

# Multipanel plotting in R

with base graphics

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# Compared to what?

- Tuft

by hand

ggplot2

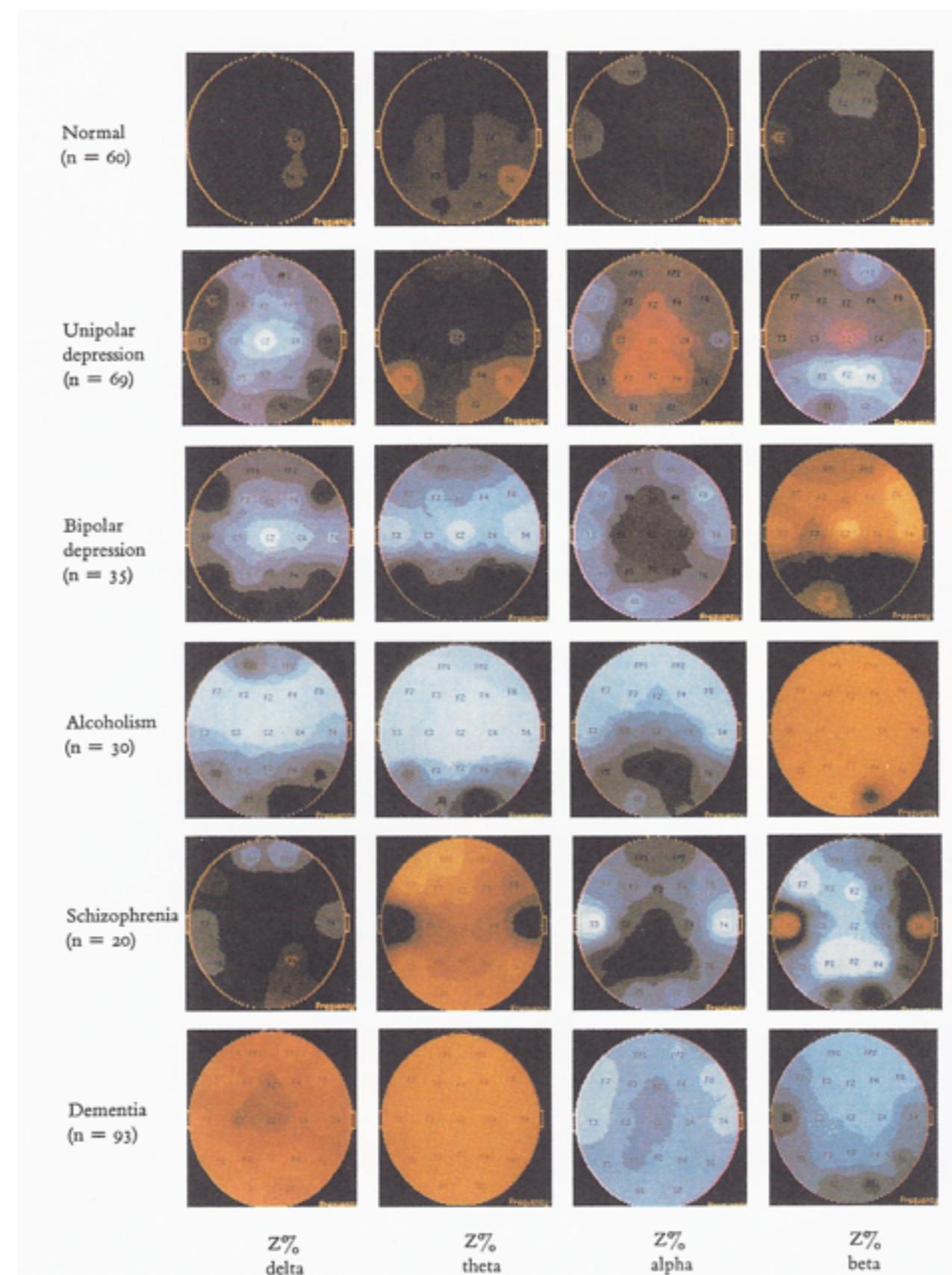
lattice

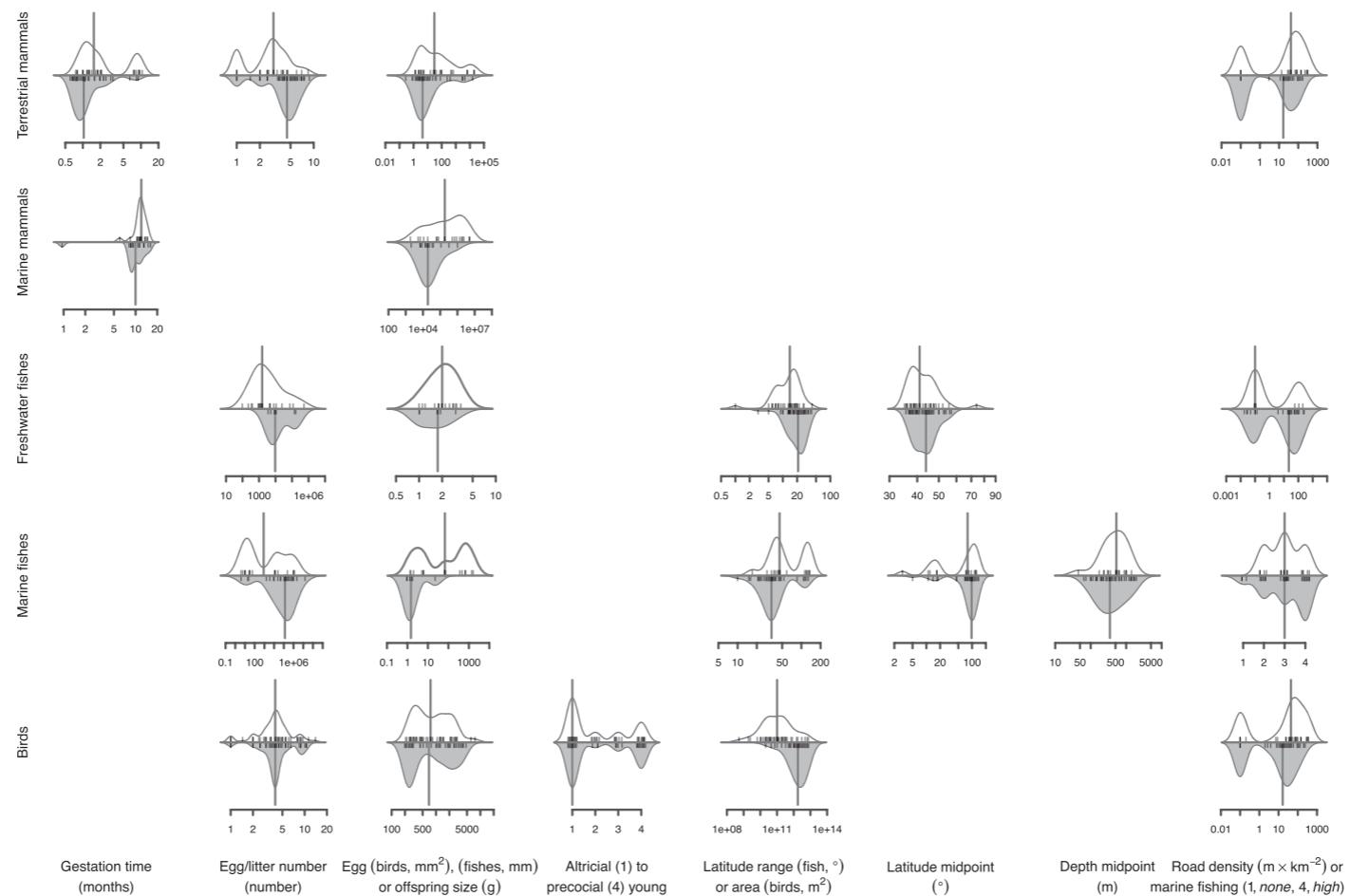
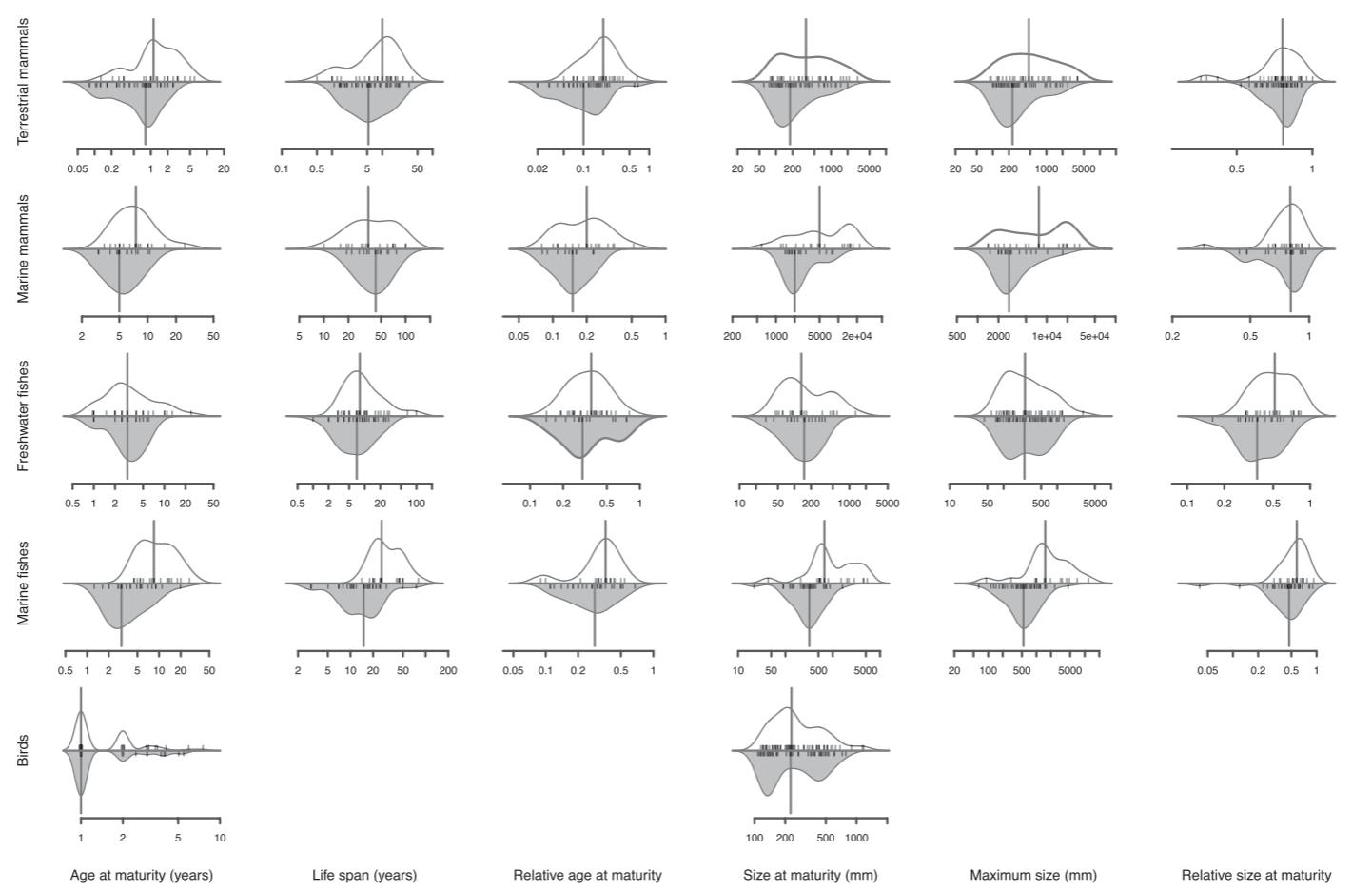
par(mfrow)

layout()

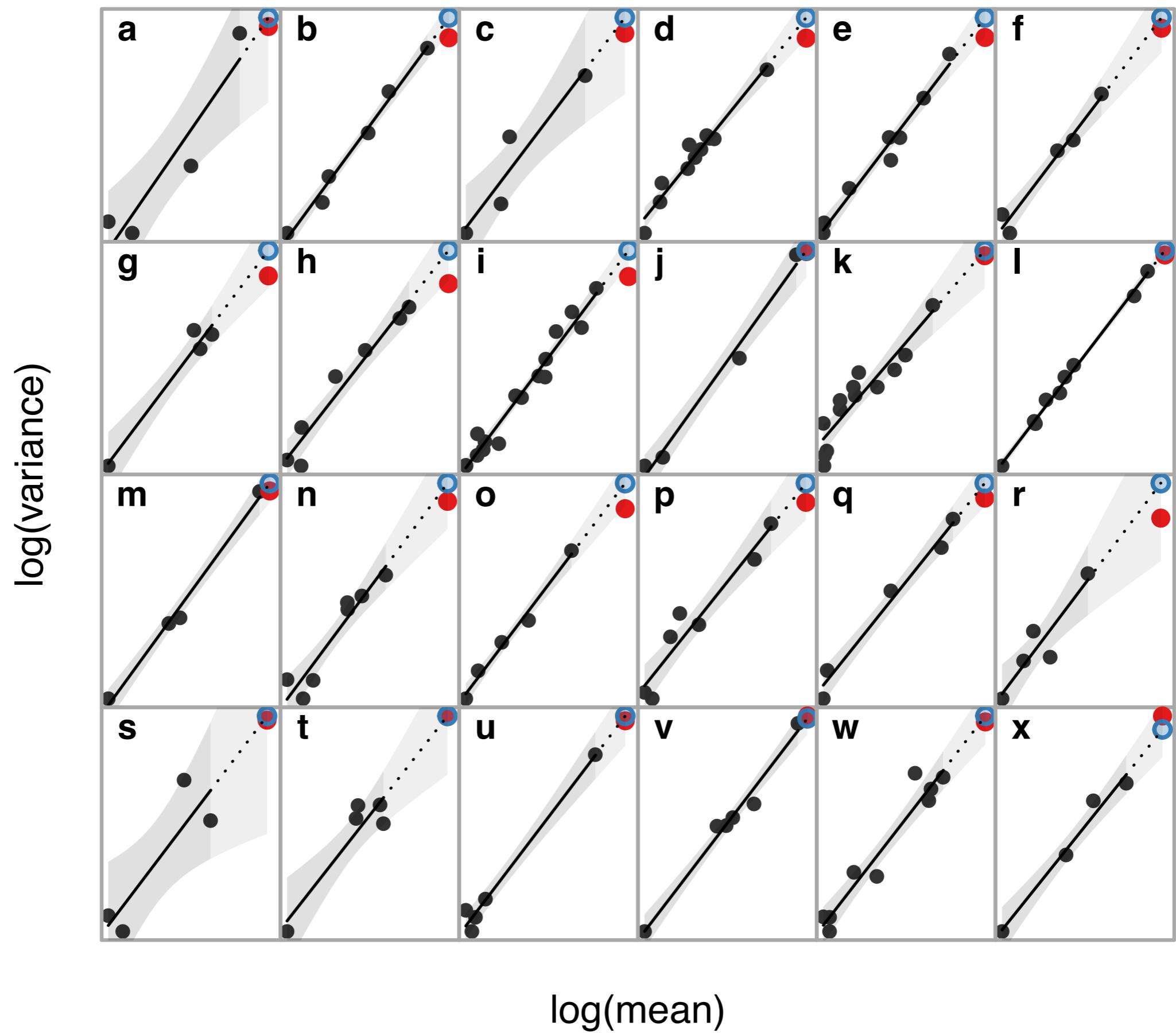
split.screen()

`par(mfrow)`

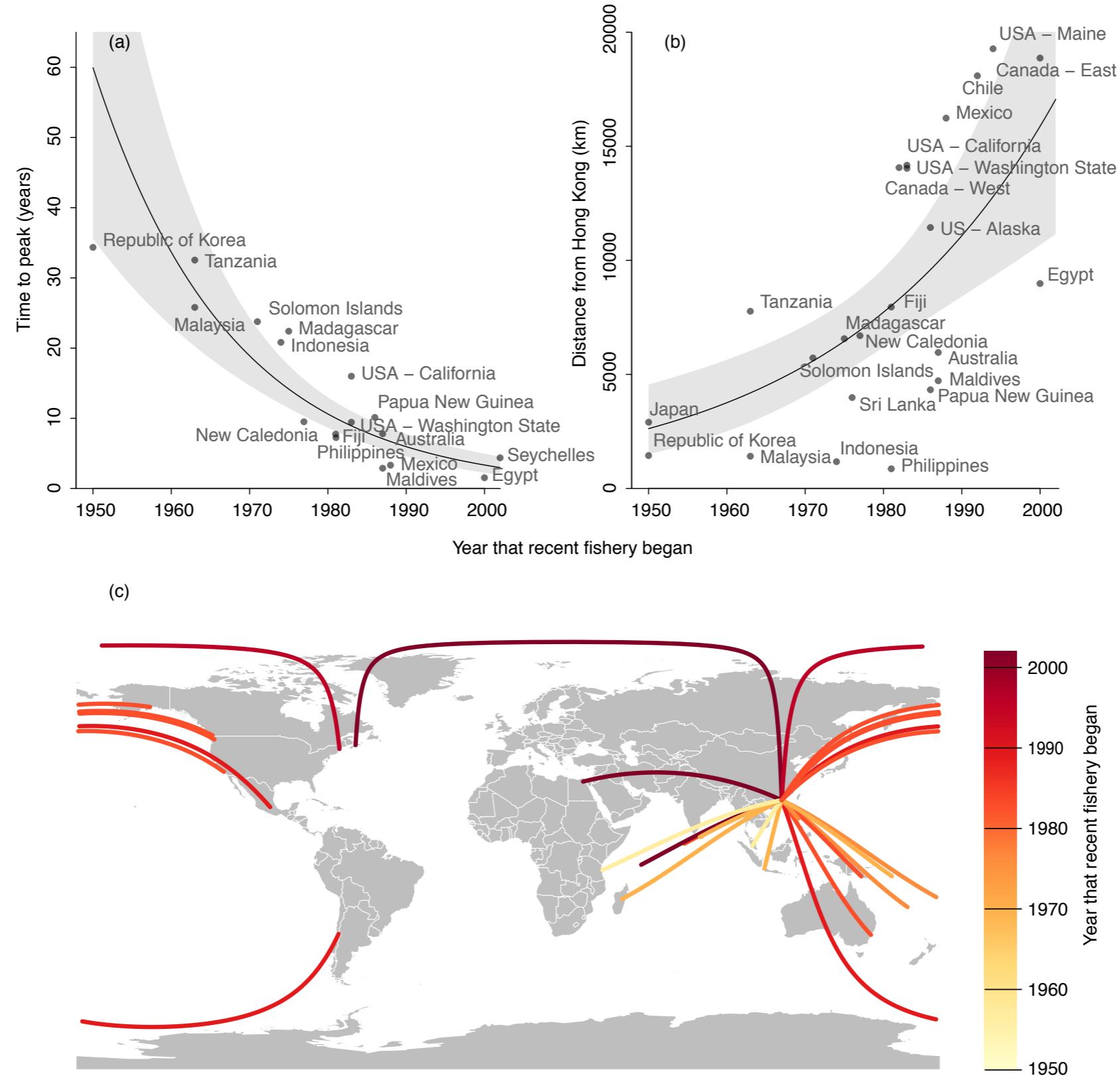


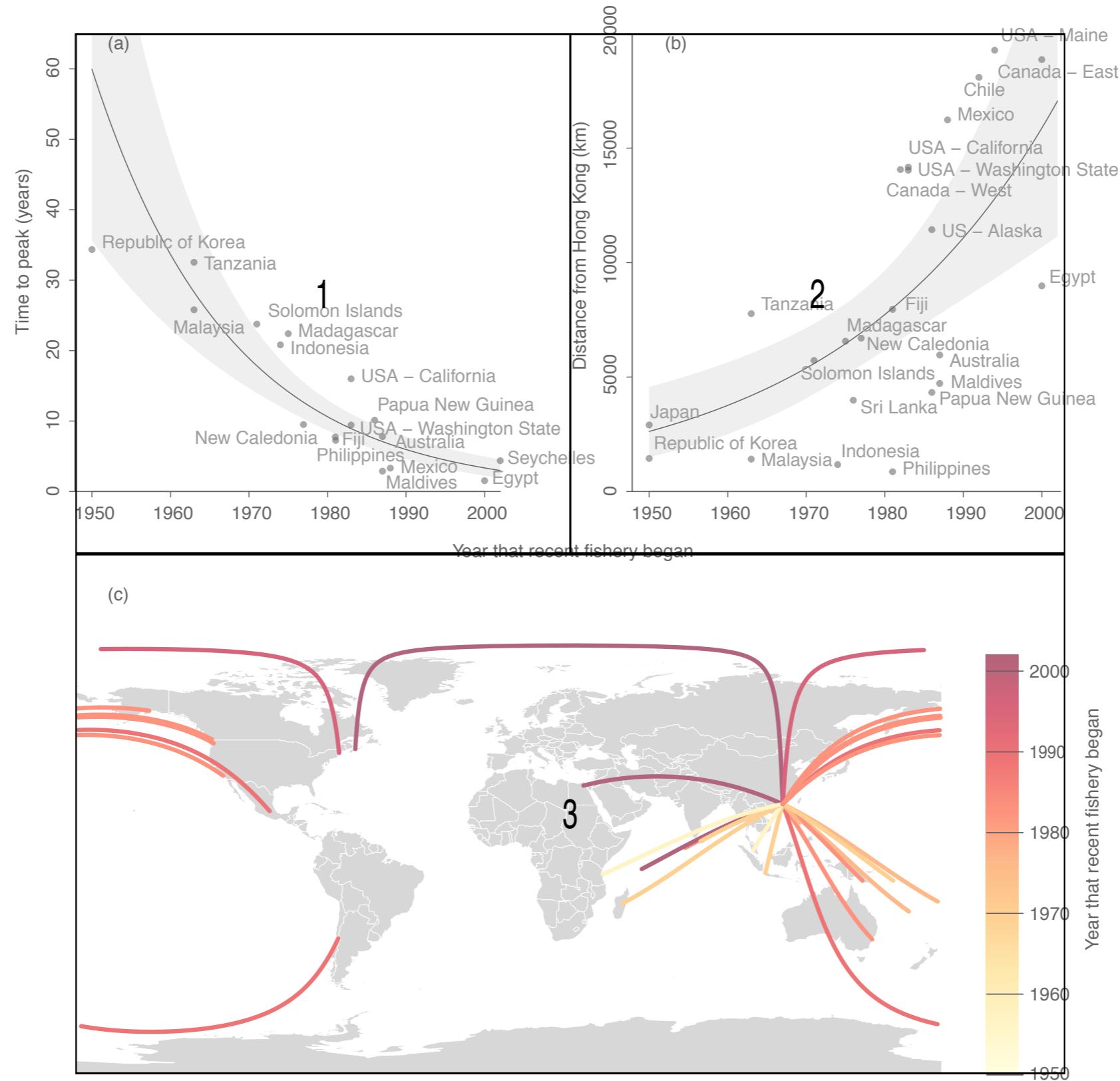


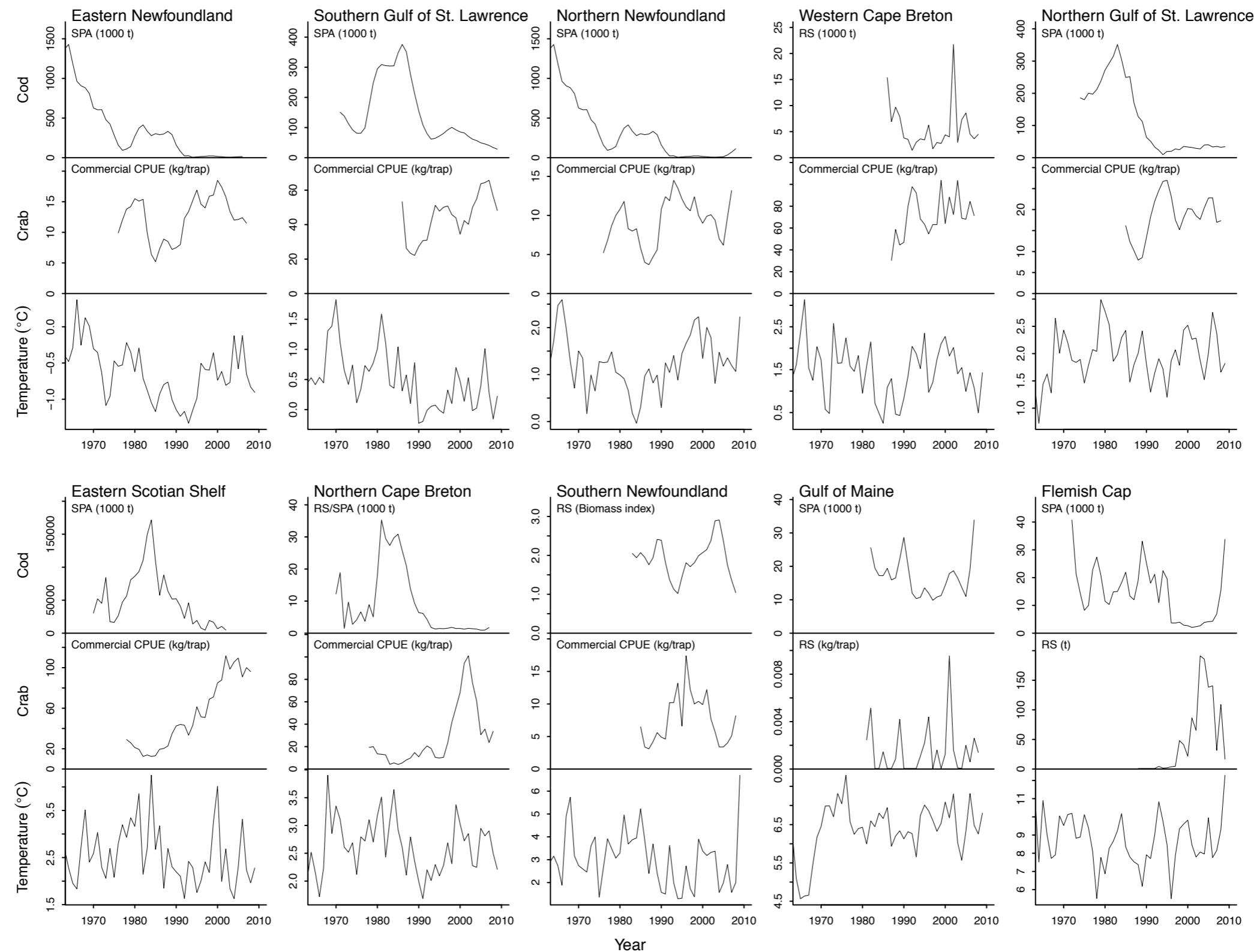
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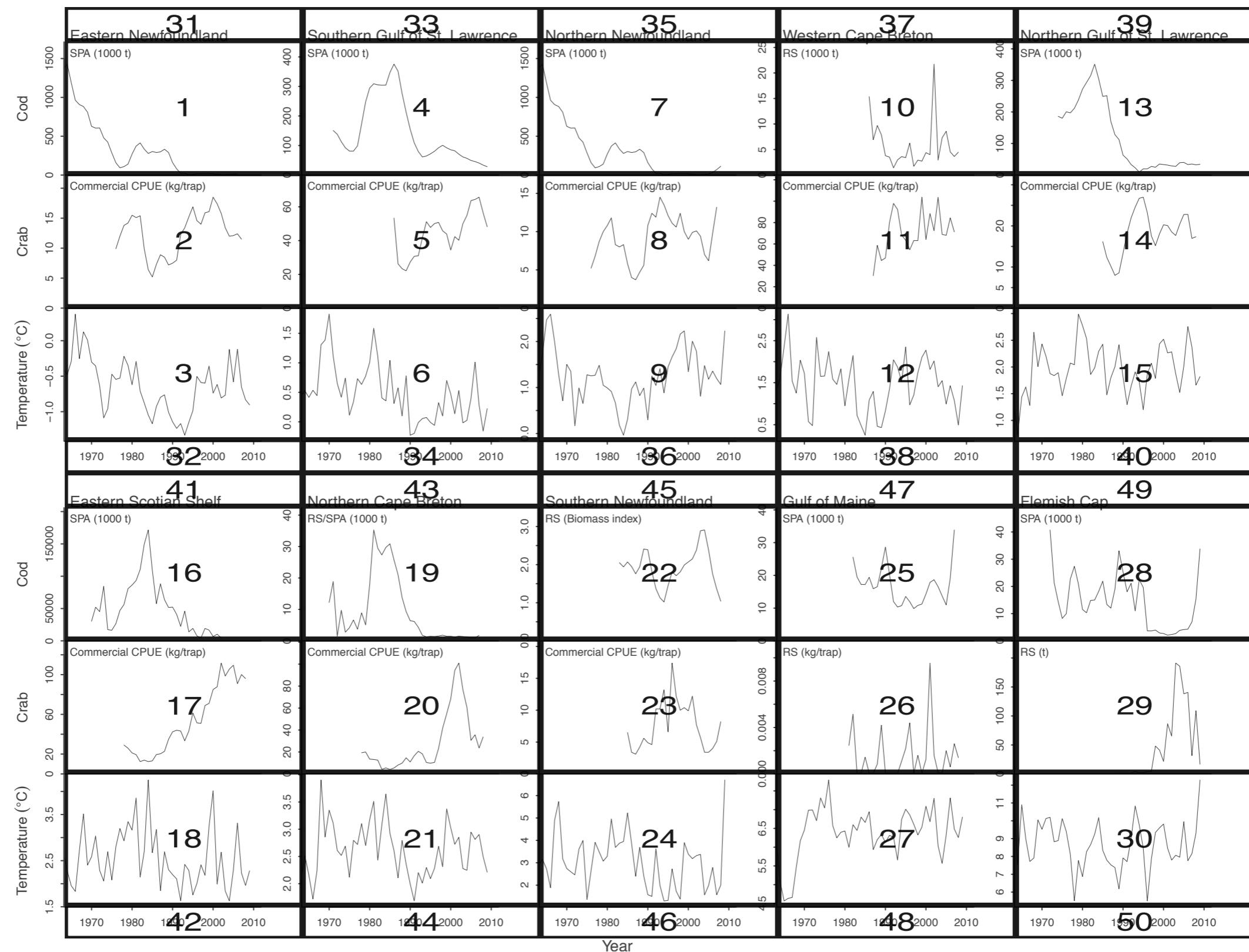


layout()









split.screen()

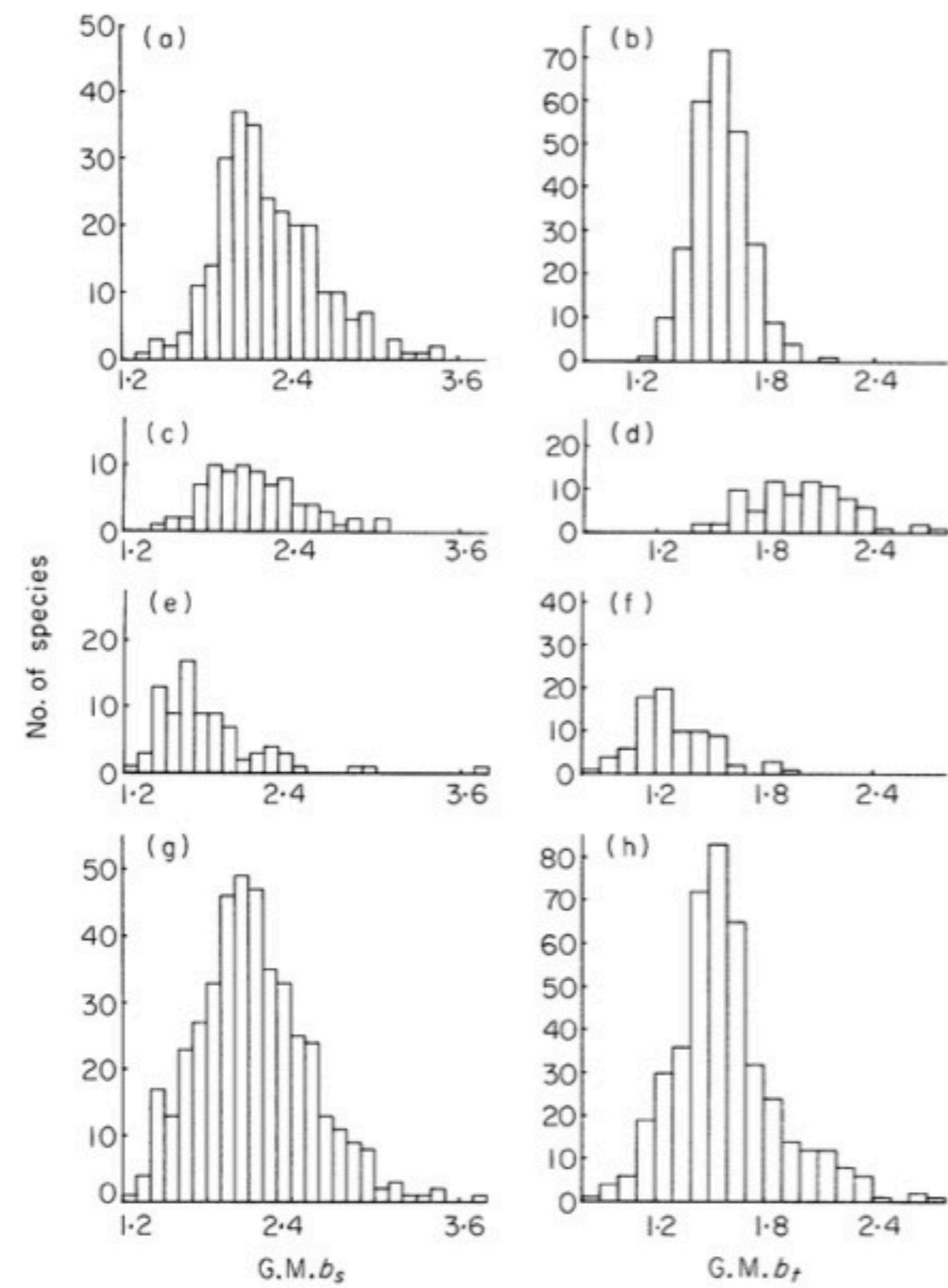
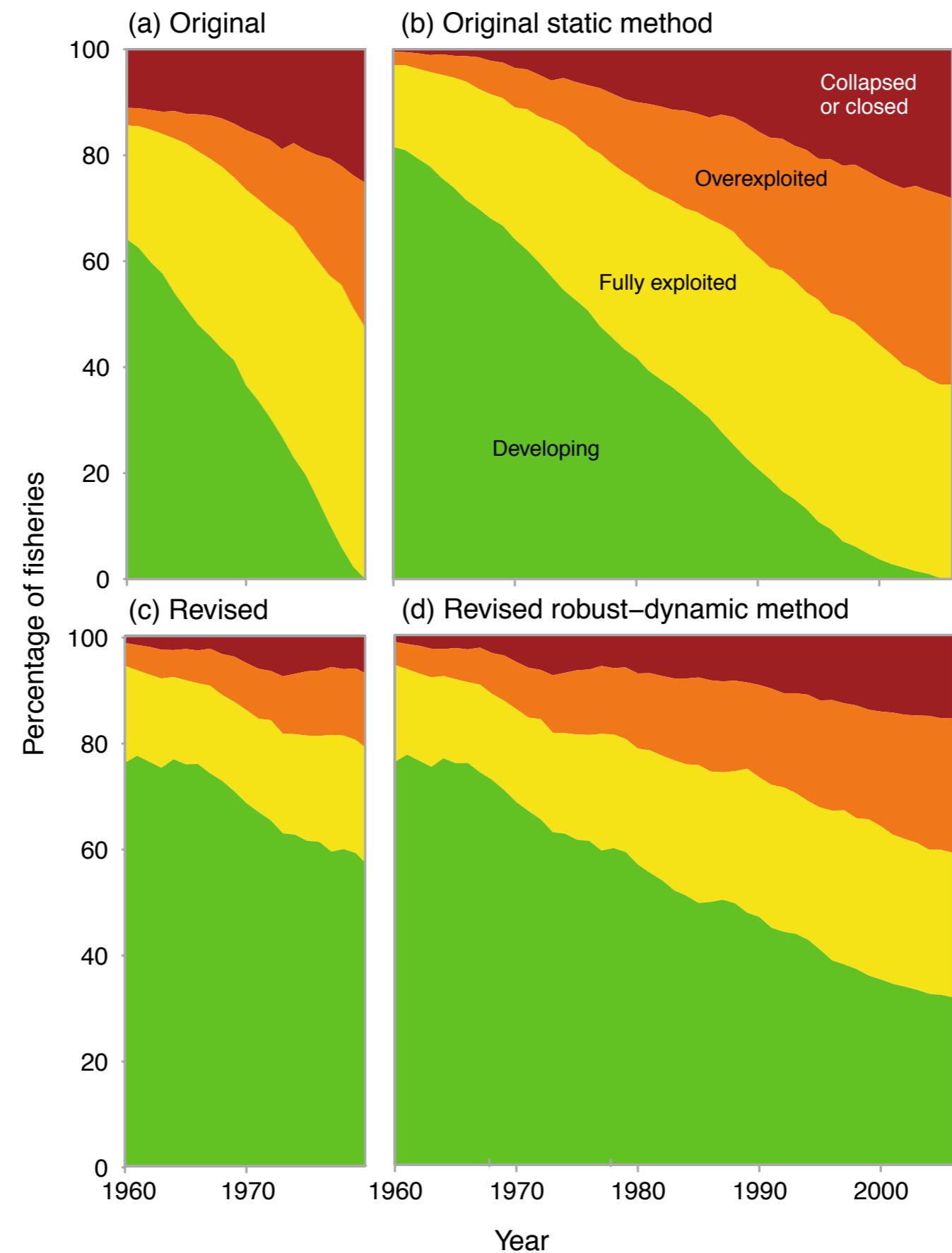
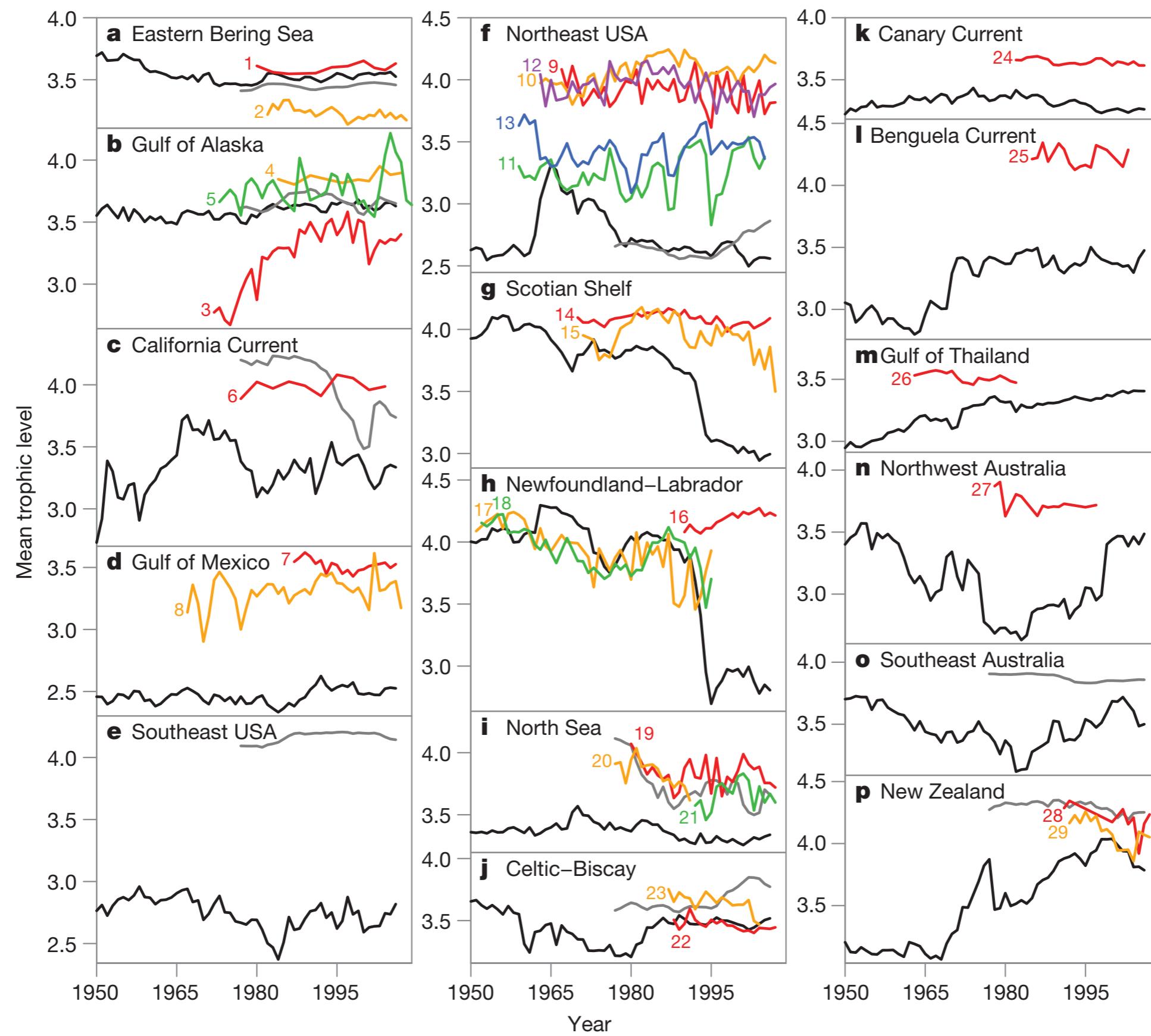
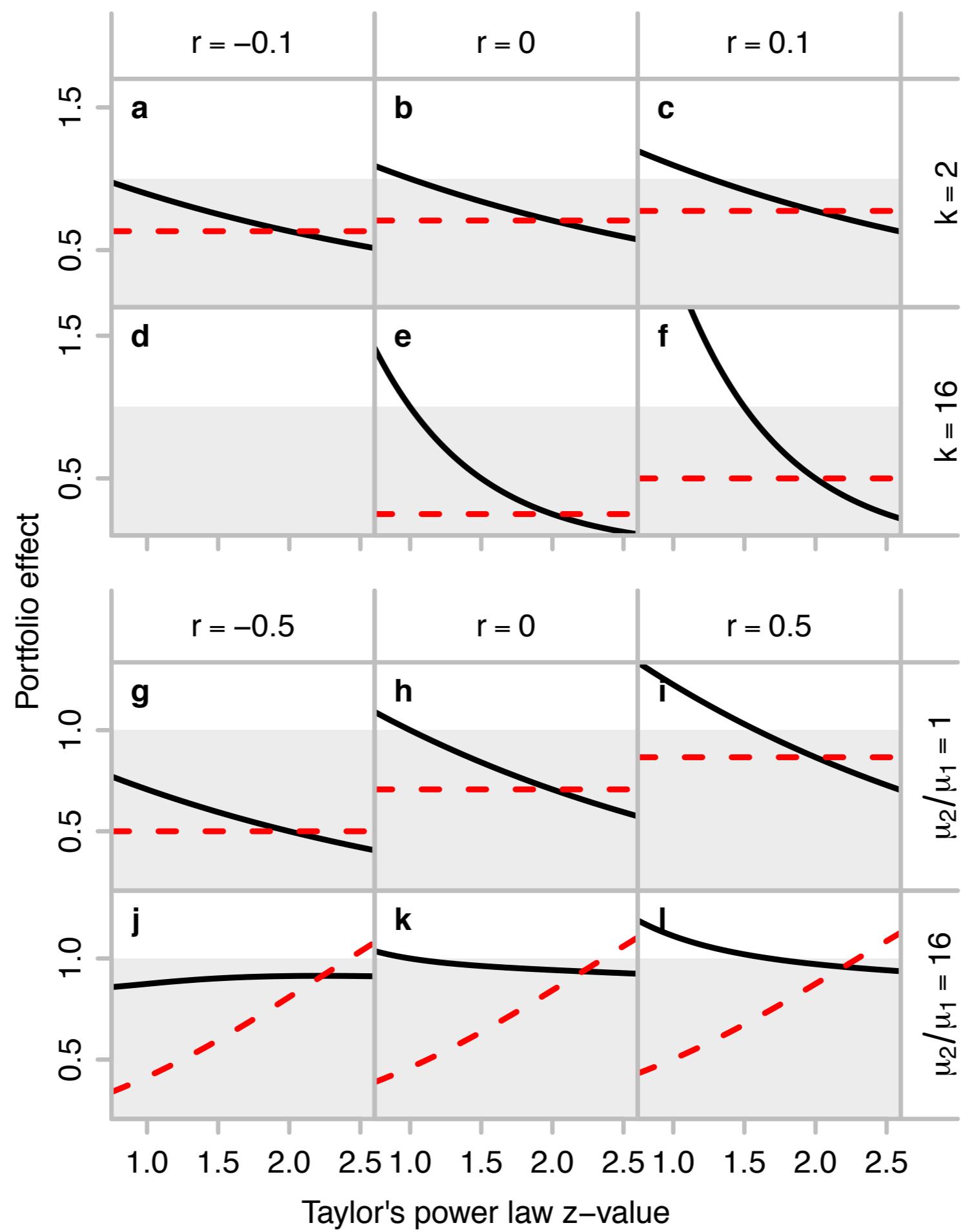


FIG. 10. Frequency distributions for spatial ( $G.M.b_s$ ) and temporal ( $G.M.b_t$ ) regression coefficients for all moths (a, b), aphids (c, d), birds (e, f) and all species (g, h).

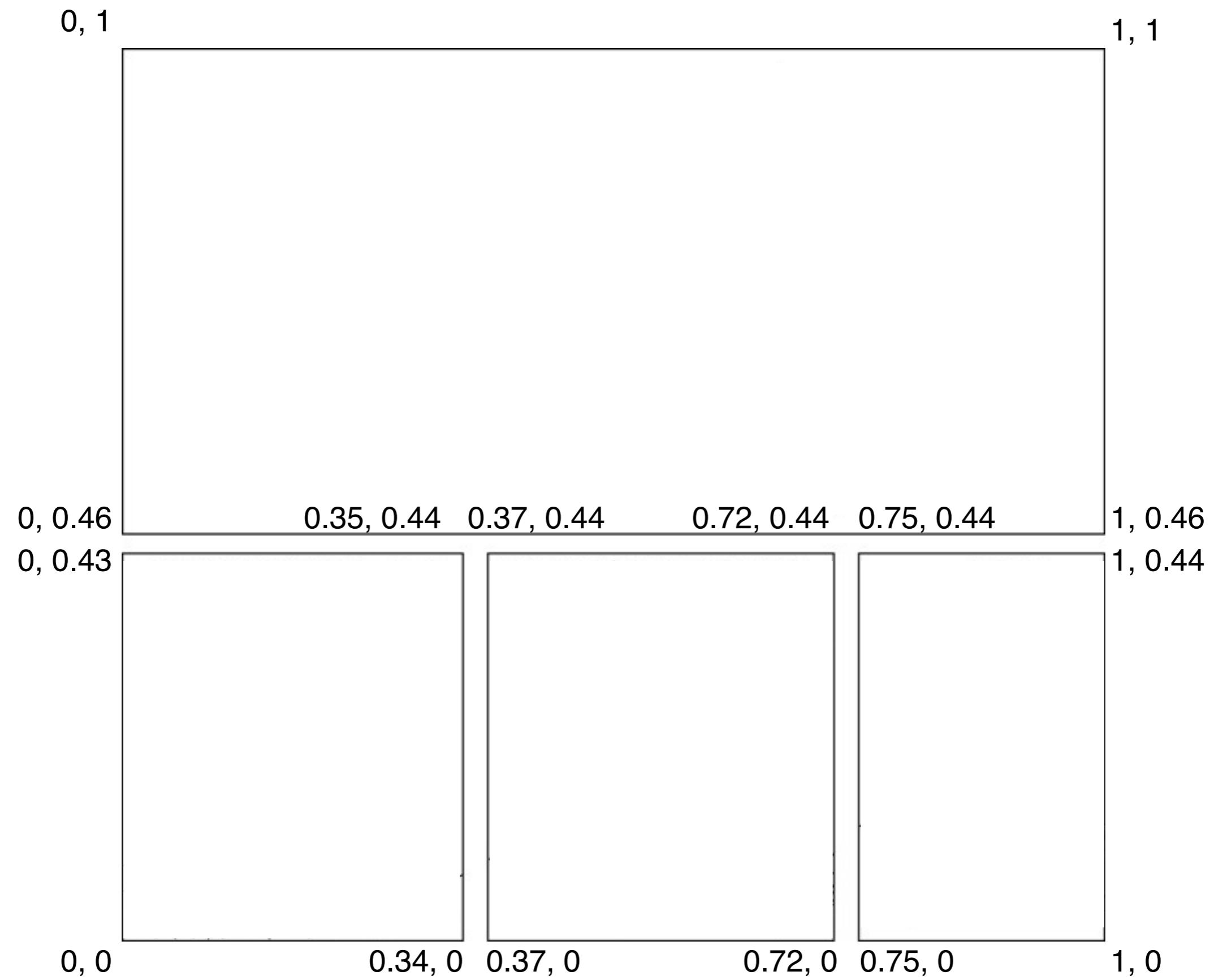


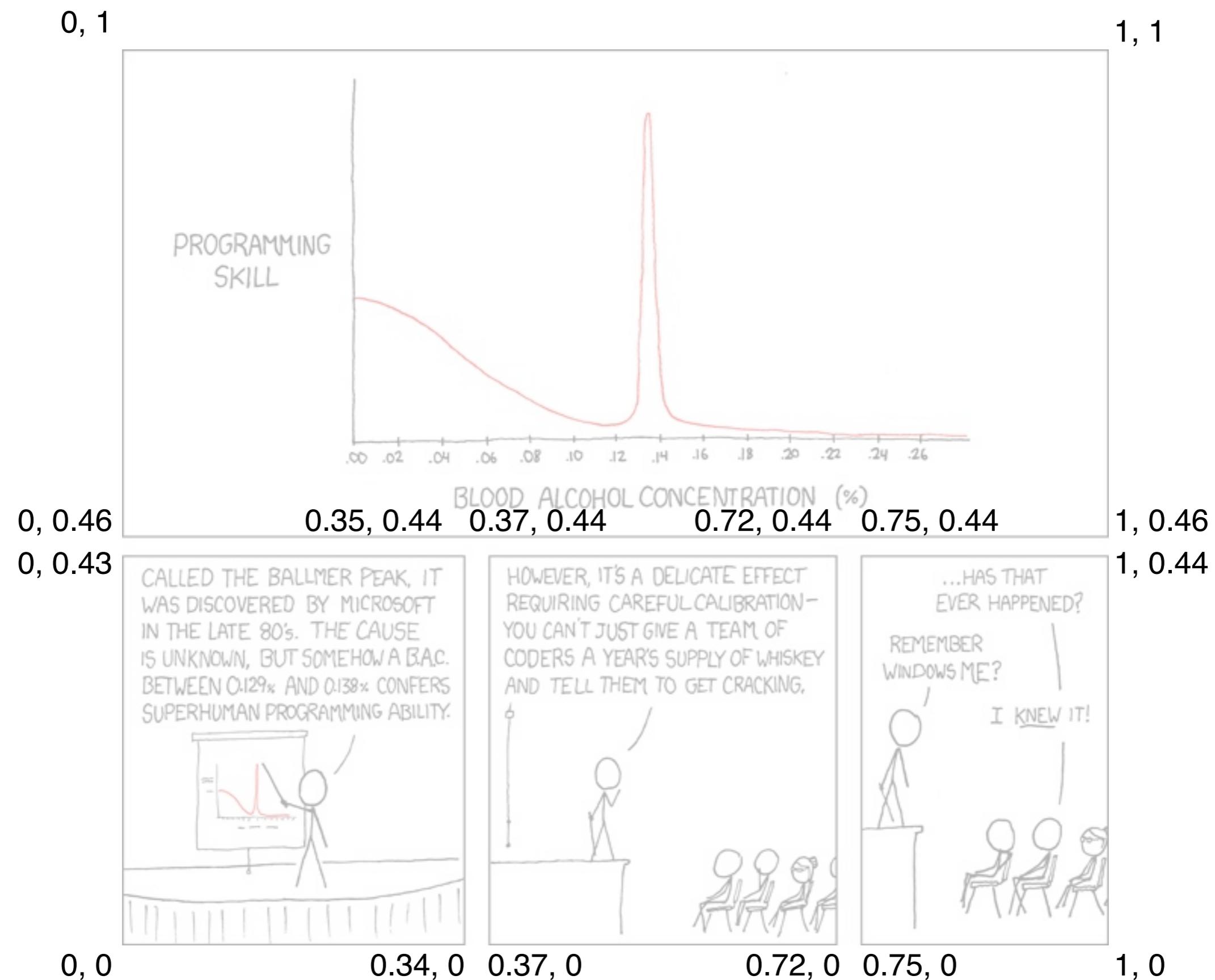


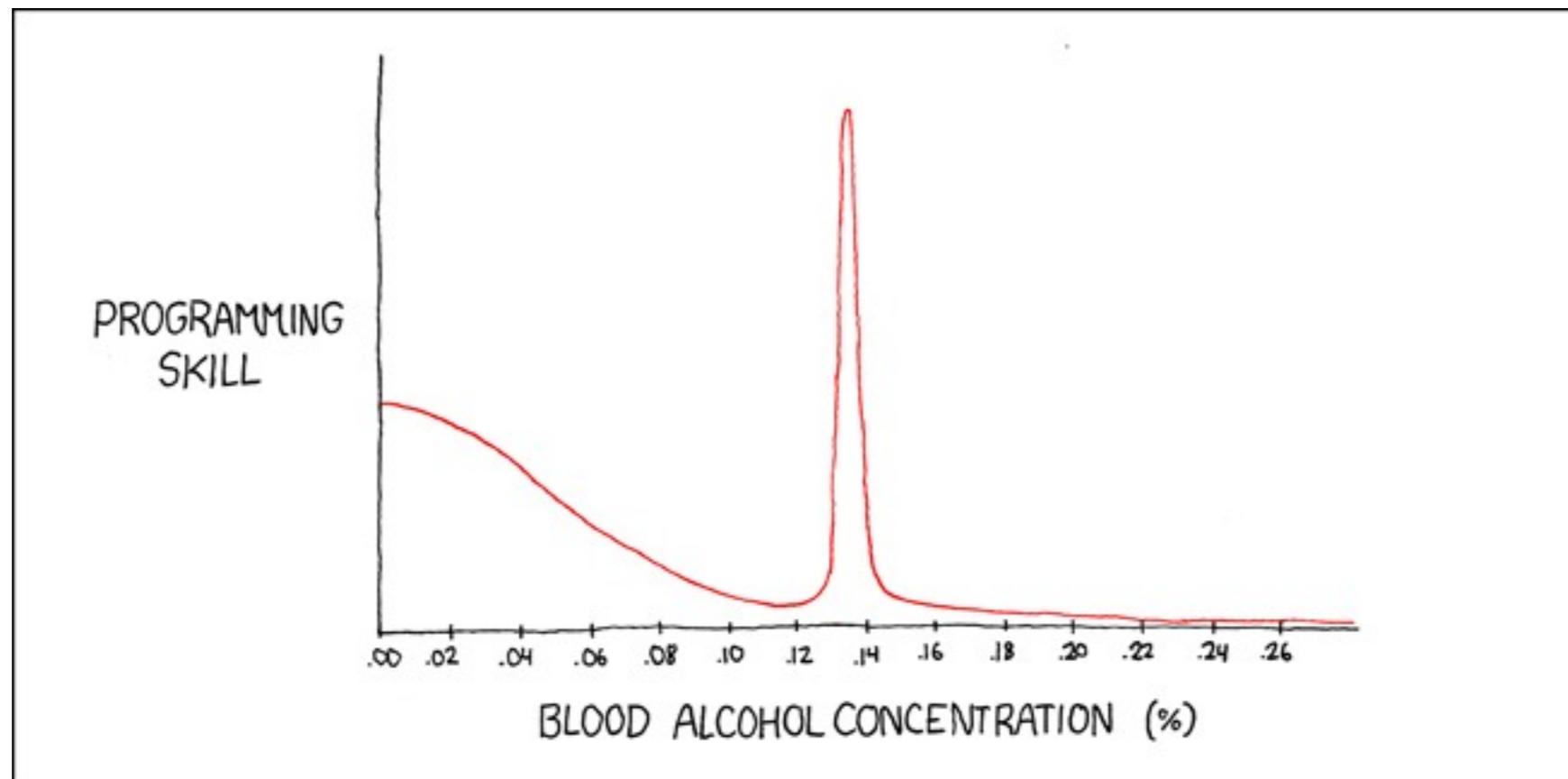
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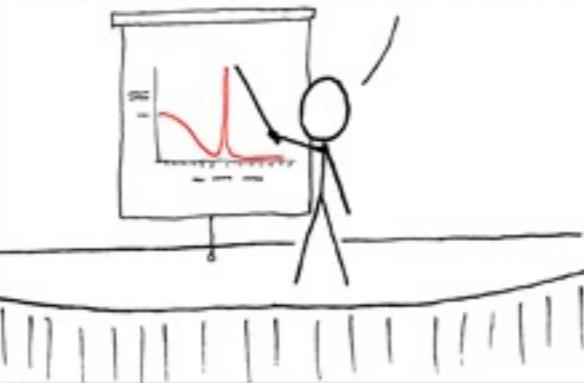
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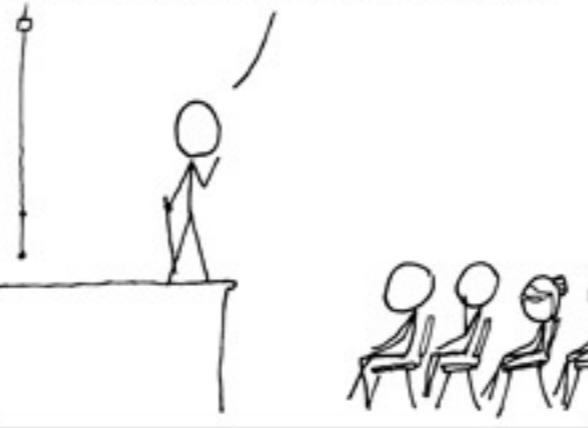




CALLED THE BALLMER PEAK, IT WAS DISCOVERED BY MICROSOFT IN THE LATE 80's. THE CAUSE IS UNKNOWN, BUT SOMEHOW A B.A.C. BETWEEN 0.129% AND 0.138% CONFERs SUPERHUMAN PROGRAMMING ABILITY.



HOWEVER, IT'S A DELICATE EFFECT REQUIRING CAREFUL CALIBRATION - YOU CAN'T JUST GIVE A TEAM OF CODERS A YEAR'S SUPPLY OF WHISKEY AND TELL THEM TO GET CRACKING.



...HAS THAT EVER HAPPENED?  
REMEMBER WINDOWS ME?

