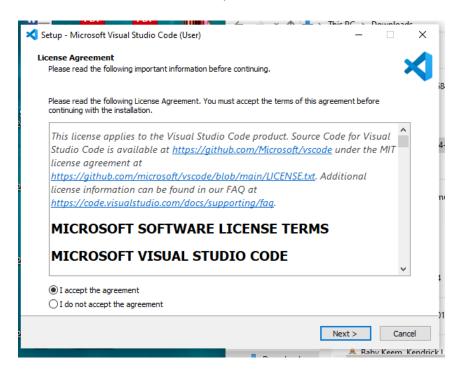
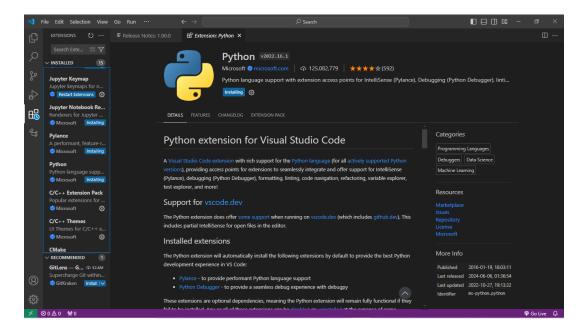
INSTALLATION AND NAVIGATION VSCODE

Question: Describe the steps to download and install Visual Studio Code on Windows 11 operating system. Include any prerequisites that might be needed.

Answer:

- 1. **Prerequisites:** Ensure you have an internet connection and administrative privileges on your Windows 11 system.
- 2. **Download:**
 - o Visit the official Visual Studio Code website: Visual Studio Code.
 - o Click on the "Download for Windows" button.
- 3. **Install:**
 - o Once the download is complete, open the downloaded file (usually named VSCodeUserSetup-x64-<version>.exe).
 - o Follow the installation prompts:
 - Accept the license agreement.
 - Choose the destination folder.
 - Select additional tasks (e.g., creating a desktop icon, adding to PATH).
 - Click "Install."
 - o After installation, click "Finish" to launch VS Code.





First-time Setup

Question: After installing VS Code, what initial configurations and settings should be adjusted for an optimal coding environment? Mention any important settings or extensions.

Answer:

1. Settings:

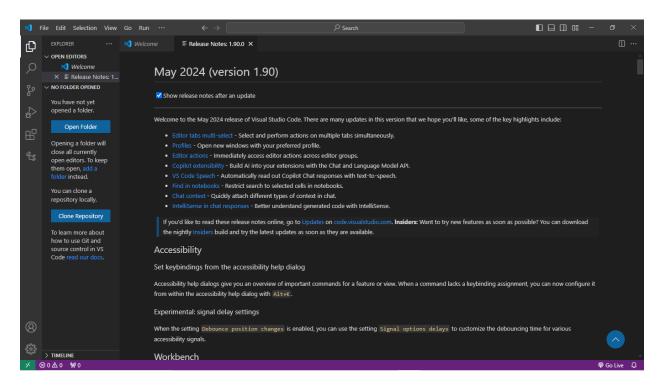
- Open the Command Palette (Ctrl+Shift+P) and type "Preferences: Open Settings (UI)".
- o Adjust theme: Search for "Color Theme" and choose a preferred theme.
- Set font size: Search for "Font Size" and set your preferred size.

2. Extensions:

- o Install essential extensions:
 - Prettier Code formatter
 - ESLint
 - Live Server
 - GitLens
 - Python (if developing in Python)
 - IntelliSense extensions for your preferred language (e.g., JavaScript, TypeScript).

3. Configuration:

- Configure settings for installed extensions, e.g., setting up Prettier as the default formatter.
- o Set up version control integration (e.g., Git).





User Interface Overview

Question: Explain the main components of the VS Code user interface. Identify and describe the purpose of the Activity Bar, Side Bar, Editor Group, and Status Bar.

Answer:

- Activity Bar: Located on the far left, it contains icons for different views such as Explorer, Search, Source Control, Run and Debug, and Extensions. It allows quick navigation between these views.
- **Side Bar:** Displays the content related to the selected activity. For example, the Explorer view shows the file and folder structure of the workspace.
- **Editor Group:** The central area where files are opened and edited. You can have multiple editor groups to view files side-by-side.
- **Status Bar:** Located at the bottom, it provides information about the current state of the editor and the workspace, including file encoding, line endings, and current branch in version control.

Command Palette

Question: What is the Command Palette in VS Code, and how can it be accessed? Provide examples of common tasks that can be performed using the Command Palette.

Answer:

- Command Palette: A powerful tool to access all commands and functionalities in VS Code.
- Access: Press Ctrl+Shift+P or F1.
- Common Tasks:
 - o "View: Toggle Terminal" to open the integrated terminal.
 - o "Git: Clone" to clone a repository.
 - o "Extensions: Install Extensions" to add new extensions.
 - o "Preferences: Open Settings (UI)" to open settings.

Extensions in VS Code

Question: Discuss the role of extensions in VS Code. How can users find, install, and manage extensions? Provide examples of essential extensions for web development.

Answer:

- **Role:** Extensions enhance VS Code by adding functionality such as language support, debuggers, and tools.
- Finding and Installing:
 - Open the Extensions view by clicking the Extensions icon in the Activity Bar or pressing Ctrl+Shift+X.

o Search for the desired extension and click "Install".

• Managing Extensions:

- o Manage installed extensions from the Extensions view.
- o Disable or uninstall extensions as needed.

• Essential Extensions for Web Development:

- Live Server
- o Prettier Code formatter
- o ESLint
- o GitLens
- HTML CSS Support
- o JavaScript (ES6) Code Snippets

Integrated Terminal

Question: Describe how to open and use the integrated terminal in VS Code. What are the advantages of using the integrated terminal compared to an external terminal?

Answer:

- **Opening:** Open the terminal using Ctrl+ (backtick) or via the Command Palette (Ctrl+Shift+P > "View: Toggle Terminal").
- Using: The integrated terminal can run shell commands, scripts, and manage multiple terminal instances.

Advantages:

- o Conveniently access terminal within the editor.
- o Directly interact with files and projects open in the editor.
- o Integrated experience, reducing context switching.

File and Folder Management

Question: Explain how to create, open, and manage files and folders in VS Code. How can users navigate between different files and directories efficiently?

Answer:

• Creating Files/Folders:

- o Right-click in the Explorer view and select "New File" or "New Folder".
- o Use Ctrl+N for a new file.

Opening Files/Folders:

- o Drag and drop folders into the editor.
- o Use Ctrl+O to open a file.
- o Use Ctrl+K Ctrl+O to open a folder.

• Managing Files/Folders:

- Use the Explorer view for a visual representation.
- Use Ctrl+P to quickly open files by name.
- o Navigate between open files using Ctrl+Tab.

Settings and Preferences

Question: Where can users find and customize settings in VS Code? Provide examples of how to change the theme, font size, and keybindings.

Answer:

- Finding Settings:
 - o Open settings via Ctrl+, or Ctrl+Shift+P > "Preferences: Open Settings (UI)".
- Changing Theme:
 - o Search for "Color Theme" and select a theme from the list.
- Changing Font Size:
 - o Search for "Font Size" and adjust the value.
- Changing Keybindings:
 - o Open Keybindings from Ctrl+K Ctrl+S.
 - o Search for commands and assign new keybindings.

Debugging in VS Code

Question: Outline the steps to set up and start debugging a simple program in VS Code. What are some key debugging features available in VS Code?

Answer:

- 1. **Set Up:**
 - o Open your project folder.
 - o Create a launch configuration: Run > Add Configuration... and choose your environment (e.g., Node.js).
- 2. Start Debugging:
 - o Set breakpoints by clicking in the gutter next to the line numbers.
 - o Start debugging by pressing F5 or selecting Run > Start Debugging.
- 3. Key Features:
 - o Breakpoints
 - o Step through code (F10 for step over, F11 for step into)
 - Watch variables
 - Debug Console for evaluating expressions

Using Source Control

Question: How can users integrate Git with VS Code for version control? Describe the process of initializing a repository, making commits, and pushing changes to GitHub.

Answer:

1. Initialize Repository:

- Open the Source Control view by clicking the Source Control icon in the Activity Bar.
- o Click "Initialize Repository" if one is not already initialized.

2. Making Commits:

- o Stage changes by clicking the + icon next to files in the Source Control view.
- o Write a commit message in the text box and click the checkmark icon to commit.

3. Pushing Changes to GitHub:

- o Open the Command Palette (Ctrl+Shift+P) and type "Git: Push" or use the push icon in the Source Control view.
- o Follow prompts to authenticate and push to your GitHub repository.