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# Matlab 4

```
Problem 1:
```

```
eigvalProd =
-0.0431 + 0.0000i
eigPoly =
1.0000 -3.6765 1.2131 -0.4712 -1.5105 0.4632 -0.0431
eidDet =
-0.0431
```

### Problem 2:

```
P =
 \hbox{-0.3162 }\hbox{-0.1313 }\hbox{0.7800 }\hbox{-0.4127}
 0.3162 -0.9191 0.5257 -0.5198
 D=
 5.0000 0
             0
                 0
   0 1.0000
               0
             0
       0 -2.0000
           0 -2.0000
   0
       0
PDP =
```

The value is extremely small, so accounting for rounding error the answer is correct.

### Problem 3:

1.6653e-15

```
-0.3143  0.4152  -0.6396  0.1138

-0.3143  0.3774  -0.4264  0.0134

D =

5.0000  0  0  0

  0  4.0000  0  0

  0  0  2.0000  0

  0  0  4.0000
```

The basis consists of the vectors in matrix P.

## Problem 4:

P =

-0.4082 0

-0.8165 -0.4082

C =

-0.6000 -0.8000

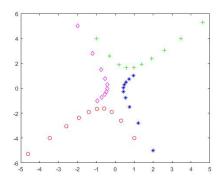
0.8000 -0.6000

### Problem 5:

The origin of the dynamical system looks like a saddle point. On eigenvalue is greater than 1, and the other is less than 1, so the eigenvalues support this.

1.3275 0

0 0.5725



### Problem 6:

0.9220

The origin of the dynamical system looks like either an attractor or a repeller. The absolute values of the eigenvalues are less than 1, so the system is an attractor.

D =

0.9000 + 0.2000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i

0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.9000 - 0.2000i

eigval1 =

0.9220

eigval2 =

