

Disponible a un clic de distancia y sin publicidad

**Sí este material te es útil,
ayúdanos a mantenerlo online**



Que no se apague



Suscríbete

Comparte



Comenta

**Este material está en línea porque creo que a alguien le puede ayudar.
Lo desarrollo y sostengo con recursos propios.
Ayúdame a continuar en mi locura de compartir el conocimiento.**

Resuelva por método simplex, indicando claramente los desarrollos

1.1. Resolver también por método algebraico

$$\text{Max } Z = 30.000X_1 + 40.000X_2$$

S.A.

$$X_1 + 2X_2 \leq 400$$

$$3X_1 + 2X_2 \leq 600$$

$$X_1, X_2 \geq 0$$

1.2.

$$\text{Max } Z = 20X_1 + 25X_2$$

S.A.

$$2X_1 + 3X_2 \leq 480$$

$$X_1 \leq 150$$

$$X_2 \leq 100$$

$$X_1, X_2 \geq 0$$

1.3.

$$\text{Min } Z = 400Y_1 + 600Y_2$$

S.A.

$$Y_1 + 3Y_2 \geq 30.000$$

$$2Y_1 + 2Y_2 \geq 40.000$$

$$Y_1, Y_2 \geq 0$$

1.1. $\text{Max } z = 30.000x_1 + 40.000x_2$
 Sujeto a $x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 400$
 $3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 600$
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

Forma estandar

$$\text{Max } z = 30000x_1 + 40000x_2 + 0s_1 + 0s_2 +$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + s_1 = 400$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + s_2 = 600$$

$$x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2 \geq 0$$

VB	Cj	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	
s_1	0	1	2	1	0	400
s_2	0	3	2	0	1	600
z_j		0	0	0	0	0
$C_j - z_j$		+30.000	+40.000	0	0	

$$400 \div 2 = 200 \rightarrow \min$$

$$600 \div 2 = 300$$

Entra x_2 Sale s_1
 $F_2 = F_2 - 2F_1$ $F_1 = F_1 / 2$

VB	Cj	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	
x_2	40000	1/2	1	1/2	0	200
s_2	0	2	0	-1	1	200
z_j		20000	40000	20000	0	8000000
$C_j - z_j$		10.000	0	-20000	0	

$$200 \div 1/2 = 400$$

$$200 \div 2 = 100 \rightarrow \min$$

Entra x_1 Sale s_2

$$F_2 = F_2 / 2 \quad F_1 = F_1 - 1/2 F_2$$

VB	Cj	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	
x_2	40000	0	1	3/4	-1/4	150
x_1	30000	1	0	-1/2	1/2	100
z_j		30000	40000	15000	5000	9000000
$C_j - z_j$		0	0	-15000	-5000	

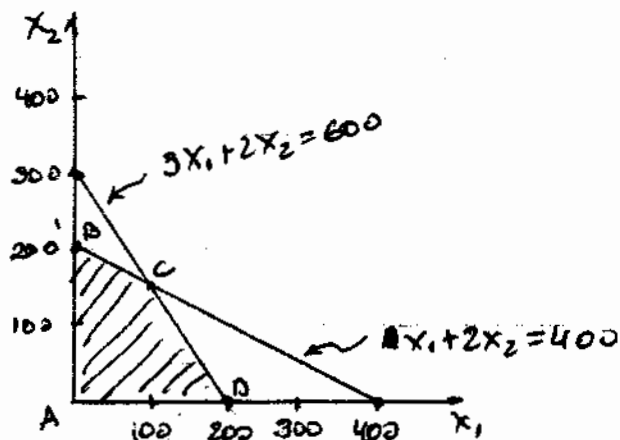
Tabla óptima. Solución

$$x_1 = 100 \quad x_2 = 150 \quad z = 9'000.000$$

Método algebraico.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Max } z &= 30000x_1 + 40000x_2 \\ \text{s. A. } & x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 400 \\ & 3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 600 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Para } x_1 + 2x_2 &= 400 \\ \text{Si } x_1 &= 0 \quad x_2 = 200 \quad (0, 200) \\ \text{Si } x_2 &= 0 \quad x_1 = 400 \quad (400, 0) \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Para } 3x_1 + 2x_2 &= 600 \\ \text{Si } x_1 &= 0 \quad x_2 = 300 \quad (0, 300) \\ \text{Si } x_2 &= 0 \quad x_1 = 200 \quad (200, 0) \end{aligned}$$

Para encontrar C , corte entre las dos rectas.

$$\begin{aligned} (x_1 + 2x_2 &= 400) \quad (-3) \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 &= 600 \\ \hline -3x_1 - 6x_2 &= -1200 \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 &= 600 \\ \hline -4x_2 &= -600 \end{aligned}$$

$$x_2 = 150.$$

$$x_1 = 400 - 2x_2 \quad x_1 = 100.$$

Punto	F.O
A(0,0)	$30000 \times 0 + 40000 \times 0 = 0$
B(0,200)	$30000 \times 0 + 40000 \times 200 = 8.000.000$
C(100,150)	$30000 \times 100 + 40000 \times 150 = 9.000.000 \rightarrow \text{Max}$
D(200,0)	$30000 \times 200 + 40000 \times 0 = 6.000.000$

la solución es óptima en $x_1 = 100 \quad x_2 = 150 \quad z = 9.000.000$

1.2 $\text{Max } z = 20x_1 + 25x_2$
 s.a $2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 480$
 $x_1 \leq 150$
 $x_2 \leq 100$
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

Forma estándar

$\text{Max } z = 20x_1 + 25x_2 + 0s_1 + 0s_2 + 0s_3$
 s.a $2x_1 + 3x_2 + s_1 = 480$
 $x_1 + s_2 = 150$
 $x_2 + s_3 = 100$
 $x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2, s_3 \geq 0$

		x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	s_3	
VB	C_j	20	25	0	0	0	
s_1	0	2	3	1	0	0	480
s_2	0	1	0	0	1	0	150
s_3	0	0	1	0	0	1	100
	z_j	0	0	0	0	0	0
	$C_j - z_j$	20	25	0	0	0	

$$480 \div 3 = 160$$

$$100 \div 1 = 100 \rightarrow \min$$

Extra x_2 Sale s_3

$$F_3 = F_3 \quad F_1 = F_1 - 3F_3$$

		x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	s_3	
VB	C_j	20	25	0	0	0	
s_1	0	2	0	1	0	-3	180
s_2	0	1	0	0	1	0	150
x_2	25	0	1	0	0	1	100
	z_j	0	25	0	0	25	2500
	$C_j - z_j$	20	0	0	0	-25	

$$180 \div 2 = 90 \rightarrow \min$$

$$150 \div 1 = 150$$

Extra x_1 Sale $s_1 \rightarrow F_1 = F_1/2 \quad F_2 = F_2 - F_1$

		x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	s_3	
VB	C_j	20	25	0	0	0	
x_1	20	1	0	1/2	0	-3/2	90
s_2	0	0	0	-1/2	1	3/2	60
x_2	25	0	1	0	0	1	100
	z_j	20	25	10	0	-5	4300
	$C_j - z_j$	0	0	-10	0	5	

$$60 \div 3/2 = 40$$

$$100 \div 1 = 100 \rightarrow \min$$

Extra s_3 Sale s_2

$$F_2 = F_2 \div 3/2 \quad F_1 = F_1 + 3/2 F_2 \quad F_3 = F_3 - F_2$$

		x_1	x_2	S_1	S_2	S_3	
VB	C_j	20	25	0	0	0	
x_1	20	1	0	0	1	0	150
S_3	0	0	0	$-1/3$	$2/3$	1	40
x_2	25	0	1	$1/3$	$-2/3$	0	60
	z_j	20	25	$25/3$	$10/3$	0	4500
	$C_j - z_j$	0	0	$-25/3$	$-10/3$	0	

Tabla óptima $x_1 = 150$ $x_2 = 60$ $S_1 = 0$ $S_2 = 0$ $S_3 = 40$.
 $z = 4500$

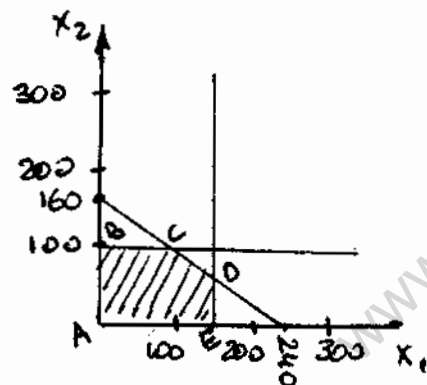
Solución algebraica

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Max } z &= 20x_1 + 25x_2 \\ \text{s.a. } 2x_1 + 3x_2 &\leq 480 \\ x_1 &\leq 150 \\ x_2 &\leq 100 \end{aligned}$$

Para $2x_1 + 3x_2 = 480$

$$\text{Si } x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 160 \quad (0, 160)$$

$$\text{Si } x_2 = 0 \quad x_1 = 240 \quad (240, 0)$$



$$\text{En } 2x_1 + 3x_2 = 480$$

$$\text{Si } x_1 = 150 \quad x_2 = 60$$

$$\text{Si } x_2 = 100 \quad x_1 = 90$$

$$(150, 60) \rightarrow D$$

$$(90, 100) \rightarrow C$$

Punto	Función
A(0,0)	$20 \cdot 0 + 25 \cdot 0 = 0$
B(0,100)	$20 \cdot 0 + 25 \cdot 100 = 2500$
C(90,100)	$20 \cdot 90 + 25 \cdot 100 = 4300$
D(150,60)	$20 \cdot 150 + 25 \cdot 60 = 4500 \rightarrow \text{máximo}$
E(150,0)	$20 \cdot 150 + 25 \cdot 0 = 3000$

Solución $x_1 = 150$ $x_2 = 60$ $z = 4500$

1.3 $\text{Min } Z = 400Y_1 + 600Y_2$
 s.a $Y_1 + 3Y_2 \geq 30.000$
 $2Y_1 + 2Y_2 \geq 40.000$
 $Y_1, Y_2 \geq 0$

Forma estándar

$\text{Max } Z = -400Y_1 - 600Y_2 + 0S_1 + 0S_2 - 6000A_1 - 6000A_2$
 s.a $Y_1 + 3Y_2 - S_1 + A_1 = 30000$
 $2Y_1 + 2Y_2 - S_2 + A_2 = 40000$

$Y_1, Y_2, S_1, S_2, A_1, A_2 \geq 0$

		Y_1	Y_2	S_1	S_2	A_1	A_2	
VB	C_j	-400	-600	0	0	-6000	-6000	
A_1	-6000	1	3	-1	0	1	0	30000
A_2	-6000	2	2	0	-1	0	1	40000
	Z_j	-18000	-30000	6000	6000	-6000	-6000	-42000000
	$C_j - Z_j$	17600	29400	-6000	-6000	0	0	

Entra Y_2 Sale A_1 $F_1 = F_1/3$ $F_2 = F_2 - 2F_1$

		Y_1	Y_2	S_1	S_2	A_1	A_2	
VB	C_j	-400	-600	0	0	-6000	-6000	
Y_2	-600	$1/3$	1	$-1/3$	0	$1/3$	0	10000
A_2	-6000	$4/3$	0	$2/3$	-1	$-2/3$	1	20000
	Z_j	-8000	-600	-3800	6000	3800	-6000	-126000000
	$C_j - Z_j$	7800	0	3800	-6000	-9800	0	

Entra Y_1 Sale A_2 $F_2 = F_2/(4/3)$ $F_1 = F_1 - 1/3 F_2$

		Y_1	Y_2	S_1	S_2	A_1	A_2	
VB	C_j	-400	-600	0	0	-6000	-6000	
Y_2	-600	0	1	$-1/2$	$1/4$	$1/2$	$-1/4$	5000
Y_1	-400	1	0	$1/2$	$-3/4$	$-1/2$	$3/4$	15000
	Z_j	-400	-600	100	150	-100	-150	-9000.000
	$C_j - Z_j$	0	0	-100	-150	-5900	-5850	

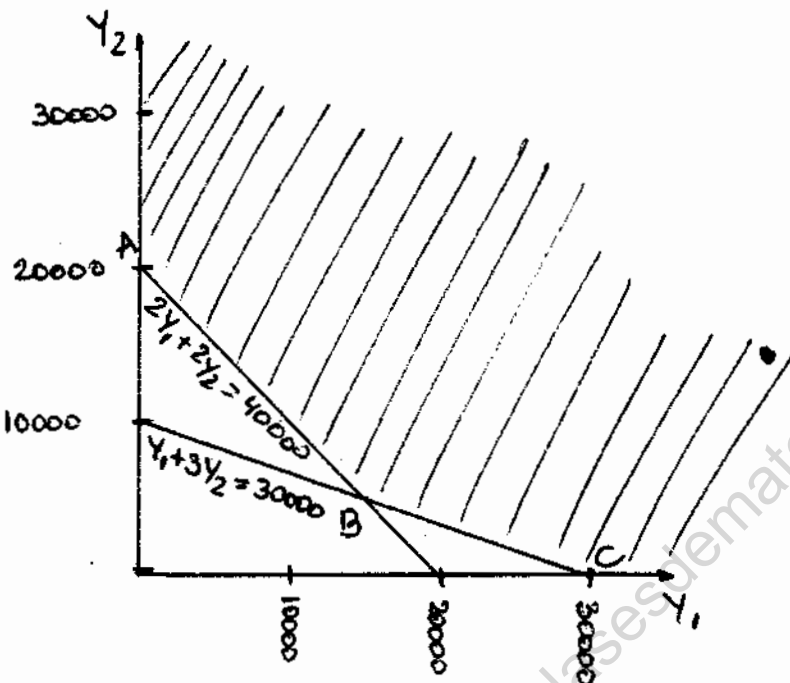
El tablero es óptimo $Y_1 = 15.000$ $Y_2 = 5000$
 $Z = 9'000.000$

Método algebraico.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Min. } z &= 400Y_1 + 600Y_2 \\ \text{s.a. } Y_1 + 3Y_2 &\geq 30000 \\ 2Y_1 + 2Y_2 &\geq 40000 \\ Y_1, Y_2 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Para } Y_1 + 3Y_2 &\geq 30000 \\ \text{Si: } Y_1 = 0 \quad Y_2 &= 10000 \quad (0, 10000) \\ \text{Si: } Y_2 = 0 \quad Y_1 &= 30000 \quad (30000, 0) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Para } 2Y_1 + 2Y_2 &= 40000 \\ \text{Si: } Y_1 = 0 \quad Y_2 &= 20000 \quad (0, 20000) \\ \text{Si: } Y_2 = 0 \quad Y_1 &= 20000 \quad (20000, 0) \end{aligned}$$



Para B → Corte entre las rectas.

$$\begin{aligned} (Y_1 + 3Y_2 &= 30000) (-2) \\ 2Y_1 + 2Y_2 &= 40000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2Y_1 - 6Y_2 &= -60000 \\ 2Y_1 + 2Y_2 &= 40000 \\ \hline -4Y_2 &= -20000 \end{aligned}$$

$$Y_2 = 5000$$

$$Y_1 = 30000 - 3(5000)$$

$$Y_1 = 15000$$

Punto	F.O.
A (0, 20000)	$400 \times 0 + 600 \times 20000 = 12'000.000$
B (15.000, 5000)	$400 \times 15000 + 600 \times 5000 = 9'000.000 \rightarrow \text{mínimo.}$
C (30000, 0)	$400 \times 30000 + 600 \times 0 = 12'000.000$

Solución óptima $Y_1 = 15000$ $Y_2 = 5000$ $z = 9'000.000$