

Design & Implementation of a Wireless Video Surveillance System

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Video Surveillance: Pervasive and Useful

One surveillance camera for every 11 people in Britain, says CCTV survey



Expand New York City's surveillance camera network
A large network isn't nearly big enough. Look to London as a model.
BY [BRYAN JOSHUA SCHONFELD](#) / NEW YORK DAILY NEWS / Monday, February 16, 2015, 11:40 AM

- London & Beijing: 1 million cameras deployed
- **Intrusion detection** – campus, airport, train station
- **Customer analytics** – store, toll booth, parking garage
- **Traffic monitoring** – cities, freeways

Wireless surveillance cameras

- Easy to install
- No need for wired backhaul to camera
- Comprehensive coverage



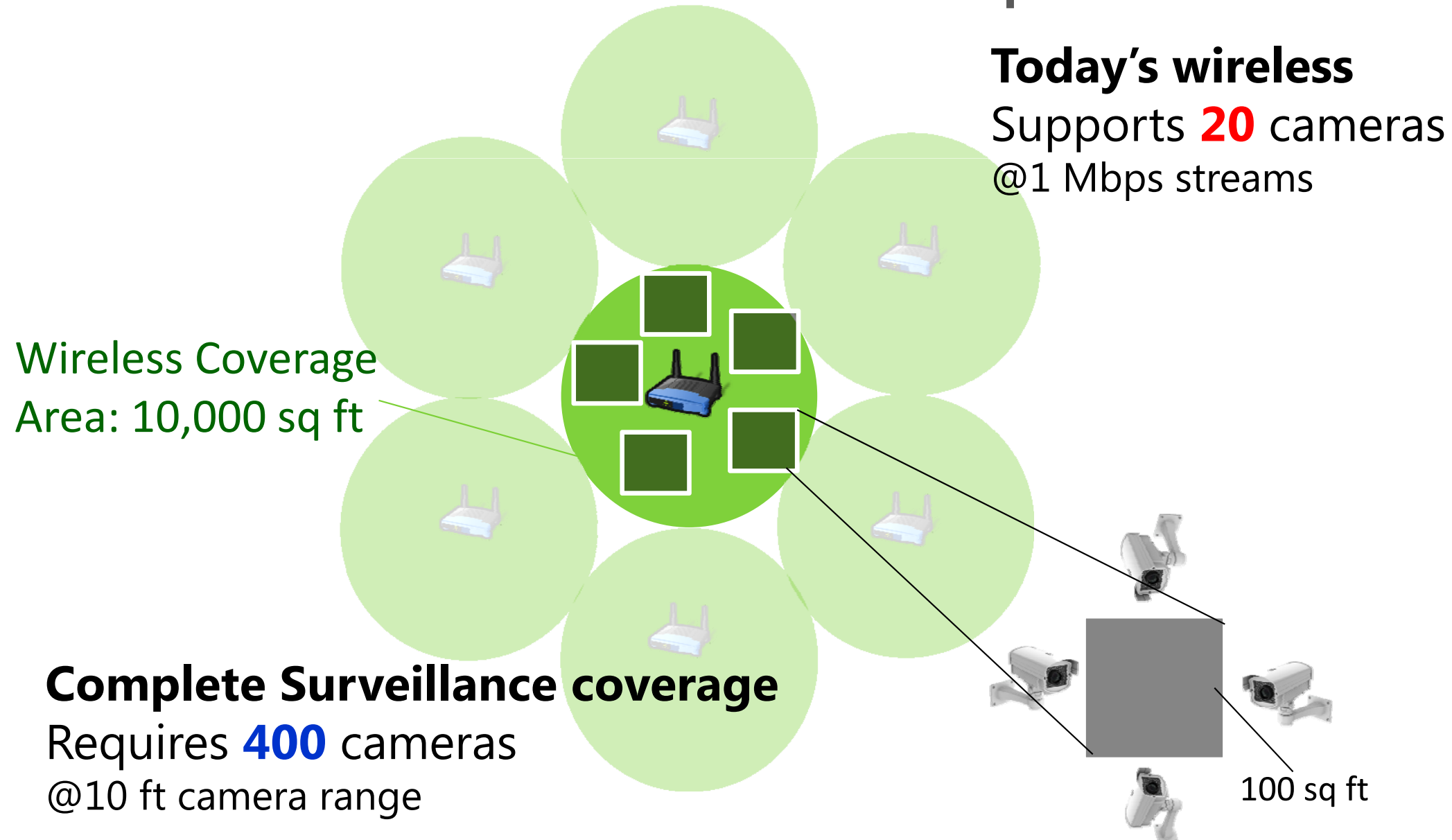
How do we build a large-scale wireless video surveillance network?

Video Cameras overwhelm wireless capacity quickly

- Wireless is a **shared medium** in **scarce spectrum**

Today's wireless

Supports **20** cameras
@1 Mbps streams



Vigil: Wireless Video Surveillance System

Goals:

1. **Maximize** surveillance application accuracy
2. **Minimize** wireless capacity usage

Techniques:

Edge
Computing

Redundancy
Suppression

Content-aware
Traffic Scheduling

Vigil: Wireless Video Surveillance System

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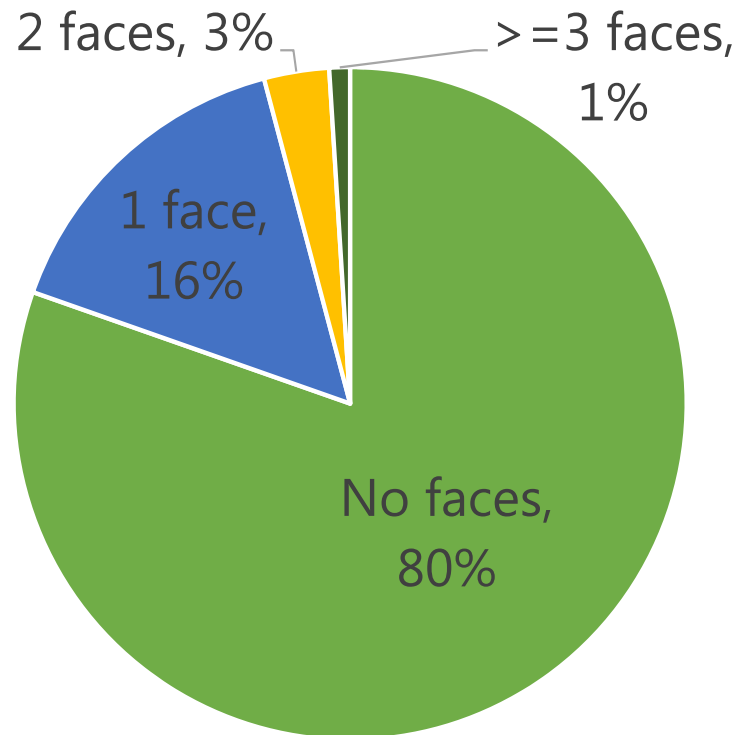
Edge
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Useful video content is sparse

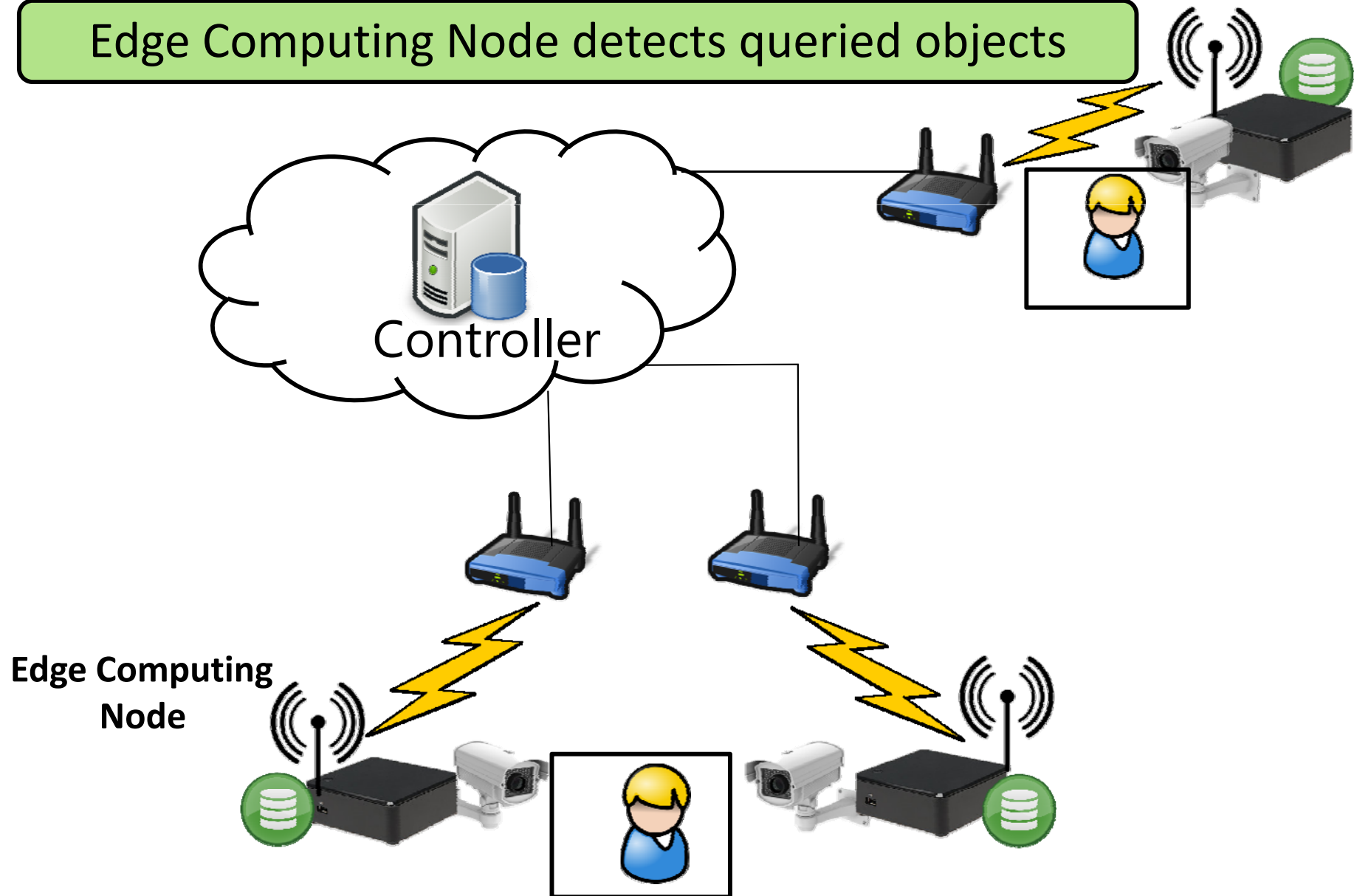
- Example: find a person of interest by face
- 250 hours of video feed in busy office halls



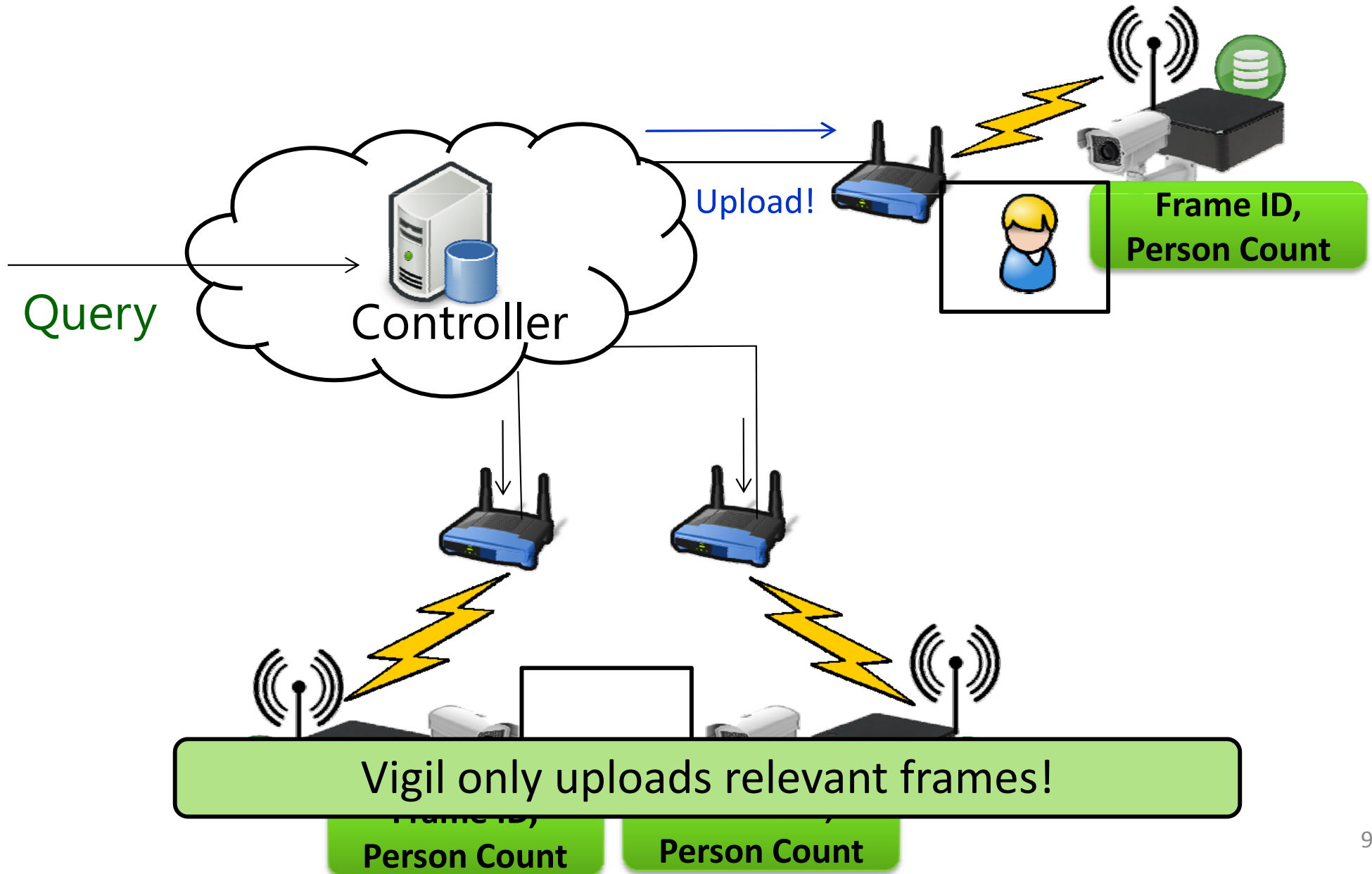
Less than 20% feed has people

Edge Computing Node

Edge Computing Node detects queried objects



Vigil Architecture with Edge Computing



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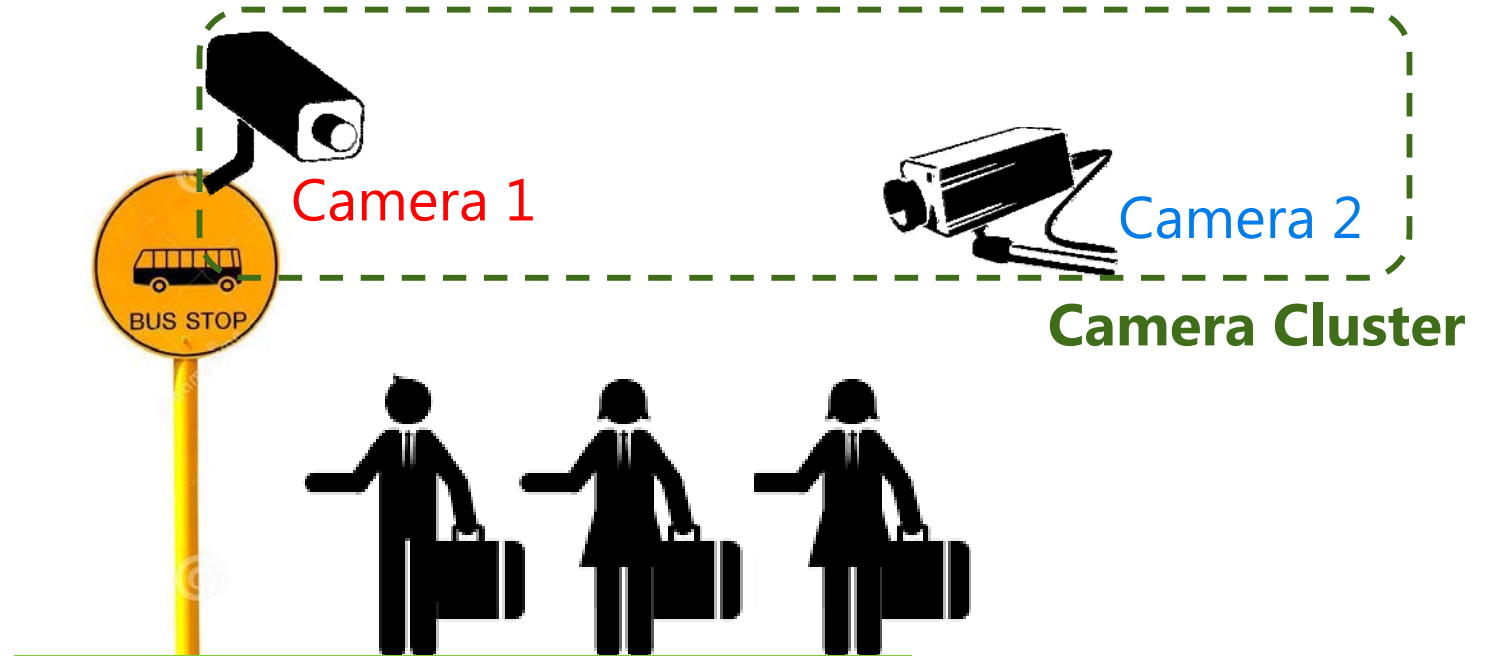
Video Codecs compress frames temporally

- Motion suppressed by difference coding (H.264)



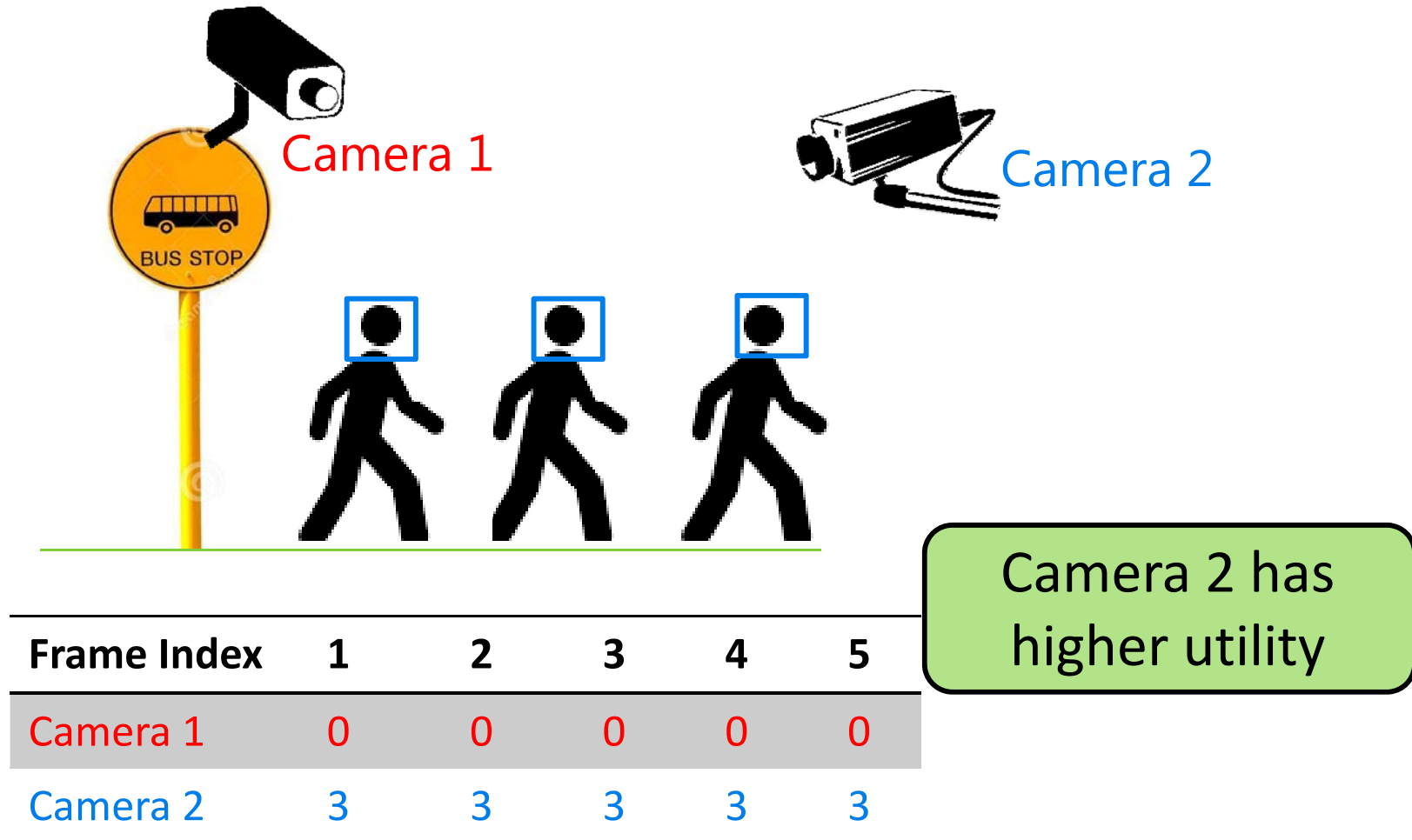
How can we compress frames from multiple cameras?

Compressing frames across cameras



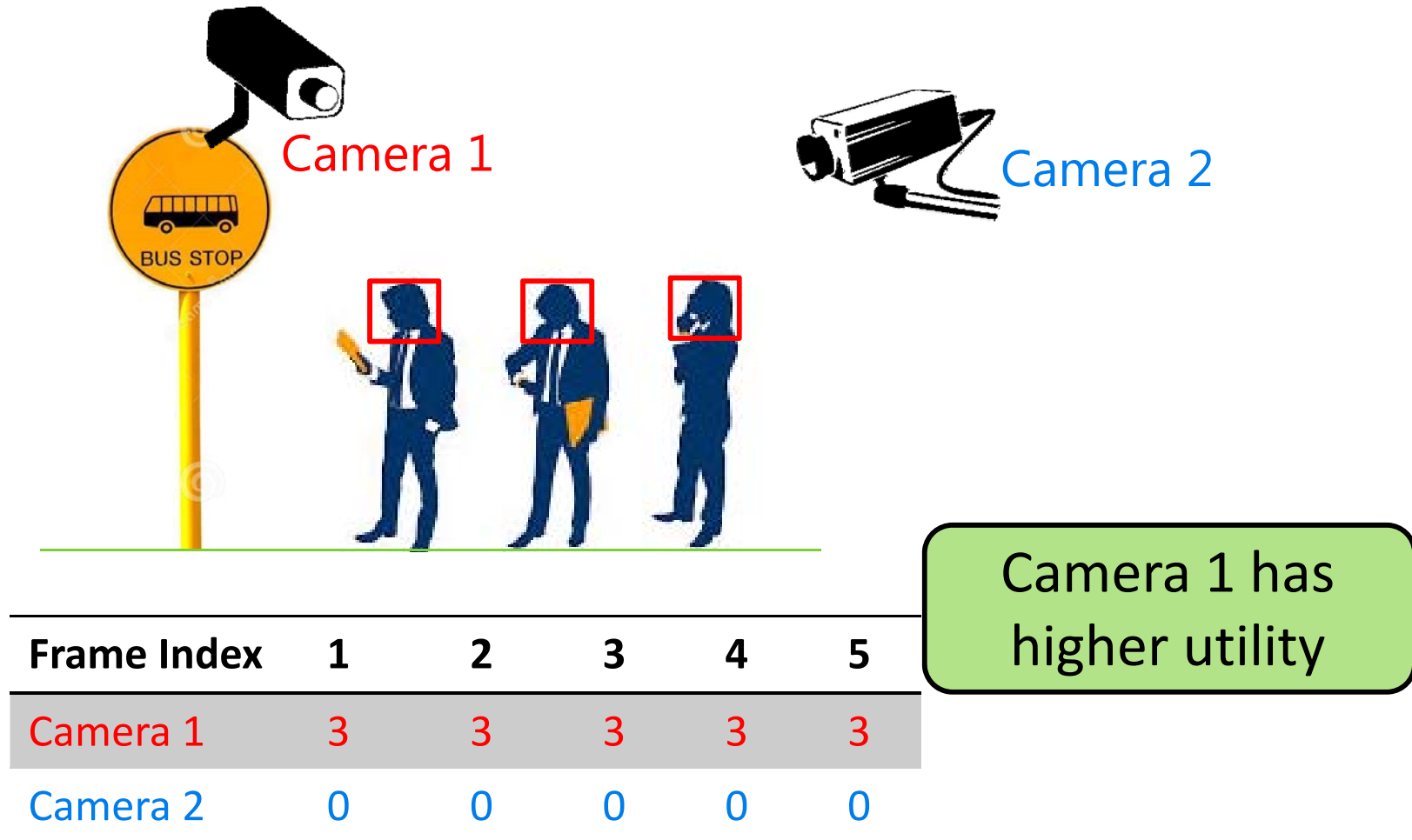
How do we suppress redundant images
between cameras in a cluster?

Vigil's Redundancy Suppression Algorithm



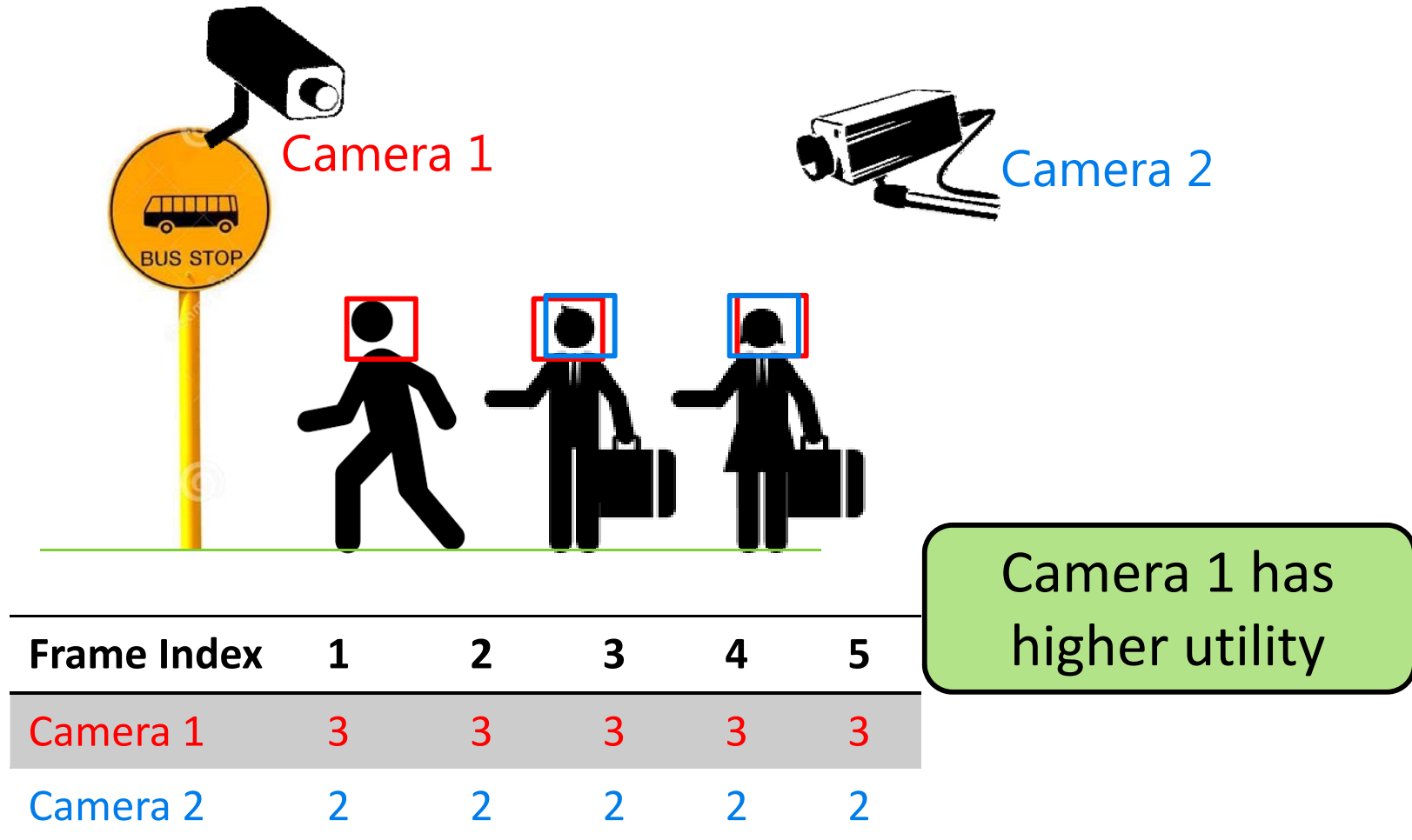
- Step 1: Frame Utility = Number of queried objects in frame
- Step 2: Select frames from camera 2

Vigil's Redundancy Suppression Algorithm



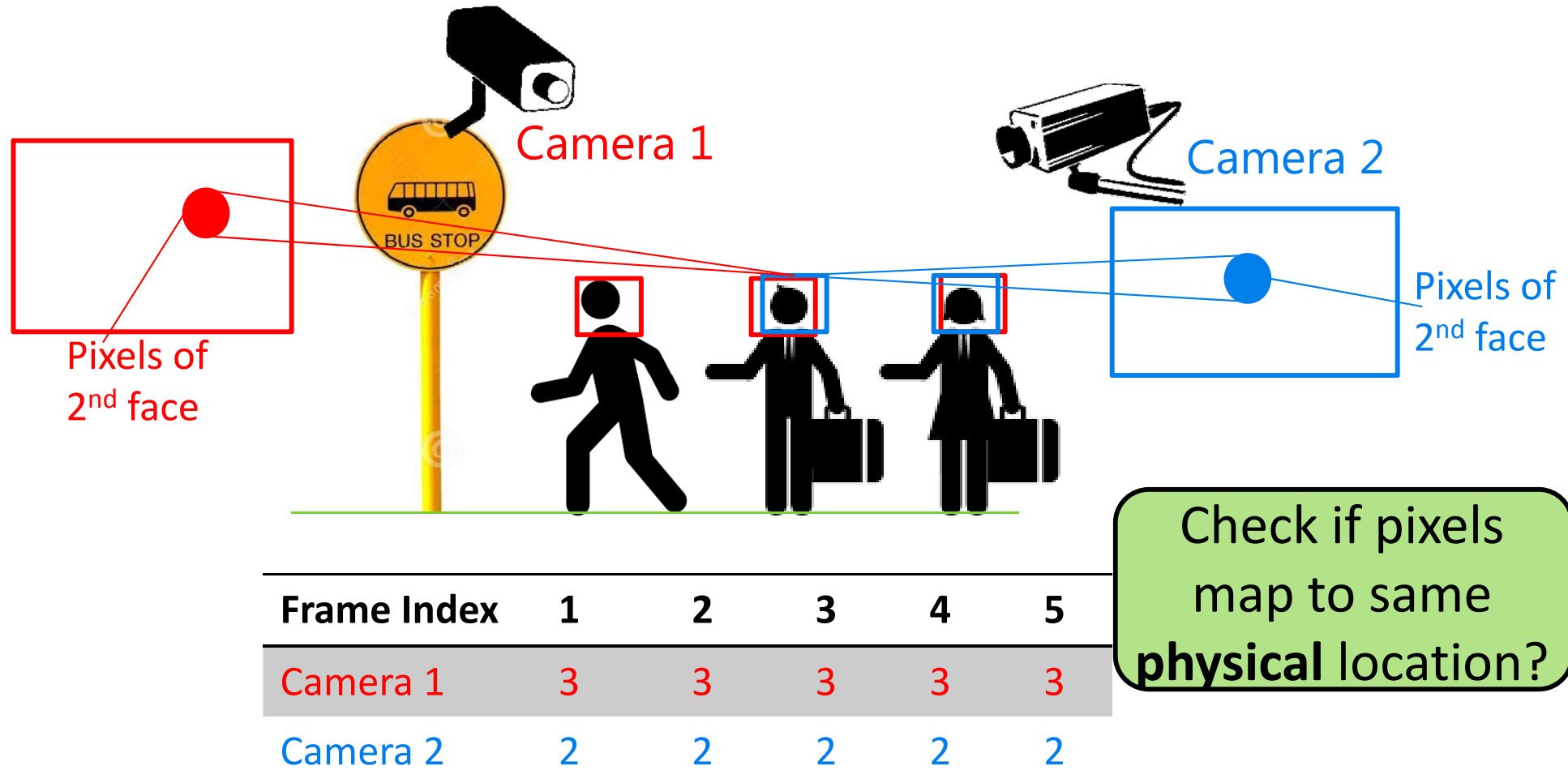
- Step 1: Frame Utility = Number of queried objects in frame
- Step 2: Select frames from **camera 1**

Vigil's Redundancy Suppression Algorithm



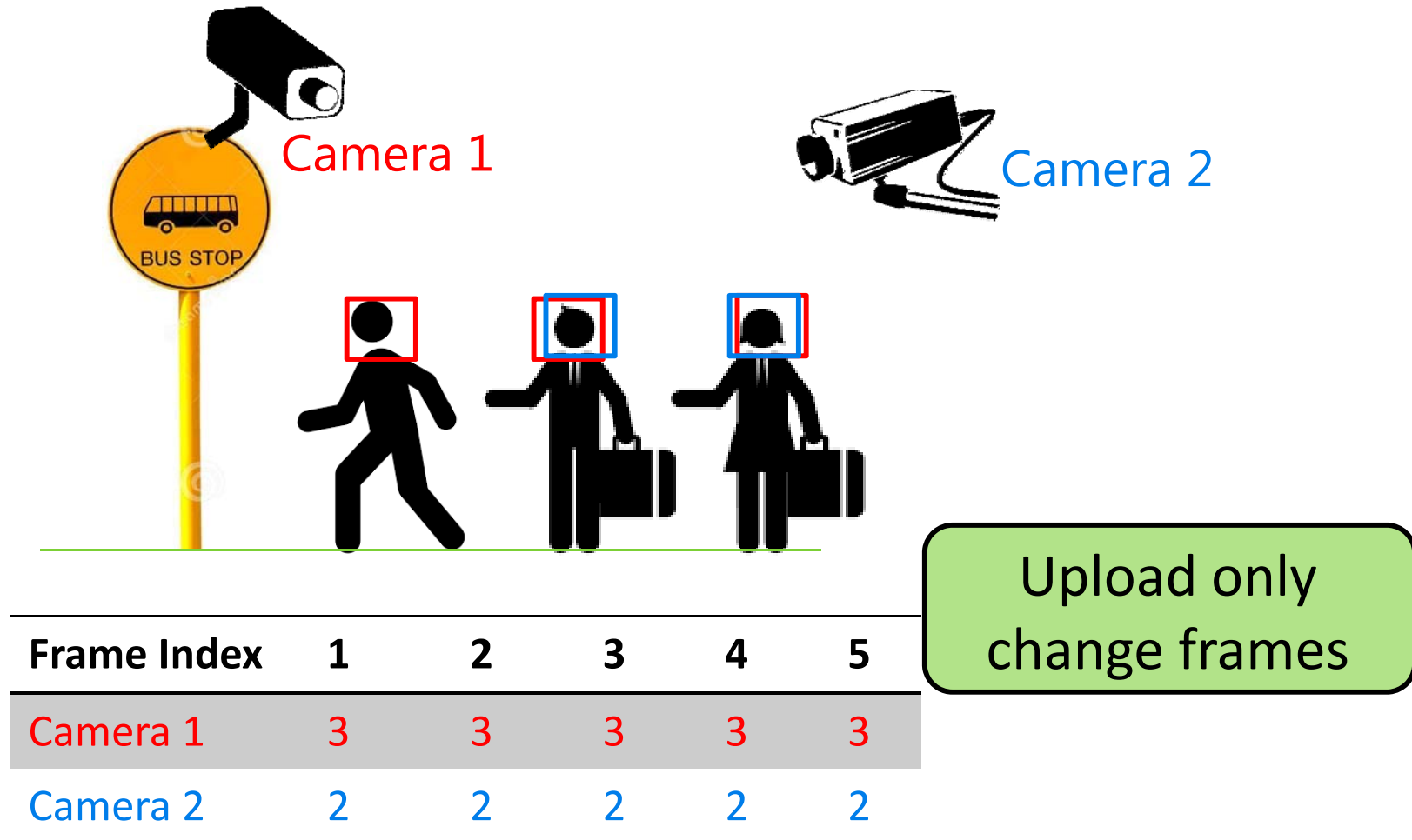
- Step 1: Frame Utility = Number of queried objects in frame
- Step 2: Re-identify objects from camera 2 in camera 1

Vigil's Redundancy Suppression Algorithm: Re-identification



- Step 1: Frame Utility = Number of queried objects in frame
- Step 2: Re-identify objects from camera 2 in camera 1**

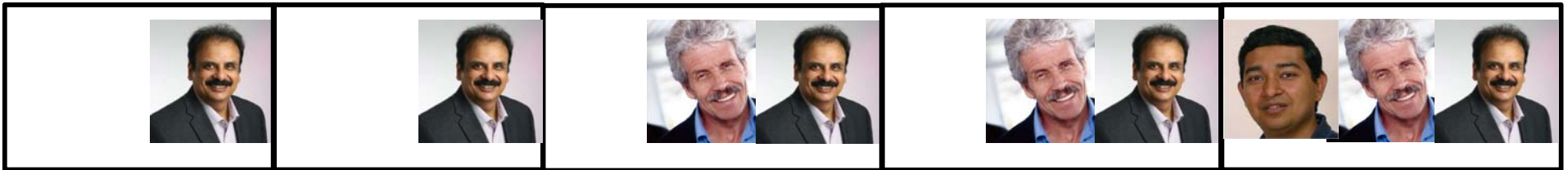
Vigil's Redundancy Suppression Algorithm



- Step 1: Frame Utility = Number of queried objects in frame
- Step 2: Re-identify objects from camera 2 in camera 1
- Step 3: Upload frames from camera 1**

Vigil's Redundancy Suppression Algorithm

- Step 3: Upload only change frames



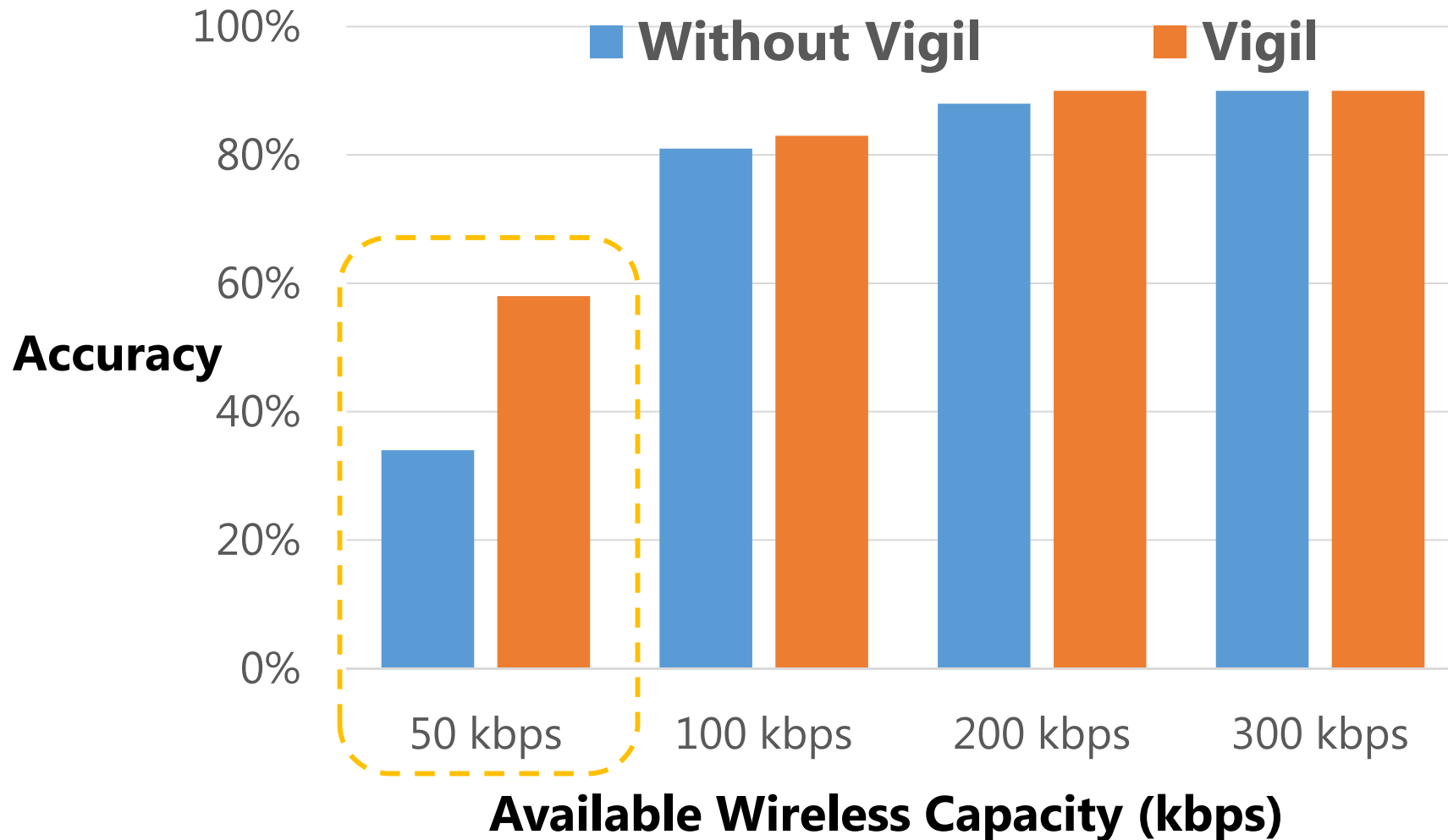
Frame Utility= Number of faces detected

1	1	2	2	3
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Vigil increases surveillance accuracy when wireless capacity saturates

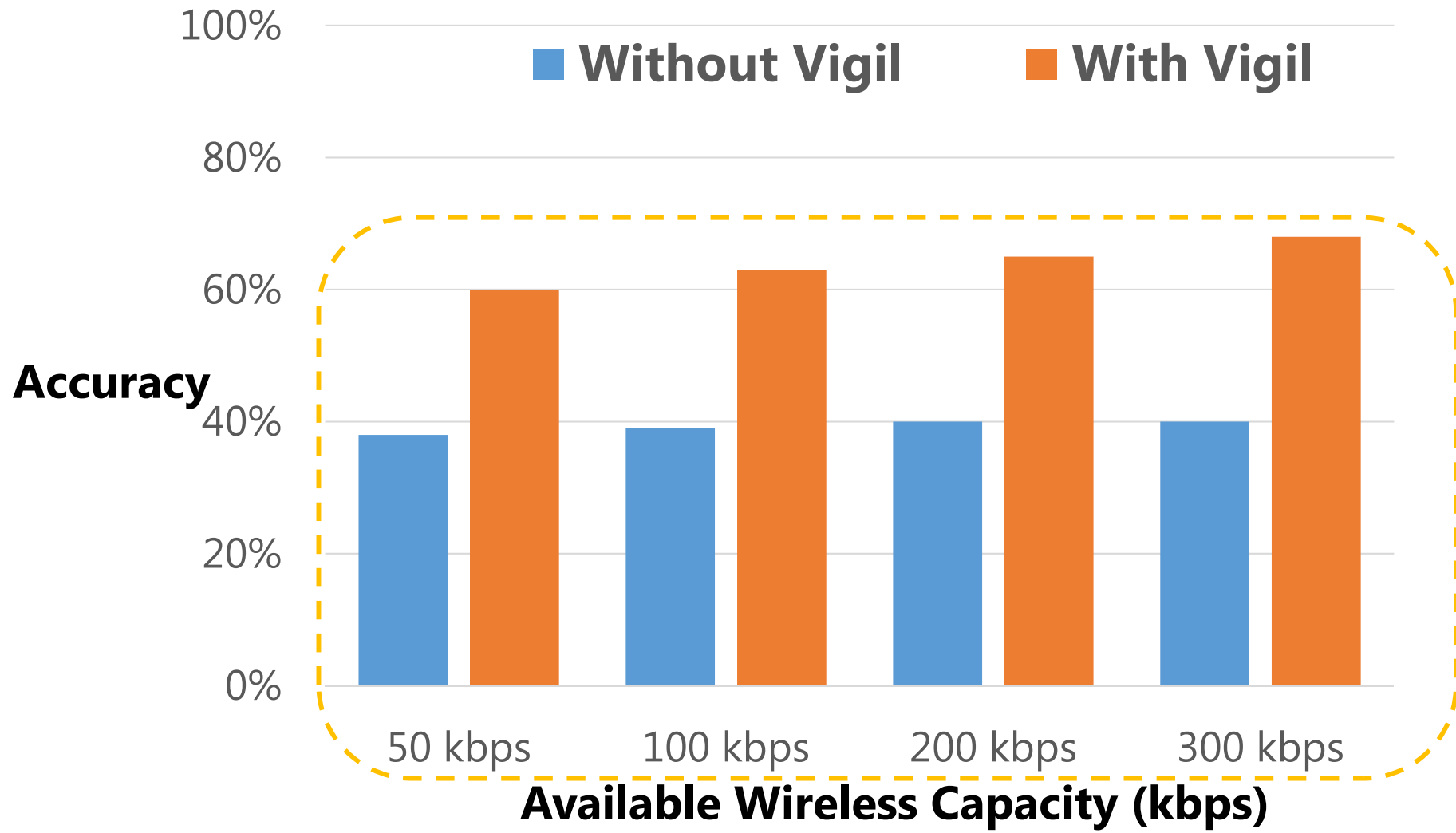
Single cluster, 3 cameras, **Medium** activity of people



Vigil provides 1.7x accuracy for same wireless capacity!

Vigil increases surveillance accuracy when wireless capacity saturates

Single cluster, 3 cameras, **High activity of people**



Vigil provides $\approx 1.7x$ accuracy for same wireless capacity!

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Increases surveillance application accuracy when available wireless capacity is limited in camera clusters

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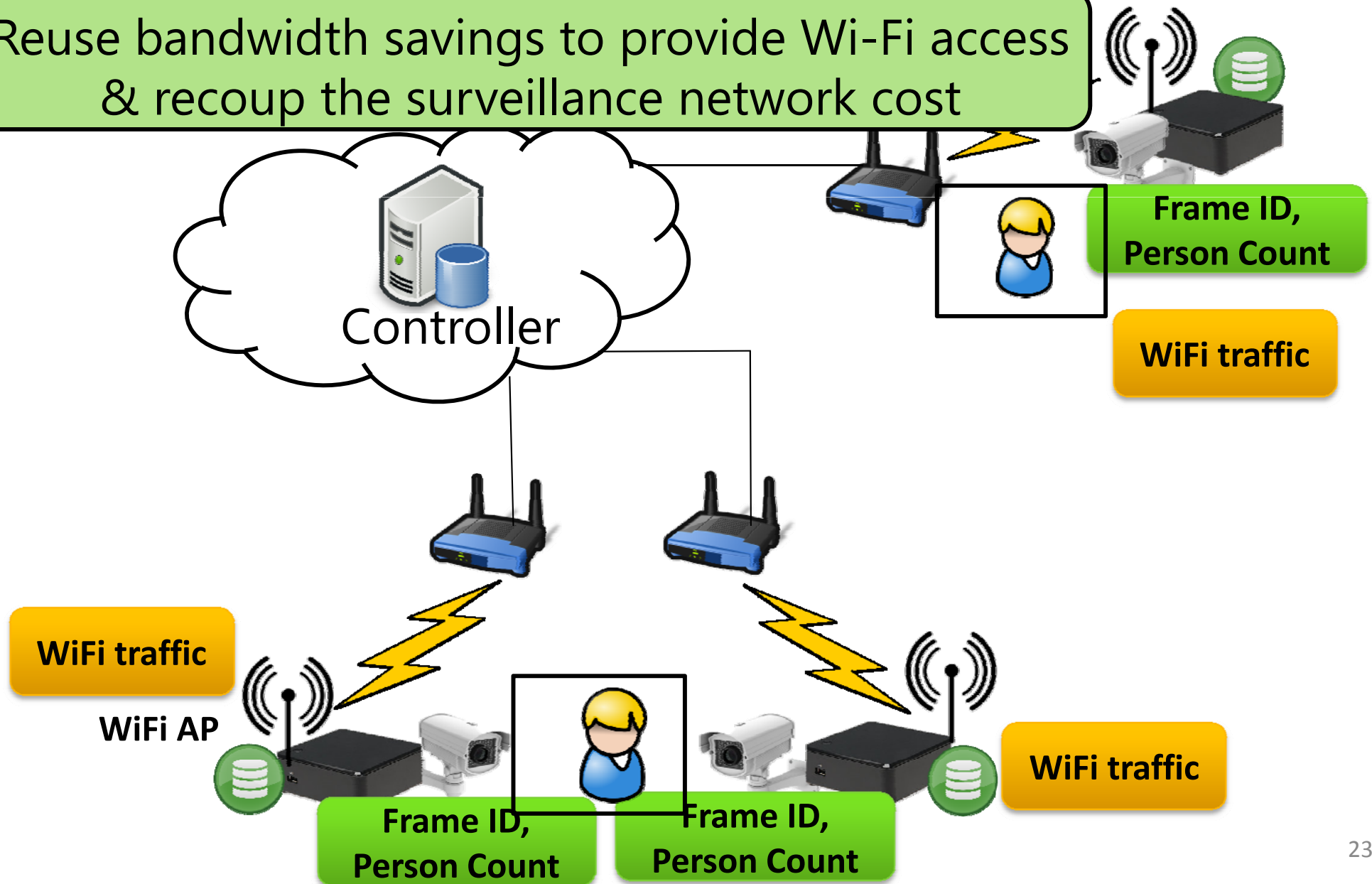
Redundancy
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**Prioritizes camera clusters with objects
relevant to query**

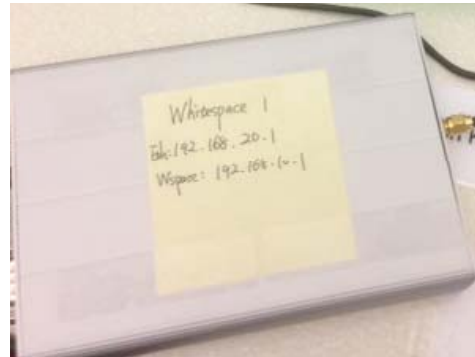
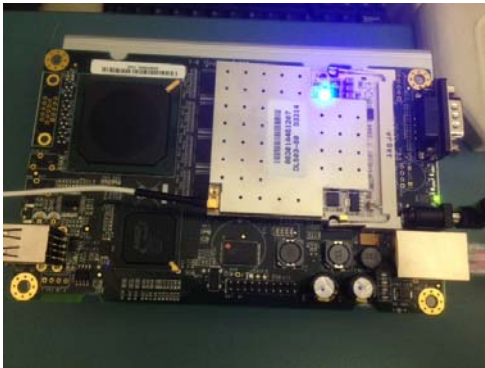
Hybrid surveillance-access network

Reuse bandwidth savings to provide Wi-Fi access
& recoup the surveillance network cost



System Deployment

- Whitespaces in MSR, UWisconsin; Wi-Fi in UCL
 - Using a 802.11 baseband protocol
 - Integrated frequency translator to operate at UHF band



System Deployment at Microsoft Research



Related work

- Cloudlets
 - VM-based Cloudlets (Pervasive Computing '09)
 - Dynamic offloading of mobile apps – Maui (MobiSys'10), Gabriel (MobiSys'14)
- Cloud-based video surveillance systems
 - Wired - IBM's Smart Surveillance System ('05)
 - Wireless - Dropcam ships video to cloud
- Video Compression algorithms
 - MPEG-4, H.264 eliminate redundancy across frames
 - Image similarity - Re-identification, Perceptual hashing
- Vision analytic algorithms on Mobile
 - Harr Cascade based face detection – Glimpse (MobiSys'14)
 - SIFT based object detection- CarSafe (MobiSys'13)

Conclusions

- Vigil's **edge computing** provides at least **5x reduction** in frames to be uploaded
- Vigil's **redundancy suppression** provides **1.7x surveillance accuracy** when available wireless capacity is limited
- Vigil's **content-aware traffic scheduling** uploads **25% more objects** relevant to the user's query