

## GITHUB README: ON SHINTANI DOMAIN CALCULATIONS IN THE CYCLOTOMIC CASE

This README file describes the computational verification of the three claims made in §3 of the manuscript *Shintani fundamental domains for quartic number fields with many roots of unity* by A. Capuñay, M. Espinoza and E. Friedman. We will refer to that Ms. as [C/E/F]. The claims involve unions of cones connected to Shintani domains for the three quartic cyclotomic fields  $k = \mathbb{Q}(\Theta)$ , where  $\Theta$  is a primitive root of unity of order  $m = 8, 10$  or  $12$ .

The first two claims in need of computer verification in §3 of [C/E/F] appear in display (20) there, while the third one appears on the next to last paragraph of the paper. Namely,

$$(*) \quad S = \{0\} \cup \bigcup_{\ell=0}^{m-1} (\Theta^\ell \cdot \mathcal{C}'_0) \quad (\text{disjoint union}),$$

$$(**) \quad E \cdot S \subset S,$$

$$(***) \quad P^{\Delta, \Delta}(c) \subset S \subset P^{\Delta, \Delta}(d).$$

with notation as in display (19) of [C/E/F]. We will give  $\Delta$ ,  $c$  and  $d$  explicitly.

**0.1. Overview of the calculations.** We address (\*). Since the inclusions  $0 \in S$  and  $(\Theta^\ell \cdot \mathcal{C}'_0) \subset S$  are obvious from the definition of  $S$  in §3 of [C/E/F], the equality in (\*) is verified by checking that

$$L := \mathcal{C}_0 - \bigcup_{\ell=0}^{m-1} (\Theta^\ell \cdot \mathcal{C}'_0) = \{0\}.$$

To check this, we first open the computational algebraic system PARI/GP and we execute on PARI/GP the following classic command

`bnf = bnfinit(p);`

where  $\mathbf{p} = x^4 + 1$ ,  $x^4 - x^3 + x^2 - x + 1$ ,  $x^4 - x^2 + 1$  defines one of three cyclotomic fields  $k = \mathbb{Q}(\Theta)$ . And loading the file `CycloAlgorithm.gp` (*hosted on github*) using the classic command:

`\r CycloAlgorithm.gp.`

Then to check the difference of cones  $L$  given above we use the following command

`L = DifConeS(bnf);`

returning  $L = []$ , which is interpreted as the vertex  $\{0\}$ . This cone difference algorithm, and other algorithms below, are described in our earlier paper [CEF] *Attractor-repeller construction of Shintani domains for totally complex quartic fields*, J. Number Th. **258** (2024) 146–172.

We now address (\*\*). By definition (see display (19) of [C/E/F])  $S := \bigcup_{\ell=0}^{m-1} (\Theta^\ell \cdot \mathcal{C}_0)$  is independent of  $E$  and satisfies  $\Theta \cdot S = S$ . Hence to verify (\*\*) for any unit of infinite order  $E \in k$ , it suffices to do so for  $E = u$  for any generator  $u$  of the units of  $k$  modulo torsion. This is done by means of a command which calculates difference  $E \cdot S - S$  of unions of  $k$ -rational cones again as such a difference. More precisely, we apply the following command (hosted in the file: `CycloAlgorithm.gp`) to calculate  $D := u \cdot S - S$ ,

$$D = \text{DiffComplex2}(\text{bnf}, u);$$

where we use  $u = x^2 + x + 1$  for  $m = 8$ ;  $u = -x + 1$  for  $m = 10$ ; and  $u = -x^3 - x^2$  for  $m = 12$ . All of these have with first embedding of module less than 1. These return  $D = []$ , which means  $u \cdot S \subset S$ .

We finally address (\*\*\*). The notation  $P^{\Delta, \Delta}(c) \subset \mathbb{C} \times \mathbb{C}$  is defined in [CEF,(10)]. For  $\Delta$  we take the closed convex set (in fact, a triangle) with vertices

$$\left[ 1, -\frac{1}{2} + i\frac{2521}{2911}, -\frac{1}{2} - i\frac{2521}{2911} \right],$$

where  $i := \sqrt{-1}$  and  $\frac{2521}{2911}$  was chosen as a rational approximation of  $\sqrt{3}/2$ . We first try the values

$$(c', d') := \begin{cases} (1/5, 5) & \text{if } m = 8, \\ (1/6, 4) & \text{if } m = 10, \\ (1/8, 2) & \text{if } m = 12. \end{cases}$$

Unfortunately, the polyhedral complexes  $P^{\Delta, \Delta}(c')$  and  $P^{\Delta, \Delta}(d')$  are not  $k$ -rational (*i. e.* are not a finite union of  $k$ -rational cones). As our algorithm can only compute with  $k$ -rational cones, we cannot directly prove the inclusions (\*\*\*) above using these parameters  $(c', d')$ . We therefore find an  $\varepsilon$ -deformation (see [CEF,(19)] with of the identity  $f$  with  $\varepsilon = 1/150$ ) such that  $A := f(P^{\Delta, \Delta}(c'))$  and  $R := f(P^{\Delta, \Delta}(d'))$  are  $k$ -rational polyhedral complexes. To obtain these complexes we use the command (again hosted in the file: `CycloAlgorithm.gp`)

$$[A, R] = \text{ApproxRComplex}(\text{bnf}, c', d');$$

Then we check the inclusions  $A \subset S \subset R$  computing the ( $k$ -rational) differences  $D1 := A - S$  and  $D2 := S - R$ , about these we use the following comand

$$[D1, D2] = \text{DiffComplex1}(\text{bnf}, A, R);$$

which returns  $D1 = []$  and  $D2 = []$ , that is,  $f(P^{\Delta, \Delta}(c')) \subset S \subset f(P^{\Delta, \Delta}(d'))$ . On the other hand, using [CEF, Lemma 15] (with  $\varepsilon = 1/150$ ) we also find a rational pair  $(c, d)$  from  $(c', d')$  such that  $P^{\Delta, \Delta}(c) \subset f(P^{\Delta, \Delta}(c'))$  and  $f(P^{\Delta, \Delta}(d')) \subset P^{\Delta, \Delta}(d)$ . Thus we have (\*\*\*), where such pairs  $(c, d)$  are obtained using the command

$$[c, d] = \text{Bounds}([c', d']);$$

which returns

$$(c, d) = \begin{cases} \left( \frac{1814222527}{11043058985}, \frac{151154723}{24972421} \right) \approx (0.164, 6.052) & \text{if } (c', d') = (1/5, 5), \\ \left( \frac{3518892479}{26481431049}, \frac{242139697}{51405543} \right) \approx (0.132, 4.710) & \text{if } (c', d') = (1/6, 4), \\ \left( \frac{3299787329}{35272057207}, \frac{121800199}{54326945} \right) \approx (0.093, 2.241) & \text{if } (c', d') = (1/8, 2). \end{cases}$$