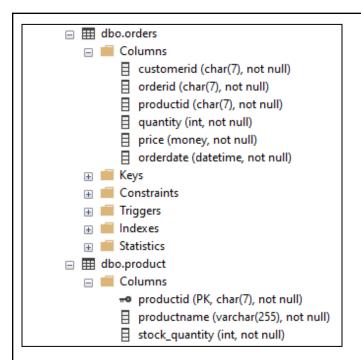
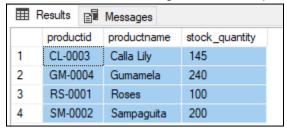
Activity No. 14.1 - Transactions	
Name: Efa, Christian Guevarra, Hans Angelo Mendoza, John Renzo Nicolas, Sean Julian Vinluan, Armando	<b>Date:</b> 02/12/2022
Section: CPE21S3	Instructor: Dr. Jonathan Vidal Taylar
Objectives:	
This activity aims to create and manage transactions in databases	
Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):	
The students should be able to: 2.1 Create and apply transactions in databases 2.2 Troubleshoot error(s) encountered in developing transactions.	
Output	
1. Create the ABCFlowerShop database and the tables in ABCFlowerShop database    ABCFlowerShop	



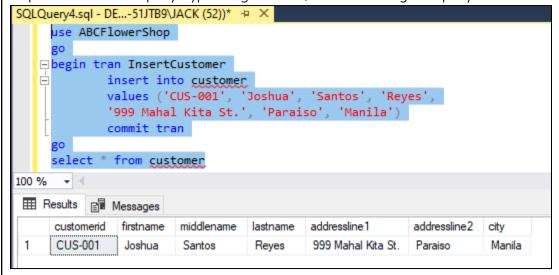
2. Insert the following data into the product table.



#### **COMMIT TRANSACTION**

A. Using T-SQL

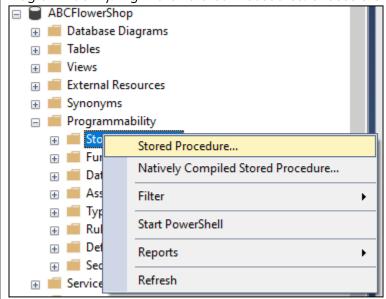
Step 1: In Object Explorer, connect to an instance of Database Engine and then expand that instan Step 2: Create a new query. Type the given T-SQL. Execute the given query.



#### B. Using Stored Procedure

Step 1: In Object Explorer, connect to an instance of Database Engine and then expand that instance.

Step 2: Expand Databases, expand the ABCFlowerShop database, and then expand Programmability. Right-click Stored Procedures. Choose Stored Procedure



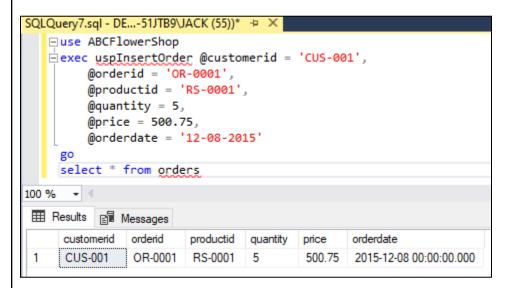
Step 3: Create the uspInsertOrder stored procedure. Type your name as author and the current date in Create data field. Click Execute or Press F5 to save the stored procedure.

```
SET ANSI NULLS ON
    SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
    GO
   -- Author: <Project 11,,Name>
    -- Create date: <November 28,,>
    -- Description: <Description,,>
    CREATE PROCEDURE uspInsertOrder
       -- Add the parameters for the stored procedure here
       @customerid char(7), @orderid char(7), @productid char(7),
       @quantity int, @price money, @orderdate datetime
    AS
    BEGIN TRAN InsertOrder
       BEGIN TRY
           INSERT orders (customerid, orderid, productid,
           quantity, price, orderdate)
           VALUES(@customerid, @orderid, @productid,
           @quantity, @price, @orderdate)
           COMMIT TRAN InsertOrder
       END TRY
       BEGIN CATCH
           ROLLBACK TRAN InsertOrder
       END CATCH
100 % ▼ ◀

    Messages

  Commands completed successfully.
  Completion time: 2022-11-28T15:01:26.6299176+08:00
```

Step 4: Create a new query to test the uspInsertOrder stored procedure. Click Execute or Press F5

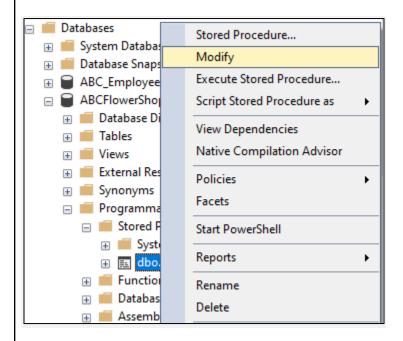


#### **ROLLBACK TRANSACTION**

Step 1: In Object Explorer, connect to an instance of Database Engine and then expand that instance.

Step 2: Expand Databases, expand the ABCFlowerShop database, and then expand Programmability.

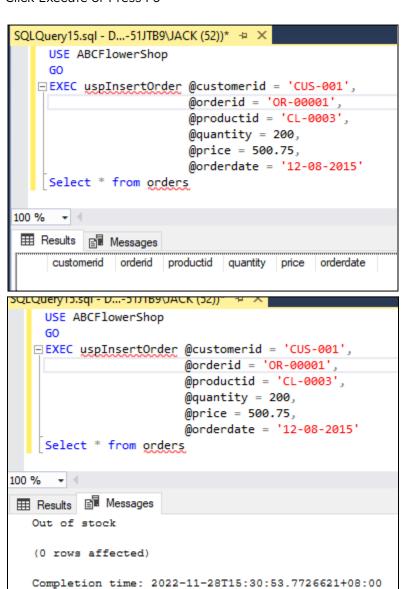
Expand Stored Procedures and Right-click uspInsertOrder. Choose Modify.



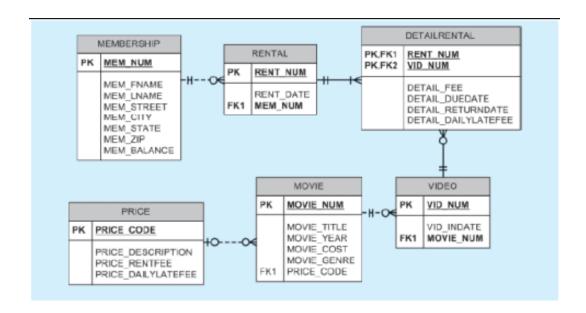
Step 3:Modify the uspInsertOrder stored procedure using the given figure to rollback the transaction if the ordered product is out of stock.

```
SQLQuery9.sql - DE...-51JTB9\JACK (59))* □ ×
    USE [ABCFlowerShop]
    /***** Object: StoredProcedure [dbo].[uspInsertOrder] Scrip
    SET ANSI_NULLS ON
    SET QUOTED IDENTIFIER ON
   -- ------
     -- Author: <Project 11,,Name>
    -- Create date: <November 28,,>
    -- Description: <Description,,>
    -- ------
   □ALTER PROCEDURE [dbo] [uspInsertOrder]
        -- Add the parameters for the stored procedure here
        @customerid char(7), @orderid char(7), @productid char(7),
        @quantity int, @price money, @orderdate datetime
    AS
    DECLARE @stock_quantity int
   BEGIN
    SET NOCOUNT ON
    SET XACT_ABORT ON
       BEGIN TRY
            BEGIN TRAN InsertOrder
            SELECT @stock_quantity = stock quantity from product
            where productid = @productid
           INSERT orders (customerid, orderid, productid,
            quantity, price, orderdate)
            VALUES(@customerid, @orderid, @productid,
            @quantity, @price, @orderdate)
           if @quantity > @stock_quantity
                BEGIN
                ROLLBACK TRAN InsertOrder
                PRINT 'Out of stock'
                END
            else
                COMMIT TRAN InsertOrder
        END TRY
        BEGIN CATCH
            SELECT ERROR MESSAGE()
            IF @@TRANCOUNT > 0
                ROLLBACK TRAN InsertOrder
        END CATCH
    END
100 % ▼ 4
 Messages
  Commands completed successfully.
   Completion time: 2022-11-28T15:14:24.8501409+08:00
```

Step 4: Create a new query to test the rollback transaction of uspInsertOrder stored procedure. Click Execute or Press F5



# **Supplementary Activity**



- 1. Create a database TinyVideo.
- 2. Using the given ERD, create the following tables and relationships. Assign the appropriate data types

```
Supplementary 1 a...ryan Mendoza (63))* ⇒ × SQLQuery10.sql - D...ryan Mendoza (60))*
     CREATE DATABASE TinyVideo
    USE TinyVideo
     GO
   GCREATE TABLE MEMBERSHIP(
        MEM_NUM INT PRIMARY KEY,
        MEM FNAME VARCHAR(50),
        MEM_LNAME VARCHAR(50),
        MEM_STREET VARCHAR(100),
        MEM_CITY VARCHAR(100),
        MEM_STATE VARCHAR(100),
        MEM_ZIP VARCHAR(100),
        MEM_BALANCE VARCHAR(100)
         )
     GO
   □CREATE TABLE RENTAL(
        RENT_NUM INT PRIMARY KEY,
        RENT_DATE DATETIME,
        MEM_NUM INT NOT NULL
        FOREIGN KEY (MEM_NUM) REFERENCES MEMBERSHIP(MEM_NUM)
   ⊟CREATE TABLE PRICE(
        PRICE_CODE CHAR(7) PRIMARY KEY,
        PRICE_DESCRIPTION TEXT,
        PRICE_RENTALFEE MONEY,
        PRICE_DAILYLATEFEE MONEY
     GO
   □CREATE TABLE MOVIE(
        MOVIE_NUM INT PRIMARY KEY,
        MOVIE_TITLE VARCHAR(100),
        MOVIE_YEAR DATE,
        MOVIE_COST MONEY,
        MOVIE_GENRE VARCHAR(100),
        PRICE_CODE CHAR(7)
        FOREIGN KEY (PRICE_CODE) REFERENCES PRICE(PRICE_CODE)
      - ▼ - (
90 %
 Messages
   Commands completed successfully.
   Completion time: 2022-11-30T17:33:13.3187521+08:00
```

### Continuation

```
□CREATE TABLE VIDEO(
         VID_NUM INT PRIMARY KEY,
         VID_INDATE DATETIME,
         MOVIE_NUM INT NOT NULL
         FOREIGN KEY (MOVIE_NUM) REFERENCES MOVIE(MOVIE_NUM)
     GO
   □CREATE TABLE DETAILRENTAL(
         RENT_NUM INT,
         VID_NUM INT,
         DETAIL_FEE MONEY,
         DETAIL_DUEDATE DATETIME,
         DETAIL_RETURNDATE DATETIME,
         DETAIL_DAILYLATEFEE MONEY
         FOREIGN KEY (RENT_NUM) REFERENCES RENTAL(RENT_NUM),
         FOREIGN KEY (VID_NUM) REFERENCES VIDEO(VID_NUM)
     GO
90 %
     - + ∢

    Messages

   Commands completed successfully.
   Completion time: 2022-11-30T17:33:13.3187521+08:00
```

# **Observation:**

In this Preliminary Procedure, we have created the database using a new query based on the given entity relationship diagram.

3. Create a transaction to insert a new movie and display an appropriate error message if the user inserts a duplicate movie.

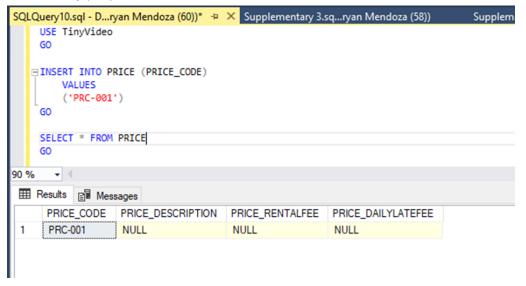
Creation of Transaction in a stored procedure

```
SQLQuery12.sql - D...ryan Mendoza (57))* SQLQuery10.sql - D...ryan Mendoza (60))*
                                                                                  Supplementary 3.sq...ryan
    -- Author:
                 <Group 11 CPE21S3>
     -- Create date: <November 30, 2022>
     -- Description: <Supplementary Step 3>
      - ------
  CREATE PROCEDURE uspInsertMovie
         -- Add the parameters for the stored procedure here
        @MOVIE_NUM INT, @MOVIE_TITLE VARCHAR(100), @MOVIE_YEAR DATE,
        @MOVIE_COST MONEY, @MOVIE_GENRE VARCHAR(100), @PRICE_CODE CHAR(7)
    DECLARE @MOVIE VARCHAR(100)
        -- SET NOCOUNT ON added to prevent extra result sets from
        \boldsymbol{\cdot}\boldsymbol{\cdot} interfering with SELECT statements.
        SET NOCOUNT ON;
         -- Insert statements for procedure here
        BEGIN TRY
             BEGIN TRAN InsertMovie
             SELECT @MOVIE = MOVIE_TITLE FROM MOVIE
            WHERE MOVIE_TITLE = @MOVIE_TITLE
             INSERT INTO MOVIE (MOVIE_NUM, MOVIE_TITLE, MOVIE_YEAR, MOVIE_COST, MOVIE_GENRE, PRICE_CODE)
             (@MOVIE_NUM, @MOVIE_TITLE, @MOVIE_YEAR, @MOVIE_COST, @MOVIE_GENRE, @PRICE_CODE)
            IF @MOVIE_TITLE = @MOVIE
                 BEGIN
                 ROLLBACK TRAN InsertMovie
                 PRINT 'Movie Title already on List'
                END
            ELSE
                 COMMIT TRAN InsertMovie
        END TRY
         BEGIN CATCH
            SELECT ERROR_MESSAGE()
             IF @@TRANCOUNT > 0
                 ROLLBACK TRAN InsertMovie
        END CATCH
     END
    GO.
90 % 🕶 🔻

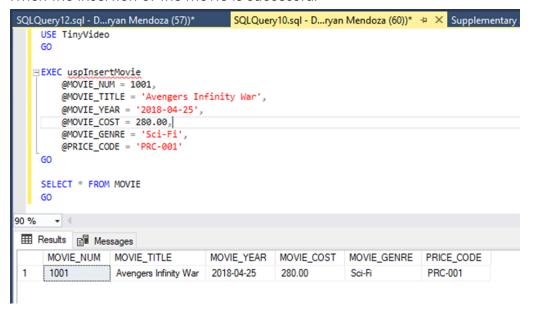
    Messages

   Commands completed successfully.
   Completion time: 2022-11-30T17:13:55.2562879+08:00
```

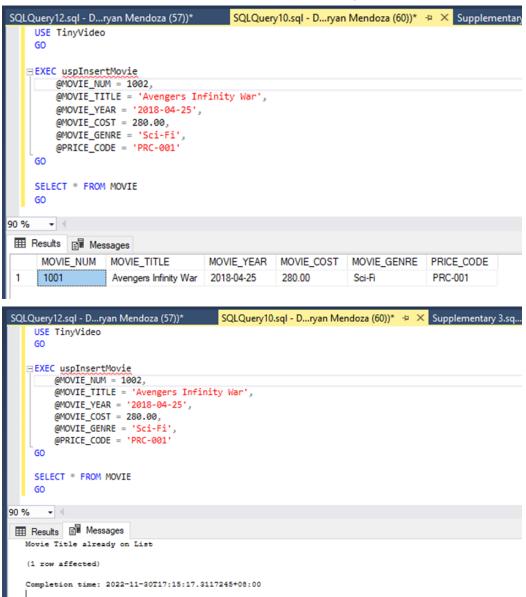
# Preliminary preparation for Price table



# When the insertion of the movie is successful



When the insertion of the movie is unsuccessful (duplicate movie titles)



#### **Observation:**

We created a transaction as a stored procedure wherein it will deny entries if the entered movie already exists on the Movies table. The transaction will use the movie title as the basis whether to add or deny the entry since repeating primary keys will implicitly deny multiple copies of it. As we can observe on our screenshots, the 1st insertion of movie 'Avengers Infinity War' was successful, but on the 2nd insertion of the same movie title, it was denied since it already exists on the Movies table.

4. Create a transaction to insert a rental transaction and perform the following conditions:

```
Supplementary 4.sq...ryan Mendoza (57)) → × SQLQuery1.sql - DE...ryan Mendoza (53))*
                                                                                        Supplementa
    -- Author: <Group 11 CPE21S3>
    -- Create date: <November 30, 2022>
    -- Description: <Supplementary Step 4>
    -- ------
   □ CREATE PROCEDURE uspInsertRental
         -- Add the parameters for the stored procedure here
        @RENT NUM INT, @RENT DATE DATETIME, @MEM NUM INT
    DECLARE @Membership INT, @Balance MONEY
        -- SET NOCOUNT ON added to prevent extra result sets from
        -- interfering with SELECT statements.
        SET NOCOUNT ON;
         -- Insert statements for procedure here
        BEGIN TRY
            BEGIN TRAN InsertRental
            SELECT @Membership = COUNT(*) FROM MEMBERSHIP
            WHERE MEM_NUM = @MEM_NUM
            IF @Membership = 0
                BEGIN
                    ROLLBACK TRAN InsertRental
                    PRINT 'Unverified Membership. Please get a memberhsip first before renting'
                END
            FLSE
                BEGIN
                    SELECT @Balance = MEM_BALANCE FROM MEMBERSHIP
                    WHERE MEM_NUM = @MEM_NUM
                    PRINT 'Your Previous Balance: ' + CONVERT(VARCHAR(20), @Balance)
                    IF @Balance > 500
                        BEGIN
                            INSERT INTO RENTAL (RENT_NUM, RENT_DATE, MEM_NUM)
                            (@RENT_NUM, @RENT_DATE, @MEM_NUM)
                            PRINT 'Rental Transaction Successful'
                            PRINT 'Your New Balance: ' + CONVERT(VARCHAR(20), @Balance - 500)
                    FLSE
                        PRINT 'Insufficient Membership Balance, Rental Transaction Unsuccessful'
                    COMMIT TRAN InsertRental
                END
        END TRY
         BEGIN CATCH
            SELECT ERROR_MESSAGE()
            IF @@TRANCOUNT > 0
                ROLLBACK TRAN InsertRental
        END CATCH
    END
82 %

    Messages

   Commands completed successfully.
   Completion time: 2022-12-01T20:08:49.6127568+08:00
```

a. Verify that the membership number exists in the MEMBERSHIP table. If it does not exist, then a message should be displayed stating that the membership does not exist and no data should be written to the database.

When Membership does not exist

```
Supplementary 4.sq...ryan Mendoza (57))

USE TinyVideo
GO

EXEC uspInsertRental

@RENT_NUM = 1,

@RENT_DATE = '2022-11-30',

@MEM_NUM = 1001
GO

SELECT * FROM RENTAL
GO

90 %

Image: Messages

Unverified Membership. Please get a memberhsip first before renting
(0 rows affected)

Completion time: 2022-12-01T19:57:06.3459548+08:00
```

# When Membership do exist Supplementary 4.sq...ryan Mendoza (57)) SQLQuery1.sql - DE...ryan Mendoza (53))\* → X Supplementary 1 a...ry USE TinyVideo GO ■ INSERT INTO MEMBERSHIP (MEM\_NUM, MEM\_FNAME, MEM\_LNAME, MEM\_BALANCE) (1001, 'Leonardo', 'Da Vinci', 600), (1002, 'Pablo', 'Picasso', 300) GO SELECT \* FROM MEMBERSHIP 90 % -Results 📳 Messages MEM\_NUM MEM\_FNAME MEM\_LNAME MEM\_STREET MEM\_CITY MEM\_STATE MEM\_ZIP MEM\_BAL/ 1001 NULL NULL NULL NULL 600 Leonardo Da Vinci 2 1002 Pablo Picasso NULL NULL NULL NULL 300 SQLQuery1.sql - DE...r Supplementary 4.sq...ryan Mendoza (57)) USE TinyVideo GO □ EXEC uspInsertRental @RENT NUM = 1, @RENT\_DATE = '2022-11-30', @MEM\_NUM = 1001 GO SELECT \* FROM RENTAL GO 82 % Results Messages RENT\_NUM RENT\_DATE MEM\_NUM 1 2022-11-30 00:00:00.000 1001

```
Supplementary 4.sq...ryan Mendoza (57))
                                            SQLQuery1.sql - DE...ryan
    USE TinyVideo
    GO

□ EXEC uspInsertRental

        @RENT_NUM = 1,
        @RENT_DATE = '2022-11-30',
        @MEM_NUM = 1001
    GO
    SELECT * FROM RENTAL
82 %
 Your Previous Balance: 600.00
   Rental Transaction Successful
   Your New Balance: 100.00
   (1 row affected)
   Completion time: 2022-12-01T20:10:35.5508942+08:00
```

# Observation for part 4a:

In this procedure, we are tasked to make a transaction to allow or deny entries if a user is making a rental based on his/her membership. For the first two screenshots provided above, the RENTAL was denied since the RENTAL made has no existing or matching MEM\_NUM on the MEMBERSHIPS table. On contrary to our latter screenshots, the RENTAL was allowed since there exists a matching membership number on the MEMBERSHIPS table.

b. If the membership does exist, then retrieve the membership balance and display a message stating the balance amount as the previous balance. If the membership balance is greater than 500.00, allow the rental transaction. Otherwise, no data should be written to the database.

When a membership have enough funds

```
SQLQuery1.sql - DE...ryan
Supplementary 4.sq...ryan Mendoza (57))
     USE TinyVideo
     GO

□ EXEC uspInsertRental

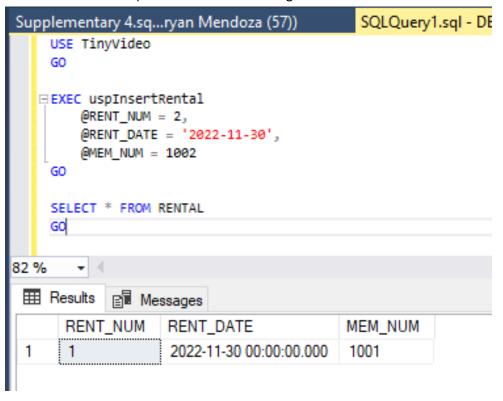
         @RENT_NUM = 1,
         @RENT_DATE = '2022-11-30',
         @MEM_NUM = 1001
     GO
     SELECT * FROM RENTAL
82 %

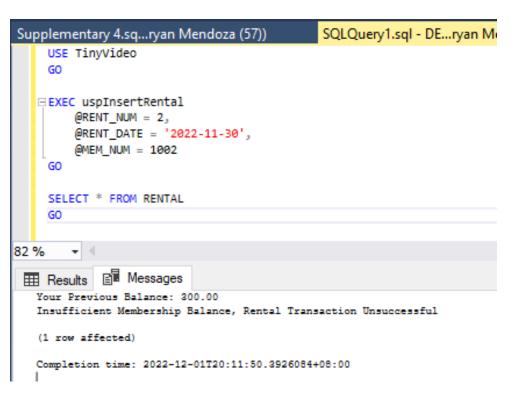
    Messages

    ⊞ Results

   Your Previous Balance: 600.00
   Rental Transaction Successful
   Your New Balance: 100.00
    (1 row affected)
   Completion time: 2022-12-01T20:10:35.5508942+08:00
```

When a membership does not have enough funds



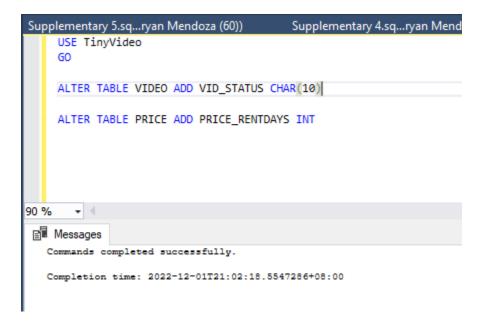


# Observation part 4b:

On part b, we will further classify if the rental to be made will be successful by determining if the membership has enough balance to pay the rental needed for the request, which is defined as 500 on this procedure. Going back to the insertion of the members, we have MEM\_NUM 1001 having a balance of 600, while MEM\_NUM 1002 has a balance of 300. By testing both of the Members to perform a Rental, MEM\_NUM 1001, successfully made a RENTAL since it initially had a balance of 600 which is enough to pay for the rent. On the other hand, MEM\_NUM 1002, failed to make the RENTAL since it does not have enough balance for the rent

- 5. Create a transaction to insert a video transaction and perform the following conditions:
- a. Verify that the video number exists in the VIDEO table. If it does not exist, then display a message that the video does not exist, and do not write any data to the database.
- b. If the video number does exist, then verify that the VID\_STATUS for that video is "IN".
  - i. If the status is not "IN", then display a message that the return of the video must be entered before it can be rented again, and do not write any data to the database.
  - ii. If the status is "IN", then retrieve the values of PRICE\_RENTFEE, PRICE\_DAILYLATEFEE, and PRICE\_RENTDAYS associated with the video from the PRICE table. Calculate the due date for the video rental by adding the number of days found in PRICE\_RENTDAYS above to 11:59:59PM (hours:minutes:seconds) on the current system date.

Preliminary Task to do the procedure: Adding new fields for VIDEO table and PRICE table



### Creation of the new Transaction as a Stored Procedure

```
Supplementary 5.sq...ryan Mendoza (60))* 💠 🗶 Supplementary 4.sq...ryan Mendoza (57))
                                                                                                            SQLQuery1
    -- Author:
                   (Group 11 CPE21S3)
    -- Create date: <December 01, 2022>
    -- Description: <Supplementary Step 5>
  CREATE PROCEDURE uspInsertDetailRental
        -- Add the parameters for the stored procedure here
       @RENT_NUM INT, @VID_NUM INT
    DECLARE @Video INT, @Status CHAR(10), @LateFee MONEY, @RentDays INT, @RentFee MONEY, @Time DATETIME
    BEGIN
       -- SET NOCOUNT ON added to prevent extra result sets from
        -- interfering with SELECT statements.
        SET NOCOUNT ON;
        -- Insert statements for procedure here
        BEGIN TRY
            BEGIN TRAN InsertDetailRental
            SELECT @Video = COUNT(*) FROM VIDEO
            WHERE VID_NUM = @VID_NUM
            IF @Video = 0
                BEGIN
                    ROLLBACK TRAN InsertDetailRental
                    PRINT 'The Video does not Exist.'
                END
            FLSE
                    SELECT @Status = VID_STATUS FROM VIDEO
                    WHERE VID_NUM = @VID_NUM
                    IF @Status = 'IN'
                        BEGIN
                            SELECT @RentFee = a.PRICE_RENTALFEE FROM PRICE a
                            INNER JOIN MOVIE b ON a.PRICE_CODE = b.PRICE_CODE
                            INNER JOIN VIDEO c ON b.MOVIE_NUM = c.MOVIE_NUM
                            WHERE c.VID_NUM = @VID_NUM
                            SELECT @RentDays = a.PRICE_RENTDAYS FROM PRICE a
                            INNER JOIN MOVIE b ON a.PRICE_CODE = b.PRICE_CODE
                            INNER JOIN VIDEO c ON b.MOVIE_NUM = c.MOVIE_NUM
                            WHERE c.VID_NUM = @VID_NUM
                            SELECT @LateFee = a.PRICE_DAILYLATEFEE FROM PRICE a
                            INNER JOIN MOVIE b ON a.PRICE_CODE = b.PRICE_CODE
                            INNER JOIN VIDEO c ON b.MOVIE NUM = c.MOVIE NUM
                            WHERE c.VID_NUM = @VID_NUM
                            SELECT @Time = GETDATE() + @RentDays
                            INSERT INTO DETAILRENTAL (RENT NUM, VID NUM, DETAIL FEE, DETAIL DUEDATE, DETAIL DAILYLATEFEE)
                                (@RENT_NUM, @VID_NUM, @RentFee, @Time, @LateFee)
                            PRINT 'The Video Renting is successful. Thank you.'
                    ELSE
                        PRINT 'The Video needs to be returned before renting again.'
                    COMMIT TRAN InsertDetailRental
               END
        END TRY
        REGIN CATCH
            SELECT ERROR_MESSAGE()
            IF @@TRANCOUNT > 0
                ROLLBACK TRAN InsertRental
        END CATCH
    END
        -
68 %

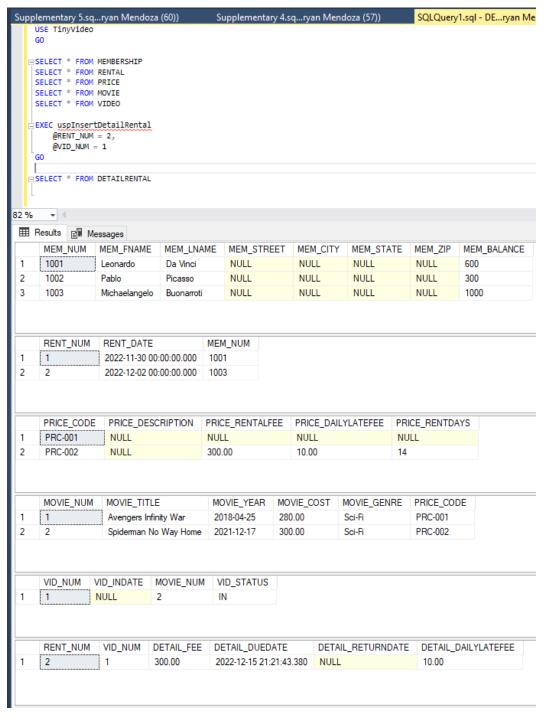
    Messages

  Commands completed successfully.
   Completion time: 2022-12-01721:05:32.9993384+08:00
```

# Preliminary Insertion of Values for Testing

```
Supplementary 5.sq...ryan Mendoza (60))
                                             Supplementary 4.sq...ryan Mendoza (57))
    USE TinyVideo
   ☐ INSERT INTO MEMBERSHIP(MEM_NUM, MEM_FNAME, MEM_LNAME, MEM_BALANCE)
        (1003, 'Michaelangelo', 'Buonarroti', 1000)
   INSERT INTO RENTAL
        VALUES
        (2, '2022-12-02', 1003)
   INSERT INTO PRICE(PRICE_CODE, PRICE_RENTALFEE, PRICE_DAILYLATEFEE, PRICE_RENTDAYS)
        VALUES
        ('PRC-002', 300.00, 10.00, 14)
   INSERT INTO MOVIE
        VALUES
        (2, 'Spiderman No Way Home', '2021-12-17', 300.00, 'Sci-Fi', 'PRC-002')
   ■INSERT INTO VIDEO(VID_NUM, MOVIE_NUM, VID_STATUS)
        VALUES
        (1, 2, 'IN')
82 %
 Messages
   (1 row affected)
   Completion time: 2022-12-01T21:18:16.1892178+08:00
```

# Transaction Execution: When the Video exists and is 'IN'



```
Supplementary 5.sq...ryan Mendoza (60))
                                              Supplementary 4.sq...ry
    USE TinyVideo

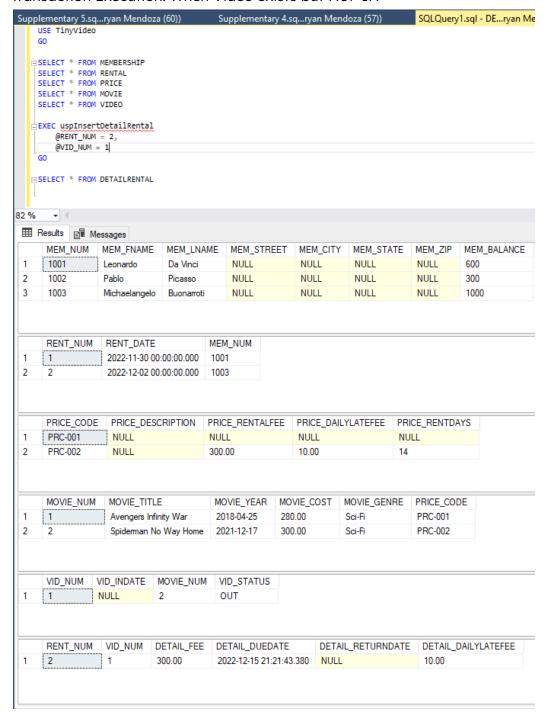
□ SELECT * FROM MEMBERSHIP

    SELECT * FROM RENTAL
    SELECT * FROM PRICE
    SELECT * FROM MOVIE
    SELECT * FROM VIDEO
   EXEC uspInsertDetailRental
       @RENT_NUM = 2,
        @VID_NUM = 1
   ☐ SELECT * FROM DETAILRENTAL
82 % - 4
 Results 🖺 Messages
   (3 rows affected)
   (2 rows affected)
   (2 rows affected)
   (2 rows affected)
   (1 row affected)
   The Video Renting is successful. Thank you.
   (1 row affected)
   Completion time: 2022-12-01T21:21:43.5621099+08:00
```

#### **Observation:**

On this part, the query was successful since the video requested exists and the video status is 'IN' the transaction was successful and the DETAIL\_DUEDATE assigned to the RENTALDETAIL table was incremented by 14 days (PRICE\_RENTDAYS) from the system date.

# Transaction Execution: When Video exists but Not 'IN'



```
Supplementary 4.sq...
Supplementary 5.sq...ryan Mendoza (60))
    USE TinyVideo
   ☐SELECT * FROM MEMBERSHIP
    SELECT * FROM RENTAL
    SELECT * FROM PRICE
    SELECT * FROM MOVIE
    SELECT * FROM VIDEO
   EXEC uspInsertDetailRental
       @RENT_NUM = 2,
        @VID_NUM = 1

□SELECT * FROM DETAILRENTAL

82 % 🕶 🔻
 Results Messages
   (3 rows affected)
   (2 rows affected)
   (2 rows affected)
   (2 rows affected)
   (1 row affected)
   The Video needs to be returned before renting again.
   Completion time: 2022-12-01T21:24:50.0733295+08:00
```

### **Observation:**

On this part, the query provided an existing video on the VIDEO table but the video status is current 'OUT' therefore, the rental was not successful since it is currently rented by others. Transaction Execution: When The Video does not Exist

```
Supplementary 5.sq...ryan Mendoza (60))
                                              Supplementary 4.sq...ryan Mendoza (57))
     USE TinyVideo
   ☐SELECT * FROM MEMBERSHIP
     SELECT * FROM RENTAL
     SELECT * FROM PRICE
     SELECT * FROM MOVIE
    SELECT * FROM VIDEO
   EXEC uspInsertDetailRental
        @RENT_NUM = 2,
        @VID_NUM = 2
   SELECT * FROM DETAILRENTAL
82 %
 Results Messages
   (3 rows affected)
   (2 rows affected)
   (2 rows affected)
   (2 rows affected)
   (1 row affected)
   The Video does not Exist.
   (1 row affected)
   Completion time: 2022-12-01T21:41:59.9909717+08:00
```

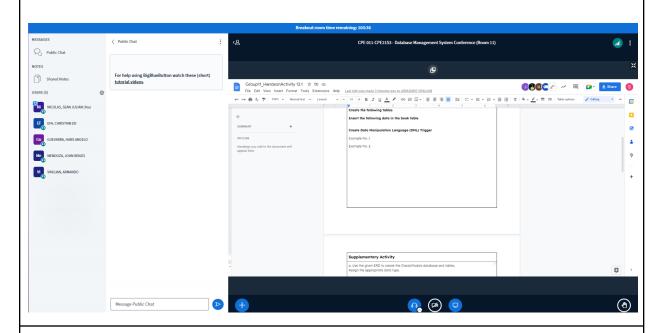
### **Observation:**

On this part, the video on the query does not exist on the VIDEO table and therefore not allowing the rental to progress. In addition, it resulted in an error.

# **Conclusion**

Transactions are critical for ensuring database integrity. When various related activities are carried out simultaneously or when numerous users are interacting with a database at once, they are utilized to protect integrity. In order to maintain a consistent data set, many database uses necessitate storing data to numerous tables or multiple rows to the same table. Through the use of transactions, it is ensured that other connections to the same database either view all the updates or none at all.

# **Proof of Collaboration**



# **Honor Pledge**

"I accept responsibility for my role in ensuring the integrity of the work submitted by the group in which I participated."