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Nested Lists

Can a list have another list as element? YES!

```
In [69]:
```

```
list1 = ['a','b', 'c']
list2 = [1, 2, 3, list1]
list2

Out[69]:
[1, 2, 3, ['a', 'b', 'c']]

In [71]:
# Ask for output
list2[3][2]
```

0..+[74].

Out[71]:

'c'

Dictionaries

Dictionaries are similar to other compound types except that they can use any immutable type as an index. As an example, we will create a dictionary to translate English words into Spanish. For this dictionary, the indices are strings.

General

```
In [72]:
```

```
#String as keys
dict_1 = {'key1' : 1 , 'key2' : 2 , 'key3': 3}
```

```
In [26]:
```

```
dict_1['key2']
```

Out[26]:

2

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```
In [27]:
dict_1[0]
                                            Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-27-faffe0d0771d> in <module>()
----> 1 dict_1[0]
KeyError: 0
In [37]:
dict_2 = {'k1':1 , 'k2':3.1416 , 'k3':'string'}
In [38]:
dict_2['k3']
Out[38]:
'string'
In [39]:
dict_2
Out[39]:
{'k1': 1, 'k2': 3.1416, 'k3': 'string'}
In [40]:
dict_2['k1'] + 99
Out[40]:
100
In [41]:
dict_2['k1']
Out[41]:
1
In [34]:
dict_2['k1'] = dict_2['k1'] + 99
```

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```
In [35]:
dict_2['k1']
Out[35]:
100
In [43]:
# Empty Dictionary
dict_3 = \{\}
In [44]:
dict_3
Out[44]:
{}
In [45]:
dict_3['key1'] = 'value1'
In [46]:
dict_3['key2'] = 'value2'
In [47]:
dict_3
Out[47]:
{'key1': 'value1', 'key2': 'value2'}
In [53]:
#Dictionaries are very flexible in data types they hold.
#for e.g. Following dictionary has 1 list, and 1 nested dictionary in it
In [54]:
dict_4 = {'k1' : 123, 'k2':[11,12,13], 'k3':{'nestkey':{'subnestkey':'value'}}}
In [55]:
dict_4['k3']
Out[55]:
{'nestkey': {'subnestkey': 'value'}}
```