

Hands-on Activity 3.1 Functions in JavaScript	
Course Code: CPE 026	Program: Computer Engineering
Course Title: Emerging Technologies 3 in CpE	Date Performed: 9/4/2024
Section: BSCPE41S8	Date Submitted: 9/4/2024
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1. Discussion	
<p>Discuss here the relevant concepts of the activity in your own words.</p> <p>Module 5:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - On this module I have tackled on how the functions works and the Laboratory to proper execute the codes by the given problems. 	
2. Materials and Equipment	
<p>What materials did you use? Explain in detail.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Netacad <p>Logging in the netacad and opening the course JSE (JavaScript Essentials) and using the Edube Interactive as my learning module and also my IDE .</p>	
3. Procedure	
<p>What are the procedures that you performed?</p> <p>5.1.1.3 Functions</p> <pre> 1 let temperatures; 2 let sum; 3 let meanTemp; 4 5 temperatures = [12, 12, 11, 11, 10, 9, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15, 18, 21, 24, 24, 23, 25, 25, 23, 21, 20, 19, 17, 16]; 6 sum = 0; 7 for (let i = 0; i < temperatures.length; i++) { 8 sum += temperatures[i]; 9 } 10 meanTemp = sum / temperatures.length; 11 console.log(`mean: \${meanTemp}`); // -> mean: 16.666666666666668 12 13 temperatures = [17, 16, 14, 12, 10, 10, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 22, 27, 29, 29, 27, 26, 24, 21, 19, 18, 17, 16]; 14 sum = 0; 15 for (let i = 0; i < temperatures.length; i++) { 16 sum += temperatures[i]; 17 } 18 meanTemp = sum / temperatures.length; 19 console.log(`mean: \${meanTemp}`); // -> mean: 18.083333333333332 </pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This program will calculate and display the mean daily temperature on the basis of the provided data (24 temperature measurements, in hourly intervals, starting from midnight). <p>5.1.1.4 Declaring functions</p>	

```

1 let temperatures;
2 let sum;
3 let meanTemp;
4
5 function getMeanTemp() {
6     sum = 0;
7     for (let i = 0; i < temperatures.length; i++) {
8         sum += temperatures[i];
9     }
10    meanTemp = sum / temperatures.length;
11 }
12

```

- A function statement starts with the function keyword followed by the function name. Function names need to follow the same rules as variable names, and should also be meaningful. declaring a function is only a preparation. In order to execute this code, we have to call the function.

5.1.1.7 Return statement

« 5.1.1.7 The return statement »

```

1 function showMsg() {
2     console.log("message 1");
3     return;
4     console.log("message 2");
5 }
6
7 showMsg(); // -> message 1

```

- The return statement causes the function to end exactly where this word occurs, even if there are further instructions. It allows us to return a given value from inside the function to the place where it was called.

5.1.1.9 Parameters

```

function add(first, second) {
    return first + second;
}

```

```

let result = add(5, 7);
console.log(result); // -> 12

```

```
function getElement(elements, index) {  
  return elements[index];  
}
```

```
let names = ["Alice", "Bob", "Eve", "John"];  
let name = getElement(names, 2);  
console.log(name); // -> Eve
```

```
function getMeanTemp(temperatures) {  
  let sum = 0;  
  for (let i = 0; i < temperatures.length; i++) {  
    sum += temperatures[i];  
  }  
  return sum / temperatures.length;  
}  
  
let day1 = [12, 12, 11, 11, 10, 9, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15, 18, 21, 24, 24, 23, 25, 25, 23, 21, 20, 19, 17, 16];  
console.log(`mean: ${getMeanTemp(day1)}`); // -> mean:  
16.666666666666668  
  
let day2 = [17, 16, 14, 12, 10, 10, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 22, 27, 29, 29, 27, 26, 24, 21, 19, 18, 17];  
console.log(`mean: ${getMeanTemp(day2)}`); // -> mean:  
18.083333333333332
```

- The use of parameters is optional, however most often we create functions that have defined parameters and return values.

5.1.1.10 Shadowing

```
function add(first, second) {  
  return first + second;  
}  
  
let first = 10, second = 20, third = 40, fourth = 80;  
console.log(add(first, second)); // -> 30  
console.log(add(second, third)); // -> 60  
console.log(add(third, fourth)); // -> 120
```

```

let a = 100, b = 200, c = 300;

function test(a) {
  let b = 10;
  console.log(a); // parameter a
  console.log(b); // local variable b
  console.log(c); // global variable c
}


test(1);           // -> 1
                  // -> 10
                  // -> 300

console.log(a); // -> 100
console.log(b); // -> 200
console.log(c); // -> 300

```

- the parameters are treated inside the function as local variables. And just like the local variables explicitly declared inside a function, they shadow the global variables of the same name (or more generally, variables from the outer scope).

5.2.1.2 Parameters validation



```

1 function getMeanTemp(temperatures) {
2   if (!(temperatures instanceof Array)) {
3     return NaN;
4   }
5   let sum = 0;
6   for (let i = 0; i < temperatures.length; i++) {
7     sum += temperatures[i];
8   }
9   return sum / temperatures.length;
10 }
11
12 console.log(getMeanTemp(10));           // -> NaN
13 console.log(getMeanTemp([10, 30]));    // -> 20
14

```

- we can validate or check if the value passed to it is actually an array.

5.2.1.8 Asynchronous callbacks

« 5.2.1.8 Asynchronous callbacks »

```
1 ▾ let inner = function() {  
2   console.log('inner 1');  
3 }  
4  
5 ▾ let outer = function(callback) {  
6   console.log('outer 1');  
7   setTimeout(callback, 1000) /*ms*/;  
8   console.log('outer 2');  
9 }  
10  
11 console.log('test 1');  
12 outer(inner);  
13 console.log('test 2');  
14
```

- Asynchronous callback is an operation of programs is a rather complex topic, strongly dependent on a particular programming language, and often also on the environment.

5.2.1.9 setTimeout and setInterval functions

« 5.2.1.9 setTimeout and setInterval functions »

```
1 ▾ let inner = function() {  
2   console.log('inner 1');  
3 }  
4  
5 ▾ let outer = function(callback) {  
6   console.log('outer 1');  
7   let timerId = setInterval(callback, 1000) /*ms*/;  
8   console.log('outer 2');  
9  
10 ▾ setTimeout(function() {  
11     clearInterval(timerId);  
12 }, 5500);  
13 }  
14  
15 console.log('test 1');  
16 outer(inner);  
17 console.log('test 2');
```

- The setInterval function returns an identifier during the call, which can be used to remove the timer used in it (and consequently to stop the cyclical callback function call). The setTimeout function is used when you want to cause a delayed action.

5.2.1.14 LAB: Functions

« 5.2.1.14 LAB: Functions (1/2) »

```
▶ ⏪ ⏴ ⏵ ⏩
```

```
1 let contacts = [{
2   name: "Maxwell Wright",
3   phone: "(0191) 719 6495",
4   email: "Curabitur.egestas.nunc@nonummyac.co.uk"
5 }, {
6   name: "Raja Villarreal",
7   phone: "0866 398 2895",
8   email: "posuere.vulputate@sed.com"
9 }, {
10  name: "Helen Richards",
11  phone: "0800 1111",
12  email: "libero@convallis.edu"
13 }];

function showContact(contacts, index) {
  if (contacts instanceof Array && typeof index === 'number' && index >= 0 && index < contacts.length) {
    console.log(`Name: ${contacts[index].name}`);
    console.log(`Phone: ${contacts[index].phone}`);
    console.log(`Email: ${contacts[index].email}`);
  } else {
    console.error("Invalid input or index out of range.");
  }
}

function showAllContacts(contacts) {
  if (contacts instanceof Array) {
    contacts.forEach((contact, index) => {
      console.log(`Contact ${index + 1}:`);
      console.log(`Name: ${contact.name}`);
      console.log(`Phone: ${contact.phone}`);
      console.log(`Email: ${contact.email}`);
      console.log('---');
    });
  } else {
    console.error("Invalid input: contacts should be an array.");
  }
}

function addNewContact(contacts, name, phone, email) {
  if (contacts instanceof Array && name && phone && email) {
    contacts.push({
      name: name,
      phone: phone,
      email: email
    });
    console.log("New contact added successfully.");
  } else {
    console.error("Invalid input: check if contact list is an array and all new contact data are provided.");
  }
}

showContact(contacts, 1);
showAllContacts(contacts);
addNewContact(contacts, "John Doe", "123-456-7890", "john@example.com");
showAllContacts(contacts);
```

- The task asked to use code such as `showContacts`, `instanceof Array`, `showAllContacts`, `addNewContacts` in order to show a single contact, showing all contacts, or adding a new contact.

Sandbox

```
1 let contacts = [{
2   name: "Maxwell Wright",
3   phone: "(0191) 719 6495",
4   email: "Curabitur.egestas.nunc@nonummyac.co.uk"
5 }, {
6   name: "Raja Villarreal",
7   phone: "0866 398 2895",
8   email: "posuere.vulputate@sed.com"
9 }, {
10  name: "Helen Richards",
11  phone: "0800 1111",
12  email: "libero@convallis.edu"
13 }];
14
15 let showContact = function (contacts, i) {
16   if (contacts instanceof Array && contacts[i]) {
17     console.log(`${contacts[i].name} / ${contacts[i].phone} / ${contacts[i].email}`);
18   }
19 }
20
21 let showAllContacts = function (contacts) {
22   if (contacts instanceof Array) {
23     for (let contact of contacts) {
24       console.log(`${contact.name} / ${contact.phone} / ${contact.email}`);
25     }
26   }
27 }
```

app.js index.html style.css

Before sorting:
Maxwell Wright / (0191) 719 6495 / Curabitur.egestas.nunc@nonummyac.co.uk
Raja Villarreal / 0866 398 2895 / posuere.vulputate@sed.com
Helen Richards / 0800 1111 / libero@convallis.edu
Contacts sorted by name:
Helen Richards / 0800 1111 / libero@convallis.edu
Maxwell Wright / (0191) 719 6495 / Curabitur.egestas.nunc@nonummyac.co.uk
Raja Villarreal / 0866 398 2895 / posuere.vulputate@sed.com
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Helen Richards / 0800 1111 / libero@convallis.edu
Raja Villarreal / 0866 398 2895 / posuere.vulputate@sed.com

Fullscreen

- showContact Function prints a specific contact's details (name, phone, email) using template literals.
- showAllContacts Function iterates through the contacts array and prints each contact's details using template literals.
- addNewContact Function adds a new contact to the array but does not print anything.
- sortContacts Function sorts the contacts based on a chosen criterion (name, phone, email) and then prints the sorted list using showAllContacts

4. Output

Screenshot of your outputs based on the procedures.

5.1.1.3 Functions

Console >_

mean: 16.666666666666668

mean: 18.083333333333332

5.1.1.4 Declaring functions

```
1 let temperatures;
2 let sum;
3 let meanTemp;
4
5 function getMeanTemp() {
6     sum = 0;
7     for (let i = 0; i < temperatures.length; i++) {
8         sum += temperatures[i];
9     }
10    meanTemp = sum / temperatures.length;
11 }
12
```

app.js

Console >_

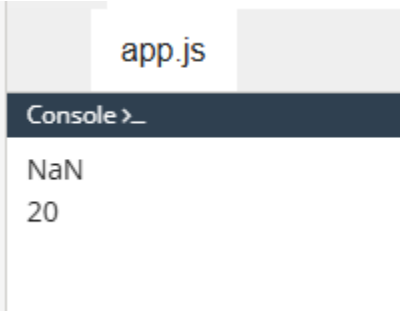
5.1.1.7 Return statement

app.js

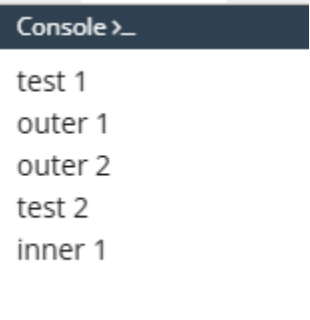
Console >_

message 1

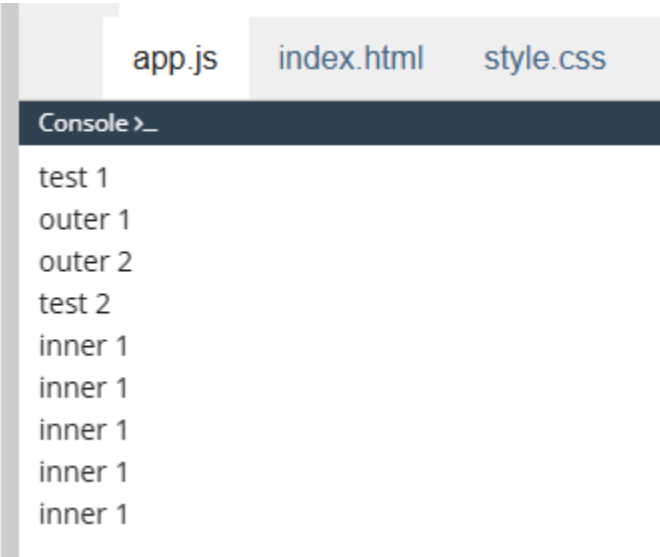
5.2.1.2 Parameters validation



5.2.1.8 Asynchronous callbacks



5.2.1.9 setTimeout and setInterval functions



5.2.1.14 LAB: Functions

Email: posuere.vulputate@sed.com

Contact 3:

Name: Helen Richards

Phone: 0800 1111

Email: libero@convallis.edu

New contact added successfully.

Contact 1:

Name: Maxwell Wright

Phone: (0191) 719 6495

Email: Curabitur.egestas.nunc@nonummyac.co.uk

Contact 2:

Name: Raja Villarreal

Phone: 0866 398 2895

Part 2

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Sandbox


```
1 let contacts = [{
2   name: "Maxwell Wright",
3   phone: "(0191) 719 6495",
4   email: "Curabitur.egestas.nunc@nonummyac.co.uk"
5 }, {
6   name: "Raja Villarreal",
7   phone: "0866 398 2895",
8   email: "posuere.vulputate@sed.com"
9 }, {
10  name: "Helen Richards",
11  phone: "0800 1111",
12  email: "libero@convallis.edu"
13 }];
14
15 let showContact = function (contacts, i) {
16   if (contacts instanceof Array && contacts[i]) {
17     console.log(`${contacts[i].name} / ${contacts[i].phone} / ${contacts[i].email}`);
18   }
19 }
20
21 let showAllContacts = function (contacts) {
22   if (contacts instanceof Array) {
23     for (let contact of contacts) {
24       console.log(`${contact.name} / ${contact.phone} / ${contact.email}`);
25     }
26   }
27 }
28
29 app.js index.html style.css
```

Before sorting:
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Helen Richards / 0800 1111 / libero@convallis.edu
Raja Villarreal / 0866 398 2895 / posuere.vulputate@sed.com

Fullscreen

5. Supplementary Activity

Include here screenshots of the module completion test.

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Online

Progress (100%)

Your score: **8/11**

73%

Congratulations, you've passed the quiz!

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JSE1 – Module 5 Quiz73%

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73%

Congratulations, you've passed the test!

SECTION ANALYSIS

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Review Test

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6. Assessment Rubric

