Using multiple R versions on Linux

Alex M. Chubaty 26 September 2017

Contents

sing Docker																	
Older R versions	 	 															
R-devel	 	 													. .		
letal installation																	
Older R versions																	
R-devel																	

Unlike on Windows, most R users on linux tend to work with a single version of R – whichever version is available in their software repositories. With a little bit of work, it is possible to use multiple versions of R on Linux; however, you will need an account with sudo privileges to set this up.

The most common use case is to install R-devel alongside the current R version in order to facilitate package checking and testing prior to CRAN submission. Additionally, you may wish to maintain older versions of R to maintain compatibility and reproducibility of old code/scripts, or to rerun old analyses.

Using Docker

This is the preferred solution, as it is self-contained. Everytime you start an instance of R in a Docker container, it starts in a "factory fresh" state, which means you will need to install additional packages into each new instance or save (commit) your changes for later reuse. The advantages here are that packages installed for each project are kept separate, ensuring proper reproducibility and portability. (Although packrat is also good for maintaining separate package libraries per project, it doesn't ensure system dependency separation.)

Please note that this guide is intended only to get you started with using R with Docker, not to be a full tutorial for more advanced Docker use. See the offical Docker documentation and the rocker project for more advanced usage, including using containers with Rstudio Server installed 1 or using a virtual X server.

Older R versions

- 1. Install Docker following the instructions here.
- 2. Download the image for the version of R you wish to use:

```
docker pull r-base:3.2.2
```

3. Start a container running the R version of your choice:

```
docker run -it --rm r-base:3.2.2
```

* NOTE: the --rm flag tells docker to remove the container after use. If you wish to keep the container for reuse later (e.g., so you don't need to reinstall packages, etc.), then omit this.

¹https://github.com/rocker-org/rocker-versioned

R-devel

- 1. Install Docker following the instructions here.
- 2. Download the latest R-devel image:

docker pull rocker/drd

3. Start a container running R-devel:

docker run -it --rm rocker/drd Rdevel

* NOTE: the --rm flag tells docker to remove the container after use. If you wish to keep the container for reuse later (e.g., so you don't need to reinstall packages, etc.), then omit this.

Metal installation

As noted above, using Docker is likely a better solution, as this approach doesn't maintain separation between packages installed for different versions (except R-devel).

Older R versions

```
1. Install prerequisites for building R from source:
  sudo apt-get build-dep r-base
2. Create directories to keep the R source code:
  mkdir ~/R/src
3. Get the source code for the version of R you wish to install:
  cd ~/R/src/
  RVERSION=3.2.5
  wget https://cran.r-project.org/src/base/R-3/R-${RVERSION}.tar.gz
  tar -xvzf R-${RVERSION}.tar.gz
4. Install:
  cd ~/R/src/R-${RVERSION}
   ./configure --prefix=/usr/local/lib/R-${RVERSION} --enable-R-shlib --with-blas --with-lapack
  make
  sudo make install
5. Create symlink:
  \verb|sudo| ln -s /usr/local/lib/R-${RVERSION}/bin/R /usr/local/bin/R-${RVERSION}| \\
6. Run a specific R version:
  From the commandline, simply do (according to ${RVERSION}):
```

R-devel

R-3.2.5

1. Install prerequisites for building R from source:

```
sudo apt-get build-dep r-base
sudo apt-get install subversion ccache xorg-dev
```

2. Create directories to keep the R-devel source code and to make it:

```
mkdir ~/R/src
mkdir ~/R/src/R-devel-build
```

3. Get the latest version of R-devel from the subversion repository:

```
cd ~/R/src
svn co https://svn.r-project.org/R/trunk r-devel/R
```

4. Link the recommended packages for building R:

```
cd ~/R/src/r-devel/R
bash ./tools/rsync-recommended
bash ./tools/link-recommended
```

5. Create the installation script in ~/R/bin/build-R-devel.sh:

```
## ~/R/bin/build-R-devel.sh
#!/bin/sh
cd ~/R/src/R-devel-build
# R PAPERSIZE=letter
# R BATCHSAVE="--no-save --no-restore"
# R_BROWSER=xdg-open
# PAGER=/usr/bin/pager
# PERL=/usr/bin/perl
# R_UNZIPCMD=/usr/bin/unzip
# R_ZIPCMD=/usr/bin/zip
# R_PRINTCMD=/usr/bin/lpr
# LIBnn=lib
# AWK=/usr/bin/awk
# CC="ccache qcc"
# CFLAGS="-ggdb -pipe -std=gnu99 -Wall -pedantic -DTESTING_WRITE_BARRIER" \
# CXX="ccache q++"
# CXXFLAGS="-ggdb -std=c++0x -pipe -Wall -pedantic" \
# FC="ccache gfortran"
# FCFLAGS="-ggdb -pipe -Wall -pedantic"
# F77="ccache gfortran"
# FFLAGS="-ggdb -pipe -Wall -pedantic"
# MAKE="make -j4"
# ./configure
     --prefix=/usr/local/lib/R-devel
     --enable-R-shlib
#
     --enable-strict-barrier
     --with-blas
     --with-lapack
#
     --with-readline
#
     --with-recommended-packages
     --program-suffix=dev
R_PAPERSIZE=letter
R BATCHSAVE="--no-save --no-restore"
R BROWSER=xdg-open
PAGER=/usr/bin/pager
PERL=/usr/bin/perl
R_UNZIPCMD=/usr/bin/unzip
R ZIPCMD=/usr/bin/zip
R_PRINTCMD=/usr/bin/lpr
LIBnn=lib
AWK=/usr/bin/awk
CC="ccache gcc"
CFLAGS="-ggdb -pipe -std=gnu99 -Wall -pedantic"
CXX="ccache g++"
CXXFLAGS="-ggdb -pipe -Wall -pedantic"
FC="ccache gfortran"
F77="ccache gfortran"
MAKE="make -j4"
../r-devel/R/configure
   --prefix=/usr/local/lib/R-devel
   --enable-R-shlib
```

```
--with-blas
       --with-lapack
       --with-readline
       --with-recommended-packages
       --program-suffix=devel
  make
  echo "*** Done -- now run 'make install'"
6. Give the script execute permissions:
  chmod a+x ~/R/bin/build-R-devel.sh
7. Make and install R-devel:
  bash ~/R/bin/build-R-devel.sh
  cd ~/R/src/R-devel-build
  sudo make install
8. Create custom script to launch R-devel in ~/R/bin/R-devel.sh:
  ## ~/R/bin/R-devel.sh
  #!/bin/bash
  export R_LIBS_SITE=${R_LIBS_SITE-'/usr/local/lib/R-devel/lib/R/library'}
  export PATH="/usr/local/lib/R-devel/bin:$PATH"
  R "$@"
  Note that this keeps the R-devel package library separate from your regular R libraries.
  Be sure to give the script execute permissions:
  chmod a+x ~/R/bin/R-devel.sh
9. Create custom script to launch Rscript-devel in ~/R/bin/Rscript-devel.sh:
  ## ~/R/bin/Rscript-devel.sh
  #!/bin/bash
  export R_LIBS_SITE=${R_LIBS_SITE-'/usr/local/lib/R-devel/lib/R/library'}
  export PATH="/usr/local/lib/R-devel/bin:$PATH"
  Rscript "$0"
  Note that this keeps the R-devel package library separate from your regular R libraries.
  Be sure to give the script execute permissions:
  chmod a+x ~/R/bin/Rscript-devel.sh
```

10. Create symlinks to launch R-devel and Rscript-devel:

```
sudo ln -s ~/R/bin/R-devel.sh /usr/local/bin/R-devel
sudo ln -s ~/R/bin/Rscript-devel.sh /usr/local/bin/Rscript-devel
```

11. Create a script used to update R-devel in ~/R/bin/update-R-devel.sh:

This could be turned into a cron job.

```
## ~/R/bin/update-R-devel.sh
#!/bin/bash
# update source code
cd ~/R/src/r-devel/R
```

```
svn update
   bash ./tools/rsync-recommended
   bash ./tools/link-recommended
   # rebuild
   cd ~/R/bin
   bash ./build-R-devel.sh
   # make and install
   cd \sim/R/src/R-devel-build
   sudo make install
   # update R packages
   echo "*** Installation complete. Updating R packages..."
   Rscript-devel -e 'update.packages(ask = FALSE, lib.loc = .Library.site[1])'
   echo "*** Done."
   Be sure to give the script execute permissions:
   chmod a+x ~/R/bin/update-R-devel.sh
12. Run R-devel:
   From the commandline, simply do:
   R-devel
```

References

- $\bullet \ \ http://stackoverflow.com/a/24019938/1380598$
- https://stat.ethz.ch/pipermail/r-sig-debian/2012-August/001937.html
- http://singmann.org/installing-r-devel-on-linux/
- https://hub.docker.com/r/rocker/drd/~/dockerfile/
- https://support.rstudio.com/hc/en-us/articles/218004217-Building-R-from-source