Monos De Gregorio

Alvaro Carril

Mohit Karnani

22 de diciembre de 2014

- 1. Introducción
- 2. Los datos
- 3. Consumo

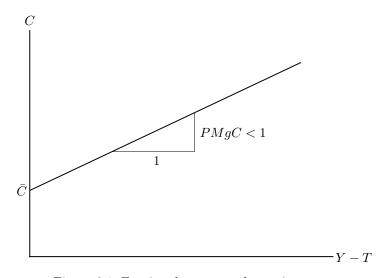


Figura 3.1: Función de consumo keynesiana

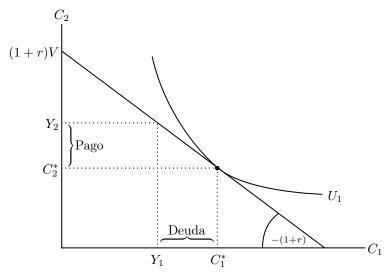


Figura 3.2: Maximización de utilidad en el modelo de dos períodos

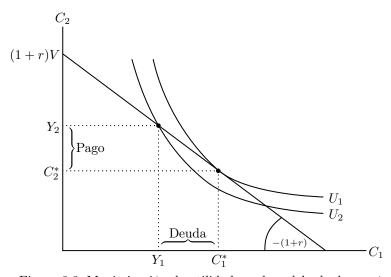


Figura 3.3: Maximización de utilidad en el modelo de dos períodos

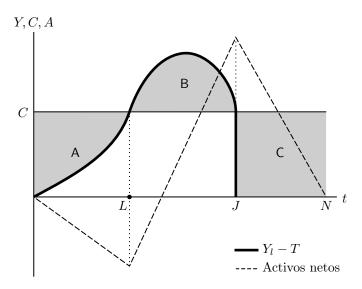


Figura 3.4: Teoría del ciclo de vida

4. Inversión

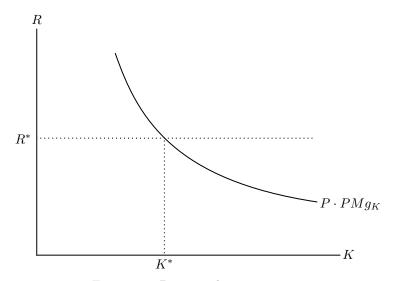


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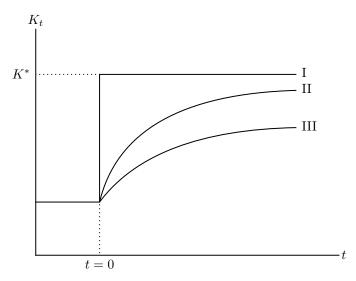


Figura 4.2: Ajuste de capital

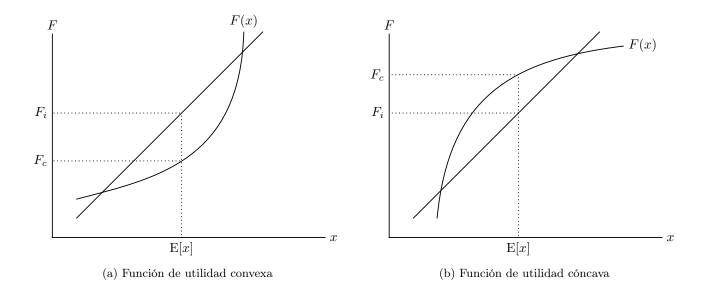


Figura 4.3: Volatilidad en funciones convexas y cóncavas

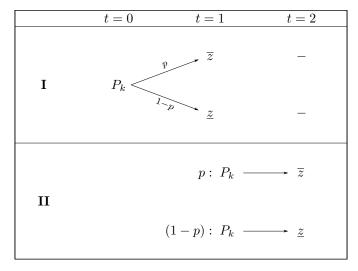


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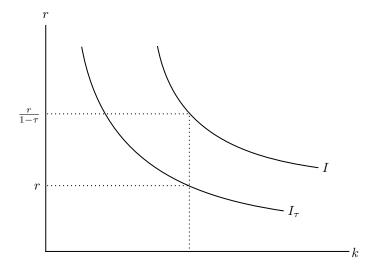


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- 5. El gobierno y la política fiscal
- 6. La economía cerrada

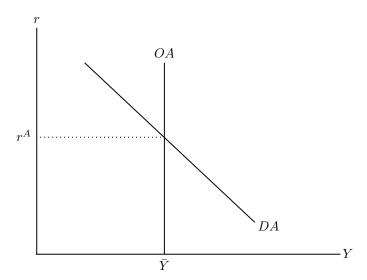


Figura 6.1: Equilibrio en economía cerrada

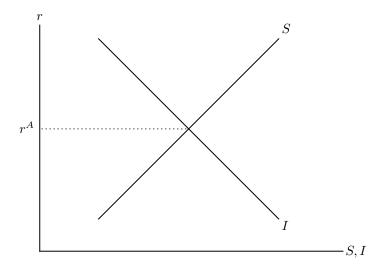


Figura 6.2: Equilibrio ahorro-inversión en economía cerrada

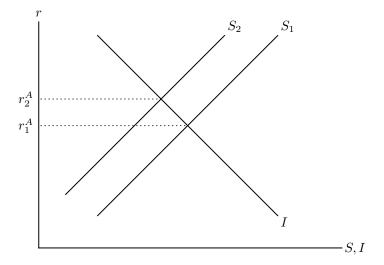


Figura 6.3: Aumento transitorio del gasto de gobierno

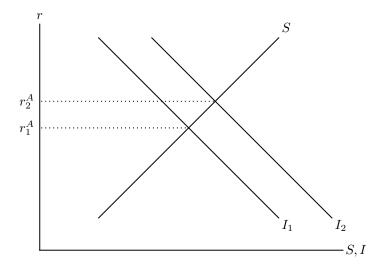


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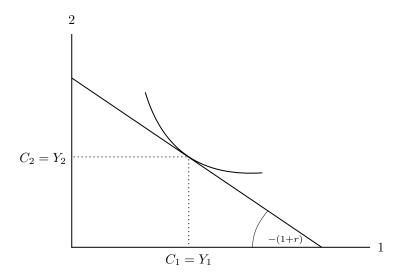


Figura 6.5: Equilibrio en economía cerrada

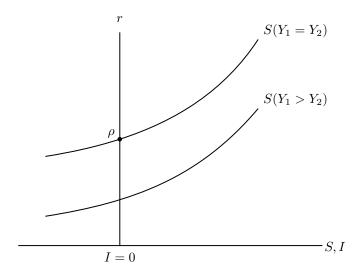


Figura 6.6: Equilibrio ahorro-inversión en economía cerrada

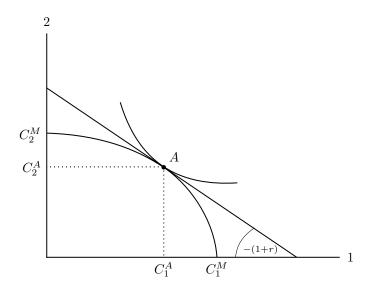


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7. Economía abierta: La cuenta corriente

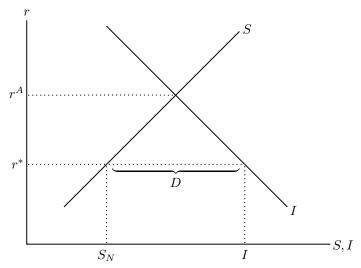


Figura 7.1: Déficit de la Cuenta Corriente

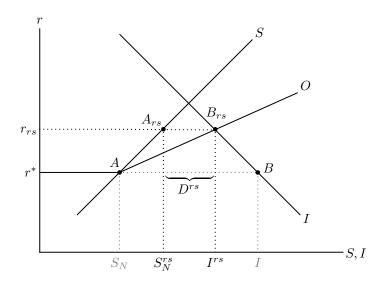


Figura 7.2: Efecto del riesgo soberano

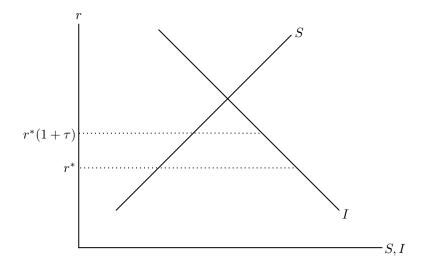


Figura 7.3: Efecto de un control de capitales

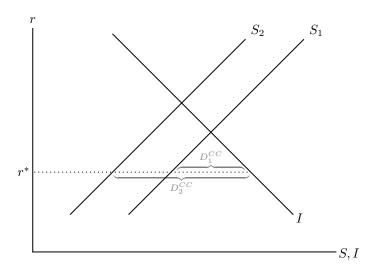


Figura 7.4: Efecto de un deterioro transitorio de los TI

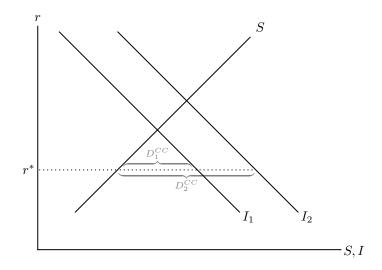


Figura 7.5: Aumento de demanda por inversión

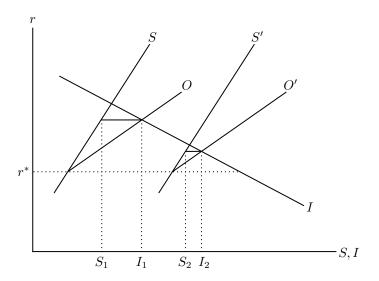


Figura 7.6: Feldstein-Horioka con movilidad imperfecta de capitales

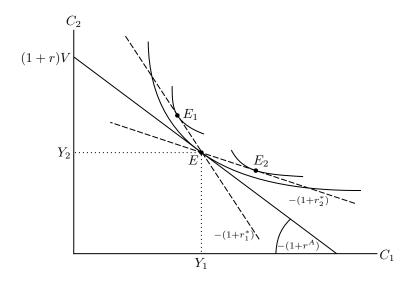


Figura 7.7: Equilibrio en economía abierta sin producción

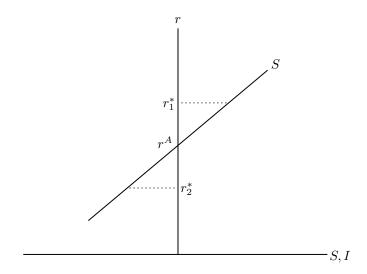


Figura 7.8: Equilibrio ahorro-inversión en economía abierta

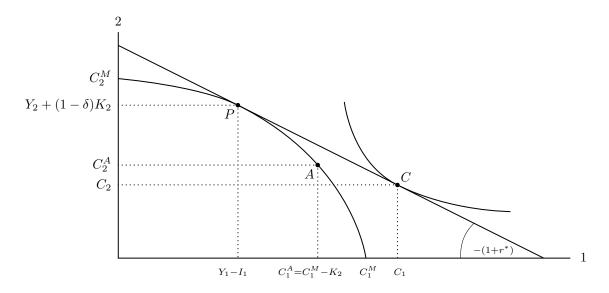


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8. Economía abierta: El tipo de cambio real

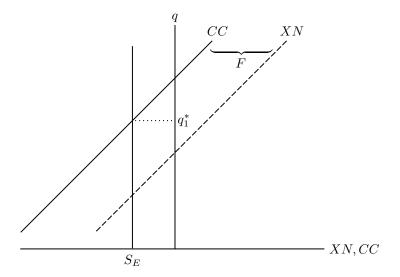


Figura 8.1: Determinación del tipo de cambio real

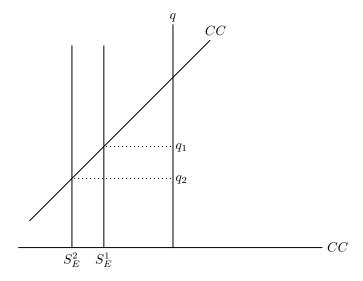


Figura $8.2 \colon \text{Expansi\'on fiscal en bienes nacionales}$

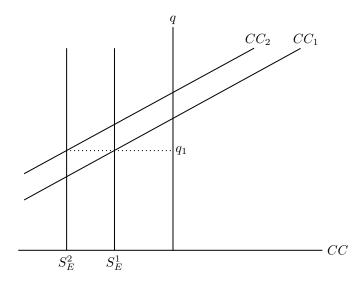


Figura 8.3: Expansión fiscal en bienes importados

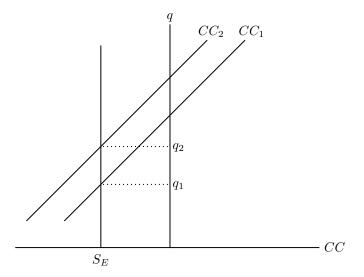


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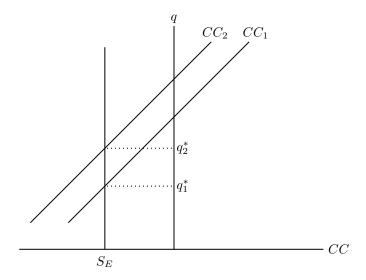


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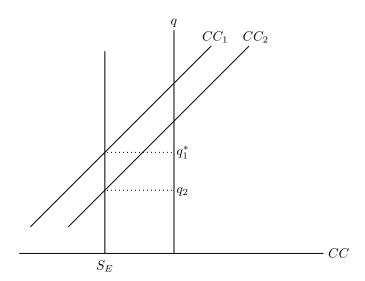


Figura 8.6: Aumento permanente de la productividad

- 9. Más sobre el tipo de cambio real y cuenta corriente
- 10. Introducción al crecimiento económico
- 11. El modelo neoclásico de crecimiento

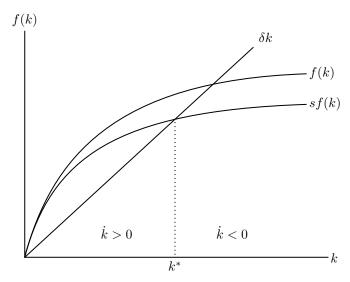


Figura 11.1: Modelo de Solow

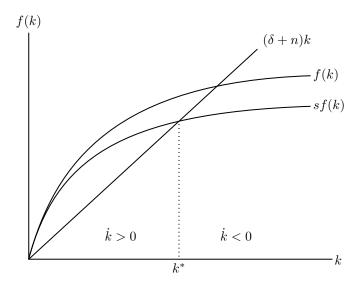


Figura 11.2: Modelo de Solow con crecimiento de la población

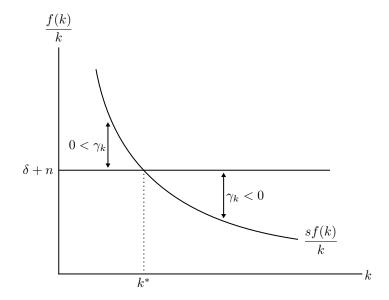


Figura 11.3: Tasa de crecimiento del capital

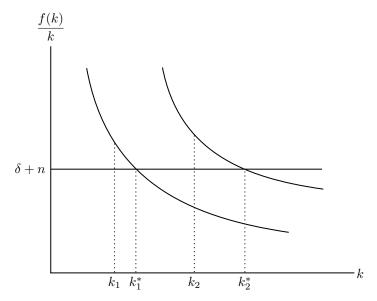


Figura 11.4: Convergencia condicional

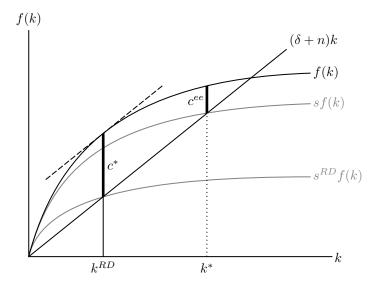


Figura 11.5: Regla dorada

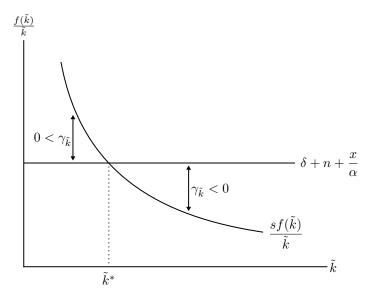


Figura 11.6: Progreso técnico

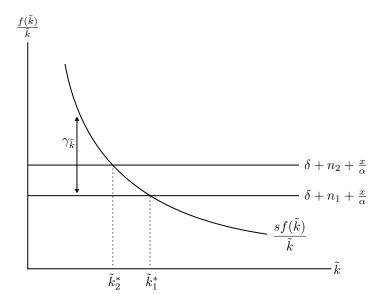


Figura 11.7: Aumento de la tasa de crecimiento de la población con progreso técnico

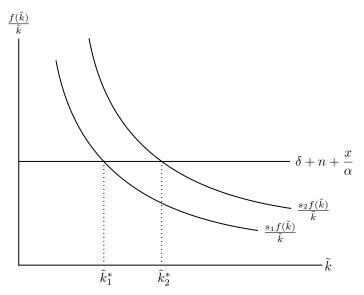


Figura 11.8: Efecto de un aumento de la tasa de ahorro

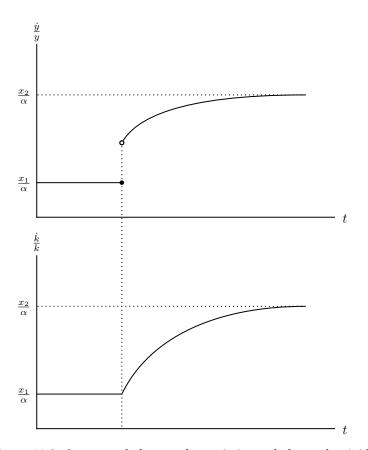


Figura 11.9: Aumento de la tasa de crecimiento de la productividad

12. Modelos de crecimiento: Extensiones

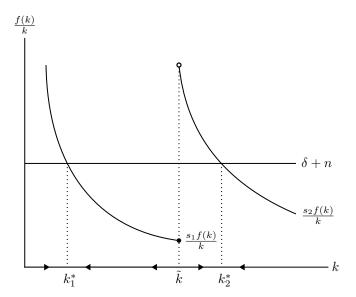


Figura 12.1: Trampa de pobreza

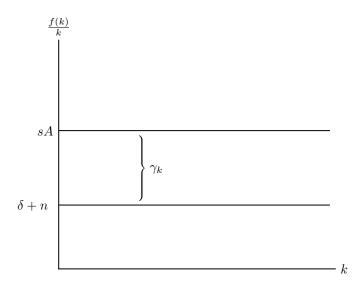


Figura 12.2: Modelo AK

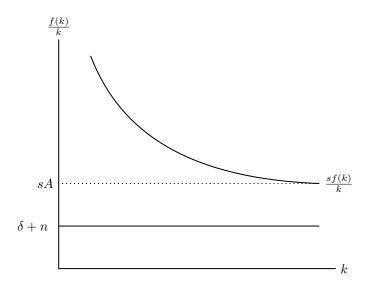


Figura 12.3: Modelo AK extendido

13. Evidencia empírica

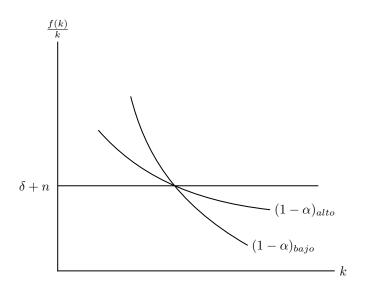


Figura 13.1: Convergencia cuando $y=k^{1-\alpha}$

14. Crecimiento económico con ahorro óptimo

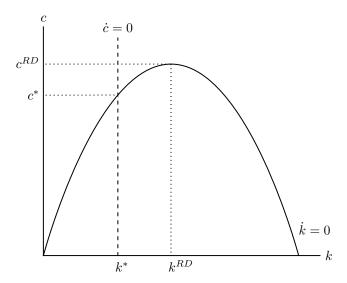


Figura 14.1: Estado estacionario

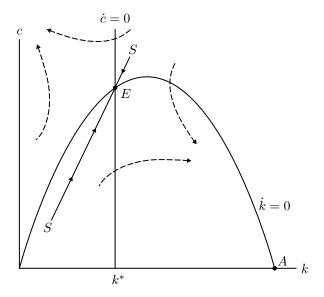


Figura 14.2: Dinámica

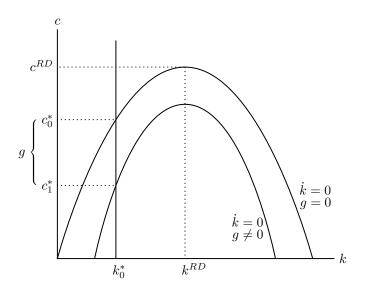


Figura 14.3: Estado estacionario con gobierno

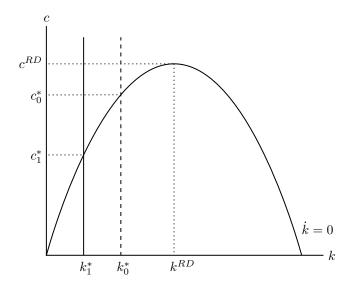


Figura 14.4: Impuestos distorsionadores

15. Teoría cuantitativa, neutralidad y demanda por dinero

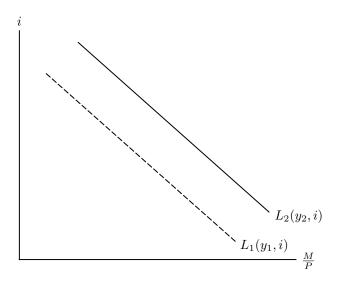


Figura 15.1: Efecto de un aumento del ingreso en la demanda por dinero

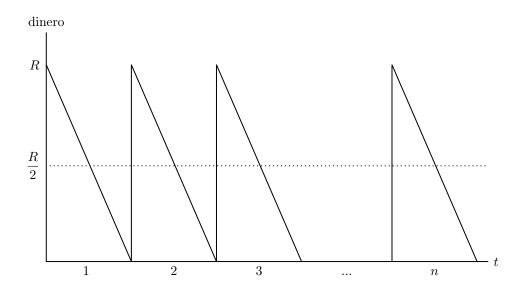


Figura 15.2: Demanda por dinero en el modelo Baumol-Tobin

16. Oferta de dinero, política monetaria e inflación

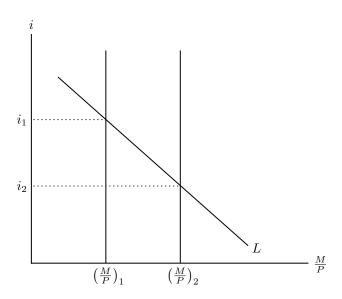


Figura 16.1: Equilibrio en el mercado monetario

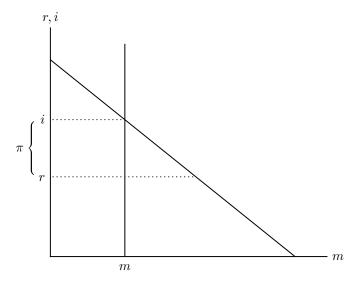


Figura 16.2: Impuesto inflación

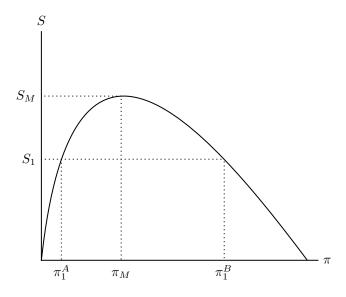


Figura 16.3: Inflación y Señoreaje

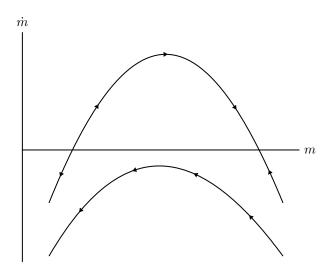


Figura 16.4: Dinámica de hiperinflación

- 17. Política monetaria y mercados financieros
- 18. Introducción a las fluctuaciones de corto plazo

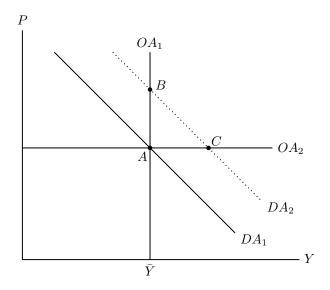


Figura 18.1: Oferta y demanda agregadas

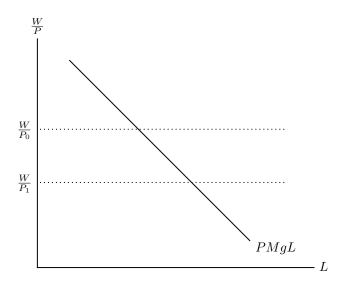


Figura 18.2: Demanda por trabajo

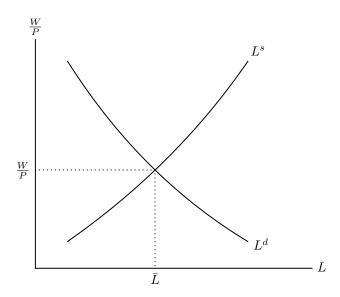
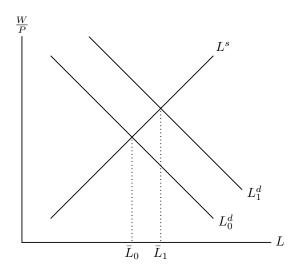
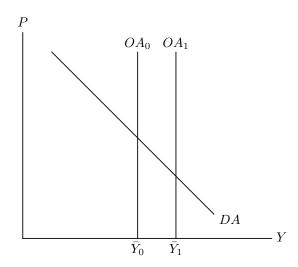


Figura 18.3: Equilibrio en el mercado del trabajo





(a) Expansión de la demanda de trabajo

(b) Expansión de la oferta agregada

Figura 18.4: Cambios en producto de pleno empleo

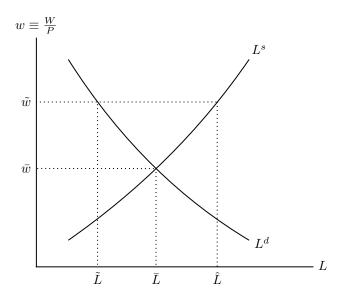


Figura 18.5: Rigidez del salario real

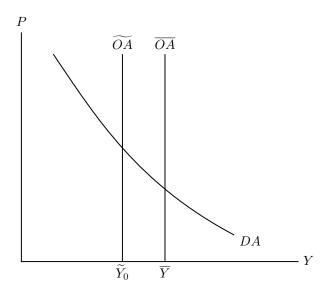


Figura 18.6: Oferta agregada y rigideces reales

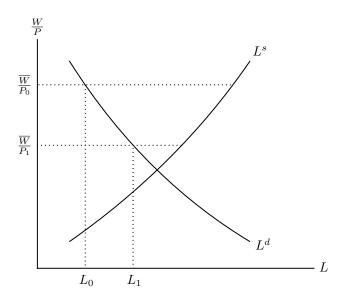


Figura 18.7: Mercado del trabajo con rigideces nominales

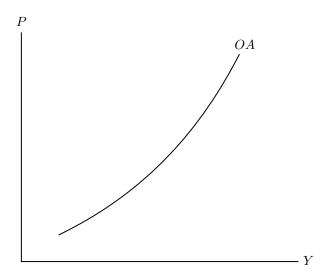


Figura 18.8: Oferta agregada con rigideces nominales

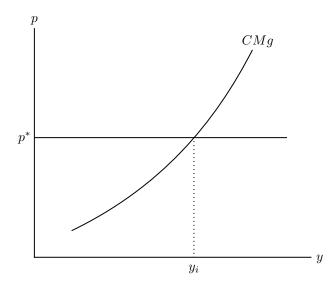


Figura 18.9: Decisión de producción en un mercado competitivo

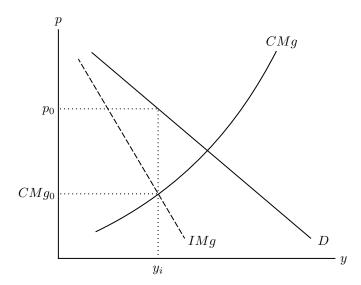


Figura 18.10: Determinación del precio de un monopolio

19. El modelo keynesiano de economía cerrada: IS-LM

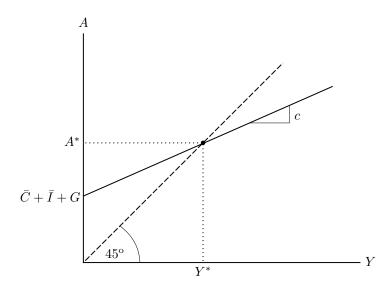


Figura 19.1: Equilibrio del producto con la demanda agregada

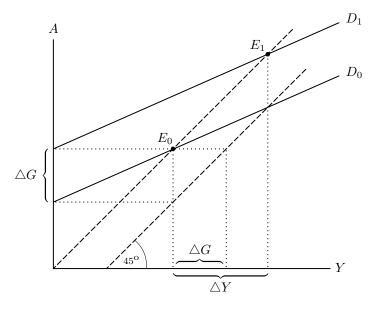


Figura 19.2: Efecto multiplicador de la política fiscal

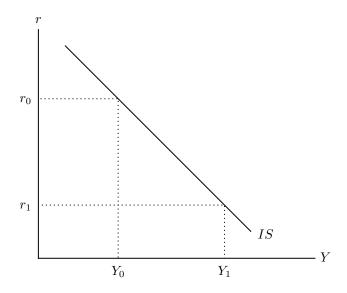


Figura 19.3: La curva IS

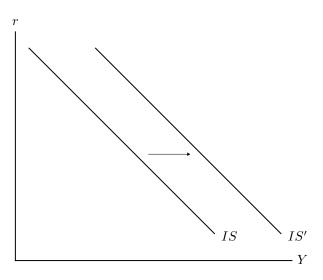


Figura 19.4: Desplazamiento de la IS

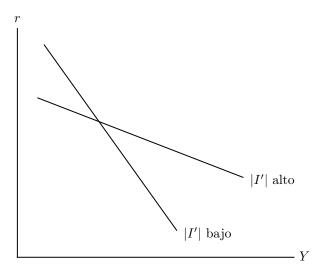


Figura 19.5: Pendiente de la IS

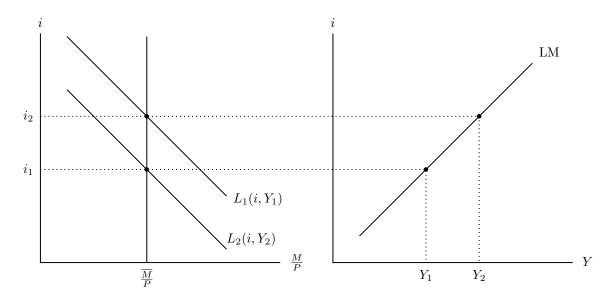


Figura 19.6: Derivando la curva LM $\,$

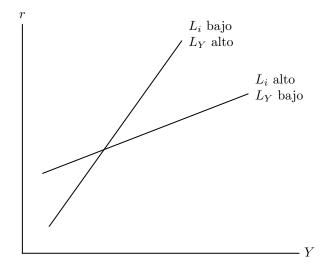


Figura 19.7: Pendiente de la LM

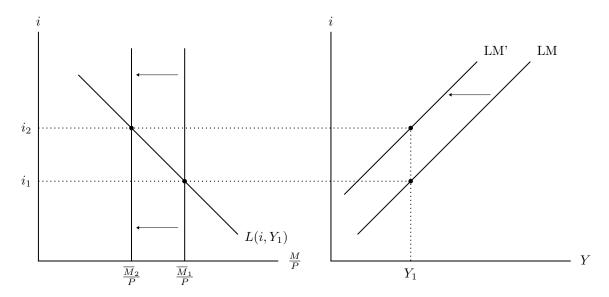


Figura 19.8: Desplazamiento de la LM con exceso de demanda por dinero

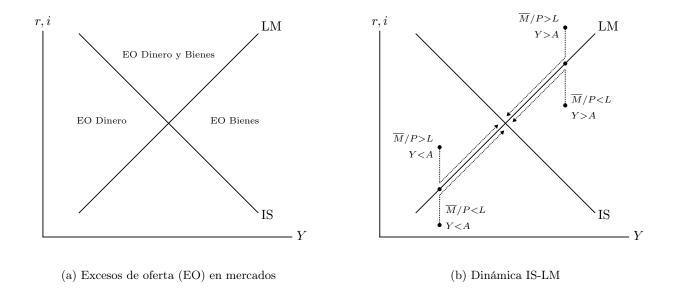
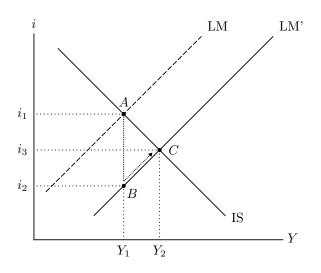
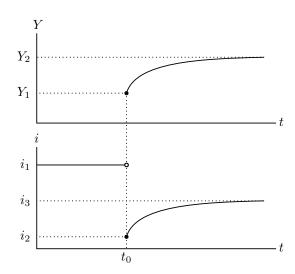


Figura 19.9: Desequilibrio y dinámica IS-LM





- (a) IS-LM con política monetaria expansiva
- (b) Evolución del producto y la tasa de interés

Figura 19.10: Efectos de una política monetaria expansiva

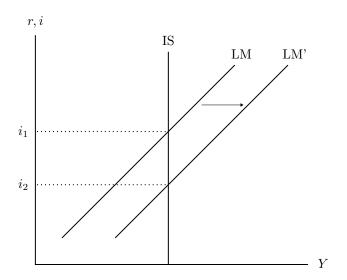


Figura 19.11: Política monetaria inefectiva

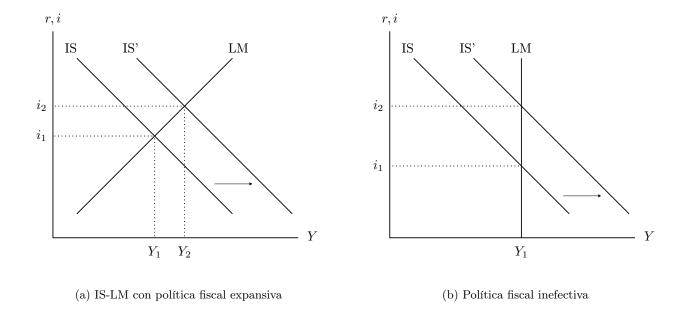


Figura 19.12: Efectos de una política fiscal expansiva

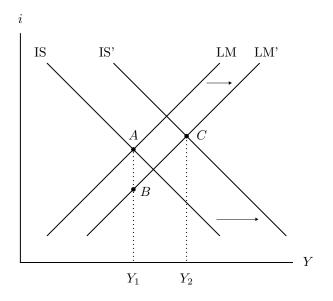


Figura 19.13: Cambios en los precios y efecto riqueza

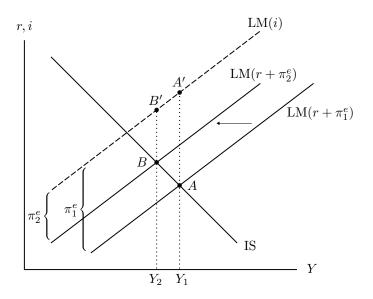


Figura 19.14: Cambios en los precios y efecto riqueza

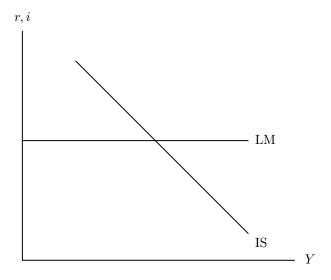


Figura 19.15: Trampa de liquidez

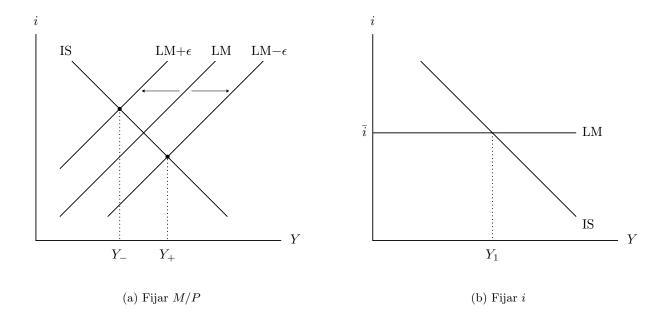


Figura 19.16: Políticas y sus efectos frente a shocks de la LM

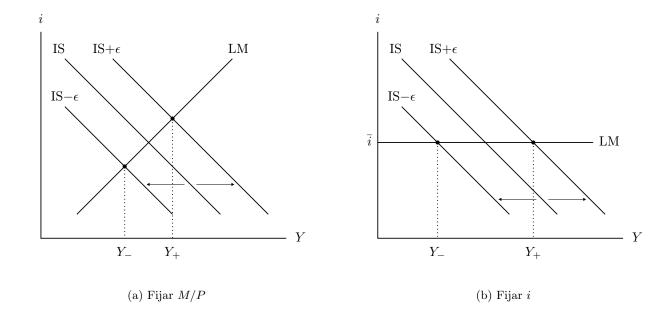


Figura 19.17: Políticas y sus efectos frente a shocks de la IS

20. El modelo de Mundell-Fleming

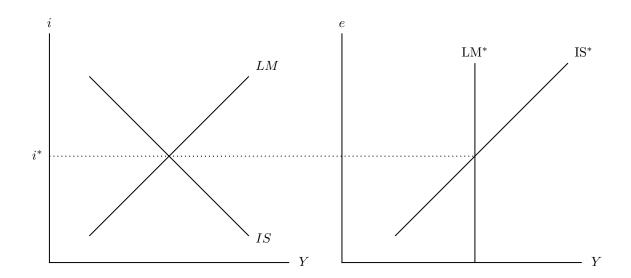


Figura 20.1: IS y LM en economía abierta con perfecta movilidad de capitales

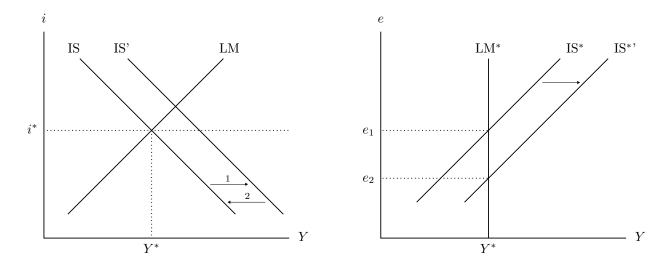


Figura 20.2: Efectos de una política fiscal expansiva

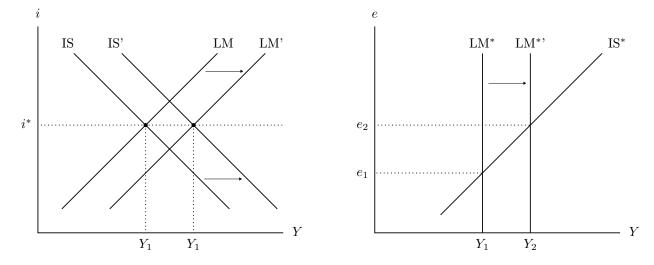


Figura 20.3: Efectos de una política monetaria expansiva

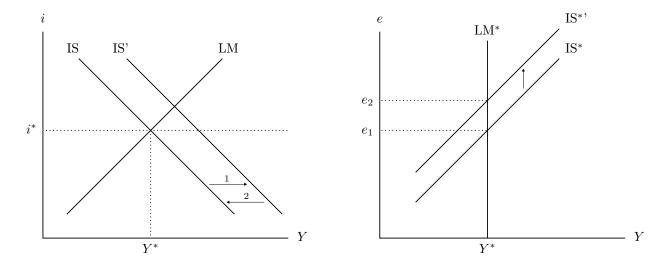


Figura 20.4: Efectos de una rebaja de aranceles

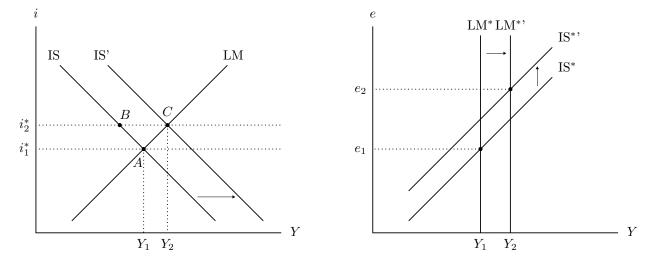


Figura 20.5: Efectos de un alza de la tasa de interés internacional

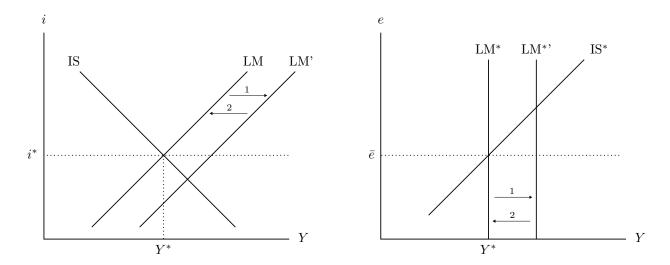


Figura 20.6: Política monetaria expansiva con TC fijo

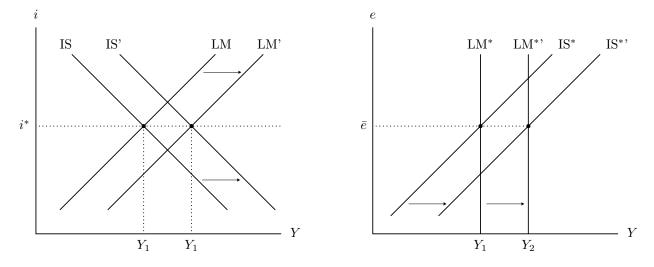


Figura 20.7: Política fiscal expansiva con TC fijo

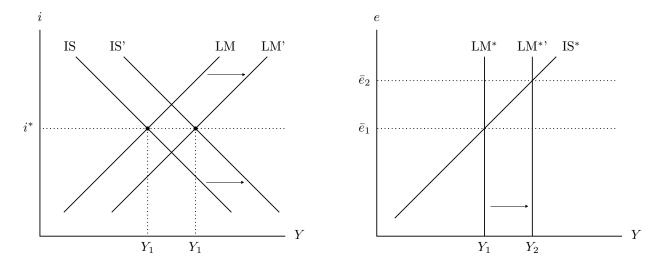


Figura 20.8: Devaluación nominal

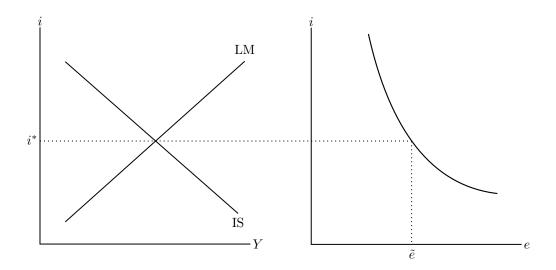


Figura 20.9: Equilibrio de tasas, tipo de cambio y producto

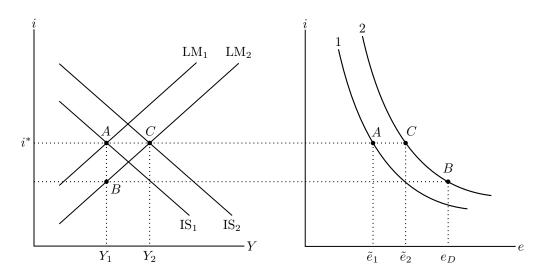


Figura 20.10: Equilibrio de tasas, tipo de cambio y producto

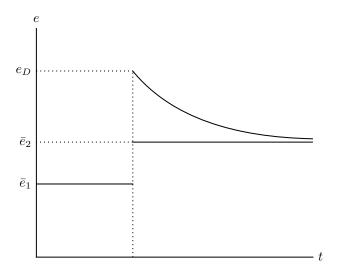


Figura 20.11: Expansión monetaria y overshooting de Dornbusch

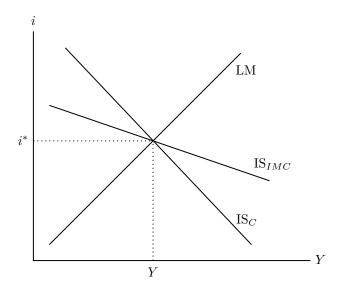


Figura 20.12: Pendiente IS en economías cerradas y abiertas

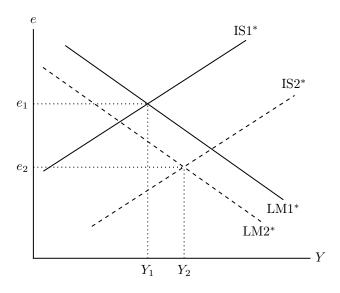


Figura 20.13: Disminución del riesgo país con movilidad imperfecta de capitales

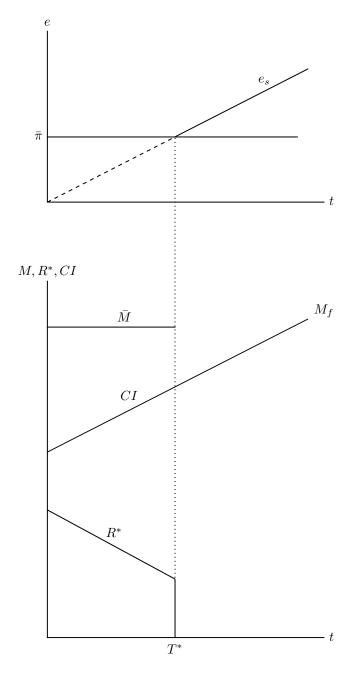


Figura 20.14: Crisis cambiaria

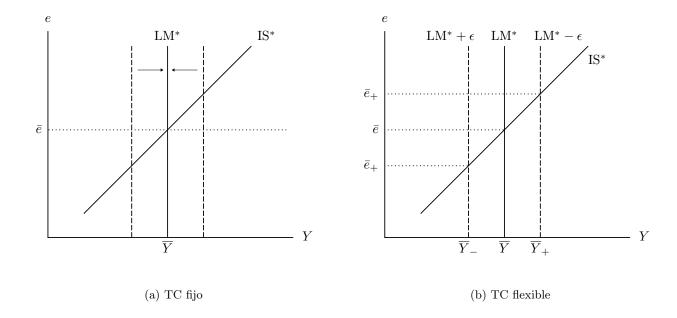


Figura 20.15: Shocks monetarios y régimen cambiario

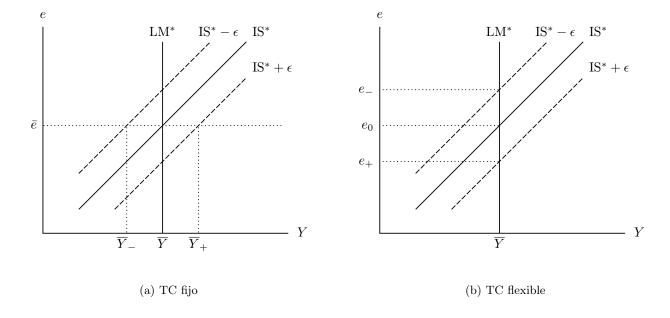


Figura 20.16: Shocks de demanda agregada y régimen cambiario

21. La oferta agregada y la curva de Phillips

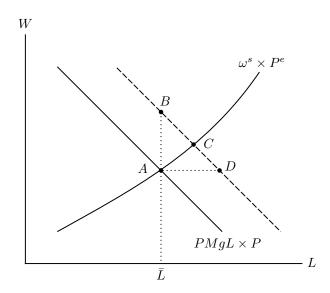


Figura 21.1: Mercado del trabajo, rigidez nominal y expectativas

22. Oferta, demanda agregada y políticas macroeconómicas

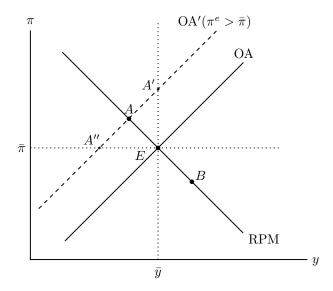


Figura 22.1: Oferta agregada y regla de política monetaria

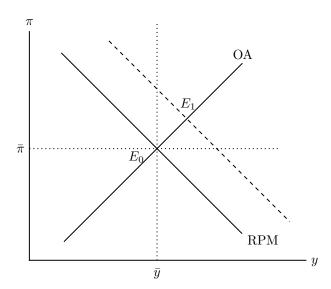


Figura 22.2: Política fiscal expansiva y shocks de demanda transitorios

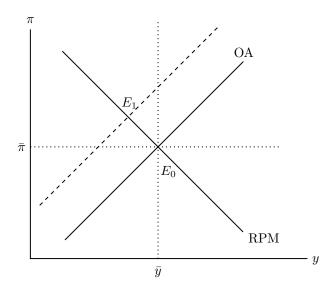


Figura 22.3: Shock inflacionario

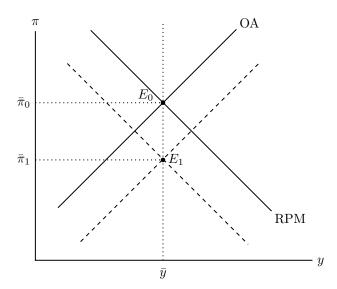


Figura 22.4: Caída de las expectativas de inflación

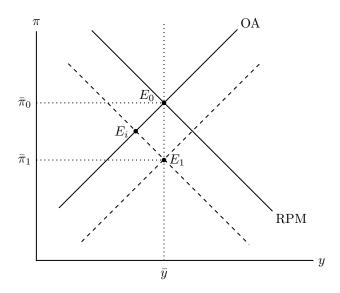


Figura 22.5: Reducción de la meta de inflación

- 23. Fluctuaciones en modelos del ciclo económico real
- 24. Los mercados del trabajo y del crédito en el ciclo económico

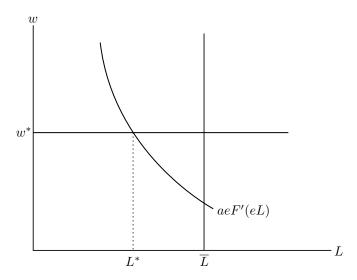


Figura 24.1: Salarios de eficiencia rígidos

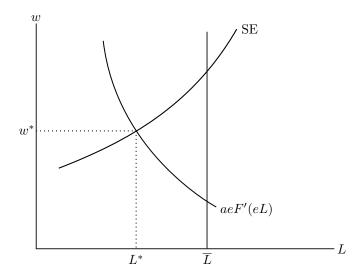


Figura 24.2: Salarios de eficiencia y esfuerzo imperfectamente monitoreable

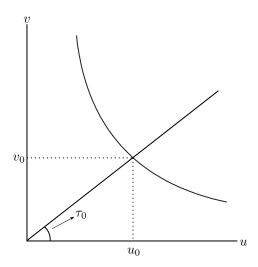


Figura 24.3: Curva de Beveridge

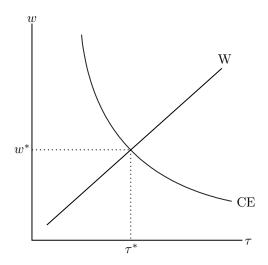


Figura 24.4: Salario y estrechez del mercado laboral de equilibrio $\,$

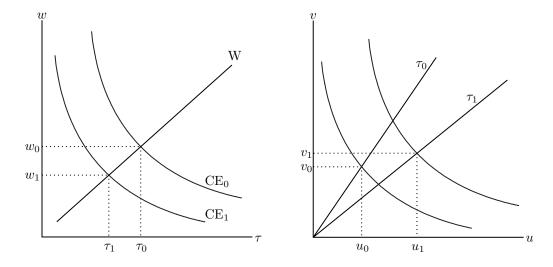


Figura 24.5: Efectos de un aumento en la probabilidad de dejar un empleo $\left(s\right)$

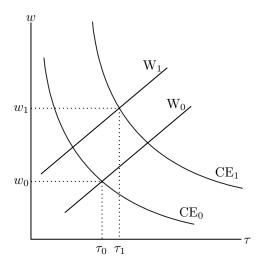


Figura 24.6: Efectos de un aumento de la productividad (y).

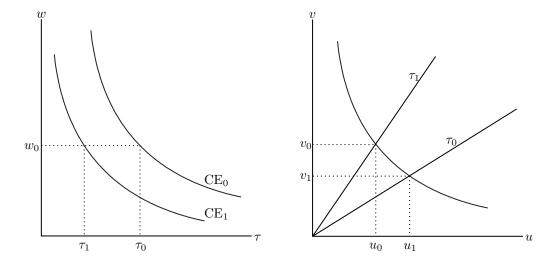


Figura 24.7: Efectos de una caída de la productividad con salarios rígidos.

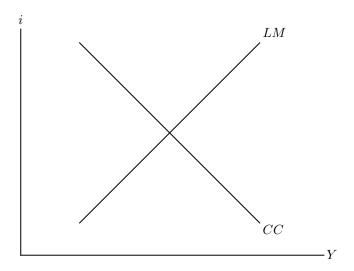


Figura 24.8: Efectos del crédito bancario en el modelo (IS)CC-LM $\,$

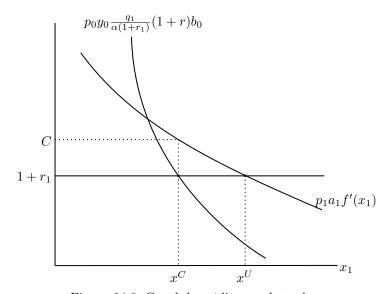


Figura 24.9: Canal de crédito y colaterales

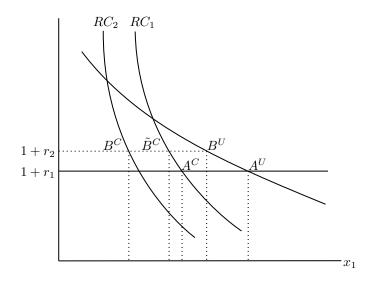


Figura 24.10: Aumento de tasa de interés y reducción del crédito

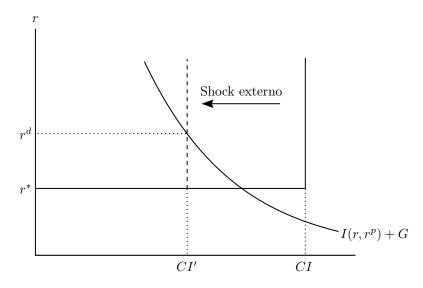


Figura 24.11: Colateral internacional y financiamiento externo