# Drawing maps with Leaflet

# Making maps in R

- Spatial data comes with locations (perhaps with information about those locations).
- A good way to draw spatial data is on a map.
- The leaflet package is the easiest way to draw maps in R.
- Install these two packages, with two familiar ones:

```
library(tmaptools)
library(leaflet)
library(tidyverse)
library(conflicted)
```

## Hockey league map

The Ontario hockey divisions (the last example for cluster analysis) came with a very bad map. Can we do better?

reload the Ontario road distances

```
my_url <-
   "http://ritsokiguess.site/datafiles/ontario-road-distances.c
# my_url <- "ontario-road-distances.csv"
ontario <- read_csv(my_url)
## Rows: 21 Columns: 22</pre>
```

## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): place
## dbl (21): Barrie, Belleville, Brantford, Brockvi...
##

## -- Column specification -----

## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for the column

## Ontario road distances (some)

Cornwall <dhl>

#### ontario

```
A tibble: 21 \times 22
##
      place
                  Barrie Belleville Brantford Brockville
##
      <chr>
                    <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
##
    1 Barrie
                                  260
                                             190
                                                          405
##
    2 Belleville
                      260
                                             290
                                                          155
##
    3 Brantford
                      190
                                  290
                                                          420
##
    4 Brockville
                      405
                                  155
                                             420
                                                            0
##
    5 Cornwall
                      500
                                  250
                                             535
                                                           95
    6 Hamilton
                      145
                                  255
                                              40
                                                          405
##
##
    7 Huntsville
                      125
                                  280
                                             300
                                                          405
##
    8 Kingston
                      330
                                   75
                                             340
                                                           80
##
    9 Kitchener
                      180
                                  280
                                              40
                                                          425
   10 London
                                              85
                                                          510
                      260
                                  360
## # ... with 11 more rows, and 17 more variables:
```

Hamilton <dhl>
Drawing maps with Leaflet

### Grab the places

and append province ("ON") for reasons shortly to become clear:

```
tibble(place = ontario$place) %>%
  mutate(prov = "ON") %>%
  unite(place1, c(place, prov), sep = " ") -> ontario2
ontario2
```

```
## # A tibble: 21 \times 1
##
   place1
   <chr>
##
## 1 Barrie ON
    2 Belleville ON
##
##
   3 Brantford ON
##
    4 Brockville ON
##
    5 Cornwall ON
##
    6 Hamilton ON
   7 Huntsville ON
##
```

### Geocode 1/2

- find their latitudes and longitudes ("geocode"; slow).
- Save the geocoded places.

```
ontario2 %>%
  rowwise() %>%
  mutate(ll = list(geocode_OSM(place1))) -> d
d
```

```
## # A tibble: 21 \times 2
##
      place1
                      11
##
      <chr>
                      st>
                      <named list [3]>
##
    1 Barrie ON
##
    2 Belleville ON <named list [3]>
                                   [3]>
##
    3 Brantford ON
                      <named list</pre>
##
    4 Brockville ON <named list [3]>
##
    5 Cornwall ON
                      <named list</pre>
                                   [3]>
    6 Hamilton ON
                      <named list</pre>
                                    [3]>
##
```

### Geocode 2/2

d %>%

##

Untangle the lats and longs:

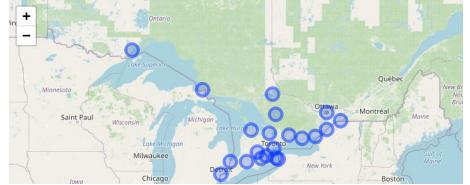
unnest\_wider(ll) %>%

```
unnest wider(coords) -> ontario3
ontario3
    A tibble: 21 \times 5
##
     place1
                                          y bbox
                   query
     <chr>
                                ##
                   <chr>
##
   1 Barrie ON
                   Barrie ON
                                -79.7 44.4 <bbox>
   2 Belleville ON Belleville ON -77.4 44.2 <bbox>
##
##
   3 Brantford ON
                   Brantford ON -80.3 43.1 <bbox>
##
   4 Brockville ON
                   Brockville ON -75.7 44.6 <bbox>
##
   5 Cornwall ON
                   Cornwall ON -74.7 45.0 <br/> bbox>
##
   6 Hamilton ON
                   Hamilton ON -79.9 43.3 <br/>bbox>
```

### Make map

finally:

```
leaflet(data = ontario3) %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(lng = ~x, lat = ~y) -> locs
locs
```



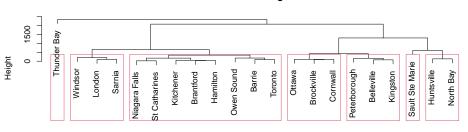
### Cluster analysis revisited

```
ontario %>% select(-1) %>% as.dist() -> ontario.d
ontario.hc <- hclust(ontario.d, method = "ward.D")</pre>
```

### Seven clusters:

```
plot(ontario.hc)
rect.hclust(ontario.hc, 7)
```

#### **Cluster Dendrogram**



ontario.d hclust (\*, "ward.D")

#### Get the clusters

```
tibble(place = ontario$place, cluster = cutree(ontario.hc, 7)) -> clusters
clusters %>% arrange(cluster)
```

```
## # A tibble: 21 x 2
  place cluster
##
     <chr>
##
                    <int>
## 1 Barrie
##
   2 Brantford
##
   3 Hamilton
##
   4 Kitchener
   5 Niagara Falls
##
   6 Owen Sound
##
   7 St Catharines
##
##
   8 Toronto
   9 Belleville
## 10 Kingston
## # ... with 11 more rows
```

### Combine clusters

- combine clusters 6 and 7 with 4 ("north")
- combine clusters 2 and 3 ("east")
- make named divisions

### The divisions

#### divisions

```
## # A tibble: 21 x 3
##
    place cluster division
##
     <chr>
                     <int> <fct>
  1 Barrie
##
                         1 central
   2 Brantford
##
                         1 central
##
   3 Hamilton
                         1 central
##
   4 Kitchener
                       1 central
                   1 central
##
   5 Niagara Falls
##
   6 Owen Sound
                       1 central
##
  7 St Catharines
                      1 central
##
   8 Toronto
                         1 central
##
   9 Belleville
                         2 east
## 10 Brockville
                         3 east
## # ... with 11 more rows
```

### Take "ON" off of ontario3

```
ontario3 %>%
 mutate(place = str_replace(place1, " ON$", "")) -> ontario3
ontario3
## # A tibble: 21 x 6
##
     place1 query x
                                     y bbox place
     <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
##
   1 Barrie ON Barrie ON -79.7 44.4 <bbox> Barr~
##
##
   2 Belleville ON Bellevill~ -77.4 44.2 <bbox> Bell~
   3 Brantford ON Brantford~ -80.3 43.1 <bbox> Bran~
##
##
   4 Brockville ON Brockvill~ -75.7 44.6 <bbox> Broc~
##
   5 Cornwall ON Cornwall ~ -74.7 45.0 <bbox> Corn~
   6 Hamilton ON Hamilton ~ -79.9 43.3 <bbox> Hami~
##
##
   7 Huntsville ON Huntsvill~ -79.2 45.3 <bbox> Hunt.~
##
   8 Kingston ON Kingston ~ -76.5 44.2 <bbox> King~
##
   9 Kitchener ON Kitchener~ -80.5 43.5 <bbox> Kitc~
## 10 London ON London ON -81.2 43.0 <bbox> Lond~
## # ... with 11 more rows
```

## Add the divisions, matching by place

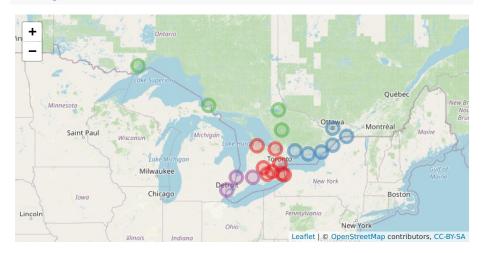
## Joining, by = "place"

```
o and draw map
pal <- colorFactor("Set1", divisions$division)

ontario3 %>% left_join(divisions) %>%
  select(place, x, y, division) %>%
  leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(lng = ~x, lat = ~y, color = ~pal(division))
```

# The map with divisions

#### divmap



### Original seven clusters

The same idea gets a map of the original seven clusters:

```
pal <- colorFactor("Set1", divisions$cluster)
ontario3 %>% left_join(divisions) %>%
  select(place, x, y, cluster) %>%
  leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(lng = ~x, lat = ~y, color = ~pal(cluster))
```

```
## Joining, by = "place"
```

### Map with seven clusters

#### divmap

