

$$\overline{x}y (\overline{x}+y) (y+\overline{y})$$

$$= \overline{x}y (\overline{x}+y) \cdot 1 \quad (\text{Inverse Law})$$

$$= \overline{x}y (\overline{x}+y) \quad (\text{Identity Law})$$

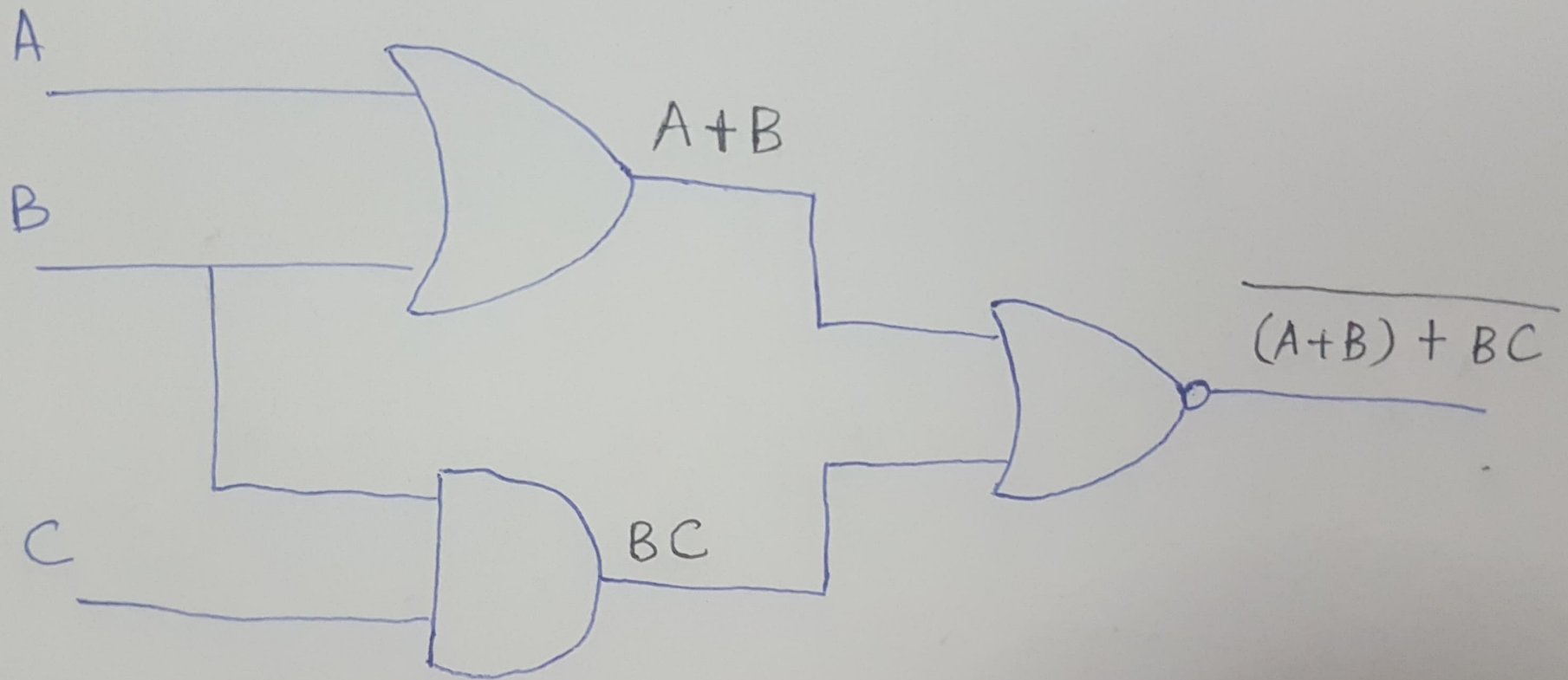
$$= \overline{x}y \overline{x} + \overline{x}y y \quad (\text{Distributive Law})$$

$$= \overline{x} + \overline{y} \overline{x} + \overline{x}y y \quad (\text{De Morgan's Law})$$

$$= (\overline{x} + \overline{y} \overline{x}) + (\overline{x} + \overline{y} y) \quad (\text{De Morgan's Law})$$

$$= \overline{x} + \overline{x} \quad (\text{Redundancy Law})$$

$$= \overline{x} \quad (\text{Idempotent Law})$$



$$(A+B) + BC$$

$$\overline{(A+B) + BC}$$

$$\overline{A+B} \cdot \overline{BC}$$

(De Morgan's Law)

$$\overline{(A+B) + BC}$$

$$\overline{A+B} \cdot \overline{BC}$$

(De Morgan's Law)