Example and Tutorial for the StatRep Package

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Introduction

This article provides an example and a tutorial that show how to use the StatRep LATEX package. For complete details see the StatRep User's Guide that accompanies the package (statrepmanual.pdf). The package is available for download at http://support.sas.com/StatRepPackage.

When you use the StatRep IATEX package, you use the following four-step process to create an executable document that enables you to ensure that your research results are reproducible:

- Create your LATEX document so that it contains your text, data, and SAS code.
- 2. Compile your document with pdfIATFX to generate the SAS program.
- 3. Execute the SAS program to capture your output. For each code block in your document, SAS creates a SAS Output Delivery System (ODS) document that contains the resulting output.
 - For each output request in your document, SAS replays the specified output objects to external files. All your requested output is generated and captured when you execute the generated SAS program.
- 4. Recompile your LATEX document. In this step, the requested outputs are embedded in the resulting final PDF document.
 - You might need to repeat this step so that IATEX can measure the listing outputs to ensure that they are framed appropriately.

Step 1: Create Your LATEX Document

This article provides you with an example LATEX document already created as in step 1.

The purpose of the Datastep environment is to read in data. It produces no output.

The SAS statements in the Datastep environment create a new data set called Wine. The first= and last= options specify that only a portion of the data set be displayed.

...descriptive text that introduces data...

```
data Wine;
  input WineType $ VisitLength @0;
  datalines;
white 80 white 98 white 115 white 89 white 103
white 91 white 119 white 31 white 109 white 95
... more data lines ...
red 104 red 91 red 132 red 78 red 107
red 101 red 92
:
```

The purpose of the Sascode environment is to generate output. The statements in the following Sascode environment perform an analysis that uses the ANOVA procedure (PROC ANOVA). You use the store= option so that later in your document you can refer to output that is created in the Sascode environment. In this example, all output that is generated by the analysis is stored in the ODS document wineA.

...descriptive text that introduces the analysis...

```
ods graphics on;
proc anova data=Wine;
  class WineType;
  model VisitLength = WineType;
run;
ods graphics off;
```

The \Listing and \Graphic tags specify the output to be displayed. The purpose of the \Listing tag is to display tabular output and notes. The purpose of the \Graphic tag is to display graphical output.

 \dots descriptive text that introduces output \dots

The \Listing tag selects three output tables from the wineA ODS document: ClassLevels, NObs, and OverallANOVA

 $\label{eq:Figure 1: Analysis of Variance for Visit Length} Figure \ 1: \ Analysis \ of \ Variance \ for \ Visit \ Length$

The ANOVA Procedure					
Class Level Information					
	Class	Levels	Values		
	WineType	2	red white		
Number of Observations Read 42					
Number of Observations Used 42					
The ANOVA Procedure					
Dependent Variable: VisitLength					
		Sum of			
Source	DF	Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	1	225.40896	225.40896	0.47	0.4989
Error	40	19363.16247	484.07906		
Corrected Total	41	19588.57143			

The \Graphic tag selects the BoxPlot graph from the wineA ODS document.

... descriptive text that introduces the graph...

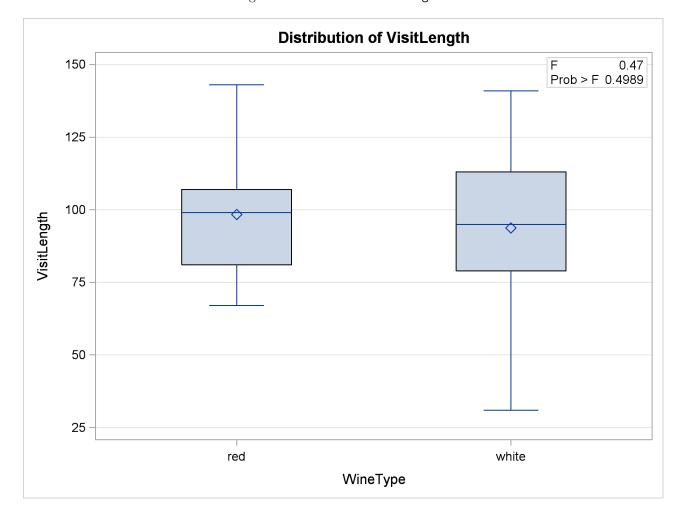


Figure 2: Box Plots for Visit Length

Step 2: Compile Your Document

You can compile your document as follows from the command line:

pdflatex quickstart.tex

If you use a \LaTeX -aware editor, such as \LaTeX -works, you can use it to compile your document.

In either case, when you compile your document, the StatRep system produces a PDF file and generates a SAS program.

Note: The requested output is missing after the first compile step. (This is normal at this step.)

Step 3: Execute the SAS Program

Open the generated SAS program quickstart_SR.sas in a SAS session. From the SAS main menu, select Run—Submit.

In this step, SAS generates the results that are requested in your document. By default, tabular output files are created in the 'lst' subdirectory and graphic output files are created in the 'png' subdirectory.

Step 4: Recompile Your LATEX Document

The last step is to recompile your document with pdfIATEX. As in the first compilation, you can use a IATEX-aware editor such as TEXworks, or you can use the pdflatex command in a terminal window.

In this recompilation step, the outputs that are captured by the SAS program are included in the final PDF document.

Conclusion

When you generate the SAS program by compiling your document with pdfLATEX, the StatRep package does the following:

- The lines in the Datastep environment are passed unchanged to the program.
- The lines in the Sascode environment are parsed for line commands and passed to the program.
- Each \Listing tag selects the specified notes and tables.
- Each \Graphic tag selects the specified graphs.

When you execute the generated SAS program, the output that is specified in the \Listing and \Graphic tags is automatically captured.

When you recompile your LATEX document, the \Listing and \Graphic tags insert the requested SAS results and page breaks are handled automatically.