# Choosing things in dataframes

### **Packages**

The usual:

library(tidyverse)

### Doing things with data frames

#### Let's go back to our Australian athletes:

```
athletes
```

```
# A tibble: 202 x 13
  Sex
        Sport
             RCC
                      WCC
                            Hс
                                 Hg Ferr
                                           BMI
                                                SSF `%Bfat`
                                                            LBM
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                      <dbl> <dbl>
1 female Netba~ 4.56
                    13.3 42.2
                               13.6
                                      20
                                          19.2 49
                                                      11.3 53.1
2 female Netba~ 4.15
                    6
                          38
                               12.7
                                      59
                                          21.2 110.
                                                      25.3 47.1
3 female Netba~ 4.16 7.6
                         37.5 12.3
                                      22
                                          21.4 89
                                                      19.4 53.4
4 female Netba~ 4.32 6.4 37.7 12.3
                                      30
                                          21.0 98.3
                                                      19.6 48.8
5 female Netba~ 4.06 5.8 38.7 12.8
                                          21.8 122.
                                                      23.1 56.0
                                      78
6 female Netba~ 4.12 6.1
                          36.6 11.8
                                      21
                                          21.4 90.4
                                                      16.9 56.4
7 female Netba~ 4.17
                          37.4 12.7
                      5
                                      109
                                          21.5 107.
                                                      21.3 53.1
8 female Netba~ 3.8 6.6 36.5 12.4
                                      102
                                          24.4 157.
                                                      26.6 54.4
9 female Netba~ 3.96 5.5 36.3 12.4
                                      71
                                          22.6 101.
                                                      17.9 56.0
10 female Netba~ 4.44
                     9.7
                          41.4 14.1
                                      64
                                          22.8 126.
                                                      25.0 51.6
# i 192 more rows
# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>. Wt <dbl>
```

### Choosing a column

```
athletes %>% select(Sport)
 A tibble: 202 x 1
   Sport
   <chr>>
 1 Netball
 2 Netball
 3 Netball
 4 Netball
 5 Netball
 6 Netball
 7 Netball
 8 Netball
 9 Netball
10 Netball
# i 192 more rows
```

### Choosing several columns

```
athletes %>% select(Sport, Hg, BMI)
```

```
# A tibble: 202 x 3
  Sport
            Hg
                 BMI
  <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
1 Netball 13.6 19.2
2 Netball 12.7 21.2
3 Netball 12.3 21.4
4 Netball 12.3 21.0
5 Netball 12.8 21.8
6 Netball 11.8 21.4
7 Netball 12.7 21.5
8 Netball 12.4 24.4
9 Netball 12.4 22.6
10 Netball 14.1 22.8
# i 192 more rows
```

### Choosing consecutive columns

#### athletes %>% select(Sex:WCC)

```
A tibble: 202 \times 4
  Sex
         Sport RCC
                        WCC
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
 1 female Netball 4.56 13.3
2 female Netball 4.15 6
3 female Netball 4.16 7.6
4 female Netball 4.32 6.4
5 female Netball 4.06 5.8
6 female Netball 4.12 6.1
7 female Netball 4.17
                        5
8 female Netball 3.8
                        6.6
9 female Netball 3.96 5.5
10 female Netball 4.44
                        9.7
# i 192 more rows
```

### Choosing all-but some columns

```
A tibble: 202 \times 4
  Sex
         Sport Ht
                       Wt.
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
1 female Netball 177, 59.9
2 female Netball 173. 63
3 female Netball 176 66.3
4 female Netball 170, 60.7
5 female Netball 183 72.9
6 female Netball 178. 67.9
7 female Netball 177. 67.5
8 female Netball 174. 74.1
9 female Netball 174. 68.2
10 female Netball 174. 68.8
# i 192 more rows
```

athletes %>% select(-(RCC:LBM))

### Select-helpers

Other ways to select columns: those whose name:

- starts\_with something
- ends\_with something
- contains something
- matches a "regular expression"
- everything() select all the columns

### Columns whose names begin with S

```
athletes %>% select(starts with("S"))
# A tibble: 202 x 3
  Sex Sport SSF
  <chr> <chr> <dbl>
 1 female Netball 49
 2 female Netball 110.
 3 female Netball 89
 4 female Netball 98.3
 5 female Netball 122.
 6 female Netball 90.4
 7 female Netball 107.
 8 female Netball 157.
 9 female Netball 101.
10 female Netball 126.
# i 192 more rows
```

### Columns whose names end with C

either uppercase or lowercase:

```
athletes %>% select(ends_with("c"))
```

```
# A tibble: 202 \times 3
    R.C.C
         WCC
               Hс
  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1 4.56 13.3 42.2
2 4.15 6 38
3
  4.16 7.6 37.5
  4.32 6.4 37.7
5 4.06 5.8 38.7
6 4.12 6.1 36.6
   4.17 5 37.4
8
  3.8 6.6 36.5
   3.96 5.5 36.3
10 4.44
         9.7 41.4
   192 more rows
```

#### Case-sensitive

This works with any of the select-helpers:

```
athletes %>% select(ends_with("C", ignore.case=FALSE))
# A tibble: 202 x 2
    RCC
         WCC
  <dbl> <dbl>
1 4.56 13.3
2 4.15 6
3 4.16 7.6
4 4.32 6.4
5 4.06 5.8
6 4.12 6.1
7 4.17 5
8 3.8 6.6
  3.96 5.5
10 4.44 9.7
   192 more rows
```

### Column names containing letter R

```
athletes %>% select(contains("r"))
 A tibble: 202 \times 3
  Sport RCC Ferr
  <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
1 Netball 4.56
                  20
2 Netball 4.15 59
3 Netball 4.16 22
4 Netball 4.32 30
5 Netball 4.06
               78
6 Netball 4.12
               21
7 Netball 4.17
                 109
8 Netball 3.8
                 102
9 Netball 3.96
               71
10 Netball 4.44 64
# i 192 more rows
```

### Exactly two characters, ending with T

In regular expression terms, this is ^.t\$:

- ^ means "start of text"
- . means "exactly one character, but could be anything"
- \$ means "end of text".

athletes %>% select(matches("^.t\$"))

```
# A tibble: 202 x 2

Ht Wt

<dbl> <dbl>
```

- 1 177. 59.9 2 173. 63
- 3 176 66.3 4 170. 60.7
- 5 183 72.9 6 178. 67.9 7 177. 67.5
- 8 174. 74.1

60 0

17/

### Choosing columns by property

- ▶ Use where as with summarizing several columns
- eg, to choose text columns:

athletes %>% select(where(is.character))

```
A tibble: 202 \times 2
          Sport
  Sex
   <chr> <chr>
 1 female Netball
2 female Netball
3 female Netball
4 female Netball
5 female Netball
6 female Netball
7 female Netball
8 female Netball
9 female Netball
10 female Netball
 i 192 more rows
```

### Choosing rows by number

#### athletes %>% slice(16:25)

```
# A tibble: 10 x 13
          Sport
                   RCC
                                                 BMI
   Sex
                         WCC
                                Hс
                                      Hg Ferr
                                                       SSF '%Bfat'
                                                                     LBM
   <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                             <dbl> <dbl>
 1 female Netba~
                 4.25
                        10.7
                              39.5
                                    13.2
                                                24.5 157.
                                                              26.5 54.5
                                           127
 2 female Netba~
                  4.46
                        10.9
                              39.7
                                    13.7
                                           102
                                                24.0 116.
                                                              23.0 57.2
 3 female Netha~
                  4.4
                         9.3
                              40.4
                                    13.6
                                                26.2 182.
                                                              30.1
                                                                    54.4
 4 female Netba~
                  4.83
                         8.4
                              41.8
                                   13.4
                                            40 20.0 71.6
                                                              13.9 57.6
5 female Netba~
                  4.23
                         6.9
                              38.3
                                    12.6
                                                25.7 144.
                                                              26.6
                                                                   61.5
 6 female Netha~
                 4.24
                         8.4 37.6
                                   12.5
                                                25.6 201.
                                                              35.5 53.5
 7 female Netha~
                         6.6 38.4 12.8
                                            33 19.9 68.9
                                                              15.6 54.1
                 3.95
8 female Netba~ 4.03
                         8.5 37.7
                                   13
                                            51 23.4 104.
                                                              19.6 55.4
9 female BBall
                  3.96
                         7.5 37.5
                                   12.3
                                                20.6 109.
                                                              19.8 63.3
10 female RBall
                  4.41
                         8.3 38.2 12.7
                                            68 20.7 103.
                                                              21.3 58.6
# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

#### Non-consecutive rows

3 female Netball 4.46 10.9 39.7 13.7

4.37

# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>

8.1 41.8 14.3

4 female Row

```
athletes %>%
  slice(10, 13, 17, 42)
# A tibble: 4 x 13
  Sex
         Sport
                    RCC
                          WCC
                                  Hс
                                        Hg Ferr
                                                    BMI
                                                           SSF '%Bfat'
  <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <
                                                                 <dbl> <dbl>
1 female Netball 4.44
                          9.7
                                41.4
                                      14.1
                                                   22.8
                                                         126.
                                                                  25.0 51.6
2 female Nethall 4.02
                               37.7 12.7
                                                   23.0
                                                           77
                          9.1
                                              107
                                                                  18.1 57.3
```

102 24.0 116.

98

53 23.5

23.0 57.2

21.8 63.0

### A random sample of rows

4.49

4.87

4.51

# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>

7.6 41.8 14.4

8.2 43.8 15

39.7 14.3

6 female Row

8 female Field

Row

7 male

```
athletes %>% slice_sample(n=8)
# A tibble: 8 x 13
       Sport
                RCC
                     WCC
                           Hс
                                Hg Ferr
                                          BMI
                                               SSF '%Bfat'
 Sex
 <chr> <chr>
              <dbl> <dbl>
1 female Gym
               4.19
                         39
                               13.4
                                         18.9 43.5
                                                     10.2 43.0
2 female TSprnt
               5.16
                     8.2 45.3 14.7
                                        20.3 46.1
                                                     10.2 51.5
3 female Tennis
                              14.8
                                        17.1 47.6
               4.98
                     6.4 44.8
                                                     11.1 42.2
4 female Netball 4.39
                     9.6 38.3 12.5
                                     39
                                         24.6 149.
                                                     26.8 54.2
5 male Field
                     9.6 48.2 16.7
                                     103 27.4 65.9
                                                     11.7 83
               5.11
```

71 24.2 111.

130 23.6 49.2

36 28.1 136.

24.7 56.5

24.9 63.0

9 78

### Rows for which something is true

```
athletes %>% filter(Sport == "Tennis")
# A tibble: 11 x 13
                        WCC
   Sex
         Sport
                  RCC
                               Hс
                                     Hg Ferr
                                                BMI
                                                      SSF '%Bfat'
                                                                    I.BM
   <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                            <dbl> <dbl>
 1 female Tennis 4
                        4.2 36.6
                                   12
                                               25.4 109
                                                            20.9
                                                                   56.6
 2 female Tennis 4.4
                             40.8
                                  13.9
                                               22.1 98.1
                                                                   56.0
                                                            19.6
                        7.9 39.8
 3 female Tennis 4.38
                                  13.5
                                           88
                                               21.2 80.6
                                                            17.1
                                                                   46.5
 4 female Tennis 4.08
                        6.6 37.8 12.1
                                          182
                                               20.5 68.3
                                                            15.3
                                                                   51.8
 5 female Tennis 4.98
                        6.4 44.8
                                  14.8
                                               17.1 47.6
                                                            11.1
                                                                   42.2
 6 female Tennis 5.16
                        7.2 44.3 14.5
                                               18.3 61.9
                                                            12.9
                                                                   48.8
7 female Tennis 4.66
                        6.4 40.9
                                  13.9
                                          109
                                               18.4 38.2
                                                             8.45 41.9
         Tennis 5.66
                        8.3 50.2 17.7
                                               23.8 56.5
                                                                   72
8 male
                                                            10.0
9 male
                        6.4 42.7 14.3
                                              22.0 47.6
        Tennis 5.03
                                          122
                                                             8.51
                                                                   68
10 male
        Tennis 4.97
                        8.8
                             43
                                   14.9
                                          233
                                               22.3 60.4
                                                            11.5
11 male
        Tennis 5.38
                        6.3
                             46
                                 15.7
                                           32 21.1 34.9
                                                             6.26 72
# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

### More complicated selections

7 male

```
# A tibble: 7 x 13
 Sex
       Sport
               RCC
                     WCC
                           Ηс
                                 Hg
                                    Ferr
                                           BMI
                                                SSF
 <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
1 female Tennis 4
                     4.2
                         36.6 12
                                      57
                                          25.4 109
2 female Tennis 4.4 4
                         40.8 13.9 73 22.1
                                               98.1
3 female Tennis 4.38 7.9 39.8 13.5
                                      88
                                          21.2
                                               80.6
4 female Tennis 4.08 6.6 37.8 12.1
                                     182 20.5 68.3
```

8.8 43

80

109

233

14.9

17.1 47.6

18.4 38.2

22.3 60.4

athletes %>% filter(Sport == "Tennis", RCC < 5)

5 female Tennis 4.98 6.4 44.8 14.8

6 female Tennis 4.66 6.4 40.9 13.9

# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>

Tennis 4.97

### Another way to do "and"

```
athletes %>% filter(Sport == "Tennis") %>%
 filter(RCC < 5)
# A tibble: 7 x 13
               RCC
                     WCC Hc
                                          BMI
                                               SSF
 Sex
       Sport
                             Hg Ferr
 <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
1 female Tennis 4 4.2 36.6 12
                                      57
                                         25.4 109
2 female Tennis 4.4 4 40.8 13.9 73 22.1
                                              98.1
3 female Tennis 4.38 7.9 39.8 13.5
                                      88
                                         21.2
                                              80.6
4 female Tennis 4.08 6.6 37.8 12.1
                                     182 20.5 68.3
5 female Tennis 4.98 6.4 44.8 14.8
                                         17.1 47.6
                                      80
6 female Tennis 4.66 6.4 40.9 13.9
                                     109 18.4 38.2
7 male
       Tennis 4.97
                     8.8 43
                               14.9
                                     233 22.3 60.4
```

# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>

### Either/Or

```
athletes %>% filter(Sport == "Tennis" | RCC > 5)
```

```
# A tibble: 66 x 13
  Sex
        Sport
                RCC
                     WCC
                           Ηс
                                 Hg
                                    Ferr
                                           BMI
                                                SSF
        <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
  <chr>
1 female Row 5.02
                     6.4 44.8 15.2
                                      48
                                          19.8
                                               91
2 female T400m 5.31 9.5 47.1 15.9
                                      29
                                          21.4 57.9
3 female Field 5.33 9.3 47
                               15
                                      62
                                          25.3 103.
4 female TSprnt 5.16 8.2 45.3 14.7
                                      34 20.3 46.1
5 female Tennis 4
                 4.2 36.6 12
                                      57 25.4 109
6 female Tennis 4.4
                     4 40.8 13.9
                                      73 22.1 98.1
7 female Tennis 4.38 7.9 39.8 13.5
                                      88
                                          21.2 80.6
8 female Tennis 4.08 6.6 37.8 12.1
                                     182 20.5 68.3
9 female Tennis 4.98 6.4 44.8 14.8
                                      80
                                          17.1
                                               47.6
10 female Tennis 5.16 7.2 44.3
                               14.5
                                      88
                                          18.3
                                               61.9
# i 56 more rows
# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

### Sorting into order

#### athletes %>% arrange(RCC)

```
# A tibble: 202 \times 13
        Sport RCC
  Sex
                      WCC
                            Ηс
                                 Hg
                                     Ferr
                                           BMI
                                                SSF
        <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
  <chr>
1 female Netba~ 3.8 6.6 36.5 12.4
                                      102
                                          24.4 157.
                                      78
2 female Netba~ 3.9 6.3 35.9 12.1
                                          20.1
                                               70
3 female T400m 3.9 6
                          38.9 13.5
                                      16 19.4 48.4
            3.91 7.3 37.6 12.9
4 female Row
                                      43 22.3 126.
5 female Netba~ 3.95 6.6 38.4 12.8
                                      33 19.9 68.9
6 female Row 3.95 3.3 36.9 12.5
                                      40 24.5 74.9
7 female Netba~ 3.96 5.5 36.3 12.4
                                      71 22.6 101.
8 female BBall 3.96 7.5 37.5 12.3
                                      60
                                          20.6 109.
9 female Tennis 4
                 4.2 36.6 12
                                      57
                                          25.4 109
                               12.7
10 female Netba~ 4.02 9.1 37.7
                                      107
                                          23.0
                                               77
# i 192 more rows
# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

### Breaking ties by another variable

#### athletes %>% arrange(RCC, BMI)

```
# A tibble: 202 \times 13
        Sport RCC
  Sex
                     WCC
                           Нс
                                 Hg
                                    Ferr
                                           BMI
                                                SSF
        <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
  <chr>
1 female Netba~ 3.8 6.6 36.5 12.4
                                     102
                                          24.4 157.
2 female T400m 3.9 6
                          38.9 13.5
                                      16 19.4 48.4
3 female Netba~ 3.9 6.3 35.9 12.1
                                      78 20.1 70
4 female Row 3.91 7.3 37.6 12.9
                                      43 22.3 126.
5 female Netba~ 3.95 6.6 38.4 12.8
                                      33 19.9 68.9
6 female Row 3.95 3.3 36.9 12.5
                                      40 24.5 74.9
7 female BBall 3.96 7.5 37.5 12.3
                                      60
                                          20.6 109.
8 female Netba~ 3.96 5.5 36.3 12.4
                                      71 22.6 101.
9 female Tennis 4
                 4.2 36.6 12
                                      57 25.4 109
10 female Netba~ 4.02 9.1 37.7
                               12.7
                                     107
                                          23.0
                                               77
# i 192 more rows
# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

### Descending order

#### athletes %>% arrange(desc(BMI))

```
# A tibble: 202 x 13
  Sex
         Sport
                RCC
                     WCC
                            Нс
                                 Hg
                                     Ferr
                                           BMI
                                                 SSF
         <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
  <chr>
1 male Field 5.48
                     6.2
                          48.2 16.3
                                       94
                                          34.4
                                                82.7
2 male Field 4.96 8.3 45.3 15.7
                                      141
                                          33.7 114.
3 male Field 5.48
                     4.6 49.4 18
                                      132
                                          32.5 55.7
                     7.5 43.8 15.2
4 female Field 4.75
                                       90
                                          31.9 132.
5 male Field 5.01
                     8.9
                          46
                               15.9
                                      212
                                          30.2 112.
6 male Field 5.01
                     8.9
                          46
                               15.9
                                      212
                                          30.2 96.9
7 male Field
               5.09
                     8.9
                          46.3 15.4
                                       44
                                          30.0 71.1
8 female Field
               4.58
                     5.8
                          42.1 14.7
                                      164
                                          28.6 110.
9 female Field 4.51
                     9
                          39.7 14.3
                                       36
                                          28.1 136.
                     6.2
10 male
         WPolo 5.34
                          49.8
                               17.2
                                      143
                                          27.8
                                                75.7
# i 192 more rows
# i 2 more variables: Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

### "The top ones"

2 BBall 114. 3 Field 111. 4 Field 108. 5 Field 103. 6 WPolo 101 7 BBall 100.

```
athletes %>%
  arrange(desc(Wt)) %>%
  slice(1:7) %>%
  select(Sport, Wt)

# A tibble: 7 x 2
  Sport Wt
  <chr>  <dbl>
1 Field 123.
```

### Another way

7 BBall 100.

```
athletes %>%
  slice_max(order_by = Wt, n=7) %>%
  select(Sport, Wt)
# A tibble: 7 x 2
 Sport
        Wt
  <chr> <dbl>
1 Field 123.
2 BBall 114.
3 Field 111.
4 Field 108.
5 Field 103.
6 WPolo 101
```

## Create new variables from old ones

```
athletes %>%
  mutate(wt_lb = Wt * 2.2) %>%
  select(Sport, Sex, Wt, wt_lb) %>%
  arrange(Wt)

# A tibble: 202 x 4
```

```
Sport Sex Wt wt 1b
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
1 Gym female 37.8 83.2
2 Gym female 43.8 96.4
3 Gym female 45.1 99.2
4 Tennis female 45.8 101.
5 Tennis female 47.4 104.
6 Gym female 47.8 105.
7 T400m female 49.2 108.
8 Row female 49.8 110.
9 T400m female 50.9 112.
10 Netball female 51.9 114.
```

### Turning the result into a number

Output is always data frame unless you explicitly turn it into something else, eg. the weight of the heaviest athlete, as a number:

```
athletes %>% arrange(desc(Wt)) %>% pluck("Wt", 1)
```

[1] 123.2

Or the 20 heaviest weights in descending order:

```
athletes %>%
  arrange(desc(Wt)) %>%
  slice(1:20) %>%
  pluck("Wt")
```

```
[1] 123.20 113.70 111.30 108.20 102.70 101.00 100.20 98.0
[10] 97.90 97.00 96.90 96.30 94.80 94.80 94.70 94.7
[19] 94.25 94.20
```

### Another way to do the last one

[19] 94.25 94.20

```
athletes %>%
    arrange(desc(Wt)) %>%
    slice(1:20) %>%
    pull("Wt")

[1] 123.20 113.70 111.30 108.20 102.70 101.00 100.20 98.0
[10] 97.90 97.00 96.90 96.30 94.80 94.80 94.70 94.70
```

pull grabs the column you name as a vector (of whatever it contains).

### To find the mean height of the women athletes

```
Two ways:
athletes %>% group_by(Sex) %>% summarize(m = mean(Ht))
# A tibble: 2 \times 2
  Sex
     m
  <chr> <dbl>
1 female 175.
2 male 186.
athletes %>%
  filter(Sex == "female") %>%
  summarize(m = mean(Ht))
# A tibble: 1 x 1
  <dbl>
1 175.
```

### Summary of data selection/arrangement "verbs"

Verb	Purpose
select	Choose columns
slice	Choose rows by number
slice_samp <b>C</b> enoose random rows	
slice_max	Choose rows with largest values on a variable (also
	slice_min)
filter	Choose rows satisfying conditions
arrange	Sort in order by column(s)
mutate	Create new variables
<pre>group_by</pre>	Create groups to work with
summarize	Calculate summary statistics (by groups if defined)
pluck	Extract items from data frame
pull	Extract a single column from a data frame as a vector

### Looking things up in another data frame

Suppose you are working in the nails department of a hardware store and you find that you have sold these items:

```
my_url <- "http://ritsokiguess.site/datafiles/nail_sales.cs
sales <- read_csv(my_url)
sales</pre>
```

### Product descriptions and prices

- but you don't remember what these product codes are, and you would like to know the total revenue from these sales.
- Fortunately you found a list of product descriptions and prices:

```
my_url <- "http://ritsokiguess.site/datafiles/nail_desc.csv"
desc <- read_csv(my_url)
desc</pre>
```

```
# A tibble: 7 x 5
  product code description
                              size
                                          qty price
  <chr>
               <chr>
                              <chr>
                                        <dbl> <dbl>
                              "10\""
                                              1.49
1 061-4525-2
               spike nail
                              "1.5\""
2 061-5329-4
                                          112 8.19
               masonry nail
                              "1\""
3 061-5344-6
                                         1298 6.99
               finishing nail
                              "1.25\""
4 061-5375-2
               roofing nail
                                          192 6.99
                              "4\""
5 061-5388-2
               framing nail
                                           25
                                               8.19
6 161-0090-0
               wood nail
                              "1\""
                                               2.39
                                           25
7 161-0199-4
                              "1-5/8\""
                                               4.69
               panel nail
                                           20
```

the size values are measured in inches (symbol "), but R uses the

### The lookup

- ► How do you "look up" the product codes to find the product descriptions and prices?
- left\_join.

```
sales %>% left_join(desc)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 \times 6
  product_code sales description
                                     size
                                                  qty price
  <chr>
               <dbl> <chr>
                                                <dbl> <dbl>
                                     <chr>
                                     "1\""
1 061-5344-6
                  10 finishing nail
                                                 1298
                                                       6.99
                                     "1\""
2 161-0090-0
                   6 wood nail
                                                       2.39
                                                   25
                                     "4\""
                                                   25 8.19
3 061-5388-2
                   2 framing nail
4 161-0199-4
                   8 panel nail
                                     "1-5/8\""
                                                   20 4.69
                                     "1.25\""
5 061-5375-2
                   5 roofing nail
                                                  192 6.99
                                     "10\""
6 061-4525-2
                   3 spike nail
                                                       1.49
```

#### What we have

- this looks up all the rows in the first dataframe that are also in the second.
- by default matches all columns with same name in two dataframes (product\_code here)
- get all columns in both dataframes. The rows are the ones for that product\_code.

So now can work out how much the total revenue was:

```
sales %>% left_join(desc) %>%
  mutate(product_revenue = sales*price) %>%
  summarize(total_revenue = sum(product_revenue))
```

#### More comments

- ▶ if any product codes are not matched, you get NA in the added columns
- anything in the second dataframe that was not in the first does not appear (here, any products that were not sold)
- other variations (examples follow):
  - if there are two columns with the same name in the two dataframes, and you only want to match on one, use by with one column name
  - ▶ if the columns you want to look up have different names in the two dataframes, use by with a "named list"

### Matching on only some matching names

Suppose the sales dataframe also had a column qty (which was the quantity sold):

```
sales %>% rename("qty"="sales") -> sales1
sales1
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
product_code qty
<chr> <dbl>
1 061-5344-6 10
2 161-0090-0 6
3 061-5388-2 2
4 161-0199-4 8
5 061-5375-2 5
6 061-4525-2 3
```

The qty in sales1 is the quantity sold, but the qty in desc is the number of nails in a package. These should not be matched: they are different things.

### Matching only on product code

2 161-0090-0

3 061-5388-2

4 161-0199-4

5 061-5375-2

6 061-4525-2

"1\""

"4\""

"1-5/8\""

"1.25\""

"10\""

25 2.39

25 8.19

192 6.99

1

4.69

1.49

20

► Get qty.x (from sales1) and qty.y (from desc).

6 wood nail

2 framing nail

5 roofing nail

8 panel nail

3 spike nail

### Matching on different names 1/2

Suppose the product code in sales was just code:

```
sales %>% rename("code" = "product_code") -> sales2
sales2
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
code sales
<chr> <dbl>
1 061-5344-6 10
2 161-0090-0 6
3 061-5388-2 2
4 161-0199-4 8
5 061-5375-2 5
6 061-4525-2 3
```

How to match the two product codes that have different names?

### Matching on different names 2/2

Use by, but like this:

```
sales2 %>%
  left_join(desc, by = c("code"="product_code"))
```

```
# A tibble: 6 \times 6
  code
          sales description
                                size
                                           qty price
  <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                <chr>
                                          <dbl> <dbl>
1 061-5344-6
               10 finishing nail
                                "1\""
                                           1298 6.99
                                "1\""
2 161-0090-0
                6 wood nail
                                            25 2.39
                                "4\""
                                            25 8.19
3 061-5388-2
                2 framing nail
                                "1-5/8\""
4 161-0199-4
                8 panel nail
                                            20 4.69
                                "1.25\""
5 061-5375-2
                5 roofing nail
                                            192 6.99
6 061-4525-2
                3 spike nail
                                "10\""
                                                1.49
```

### Other types of join

- right\_join: interchanges roles, looking up keys from second dataframe in first.
- anti\_join: give me all the rows in the first dataframe that are not in the second. (Use this eg. to see whether the product descriptions are incomplete.)
- full\_join: give me all the rows in both dataframes, with missings as needed.

### Full join here

#### sales %>% full\_join(desc)

```
# A tibble: 7 \times 6
 product code sales description
                                   size
                                               qty price
 <chr>
              <dbl> <chr>
                                   <chr>
                                             <dbl> <dbl>
                                   "1\""
1 061-5344-6
                 10 finishing nail
                                              1298
                                                   6.99
                                   "1\""
2 161-0090-0
                  6 wood nail
                                                25 2.39
                                   "4\""
3 061-5388-2
                  2 framing nail
                                                25 8.19
                                   "1-5/8\""
4 161-0199-4
                  8 panel nail
                                                20 4.69
5 061-5375-2
                  5 roofing nail
                                   "1.25\""
                                               192 6.99
                  3 spike nail
                                   "10\""
                                                 1 1.49
6 061-4525-2
7 061-5329-4
                 NA masonry nail
                                   "1.5\""
                                               112 8.19
```

The missing sales for "masonry nail" says that it was in the lookup table desc, but we didn't sell any.

### The same thing, but with anti\_join

Anything in first df but not in second?

```
desc %>% anti_join(sales)
```

Masonry nails are the only thing in our product description file that we did not sell any of.