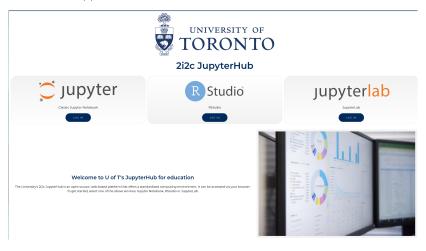
Running R

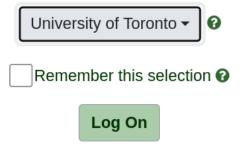
Running R online, 2024/2025 version

Go to https://r.datatools.utoronto.ca:



Click Log In (the blue button) under R Studio.

Selected Identity Provider



By selecting "Log On", you agree to the <u>privacy policy</u>.

UTorID and password

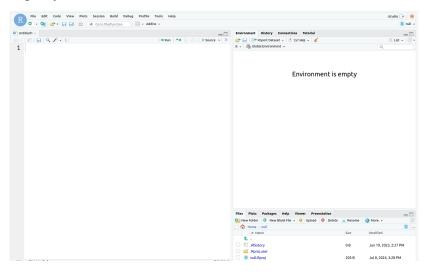




as usual, but with your UTorID and password, not mine!

After a moment...

... gets you to R Studio:



If already signed in with UTorID and password, you may get to skip some steps.

Projects

- ► Each user has a "workspace", a place where all your work is stored.
- Within that workspace, you can have as many Projects as you like.
- To create a new Project, click on the blue New Project button.
- ▶ I recommend having one project per *course*.
- R Studio restarts in project where you left off.

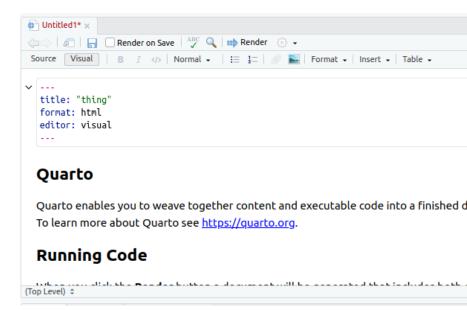
Make a new project

- Call it what you like. Mine is called thing:
- ► Select:
 - File,
 - New Project,
 - New Directory,
 - New Project (again),
 - pive it a name and click Create Project.
- You see the name of your new project top right.

R Notebooks

- At left of previous view is Console, where you can enter R commands and see output.
- A better way to work is via "Quarto Documents". These allow you to combine narrative, code and output in one document.
- ▶ Data analysis is always a story: not only what you did, but why you did it, with the "why" being more important.
- ➤ To create a new Quarto Document, select File, New File, Quarto Document. Give it a title. This brings up an example document as over.

The template document



About this document

- It begins with a title (that you can change).
- ▶ Most of the document is text (narrative).
- ▶ Pieces beginning with {r}, with grey background, are called code cells (code chunks). They contain R code.
- Run code cells by clicking on the green "play button" at the top right of the first cell. This one does some very exciting arithmetic.

After running the code chunk

```
{r}
1 + 1
[1] 2
```

Making our own document 1/2

- ➤ Create another new document. Give it a title of "Chicken weights by diet", and click Create. When the document opens, delete the template that it gives you (leaving only the six lines that begin and end with ---).
- Move the cursor to the next line below those top six lines.
- Type a / (slash). This allows you to insert something.
- Start typing "heading". When you see "Heading 2" in the list, select that.
- On this line, type **Packages** (which you'll see big and bold like a title) and hit Enter a couple of times. At the top of the window, you should now see Normal (normal text).

Making our own document 2/2

- ▶ Make a new code chunk: type a slash, then select the top option "R Code Chunk".
- Inside that cell, type library(tidyverse).
- ▶ Below that, make another "Heading 2" and put "Weights of chickens" on that line.
- Make another new code cell below that, and insert the line of code: chickwts
- Below that, make another Heading 2, "A boxplot", and another code cell containing ggplot(chickwts, aes(x = feed, y = weight)) + geom_boxplot().

My document

```
title: "Chicken weights"
author: "me"
format: html
editor: visual
```

Packages

```
{r}
library(tidyverse)
```

Weights of chickens

```
{r}
chickwts
```

A boxplot

```
{r}
ggplot(chickwts, aes(x = feed, y = weight)) +
geom boxplot()
```

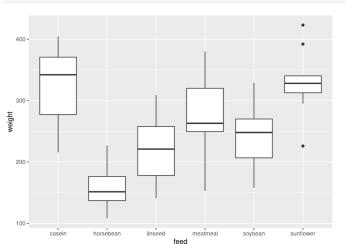
Run the chunks

- Now run each of the three chunks in order. You'll see output below each one, including a boxplot below the last one.
- When it works, add some narrative text before the code chunks explaining what is going to be done, and some text after describing what you see.
- Save the document (File, Save As). You don't need a file extension.
- Click Render (at the top). This makes an HTML-formatted report, which may appear in another tab of your web browser.
- ▶ If you want to edit anything, go back to the Quarto document, change it, save it, and run Render again. For example, you can try putting some of the text in *italics* or **bold**. (See Format.)

The end of my (rendered) report

A boxplot

ggplot(chickwts, aes(x = feed, y = weight)) + geom_boxplot()



The weights of the chickens vary considerably by feed, with the chickens fed on horsebean weighing the least on average

Installing R on your own computer

- Free, open-source. Download and run on own computer.
- ► Three things:
 - R itself (install first)
 - R Studio (front end)
 - Quarto (for writing reports).

Downloading R

► Go to https://www.r-project.org/.

The R Project for Statistical Computing

Getting Started

R is a free software environment for statistical computing and graphics. It compiles and runs on a wide variety of UNIX platforms, Windows and MacOS. To **download R**, please choose your preferred CRAN mirror.

- Click Download R (the link in the first paragraph) .
- R is stored on numerous "mirrors", sites around the world. The top one, "0-Cloud", picks one for you.

CRAN Mirrors

The Comprehensive R Archive Network is available at the following URLs, please choose a location close to you. Som found here: main page, windows release, windows old release.

If you want to host a new mirror at your institution, please have a look at the CRAN Mirror HOWTO.

0-Cloud

https://cloud.r-project.org/

Automatic redirection to servers worldwide, cur Automatic redirection to servers worldwide, cur

Click your mirror

Click 0-Cloud (or other mirror), get:

Download and Install R

Precompiled binary distributions of the base system and cor

- Download R for Linux
- Download R for (Mac) OS X
- Download R for Windows
- Click on your operating system, eg. Windows.

Click on Base

R for Windows

Subdirectories:

base	Binaries for base distribution (managed by Duncan Mi want to install R for the first time.
contrib	Binaries of contributed CRAN packages (for R >= 2.1 Ligges). There is also information on third party softw Windows services and corresponding environment and
old contrib	Binaries of contributed CRAN packages for outdated v 2.11.x; managed by Uwe Ligges).
Rtools	Tools to build R and R packages (managed by Duncan you want to build your own packages on Windows, or

Click on "base" here.

The actual download

- ➤ The version number is, as I write this, 4.4.1, but there may be an update between me writing this and you reading it.
- For Windows, click something like the top link below:

Download R-4.4.1 for Windows (82 megabytes, 64 bit)

README on the Windows binary distribution

New features in this version

Download R-4.4.1 for Windows (82 megabytes, 64 bit)

README on the Windows binary distribution

New features in this version

- ► Then install usual way.
- ► For Mac, install R-4.4.1-arm64.pkg (Big Sur with Apple

Now, R Studio

- ▶ Go to https://www.rstudio.com/. You will be redirected to posit.co, which is the new name of the company that makes R Studio.
- ▶ Top right, click Download R Studio (the blue link).
- Scroll down to where it says R Studio Desktop, Free, and a blue Download button underneath. Click Download.

Find the one for you

- We already installed R, so no need to do that.
- Scroll down to All Installers, and click the installer for your machine (Windows, Mac, several flavours of Linux). Install as usual. See over.

Choose the right one

All Installers and Tarballs

RStudio requires a 64-bit operating system.

Linux users may need to import Posit's public code-signing key prior to installation, depending on the operating system's security policy.

os	Download	Size	SHA-256
Windows 10/11	RSTUDIO-2024.04.2-764.EXE ±	262.79 MB	09E1E38A
macOS 12+	RSTUDIO-2024.04.2-764.DMG ±	664.40 MB	D0DDD395
Ubuntu 20/Debian 11	RSTUDIO-2024.04.2-764-AMD64.DEB ±	194.73 MB	87820155
Ubuntu 22/Debian 12	RSTUDIO-2024.04.2-764-AMD64.DEB ±	196.64 MB	1D0BD2F5
OpenSUSE 15	RSTUDIO-2024.04.2-764-X86_64.RPM ±	196.89 MB	CC0E1D88

Quarto

The last thing we need is Quarto, so that we can render documents (and thus hand in assignments).

- ► Go to https://quarto.org/.
- Click on one of the Get Started links (blue).
- Find your operating system and install as usual (over):

Quarto 2/2

Step 1

Install Quarto

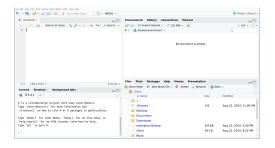
Find your operating system in the table below

Platform	Download
Ubuntu 18+/Debian 10+	quarto-1.5.54-linux-amd64.deb
Linux x86 Tarball	quarto-1.5.54-linux-amd64.tar.gz
Linux Arm64	quarto-1.5.54-linux-arm64.deb
Linux Arm64 Tarball	quarto-1.5.54-linux-arm64.tar.gz
RHEL 7 Tarball	quarto-1.5.54-linux-rhel7-amd64.tar.gz
Mac OS	quarto-1.5.54-macos.pkg
Windows	quarto-1.5.54-win.msi
	Release notes and more downloads

Running R

- ▶ All of above only done once.
- To run R, run R Studio, which itself runs R.

How R Studio looks when you run it



that is, just the same as the online one.

Install Tidyverse

First time you run R Studio on your machine, click on Console window, and, next to the >, type install.packages("tidyverse"). Let it do what it needs to. (You need to do this on your machine. On r.datatools.utoronto.ca, it's already been done.)

Projects

- ▶ A project is a "container" for code and data that belong together.
- ▶ Goes with a folder on some computer.
- File, New Project. You have option to create the new project in a new folder, or in a folder that already exists.
- Use a project for a collection of work that belongs together, eg. data files and Quarto documents for assignments. Putting everything in a project folder makes it easier to find.
- Example: use a project for (all) assignments in a course, a different document within that project for each one.