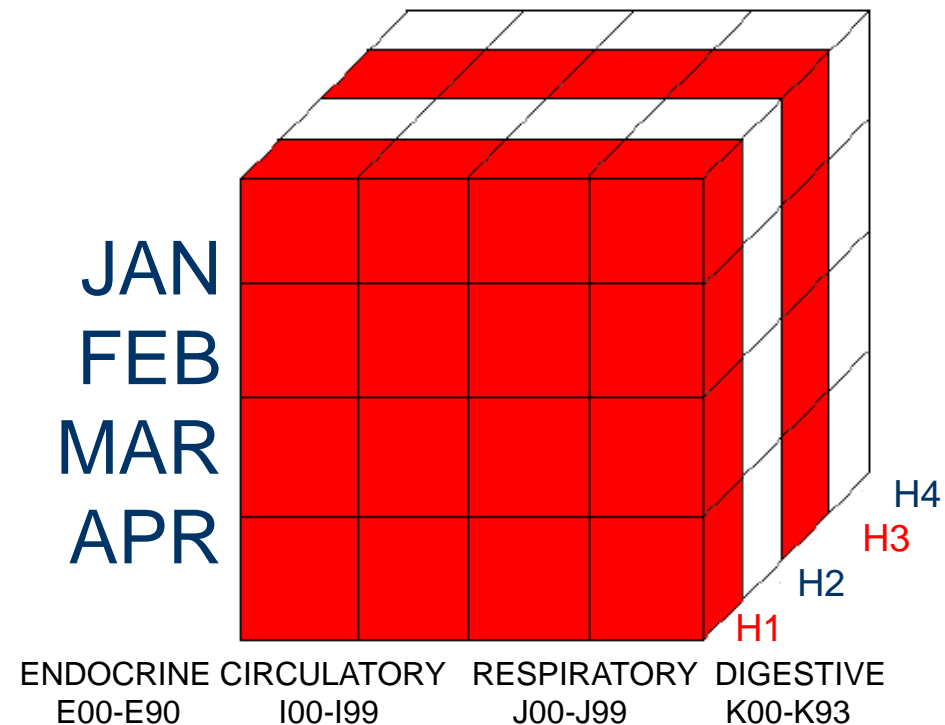
[Hosp].[H1], [Hosp].[H3]



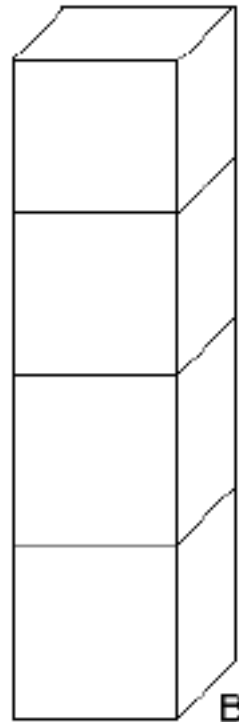
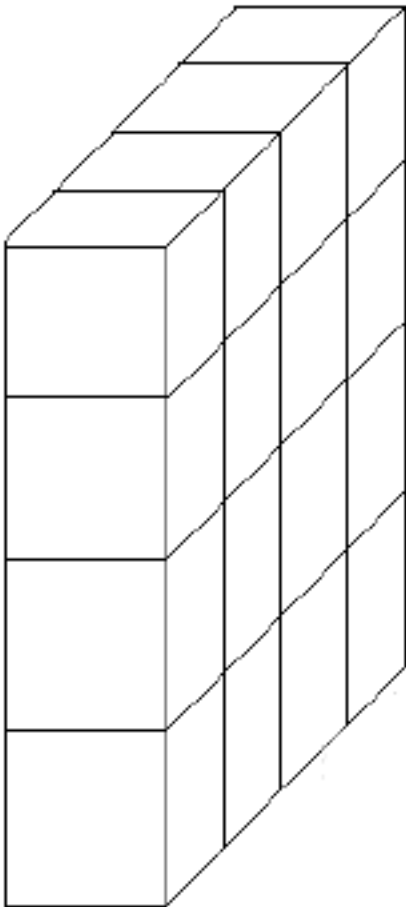
- Question: Tuple or Set?

[Hosp].[H1], [Hosp].[H3]

is a Set
(see Def2!)



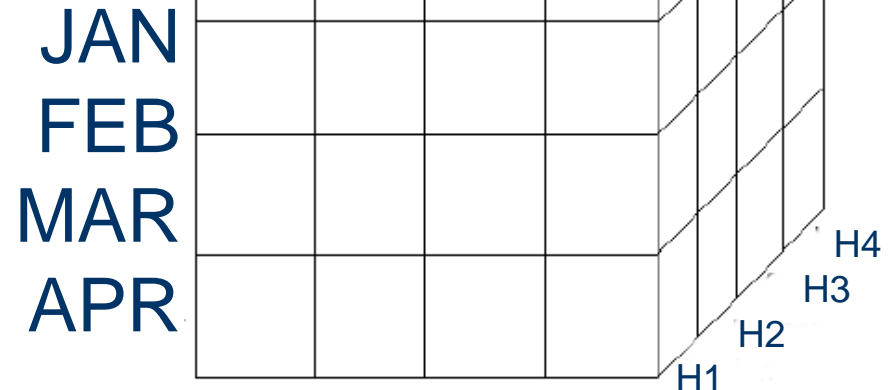
[DX].[Circulatory] [DX].[Circulatory],[Hosp].[H1]



ALL THESE ARE TUPLES
SINCE THEY HAVE THE
“CAPACITY TO POINT TO
A SINGLE CELL”
(actually they don't)

- Question: Do these tuples point to a single cell?

[DX].[Circulatory],[Hosp].[H1], [Time].[Mar]
[DX].[Circulatory],[Hosp].[H1]
[DX].[Circulatory],[Time].[Mar]
[Hosp].[H1]



- Question: Do these tuples point to a single cell?

[DX].[Circulatory],[Hosp].[H1], [Time].[Mar]

[DX].[Circulatory],[Hosp].[H1]

[DX].[Circulatory],[Time].[Mar]

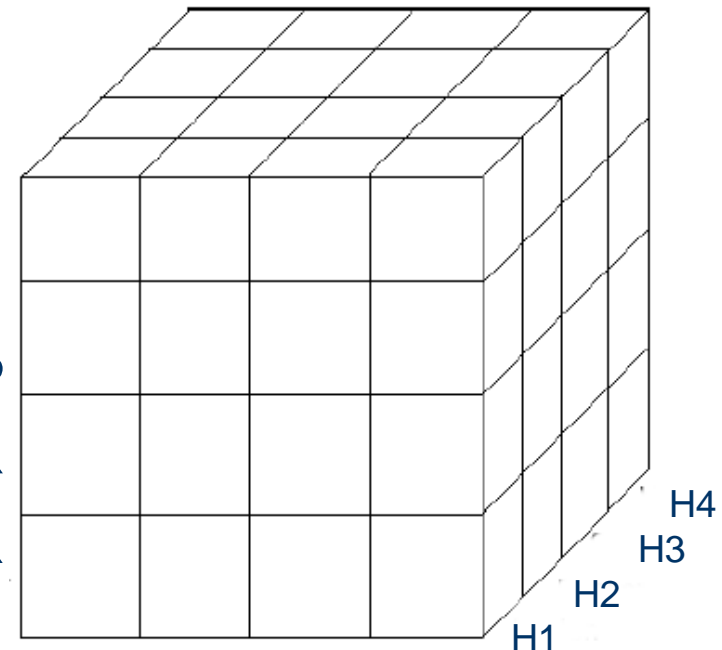
[Hosp].[H1]

YES

If we consider that all dimensions have a
'*DEFAULT MEMBER*'

In MDX if you don't specify a member of a
dimension the default member is implied

JAN
FEB
MAR
APR



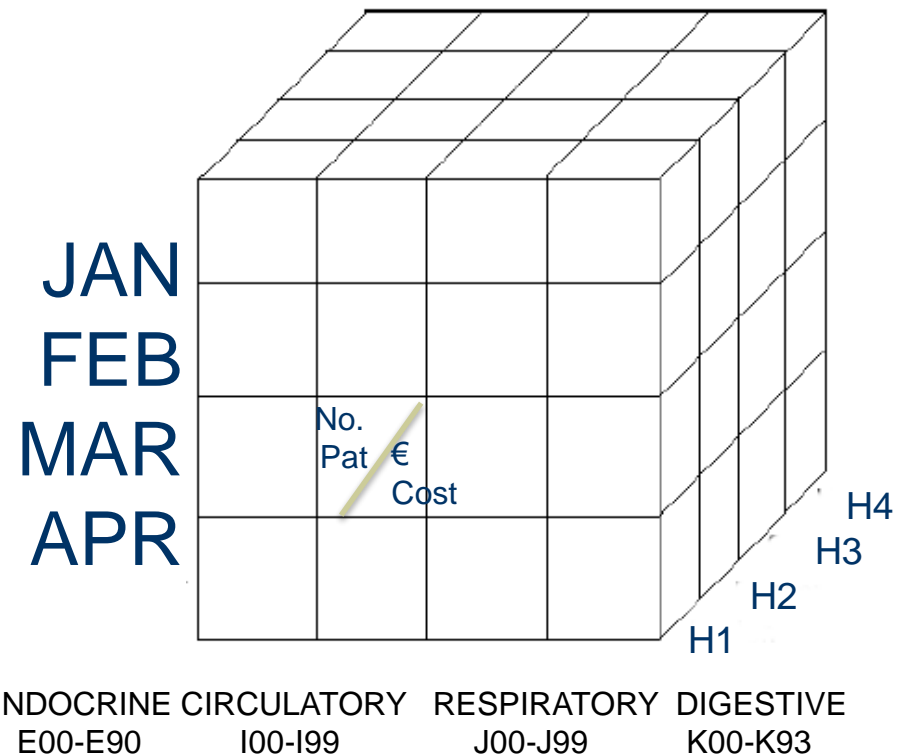
ENDOCRINE E00-E90 CIRCULATORY I00-I99 RESPIRATORY J00-J99 DIGESTIVE K00-K93

- Measures like dimensions

Suppose a cube **with 2 measures:**
No. Patients and €Cost.

[Hos].[H1],[TIME].[Mar],
[Dx].[Car],[**Measures**].[NoPat]

Measure behaves like member
of a dimension



- Measures & Hierarchies

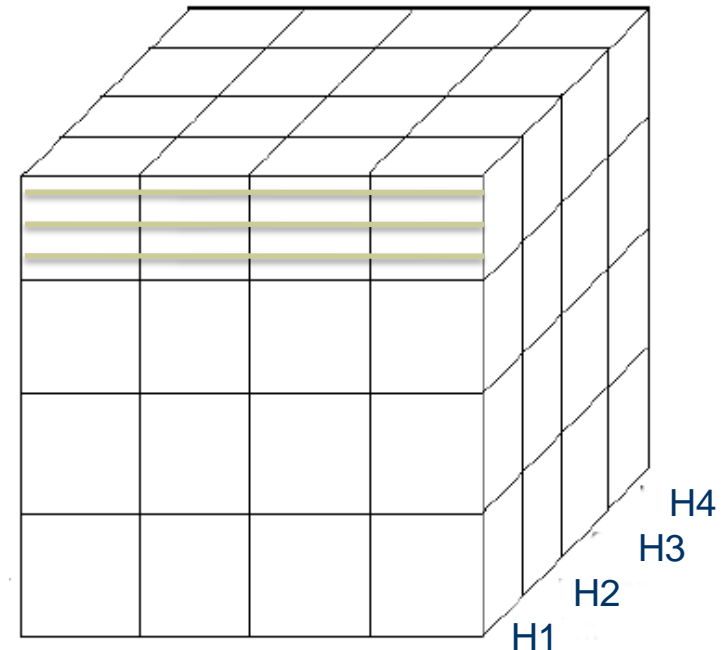
[Hos].[H1],[TIME].[Q1],[Dx].[Cir]

SET?
TUPLE?
CELL?

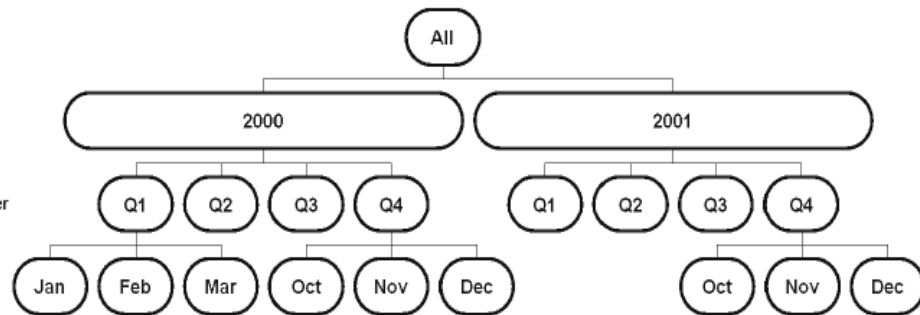
2000

Q1
Q2
Q3
Q4

JAN
FEB
MAR
APR
MAY
JUN
JULY
...



ENDOCRINE E00-E90 CIRCULATORY 100-199 RESPIRATORY J00-J99 DIGESTIVE K00-K93



- Measures & Hierarchies

[Hos].[H1],[TIME].[Q1],[Dx].[Cir]

TUPLE!

CELL! (AGGREGATION)

2000

Q1

JAN
FEB
MAR

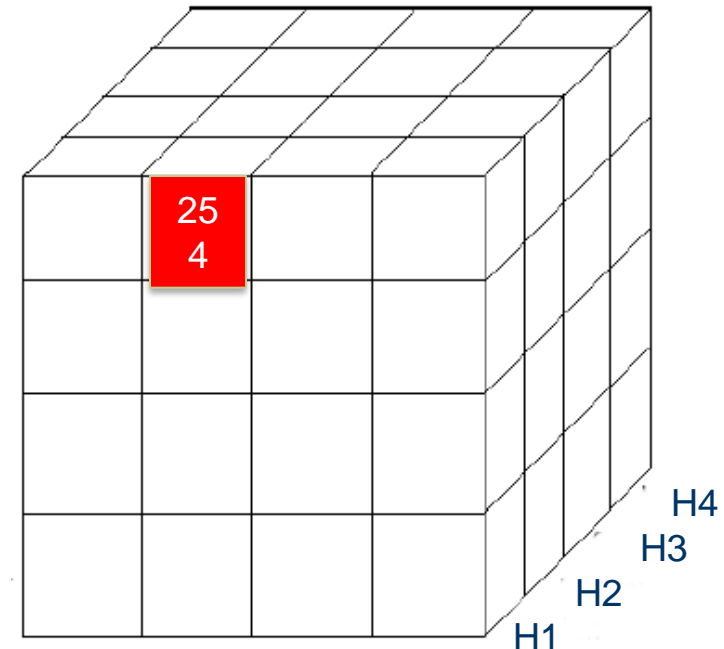
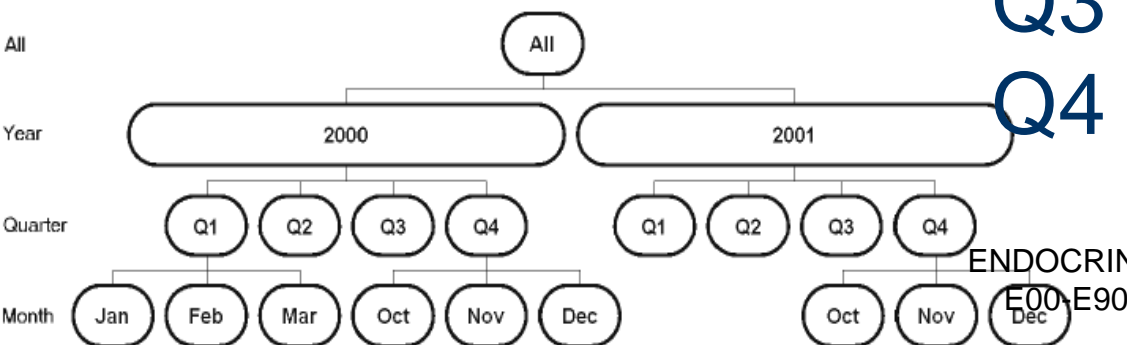
Q2

APR
MAY
JUN

Q3

JULY
...

Q4

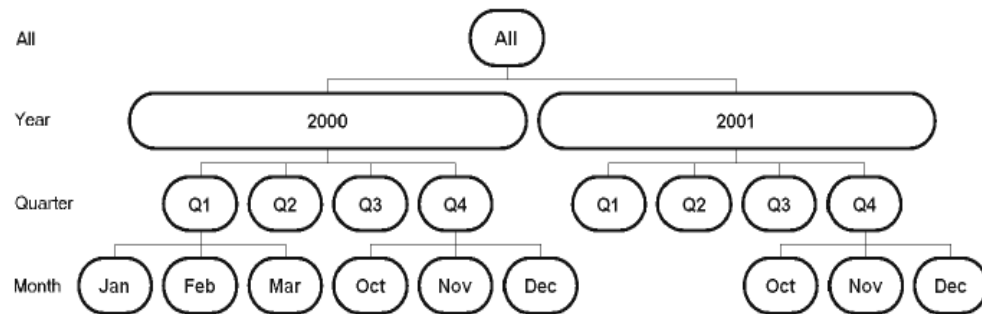


ENDOCRINE CIRCULATORY RESPIRATORY DIGESTIVE
E00-E90 I00-I99 J00-J99 K00-K93

2. MDX Spells

MDX \neq SQL ?

	ALL (TIME)
COST	45,300,000 €



- SELECT**
 {[TIME].[ALL]} **ON COLUMNS** *(COL dimension)*
 {[Measure].[Cost]} **ON ROWS** *(ROW dimension)*
FROM [MyCube]
 (shows costs of [HOSP].[H1], default member of HOSP)
 (also for [Dx].[Circulatory])

	COL 1	COL 2	COL 3
ROW A			
ROW B			
ROW C			

SELECT

{column headers} ON COLUMNS → SET

{row headers} ON ROWS → SET

FROM [cube] → name

```
SELECT
  {[Measure].[Patient]} ON COLUMNS
  {[Hospital].[Hosp1],
   [Hospital].[Hosp2],
   [Hospital].[Hosp3],
   [Hospital].[Hosp4]} ON ROWS
FROM [MyCube]
(shows a default member of TIME)
```

	PATIENT
HOSP 1	23
HOSP 2	65
HOSP 3	88
HOSP 4	65

SELECT

```
{[Measure].[Patient]} ON COLUMNS
{[Hospital].[All Hosp]} ON ROWS
FROM [MyCube]
```

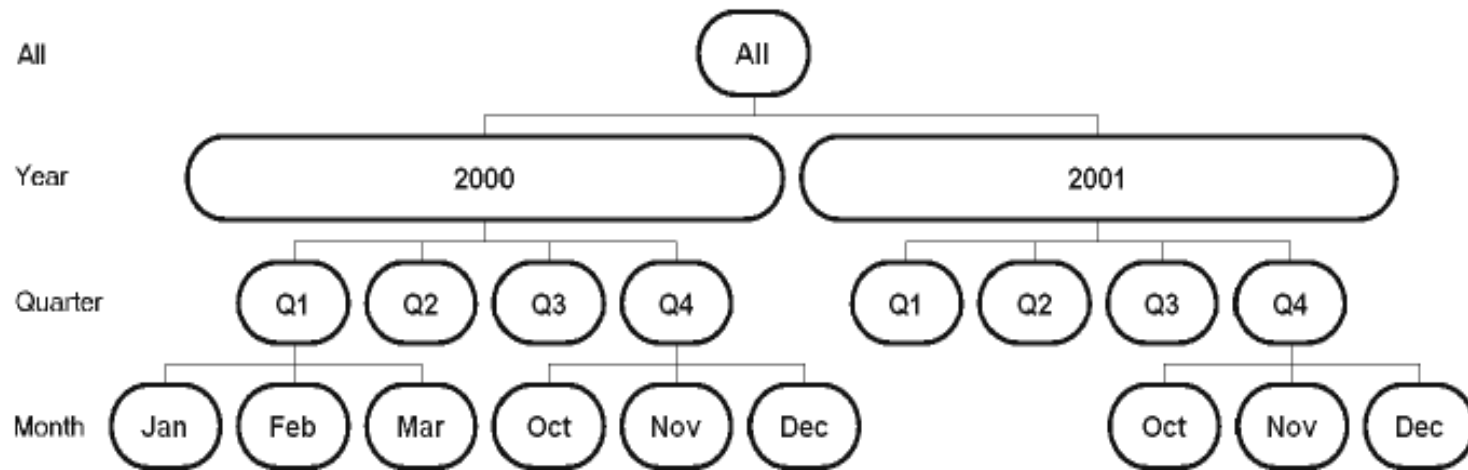
SELECT

```
{[Measure].[Patient]} ON COLUMNS
{[Hospital].Children} ON ROWS
FROM [MyCube]
```

	PATIENT
HOSP 1	23
HOSP 2	65
HOSP 3	88
HOSP 4	65

- QUESTION:
Cost in H1,H2
during 2000 (by Q), for
circulatory diseases.

Y2000	HOSP1	HOSP2
Q1	2M€	0.3M€
Q2	3.2M€	0.7M€
Q3	1.5M€	0.6M€
Q4	0.4M€	0.5M€



Hint:
cost/circulatory are default members

QUESTION:

Cost in H1,H2 in 2000 (by Q), for
circulatory diseases.

SELECT

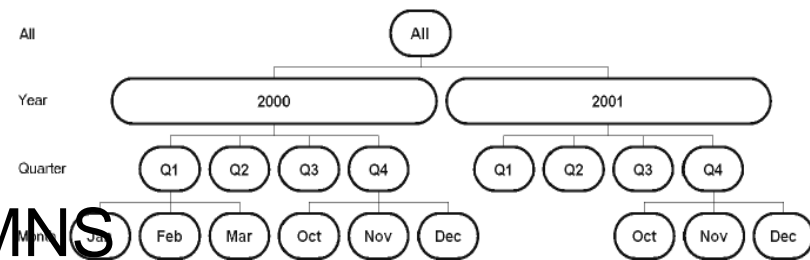
{[Hospital].[Hosp1],

[Hospital].[Hosp2]} ON COLUMNS

{[Time].[All].[2000].Children} ON ROW

FROM [MyCube]

Y2000	HOSP1	HOSP2
Q1	2M€	0.3M€
Q2	3.2M€	0.7M€
Q3	1.5M€	0.6M€
Q4	0.4M€	0.5M€



- **QUESTION:**
Patients no. in H1,H2
during 2000 (by Q), for
circulatory diseases.

Y2000	HOSP1	HOSP2
Q1	121 pat	78 pat
Q2	165 pat	61 pat
Q3	115 pat	41 pat
Q4	120 pat	76 pat

Hint:

Number of patients is NOT a default member

QUESTION:

Patients in H1,H2
during 2000 (by Q), for
circulatory diseases.

SELECT

{[Hospital].[Hosp1],

[Hospital].[Hosp2]} ON COLUMNS

{[Time].[All].[2000].Children} ON ROWS

FROM [MyCube]

WHERE ([Measures].[NoPat])

Y2000	HOSP1	HOSP2
Q1	121 pat	78 pat
Q2	165 pat	61 pat
Q3	115 pat	41 pat
Q4	120 pat	76 pat

Hint:

Number of patients is NOT a default member

WHERE clause

Not restricted to measures.

Not restricted to 1 dimension.

It is a *SLICER/DICER*.

WHERE clause

Not restricted to measures.

SELECT

{[Hospital].[Hosp1],

[Hospital].[Hosp2]} ON COLUMNS

{[Time].[All].[2000].Children} ON ROWS

FROM [MyCube]

WHERE ([Dx].[Respiratory])

Y2000	HOSP1	HOSP2
Q1	1M€	0.4M€
Q2	1.2M€	0.1M€
Q3	0.5M€	0.5M€
Q4	0.4M€	0.3M€

WHERE clause

Not restricted to 1 dimension.

SELECT

{[Hospital].[Hosp1],

[Hospital].[Hosp2]} ON COLUMNS

{[Time].[All].[2000].Children} ON ROWS

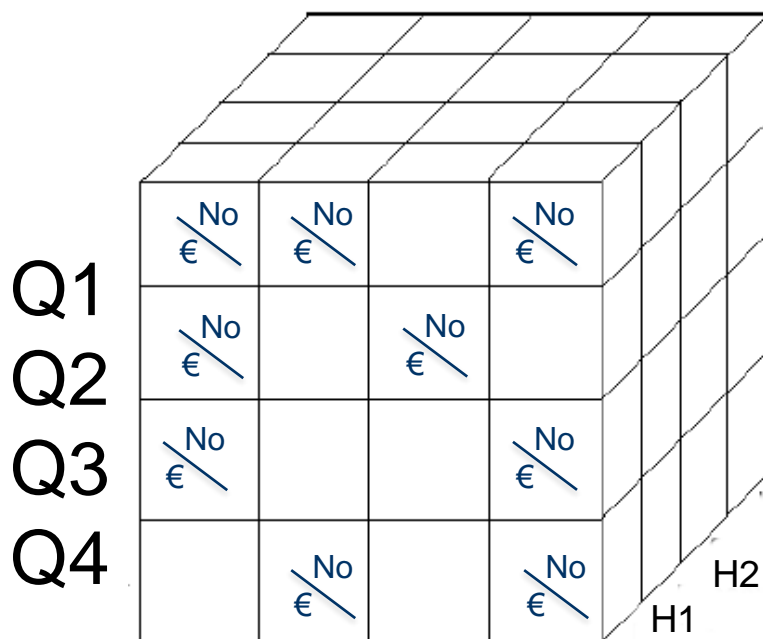
FROM [MyCube]

WHERE ([Dx].[Respiratory],[Measures].[NoPat])

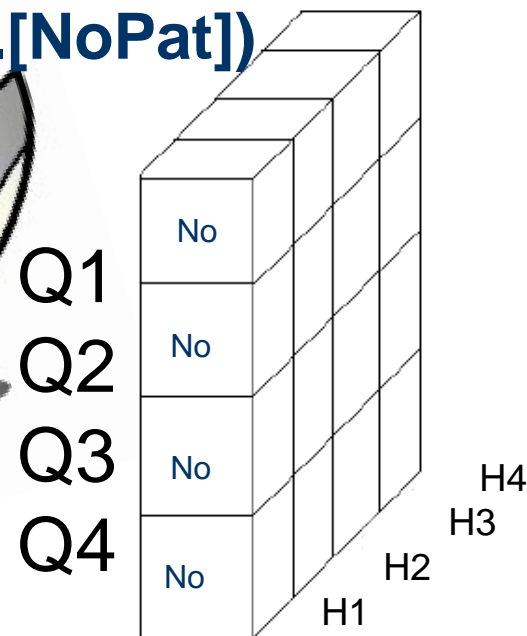
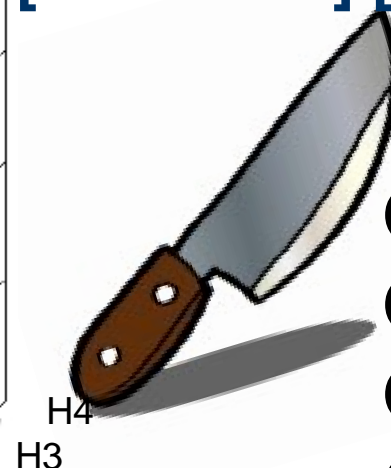
Y2000	HOSP1	HOSP2
Q1	61 pat	28 pat
Q2	75 pat	41 pat
Q3	105 pat	11 pat
Q4	112 pat	56 pat

- WHERE clause
 - It is a *SLICER/DICER*.

WHERE
([Dx].[ENDOCRIN],
[Measures].[NoPat])



ENDOCRINE CIRCULATORY RESPIRATORY DIGESTIVE
E00-E90 I00-I99 J00-J99 K00-K93



ENDOCRIN
E
E00-E90

3. MDX syntax

() [] {} .

- Brackets []
 - Dimensions: [Time]
 - Members: [2000]
- Dots .
 - Separators: [Time].[2000].[Q3]
- Braces ()
 - Tuples: ([DX].[Circulatory],[Hosp].[H1])

- Curly Braces {}
 - Sets: {[Hosp].[H1], [Hosp].[H3]}
 {[Dx].Children}
 { ([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Jan]),
 ([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Feb]),
 ([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Mar]),
 ([Dx].[Circ],[Hosp].[H1],[Time].[Apr]) }

SELECT
 { SET } **ON COLUMNS**
 { SET } **ON ROWS**
FROM [cube]
WHERE (TUPLE)

- QUESTION: Correct? Why?

SELECT

([Measures].[NoPatients]) ON COLUMNS,

{[Time].[2000].Children} ON ROWS

FROM [MyCube]

- QUESTION: Correct? Why?

SELECT

{[Dx].Children} ON COLUMNS,

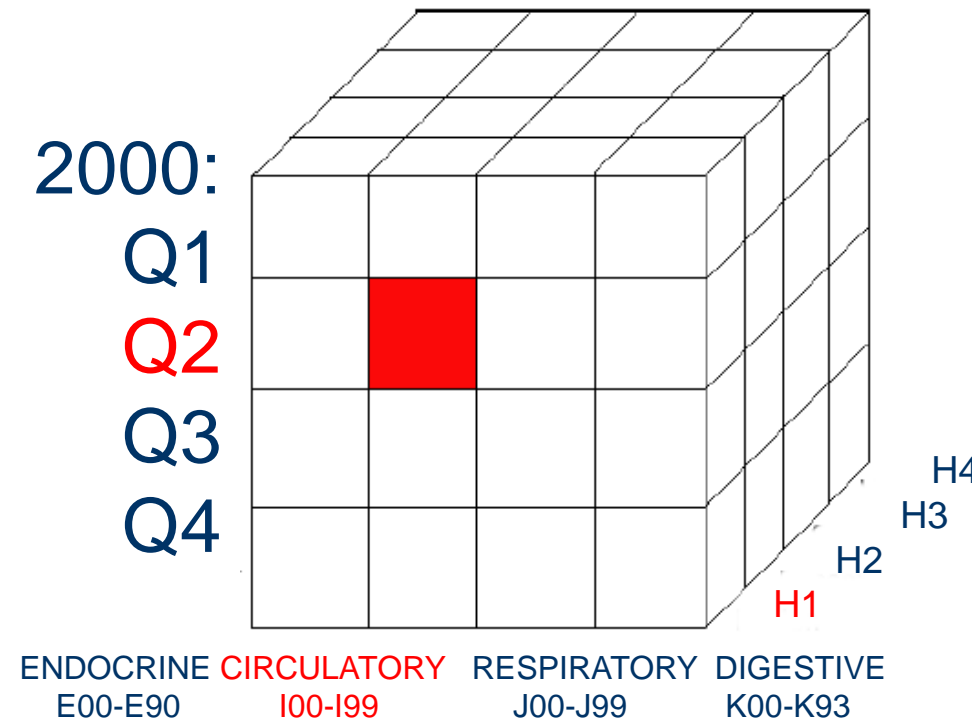
{[Time]. [2000].[Q1].[May].Children} ON ROWS

FROM [MyCube]

WHERE {[Measure].[cost],[Hosp].[H2]}

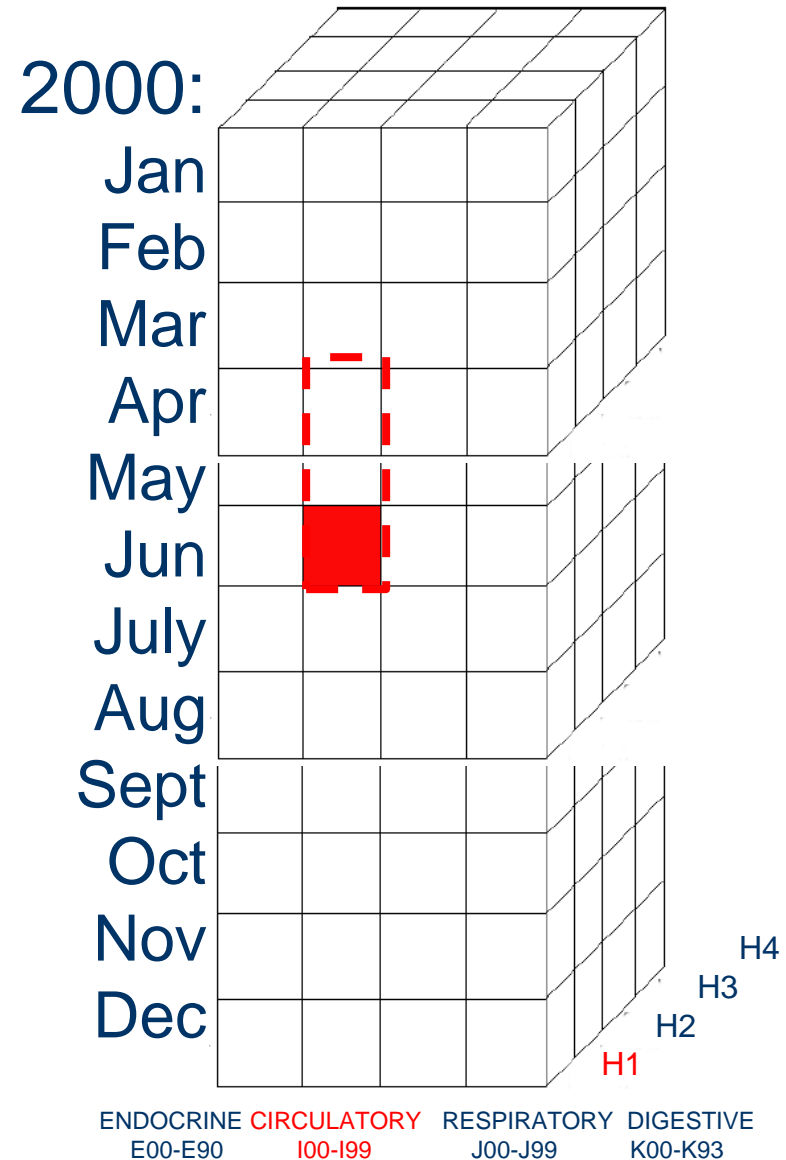
- Name of a CELL.
 - In a cube, each cell has a name.

The name of this cell is:
([Time].[2000].[Q2],
[Dx].[Circulatory],
[Hospital].[H1])



- Name of a CELL.

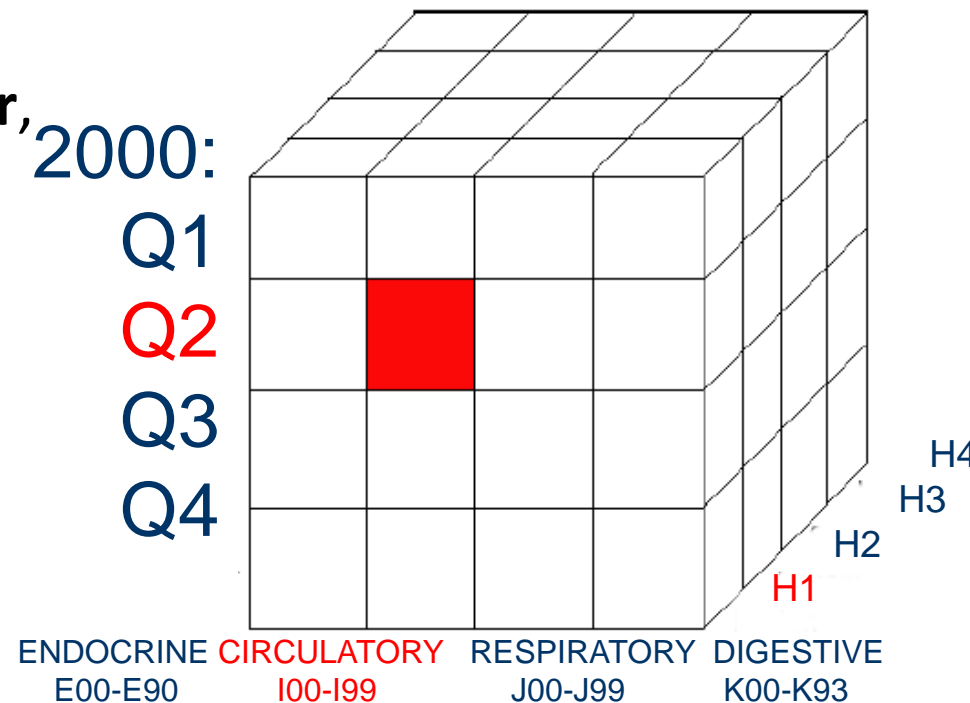
The name of this cell is:
([Time].[2000].[Q2].[Jun],
[Dx].[Circulatory],
[Hospital].[H1])



- Relative Cell Referencing:
 - CurrentMember, PrevMember, NextMember.

The name of this cell is:

([Time].[2000].[Q3].PrevMember,
[Dx].[Circulatory],
[Hospital].[H1])



- Calculated Members: $\pm^*/\%$
“Attention improvement on circulatory patients of the 1st quarter of years 1999 and 2000”.

Calculus:

`([Hosp].[H1],[Dx].[Circ],[Time].[2000].[Q1],[Measure].[NoPatient])`

-

`([Hosp].[H1],[Dx].[Circ],[Time].[1999].[Q1],[Measure].[NoPatient])`

- Calculated Members: $\pm^*/\%$
“Growth cost throughout year 2000 in H1 for Circulatory patients”.

- Calculated Members: +-*/ %
- “Growth cost throughout year 2000 in H1 for Circulatory patients”.
- Growth cost: $\text{cost}(t) - \text{cost}(t-1)$ (increment/derivate)
- Obviate: H1 for Circulatory patients

Year	Quarter	Month	Cost M€	No Patient
2000			57	280
	Q1		15	90
		January	5	20
		February	5	30
		Mach	5	40
	Q2		10	60
		April	5	15
		Jun	3	15
		July	2	30
	Q3		12	50
		April	5	10
		Jun	5	10
		July	2	30
	Q4		20	80
		April	5	15
		Jun	5	15
		July	10	50

“Growth cost throughout year 2000”.

Year	Quarter	Month	Cost M€	No Patient
2000			57	280
	Q1		15	90
		January	5	20
		February	5	30
		March	5	40
	Q2		10	60
		April	5	15
		Jun	3	15
		July	2	30
	Q3		12	30
		April	5	10
		Jun	5	10
		July	2	30
	Q4		20	80
		April	5	15
		Jun	5	15
		July	10	50



Year	Quarter	Month	Cost M€	No Patient
2000			57	280
	Q1		15	90
		January	5	20
		February	5	30
		March	5	40
	Q2		10	60
		April	5	15
		Jun	3	15
		July	2	30
	Q4		20	80
		April	5	15
		Jun	5	15
		July	10	50

“Growth cost throughout year 2000”.

[Time].[CurrentMember],[Measures].[Cost]

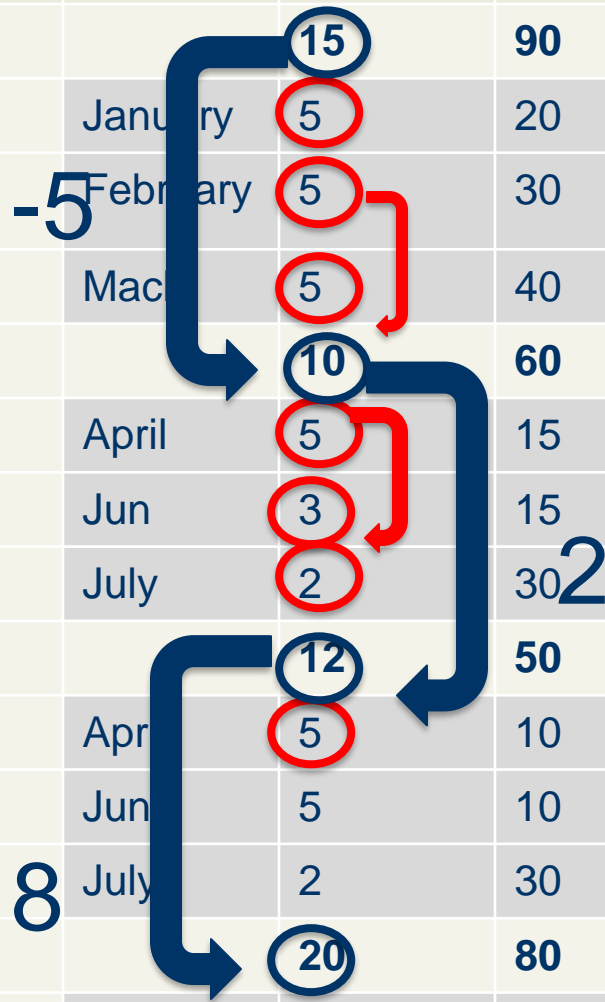
-

[Time].[PrevMember],[Measures].[Cost]

- Calculated Members: +-*/ %
- “Growth cost throughout year 2000 in H1 for Circulatory patients”.
- ([Time].[CurrentMember],[Measures].[Cost]
- [Time].[PrevMember],[Measures].[Cost])

YES... WHAT IF WE FOCUS ON THE QUARTER GROWTH ?????

Year	Quarter	Month	Cost M€	No Patient
2000			57	280
	Q1		15	90
		January	5	20
		February	5	30
		March	5	40
	Q2		10	60
		April	5	15
		June	3	15
		July	2	30
	Q3		12	50
		April	5	10
		June	5	10
		July	2	30
	Q4		20	80
		April	5	15
		June	5	15
		July	10	50



- Calculated Members: \pm */ % AVG SUM ...
“Growth cost throughout year 2000 in H1 for Circulatory patients”.
- ([Time].[CurrentMember],[Measures].[Cost]
- [Time].[PrevMember],[Measures].[Cost])

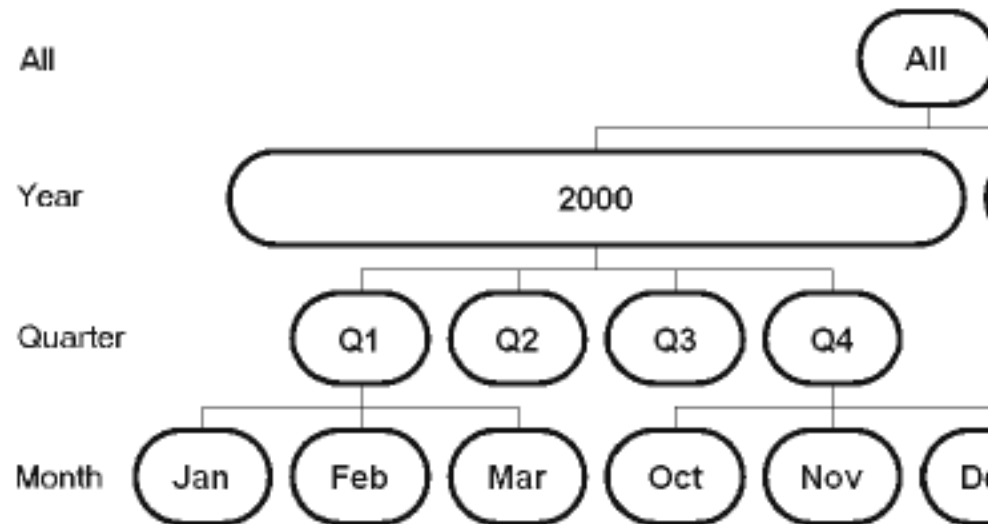
YES... WHAT IF WE FOCUS ON THE SEMESTER GROWTH !!!

... SAME EXPRESSION. THAT'S THE COOL THING. DEPENDS ON THE TIME DIMENSION, WHICH DEFINES THE CURRENT MEMBER PROPERTY

- OTHER FUNCTIONS:
 - Sum (X) → Number : Sums all members of X
 - X.Lag(N) : N positions back from X.
 - X.Lead(M) : M position forward from X.
 - YTD(X) → Set : YearToDate: Members of the Year until member X.
e.g. YTD(March) → {Jan, Feb, March}

ClosingPeriod, OpeningPeriod, ParallelPeriod,

- Hierarchy navigation:
 - *Member.Children*
 - *Member.Parent*
 - *Member.FirstChild* / *LastChild*
 - *Descendants(X,n)*
 - *Ancestors(X,n)*
 - *Siblings* / *Cousins*
 - ~~*Aunt* / *Uncle*~~



- Bibliography and Resources:
- Mark Whitehorn et al. Fast Track to MDX (2nd Ed). Springer. 2004.
- Microsoft, “Key Concepts in MDX (Analysis Services)”,
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