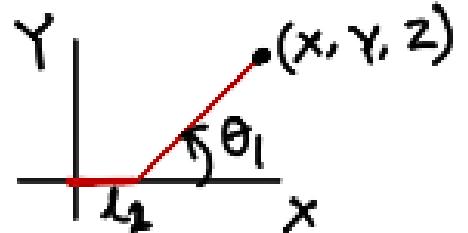


θ_1 Calculation:



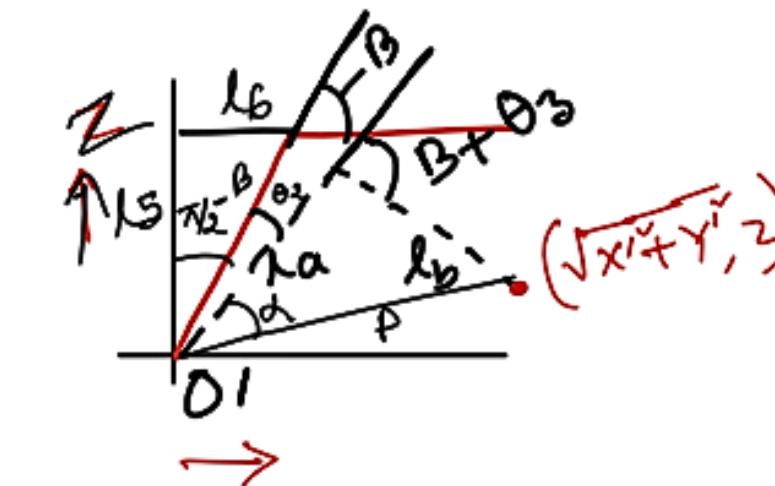
$$\theta_1 = \arctan 2(y, x - l_1)$$

θ_4 Calculation

get $H_4^w = A_1 A_2 A_3 A_4$

$$\theta_4 = \pi - \cos(H_4^w[1,1])$$

θ_2, θ_3 Calculation



$$D_2 = \frac{\sqrt{l_a^2 + l_b^2} - l_c}{2l_a l_b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \pi/2 - (\pi/2 - \beta) - \cos^{-1} D_2 \\ & - \tan^{-1} \frac{z'}{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}} \\ & = \theta_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$l_a = \sqrt{l_5^2 + l_6^2}$$

$$l_b = l_7, \beta = \arctan(l_5/l_6)$$

$$P = \sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2 + z'^2}$$

$$l_a + l_b - 2l_a l_b \cos(\pi - (\beta + \theta_3)) = P'$$

$$l_a + l_b + 2l_a l_b \cos(\beta + \theta_3) = P$$

$$\cos(\beta + \theta_3) = \frac{P' - l_a - l_b}{2l_a l_b}$$

[Forward Kinematics]

→ Ifs Y-axis needs to be opposite of world Z axis

For O'

$$\begin{aligned} x' &= X - l_1 - l_3 \cos \theta_1 \\ y' &= Y - l_3 \sin \theta_1 \\ z' &= Z - l_2 - l_4 \\ &+ l_8 + l_9 \end{aligned}$$