Please fill in the following form. We will convert it into TEI conformant data to put it on the VICAV website. Have a look at previously published examples on the VICAV website.

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| ID | profile\_{location}\_01 |
| Author of this profile | Ilona Bruckner |
| Image | C:\Users\bruckneri78\Documents\TUNOCENT\TUNOCENT_Aufnahmen_ILONA_JuniJuli\Silyena\15.-16.7._Lakhwet\IMG_5024.JPG |
| Copyright of image | Ilona Bruckner |
| Name (English) | Al Akhawat, El Akhouat |
| Name (Fuṣḥā, transcription) | al-ʔAxawāt |
| Name (Fuṣḥā, Arabic) | الأخوات |
| Name in local variety (in transcription) | l-Axwǟt |
| Geo location | 36.31, 9.24 |
| Typology (Local) | West (Maghreb) > Tunisia > North Western Tunisia |
| Typology (General) | Bedouin-type dialect |
| General | l-Axwǟt is a small town in the north of the Governorate Silyǟna. Despite its smallness, it has some developed infrastructure and a direct train connection to the capital. Due to its closeness to Tunis, its fertile earth and natural resources it was of great interest for the French. l-Axwǟt is part of the district (*muʕtamadīya*) of Gaʕfūr that is inhabited mainly by the tribes of Ūlǟd Žwīn, il-Wislǟtīya, il-Kinǟzra and il-Brākta. From 1952 until 1993, the main employer was a zinc- and lead-mine, attracting workers from all around Tunisia’s North Western and central regions and even from Libya. Therefore, many different dialects mingled in the region. After the mine had been closed, many became unemployed and left the town. Now the most important economic branch is agriculture. |
| Research history | To the best of our knowledge hitherto no research has been done on the dialect of l-Axwǟt, however this dialect is linguistically investigated within the TUNOCENT project. |
| Dictionaries |  |
| Text books |  |
| Audio data |  |
| Bibliography | {leave empty} |
| Sample text | {leave empty} |
| Linguistic features | {leave empty} |