Please fill in the following form. We will convert it into TEI conformant data to put it on the VICAV website. Have a look at previously published examples on the VICAV website.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | profile\_{location}\_01 |
| Author of this profile | Claudia Laaber |
| Image |  |
| Copyright of image |  |
| Name (English) | Iksal |
| Name (Fuṣḥā, transcription) | Iksāl |
| Name (Fuṣḥā, Arabic) | إكسال |
| Name in local variety (in transcription) | Iksāl |
| Geo location | 32°40’ N  35°19’ E |
| Typology (Local) | East (Mashreq)>Levant>Galilee |
| Typology (General) | rural dialect |
| General | Iksal is a small town in Lower Galilee situated in the Nazareth hills. The majority of its inhabitants are Arab Muslims. Historic evidence for it dates back to the Roman and Byzantine eras. The town inherits the remains of a castle probably built under Mamluk or Crusader rule. |
| Research history | Palva (1965) is an investigation on anaptyctic and prothetic vowels in Lower Galilean Arabic, which also provides information on the dialect of Iksal and contains a collection of sample texts.  Nevo (2006) presents a detailed linguistic description of the local Arabic. |
| Dictionaries |  |
| Text books |  |
| Audio data |  |
| Bibliography | {leave empty} |
| Sample text | {leave empty} |
| Linguistic features | {leave empty} |

Palva, Heikki. 1965. *Lower Galilean Arabic. An Analysis of Its Anaptyctic and Prothetic Vowels With Sample Texts*. Studia Orientalia 32. Helsinki: Societas Orientalis Fennica.

Nevo, Moshe. 2006. ‘Notes on the Arabic Dialect of Iksāl’. *Zeitschrift Für Arabische Linguistik*, no. 46: 26–58.