Please fill in the following form. We will convert it into TEI conformant data to put it on the VICAV website. Have a look at previously published examples on the VICAV website.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | proprofile\_{location}\_01file\_{location}\_01 |
| Author of this profile | Stephan Procházka |
| Image | D:\Stephan\Pictures\2008-02-Syrien\Arwad\Schiffe_085.JPG |
| Copyright of image | Stephan Procházka 2008 |
| Name of location (English) | Arwad |
| Name of location (Fuṣḥā, transcription) | Arwād |
| Name of location (Fuṣḥā, Arabic) | أرواد |
| Name in local variety (in transcription) | Arwēd |
| Geo location | 34.8559324  35.85788727 |
| Typology (Local) | East (Mashreq) > Levant > Syria > Coast |
| Typology (General) | Sedentary dialect with characteristic features distinguishing it from mainland varieties |
| General | Arwad is Syria’s only inhabited island. It is situated three kilometres off the coast opposite the port town of Tartous. Its population is about 2,000. The island is one of the last places in the Eastern Mediterranean where traditional wooden ships are built. |
| Research history | The linguistic atlas of Syria (Behnstedt 1997) contains some important data on Arwad (no. 256 on the maps). Solaÿmân and Charles 1972 is a detailed lexical study on sailing and maritime life. Procházka 2013 includes a short grammatical sketch and two texts on boat-building, with English translation. |
| Dictionaries |  |
| Text books |  |
| Audio data |  |
| Bibliography | {leave empty} |
| Sample text | {leave empty} |
| Linguistic features | {leave empty} |