```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
These are extra mesh generating tools
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** ** **
import rasterio
from osgeo import gdal
import os
import sys
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import geopandas as gpd
import matplotlib
from orinoco import (get distance in channel,
                  get distance segments)
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore', '.*do not.*', )
warnings.warn('ShapelyDeprecationWarning')
warnings.warn('UserWarning')
from skimage.segmentation import felzenszwalb, slic
from skimage.color import label2rgb
if os.getcwd().split('/')[1] == 'Users':
   code path = '/users/alchrist/documents/github/ANUGA/processing/code/'
else:
   code path = '/projects/loac hydro/alchrist/processing/code'
sys.path.insert(1, code path)
from cleaning tools import make distance
from polygon tools import findconnectedwater, get nearest,
nearest neighbor, getpolygonpoints, removenearbypoints, delete holes
make SWORD networks (folders, ref, delta, parameters, pixel step, watermaskname
, skip=False):
#############" )
   print('#####################|Step
4| [Make SWORD Networks] ##########################" )
##############"\n')
```

```
save profile = ref.profile
   save profile['compress'] = 'deflate'
   xres,yres = int(save profile['transform'][0]),-
int(save profile['transform'][4])
##
   ################### Import Config Parameters
##############
##
   parameters.iloc[0]
   ulx = parameters['ulx'][0]
# ULX coordinate
  lry = parameters['lry'][0]
# LRY coordinate
  lrx = parameters['lrx'][0]
# LRX coordinate
  uly = parameters['uly'][0]
# ULY coordinate
   #os.system('qdal rasterize -burn 1 -tr %s %s -te %s %s %s %s -tap
%s%s oceanextended.shp %s%s oceanextended.tif'
%(xres, yres, ulx, lry, lrx, uly, folders[6], delta, folders[1], delta))
   #os.system('qdal rasterize -burn 1 -tr %s %s -te %s %s %s %s -tap
%s%s riverextended.shp %s%s riverextended.tif'
% (xres, yres, ulx, lry, lrx, uly, folders[6], delta, folders[1], delta))
   try: os.mkdir(folders[1])
   except:''
## RASTERIZE WATER/LAND DELIENATI SHAPEFILES
print('\n')
   #print('[Step 4][Rasterizing ocean polygons with %s m resolution]'
   watermask = rasterio.open('%s%s watermask %s.tif'
% (folders[8], delta, xres)) #.read(1)
rasterio.open('/users/alchrist/documents/currentprojects/anuga/globaldelt
as/SWORD watermasks/%s.tif' %(watermaskname),'w', **save profile) as dst:
       dst.write band(1, watermask.astype('float64'))
   try: oceanmask = rasterio.open('%s%s fulloceans %s.tif'
% (folders[8], delta, xres))
```

```
except:
      os.system('qdalwarp -overwrite -tr %s %s -te %s %s %s -
srcnodata -9999 -dstnodata -9999 %s%s fulloceans 30.tif
%s%s fulloceans %s.tif -co COMPRESS=DEFLATE'
%(xres,yres,ulx,lry,lrx,uly,folders[8],delta,folders[8],delta,xres))
      oceanmask = rasterio.open('%s%s fulloceans %s.tif'
%(folders[8],delta,xres))
   #rivermask3 = ndimage.binary closing(rivermask,
np.ones([3,3]),iterations=2).astype(rivermask.dtype)
   # watermask = skimage.morphology.diameter closing(watermask,
diameter threshold=50, connectivity=1, parent=None, tree traverser=None)
   #watermask = ndimage.binary dilation(watermask,
np.ones([2,2]),iterations=1).astype(watermask.dtype)
   # structure1 = np.array([[1., 0.], [0., 1.]])
   # watermask2 = ndimage.morphology.binary hit or miss(watermask,
structure1 =
structure1.astype(watermask.dtype), structure2=np.ones([2,2]))
   # watermask3 = np.where(watermask2==True,1,0)
   # watermask4 = watermask3[:,1:]
   # watermask5 = np.append(watermask4,
np.zeros([watermask4.shape[0],1]), axis=1)
   # watermask6 = watermask + watermask5
   #test features = skimage.segmentation.felzenszwalb(rivermask,
scale=1, sigma=0.8, min size=20)
   #footprint = skimage.morphology.disk(50)
   #res = skimage.morphology.white tophat(rivermask, footprint)
#####
   ########################### Get River Widths and Depths
##################################
#####
   ## Use Orinoco code (Charlie) to get distance and widths of rivers
   print('[Step 4][Build river network with Orinoco] .....')
make distance (watermask, oceanmask, folders, delta, pixel step, xres)
   return distance
###
```

```
###
   ## PART VI
   ## OUTPUT: segments for SWOT simulator
def
make segments for swot(folders, delta, ref, parameters, skip): #, min size, scal
e):
   step = 6
############" )
   print('###################|Step
%s][Make Segments For SWOT]#################################"%(step))
##############/n')
   if skip == False:
      save profile = ref.profile
      save profile['compress'] = 'deflate'
      save profile['nodata'] = None
      save profile['dtype'] = 'int32'
      xres,yres = int(save profile['transform'][0]),-
int(save profile['transform'][4])
      segments dir = folders[7] + 'segments %s/' %(xres)
      try: os.mkdir(segments dir)
      except:''
      print('Segments will be saved to %s' %(segments dir))
      parameters.iloc[0]
      EPSG = parameters['EPSG'][0]
# Coordinate System must be UTM
      ulx = parameters['ulx'][0]
# ULX coordinate
      lry = parameters['lry'][0]
# LRY coordinate
      lrx = parameters['lrx'][0]
# LRX coordinate
      uly = parameters['uly'][0]
# ULY coordinate
      river = rasterio.open('%s%s rivers %s.tif'
%(folders[8],delta,xres))
      ocean = rasterio.open('%s%s fulloceans %s.tif'
%(folders[8], delta, (xres)))
      transform = ocean.transform
      dx, dy = transform.a, -transform.e
      oceanmask = np.where(ocean.read(1).astype('int')==1,1,0)
```

```
#oceanmask = np.where((ocean.read(1) == 1) & (dem < 0) & (dem > -
100), True, False)
        dem = ref.read(1).astype('float32')
#rasterio.open('%s%s GEBCO %s.tif' %(folders[7],delta,xres*3)).read(1)
        dem masked = np.where(oceanmask==1,dem,np.nan)
        watermask = np.where((river.read(1)==1) | (oceanmask==1),1,0)
        print('[Step %s][Making ocean segments using skimage
segmentation] .....'%(step))
        pixel size = ocean.profile['transform'][0]
        total pixels = np.sum(np.sum(oceanmask))
        print('There are %s water (non river) pixels' %(total pixels))
        print('Therefore, the total water (non river) area is approx.
%sm2' %(total pixels*dx*dy))
        #print('################ Superpixel area will be %sm'
%(superpixel area))
        #n slic segments =
int(np.round(total_pixels*pixel size*pixel size)/superpixel area)#211600)
) )
        #print('################################# Slic segments will be %s'
%(n slic segments))
        cmap = matplotlib.colors.ListedColormap ( np.random.rand (
256,3))
        ix = [0.0001, 0.005, 1] \# compactness
        seg size = [50000, 100000, 1000000, 10000000]
        jx = [int(dx*dx*total pixels/x) for x in seg size]#to make
segments of size 0.5ha, 1ha, 10ha, and 100ha
        \#jx = [10, 100, 1000, 10000] \#number of segments
        fiq,axes =
plt.subplots(ncols=len(jx),nrows=len(ix),figsize=(20,20))
        print('Slic Segmentation:')
        print('Compactness: %s' %(ix))
        print('Number of Segments: %s' %(jx))
        for i in range(0,len(ix)):
            for j in range (0, len(jx)):
                compactness = ix[i]
                nsegments = jx[j]
os.path.isfile('%s%s oceandem superpixels %sm2 compact%s segs%s slic.shp'
%(segments dir,delta,seg size[j],compactness,nsegments))==False:
                    print('Compactness: %s
                                              # Segments: %s'
% (compactness, nsegments))
                    superpixel labels s = slic(dem, n segments=nsegments,
compactness=compactness,mask=oceanmask)
                    superpixel labels s =
np.where((oceanmask==1), superpixel labels s,0)
```

```
with rasterio.open(segments dir+
'%s_oceandem_superpixels_%sm2_compact%s_segs%s_slic.tif'
%(delta,seg size[j],compactness,nsegments), 'w', **save profile) as ds:
                        ds.write(superpixel labels s.astype(np.int32), 1)
try:os.remove('%s%s oceandem superpixels %sm2 compact%s segs%s slic.shp'%
(segments dir,delta,seg size[j],compactness,nsegments))
                    except: ''
                    os.system('gdal polygonize.py -q
%s%s oceandem superpixels %sm2 compact%s segs%s slic.tif '\
'%s%s oceandem superpixels %sm2 compact%s segs%s slic.shp '\
%(segments dir,delta,seg size[j],compactness,nsegments,segments dir,delta
, seg size[j], compactness, nsegments))
                    superpixel labels s = rasterio.open(segments dir+
'%s_oceandem_superpixels_%sm2_compact%s_segs%s_slic.tif'
%(delta, seg size[j], compactness, nsegments)).read(1)
                axes[i,j].imshow(superpixel labels s,cmap=cmap)
        plt.tight layout()
        plt.savefig('%s%s Segments Ocean slic.png' %(segments dir,delta))
        ix = [0.1,1000] # [0.1,10,1000] # scale = Free parameter. Higher
means larger clusters.
        jx = [0.1, 0.95] #sigma = Width (standard deviation) of Gaussian
kernel used in preprocessing.
        seg size = [1000, 10000, 100000, 1000000] # to make segments of
minimum size 0.1ha, 1ha, 10ha, 100ha
        zx = [int(x/(dx*dy)) for x in seg size]
        #zx = [1,10,100] #minsize = Minimum component size. Enforced
using postprocessing.
        print('Felzenswalb segmentation:')
        print('Scale: %s' %(ix))
        print('Sigma: %s' %(jx))
        print('Minimum size: %s' %(zx))
        for i in range (0, len(ix)):
            fig,axes =
plt.subplots(ncols=len(zx),nrows=len(jx),figsize=(20,20))
            for j in range(0, len(jx)):
                for z in range(0,len(zx)):
                        scale = ix[i]
                        sigma = jx[j]
                        min size = zx[z]
                        i f
os.path.isfile('%s%s oceandem superpixels %sm2 scale%s sigma%s min%s felz
.shp' %(segments dir,delta,seg size[z],scale,sigma,min size))==False:
                            print('Scale: %s
                                                Sigma: %s
                                                                Min Size:
%s' %(scale, sigma, min size))
                            superpixel labels f =
felzenszwalb(dem masked.astype('float32'), scale=scale, sigma=sigma,
min size=min size)
```

```
superpixel labels f =
np.where((oceanmask==1), superpixel labels f, 0)
                             with rasterio.open(segments dir +
'%s oceandem superpixels %sm2 scale%s sigma%s min%s felz.tif'
%(delta, seg size[z], scale, sigma, min size), 'w', **save profile) as ds:
ds.write(superpixel labels f.astype(np.int32), 1)
os.remove('%s%s oceandem superpixels %sm2 scale%s sigma%s min%s felz.shp'
%(segments dir,delta,seg size[z],scale,sigma,min size))
                             except:''
                             os.system('gdal polygonize.py
sss\_oceandem\_superpixels\_ssm2\_scaless\_sigmass\_minss\_felz.tif '\
\label{lem:condem} $$ '\$s\$s\_oceandem\_superpixels\_\$sm2\_scale\$s\_sigma\$s\_min\$s\_felz.shp -q' $$
%(segments dir,delta,seg size[z],scale,sigma,min size,segments dir,delta,
seg size[z],scale,sigma,min size))
                         else:
                             superpixel labels f =
rasterio.open(segments dir +
'%s_oceandem_superpixels %sm2 scale%s sigma%s min%s felz.tif'
%(delta, seg_size[z], scale, sigma, min size)).read(1)
                         axes[j,z].imshow(superpixel labels f,cmap=cmap)
            plt.tight layout()
            plt.savefig('%s%s_Segments_Ocean_felz_%s.png'
% (segments dir, delta, sigma))
        print('[Step %s][Making river segments using Orinoco]
.....'%(step))
        px = [2, 4, 6, 8]
        print('Resolution is %sm '%(dx))
        print('Orinoco with pixel steps: %s' %(px))
        fig,axes = plt.subplots(ncols=len(px),figsize=(20,10))
        print('\n#####[Make Channel Networks][Orinoco -->
get distance in channel] .....\n')
        dist = get distance in channel (watermask,
                                          oceanmask,
                                          dx=dx,
                                          dy=dy,
                                          min rel area=0) #removes areas
with less than 2.5% of total size
        print('\n#####[Make_Channel_Networks][Orinoco -->
get distance segments] .....\n')
        for p in range(len(px)):
            pixel step = px[p]
            print('Pixel Step: %s' %(pixel step))
            if os.path.isfile('%s%s river superpixels %sx%s.shp -q'
%(segments dir,delta,xres,pixel step)) == False:
```

```
# Build distance raster with the scikit-fmm distance
function (phi)
                \# Build segment raster according to phi(x)/D where D is
threshold defined by pixel step * res
                # Connectivity set as 8, edges or corners connectedness
                # Interface adjacent segments are IDs of segments at
river/ocean interface
                # dist = np.where(np.isnan(dist),0,dist)
                segments, interface adj segments =
get distance segments (dist,
pixel step,
dx=dx,
dy=dy,
connectivity=8,
min size=None)
                #segments = np.where(segments==0, np.nan, segments)
                with rasterio.open('%s%s river superpixels %sx%s.tif'
%(segments dir,delta,xres,pixel step), 'w', **save profile) as ds:
                    ds.write(segments.astype(np.int32), 1)
                if os.path.isfile('%s%s river superpixels %sx%s.shp'
%(segments dir, delta, xres, pixel step)):
                    os.remove('%s%s river superpixels %sx%s.shp'
%(segments dir,delta,xres,pixel step))
                ## Polygonize the segments
                print('\n######[Make Channel Networks][Orinoco -->
segment raster to shapefile] .....\n')
                os.system('gdal_polygonize.py
%s%s river superpixels %sx%s.tif %s%s river_superpixels_%sx%s.shp -q'
%(segments dir,delta,xres,pixel step,segments dir,delta,xres,pixel step))
                #segments =
gpd.read file('%s%s segments %sx%s.shp'%(folders[7],delta,xres,pixel step
) )
            else:
                segments =
rasterio.open('%s%s river superpixels %sx%s.tif'
% (segments dir, delta, xres, pixel step)).read(1)
            axes[p].imshow(segments,cmap=cmap)
        plt.tight layout()
        plt.savefig('%s%s Segments River.png' %(segments dir,delta))
        print('[Step 5][Segments saved] .....')
        print('[Step 5][Finished] .....')
    else:
```

```
print('[Step 5][SKIP].....')
###
## PART VI
## OUTPUT: ANUGA mesh
def
make mesh polygons (folders, delta, res, parameters, med width, cellsperwidth, o
utdir, skip):
  step=6
############" )
  print('########################|Step
6][Make Mesh Polygons]########################")
############\n')
  if skip == False:
###################### Import Config Parameters
#############################
##
   xres, yres = res, res
   parameters.iloc[0]
   EPSG = parameters['EPSG'][0]
# Coordinate System must be UTM
   ulx = parameters['ulx'][0]
# ULX coordinate
   lry = parameters['lry'][0]
# LRY coordinate
```

lrx = parameters['lrx'][0]

ulv = parameters['ulv'][0]

LRX coordinate

ULY coordinate

```
allwater = gpd.overlay(allwater, model domain, how='intersection')
        water connected not lakes =
gpd.read file("%s%s water connected %s.shp" %(folders[7],delta,xres))
        water connected not lakes =
gpd.overlay(water connected not lakes, model domain, how='intersection')
        rivers = gpd.read file('%s%s rivers %s.shp'
% (folders[7], delta, xres))
        rivers = gpd.overlay(rivers, model domain, how='intersection')
        oceans = gpd.read_file('%s%s fulloceans %s.shp'
%(folders[7], delta, xres))
        oceans = gpd.overlay(oceans, model domain, how='intersection')
        lands = gpd.read file('%s%s lands %s.shp'
%(folders[7], delta, xres))
        lands = gpd.overlay(lands, model domain, how='intersection')
            lakes = gpd.read file('%s%s lakes %s.shp'
% (folders[7], delta, xres))
            lakes = gpd.overlay(lakes, model domain, how='intersection')
        except: lakes = []
        print('\n[Step %s][Make Polygons][3000m buffer coastal zone]
....\n'%(step))
        try:nearshore oceans = gpd.read file("%s%s nearshore %s.shp"
% (folders[7], delta, xres))
        except:
            lands.geometry = lands.buffer(100, resolution=2)
            lands.geometry = lands.buffer(500, resolution=2)
            lands['dissolve'] = 1
            lands = lands.dissolve(by='dissolve').reset index(drop=True)
            lands.geometry = lands.buffer(2400, resolution=2)
            lands['dissolve'] = 1
            lands = lands.dissolve(by='dissolve').reset index(drop=True)
            nearshore oceans =
gpd.overlay(oceans, lands, how='intersection')
            nearshore_oceans = nearshore oceans.rename(columns={"FID 1":
"FID" })
            #nearshore oceans = nearshore oceans.drop(columns='FID 2')
            nearshore oceans =
gpd.overlay(nearshore oceans, model domain, how='intersection')
            nearshore oceans['dissolve'] = 1
            nearshore oceans =
nearshore oceans.dissolve(by='dissolve').reset index(drop=True)
            nearshore oceans.to file("%s%s nearshore %s.shp"
% (folders[7], delta, xres))
            print('############### Nearshore polygons saved to
%s%s nearshore %s.shp' %(folders[7].split(delta)[-1],delta,xres))
        os.system('gdal rasterize -burn 1 -tr %s %s -te %s %s %s %s
%s%s nearshore %s.shp %s%s nearshore %s.tif -co COMPRESS=DEFLATE'
%(xres,yres,ulx,lry,lrx,uly,folders[7],delta,xres,folders[8],delta,xres))
```

```
print('\n[Step %s][Make Polygons][Non-coastal ocean zone]
....\n'%(step))
        try:farocean = gpd.read file("%s%s farocean %s.shp"
% (folders[7], delta, xres))
        except:
            farocean =
gpd.overlay(oceans, nearshore oceans, how='difference')
            farocean.to file("%s%s farocean %s.shp"
% (folders[7], delta, xres))
            farocean =
gpd.overlay(farocean, model domain, how='intersection')
            farocean.to file("%s%s farocean %s.shp"
% (folders[7], delta, xres))
            print('############## Farshore polygons saved to
%s%s farshore %s.shp' %(folders[7].split(delta)[-1],delta,xres))
        os.system('gdal_rasterize -burn 1 -tr %s %s -te %s %s %s %s
%s%s_farocean_%s.shp %s%s_farocean_%s.tif -co COMPRESS=DEFLATE'
%(xres,yres,ulx,lry,lrx,uly,folders[7],delta,xres,folders[8],delta,xres))
        print('\n[Step %s][Make Polygons][Add lakes to connected water]
.....\n'%(step))
        try:
            water connected 10\,\mathrm{km} =
gpd.read file("%s%s water connected 10km %s.shp"
% (folders[7], delta, xres))
        except:
            water connected 10km =
water connected not lakes.copy(deep=True).reset index(drop=True)
            water connected 10km.geometry =
water connected 10km.buffer(100, resolution=2)
            water connected 10km.geometry =
water connected 10km.buffer(500, resolution=2)
            water connected 10km['dissolve'] = 1
            water connected 10km =
water connected 10km.dissolve(by='dissolve').reset index(drop=True)
            water connected 10km.geometry =
water connected 10km.buffer(7400,resolution=2)
            water connected 10km['dissolve'] = 1
            water connected 10 \, \text{km} =
water connected 10km.dissolve(by='dissolve').reset index(drop=True)
            water connected 10 \, \text{km} =
gpd.overlay(water connected 10km, model domain, how='intersection')
water connected 10km.to file("%s%s water connected 10km %s.shp"
% (folders[7], delta, xres))
            print('################# 10km water connected to ocean
polygons saved to %s%s water connected 10km %s.shp'
%(folders[7].split(delta)[-1],delta,xres))
```

```
## FILL IN WATER BODIES FOR MESH GENERATION
print('\n[Step 6][Make Mesh Polygons][Get points along all water
body polygons] .....\n')
       try: points w=gpd.read file("%s%s water points %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
       except:
           water filled, points w =
getpolygonpoints(allwater,ulx,uly,lrx,lry,100)
           water filled =
water filled.explode(index parts=True).reset index(drop=True)
           points w.to file ("%s%s water points %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
           water filled.to_file("%s%s_waterfilled_%s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
       print('\n[Step 6][Make Mesh Polygons][Delete any holes within
polygons] .....\n')
       try: water filled=gpd.read file("%s%s waterfilled %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
       except:
           water no holes,holes = delete holes(water filled)
           water filled =
gpd.overlay(water filled, water no holes, how='union')
           water filled.to file ("%s%s waterfilled %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
       try: river no holes=gpd.read file("%s%s river mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
       except:
           rivers = rivers[rivers['DN']!=0]
           river no holes, holes = delete holes(rivers)
           river no holes.geometry =
river no holes.buffer(round(med width/cellsperwidth))
           river no holes =
gpd.overlay(river_no_holes, model domain, how='intersection')
           river no holes.to file("%s%s river mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
       if len(lakes)>1:
           try:lake no holes=gpd.read file("%s%s lake mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
           except:
               lakes no holes = lakes no holes.reset index(drop=True)
               lake no holes, holes = delete holes(lakes)
               lake no holes =
gpd.overlay(lake no holes, river no holes, how='difference')
               lake no holes =
gpd.overlay(lake no holes, model domain, how='intersection')
               lake no holes.to file("%s%s lake mesh %s.shp"
%(outdir,delta,xres))
```

```
try: ocean no holes=gpd.read file("%s%s fullocean mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
        except:
            ocean no holes, holes = delete holes(oceans)
            ocean no holes =
gpd.overlay(ocean_no_holes, river no holes, how='difference')
            ocean no holes = ocean no holes[ocean no holes.area>12000]
            ocean no holes =
gpd.overlay(ocean_no_holes, model domain, how='intersection')
            ocean no holes.to file("%s%s fullocean mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
        nearshore oceans.geometry = nearshore oceans.buffer(-10*xres)
nearshore no holes=gpd.read file("%s%s nearshore mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
        except:
            nearshore no holes, holes = delete holes(nearshore oceans)
            nearshore no holes =
gpd.overlay(nearshore no holes,river no holes,how='difference')
            nearshore no holes =
gpd.overlay(nearshore_no holes, model domain, how='intersection')
            nearshore no holes =
nearshore no holes.drop(columns=['FID 1','FID 2'])
            nearshore no holes.to file("%s%s nearshore mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
        try: farocean no holes=gpd.read file("%s%s farocean mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
        except:
            farocean no holes, holes = delete holes(farocean)
            farocean no holes =
gpd.overlay(farocean no holes, river no holes, how='difference')
            farocean no holes =
gpd.overlay(farocean no holes, model domain, how='intersection')
            farocean no holes =
farocean no holes.drop(columns=['FID 1','FID 2'])
            farocean no holes.to file("%s%s farocean mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
fulloceans no holes=gpd.read file("%s%s fulloceans mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
        except:
            fulloceans no holes, holes = delete holes(oceans)
            fulloceans no holes =
gpd.overlay(fulloceans no holes, river no holes, how='difference')
            fulloceans no holes =
gpd.overlay(fulloceans no holes, model domain, how='intersection')
            fulloceans no holes =
fulloceans_no_holes.drop(columns=['FID 1','FID 2'])
            fulloceans_no_holes.to file("%s%s faroceans mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
```

```
try: land no holes=gpd.read file("%s%s land mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
       except:
            land no holes, holes = delete holes(lands)
            land no holes =
gpd.overlay(land no holes, river no holes, how='difference')
            land no holes =
gpd.overlay(land no holes, model domain, how='intersection')
            land no holes.to file ( "%s%s land mesh %s.shp"
% (outdir, delta, xres))
       meshes = ['river','ocean','land','lake']
       print('################# Ocean Mesh Polygons saved to
%s%s ocean mesh.shp' %(outdir,delta))
       print('############### Land Mesh Polygons saved to
%s%s land mesh.shp' %(outdir,delta))
       print('################ River Mesh Polygons saved to
%s%s river mesh.shp' %(outdir,delta))
       print('############### Lake Mesh Polygons saved to
%s%s lake mesh.shp' %(outdir,delta))
       print('\n[Step 6][Make Mesh Polygons] Finished .....\n')
   else:
       print('\n[Step 6][Make Mesh Polygons] SKIP .....\n')
       meshes = ['river','ocean','land','lake']
   return meshes
def
determine riverscale (folders, delta, ref, parameters, pixel step, skip=False):
    1 1 1
   Parameters
   parameters : pd.dataframe
       Configuration parameters for model setup.
   skip : boolean
        If True, do not build water polygons.
   Returns
   distance : np.array
       Distances from ocean along river channels.
   widths : np.array
       Widths of river cross sections, approximately every 150m
   riverscale : float
       Maximum triangle area for generating mesh in rivers.
   med width : float
       median width of river channels.
   cellsperwidth : float
       minimum number of cells per channel width.
```

```
watermask : np.array
    Mask of water/land.
  . . .
#############
  ################
############\n')
  save profile = ref.profile
  save profile['compress'] = 'deflate'
  xres,yres = int(save profile['transform'][0]),-
int(save profile['transform'][4])
##################### Import Config Parameters
################################
##
  parameters.iloc[0]
  EPSG = parameters['EPSG'][0]
# Coordinate System must be UTM
  ulx = parameters['ulx'][0]
# ULX coordinate
  lry = parameters['lry'][0]
# LRY coordinate
  lrx = parameters['lrx'][0]
# LRX coordinate
  uly = parameters['uly'][0]
# ULY coordinate
  trv: os.mkdir(folders[1])
  except:''
## RASTERIZE WATER/LAND DELIENATI SHAPEFILES
river = rasterio.open('%s%s rivers %s.tif' %(folders[8],delta,xres))
  rivermask = np.where(river.read(1) ==1,1.,0.)
  widths = np.where((rivermask==1),qdal.Open('%s%s widths %sx%s.tif'
%(folders[8],delta,xres,pixel step)).ReadAsArray(),np.nan)
```

```
os.system('gdal rasterize -burn 1 -tr %s %s -te %s %s %s %s
%s%s river centerline %sx%s.shp %s%s river centerline %sx%s.tif -co
COMPRESS=DEFLATE'
%(xres, yres, ulx, lry, lrx, uly, folders[7], delta, xres, pixel step, folders[8], d
elta, xres, pixel step))
    print('\n[Get Riverscale][Get Median Width of Rivers] .....\n')
    avg width = np.nanmean(widths)
    med width = np.nanmedian(widths)
    print('################### Median river width is %sm' %(med width))
   print('\n[Get Riverscale][How many cells per width] .....\n')
    if med width >= 1500.:
        cellsperwidth = 10
    else: cellsperwidth = 5
    print('################# Cells per river width is %s'
%(cellsperwidth))
    print('\n[Get Riverscale][Estimate maximum triangle size to maintain
%s per median %sm river width] ......\n' %(cellsperwidth, med width))
    riverscale = int((med width /cellsperwidth)**2/2)
    print('################# Therefore, max triangle scale is %sm2'
%(riverscale))
    return med width, riverscale, cellsperwidth
```