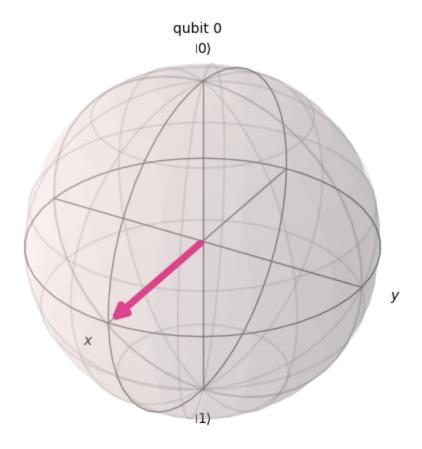


## Superposition and Entanglement in Qiskit

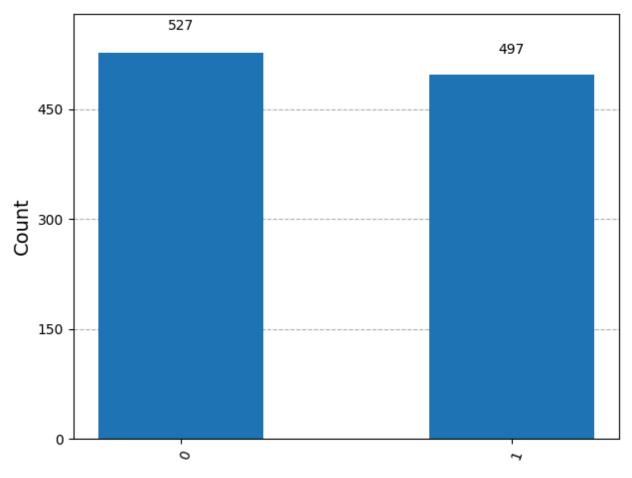
This notebook demonstrates:

- 1. **Superposition** using a single qubit.
- 2. **Entanglement** using two qubits. We will use Qiskit to create circuits, visualize the states, and measure outcomes.

```
In [ ]: !pip install giskit --guiet
        !pip install qiskit-aer --quiet
In [ ]: from giskit import QuantumCircuit
        from qiskit aer import AerSimulator
        from qiskit.visualization import plot histogram, plot bloch multivector
        from giskit.guantum info import Statevector
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [ ]: #Task 1
In [4]: qc super = QuantumCircuit(1)
        qc super.h(0)
        qc super.draw('text')
        state super = Statevector.from instruction(qc super)
        plot bloch multivector(state super)
        plt.show()
        qc super.measure all()
        simulator = AerSimulator()
        job super = simulator.run(qc super, shots=1024)
        result super = job super.result()
        counts super = result super.get counts()
        print("Superposition Measurement Counts:", counts super)
        plot histogram(counts super)
        plt.show()
```



Superposition Measurement Counts: {'1': 497, '0': 527}



```
In []: #Task_2
In [6]: qc_entangle = QuantumCircuit(2)
    qc_entangle.h(0)
    qc_entangle.cx(0, 1)
    qc_entangle.measure_all()

    simulator = AerSimulator()
    job = simulator.run(qc_entangle, shots=1024)
    result = job.result()
    counts = result.get_counts()
    print("Entanglement Measurement Counts:", counts)
    plot_histogram(counts)
    plt.show()
```

Entanglement Measurement Counts: {'00': 505, '11': 519}

