

LAB 10/03

1. Find and correct both the syntax and logical errors of following program, and illustrate what this code does.

```
#include<stdio.h>

int mian(void)
{
    int r
    const float area
    const double PI=3.14159
    double 3v
    double x y

    printf("Please input the radius:");
    scanf("%d\n",r);
    area==PI*r^2;
    printf("The area of circle is %d\n\n",&area);

    printf("Please input a fraction number:");
    scanf("%d\n",3v);
    printf("The decimal part of float number is %d\n,(int)3v");
    printf("The fraction part of float number is %lg\n\n,v-(int)3v")

    print("What's the difference between -1>>2 and -1/4 ??\n");
    printf("-1>>2 = %d    and    -1/4 = %d\n\n",-1>>2,-1/4);

    printf("Plaese input two integer x and y: ");
    scanf("%lf,%lf\n",x,y);
    printf("\n"x\" / \"y\" = %x ..... %d",x/y,x%y);

    getch()
    return 0;
}
```

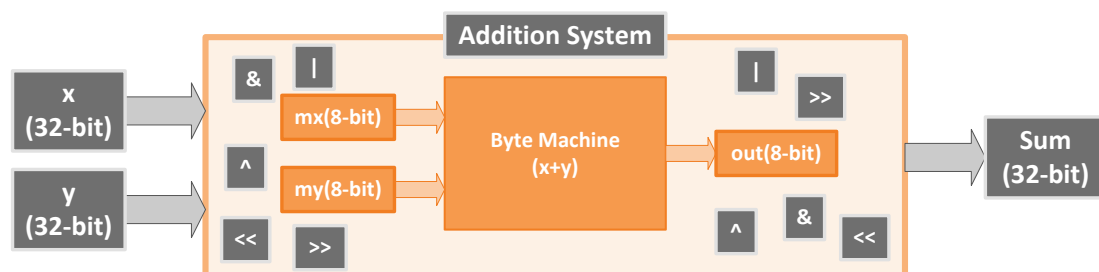
- Write a program that prompts the user to input two numbers with data type double: x and y. Then output the value of x (+, -, *, /) y as the following example. Notice the spacing between numbers, please complete each formula with only one printf().

```

Input: 3.14159 1.8765432
1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
3.14159 = 3.14 + 00000.0015000000 + 0000.00009
00000003.1 + 1.87654 = 5.018
003.141590 * 1.8765432000 = 00000005.8953294
3.142 / 00000001.877 = 1.67414

```

- An addition system can do addition with two "int" numbers whose lengths are both 32 bits (4 bytes) and then output an "int" result (32-bit, 4-byte). But this system has a "byte machine" which can only do addition with two numbers whose lengths are both 8 bits (1 byte) and then output an 8-bit result. Outside the byte machine, the system can only do bit operation, i.e., &, |, ^, >>, <<. Please implement this system as above requirement.



```

#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int x, y, sum; // input: x,y ; output: sum
    unsigned char mx, my, out; // machine input: mx,my ; machine output: out
    bool ca=0; // carry

    // The rest part you have to finish...

    return 0;
}

```