# Final Assignment

October 4, 2024

Extracting and Visualizing Stock Data

#### Description

Extracting essential data from a dataset and displaying it is a necessary part of data science; therefore individuals can make correct decisions based on the data. In this assignment, you will extract some stock data, you will then display this data in a graph.

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```
     Define a Function that Makes a Graph
     Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data
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     Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph
     Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph
```

Estimated Time Needed: 30 min

 ${\it Note}$ :- If you are working Locally using an aconda, please uncomment the following code and execute it.

```
[1]: #!pip install yfinance==0.2.38
#!pip install pandas==2.2.2
#!pip install nbformat
```

```
[2]: !pip install yfinance !pip install bs4 !pip install nbformat
```

```
Collecting yfinance
Downloading yfinance-0.2.44-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (13 kB)

Collecting pandas>=1.3.0 (from yfinance)
Downloading
pandas-2.2.3-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl.metadata
(89 kB)

89.9/89.9 kB
```

```
1.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00a 0:00:01
```

```
Collecting numpy>=1.16.5 (from yfinance)
 Downloading
numpy-2.1.1-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl.metadata
(60 kB)
                           60.9/60.9 kB
4.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.31 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from yfinance) (2.31.0)
Collecting multitasking>=0.0.7 (from yfinance)
 Downloading multitasking-0.0.11-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.5 kB)
Collecting lxml>=4.9.1 (from yfinance)
  Downloading lxml-5.3.0-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_28_x86_64.whl.metadata (3.8 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs>=2.0.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2022.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from yfinance) (2024.1)
Collecting frozendict>=2.3.4 (from yfinance)
  Downloading frozendict-2.4.4-py311-none-any.whl.metadata (23 kB)
Collecting peewee>=3.16.2 (from yfinance)
 Downloading peewee-3.17.6.tar.gz (3.0 MB)
                           3.0/3.0 MB
14.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00a 0:00:01
  Installing build dependencies ... done
  Getting requirements to build wheel ... done
 Preparing metadata (pyproject.toml) ... done
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.12.3)
Collecting html5lib>=1.1 (from yfinance)
  Downloading html5lib-1.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (16 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1->yfinance) (2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.9 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from html5lib>=1.1->yfinance) (1.16.0)
Requirement already satisfied: webencodings in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from html5lib>=1.1->yfinance) (0.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance) (2.9.0)
Collecting tzdata>=2022.7 (from pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance)
 Downloading tzdata-2024.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.4 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (3.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (3.7)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (2.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance)
(2024.6.2)
```

```
Downloading yfinance-0.2.44-py2.py3-none-any.whl (94 kB)
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12.2 MB/s eta 0:00:00
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Downloading lxml-5.3.0-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_28_x86_64.whl (5.0 MB)
                                                  5.0/5.0 MB
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Downloading multitasking-0.0.11-py3-none-any.whl (8.5 kB)
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numpy-2.1.1-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (16.3 MB)
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Building wheels for collected packages: peewee
   Building wheel for peewee (pyproject.toml) ... done
   Created wheel for peewee: filename=peewee-3.17.6-py3-none-any.whl
size=138891
\verb|sha| 256 = \verb|a36124913910ca| 88a34125f879aa57ac65c12817af9676e2d48c79c5a4cc3754| + 446676c12817af9676e2d48c79c5a4cc3754| + 446676c12817af9676e2d48c79c5a666| + 446676c12817af96666| + 446676c12817af666| + 446676666| + 446676666| + 446676666| + 446676666| + 446676666| + 446676666| + 44667666| + 446676666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 44667666| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 4466766| + 446676| + 446676| + 446676| + 446676| + 446676| + 446676| + 446676| + 
    Stored in directory: /home/jupyterlab/.cache/pip/wheels/1c/09/7e/9f659fde248ec
dc1722a142c1d744271aad3914a0afc191058
Successfully built peewee
Installing collected packages: peewee, multitasking, tzdata, numpy, lxml,
html5lib, frozendict, pandas, yfinance
Successfully installed frozendict-2.4.4 html5lib-1.1 lxml-5.3.0
multitasking-0.0.11 numpy-2.1.1 pandas-2.2.3 peewee-3.17.6 tzdata-2024.2
yfinance-0.2.44
Collecting bs4
   Downloading bs4-0.0.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (411 bytes)
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from bs4) (4.12.3)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from beautifulsoup4->bs4) (2.5)
Downloading bs4-0.0.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (1.2 kB)
Installing collected packages: bs4
Successfully installed bs4-0.0.2
Requirement already satisfied: nbformat in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (5.10.4)
Requirement already satisfied: fastjsonschema>=2.15 in
```

```
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nbformat) (2.19.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema>=2.6 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nbformat) (4.22.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: jupyter-core!=5.0.*,>=4.12 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nbformat) (5.7.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=5.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
    packages (from nbformat) (5.14.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=22.2.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
    packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (23.2.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema-specifications>=2023.03.6 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
    (2023.12.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: referencing>=0.28.4 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
    Requirement already satisfied: rpds-py>=0.7.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
    packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (0.18.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs>=2.5 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from jupyter-
    core!=5.0.*,>=4.12->nbformat) (4.2.1)
[3]: import vfinance as vf
     import pandas as pd
     import requests
     from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
```

In Python, you can ignore warnings using the warnings module. You can use the filterwarnings function to filter or ignore specific warning messages or categories.

```
[4]: import warnings
# Ignore all warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=FutureWarning)
```

### 0.1 Define Graphing Function

import plotly.graph\_objects as go

from plotly.subplots import make\_subplots

In this section, we define the function make\_graph. You don't have to know how the function works, you should only care about the inputs. It takes a dataframe with stock data (dataframe must contain Date and Close columns), a dataframe with revenue data (dataframe must contain Date and Revenue columns), and the name of the stock.

```
[5]: def make_graph(stock_data, revenue_data, stock):
    fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=1, shared_xaxes=True,
    subplot_titles=("Historical Share Price", "Historical Revenue"),
    vertical_spacing = .3)
    stock_data_specific = stock_data[stock_data.Date <= '2021--06-14']
    revenue_data_specific = revenue_data[revenue_data.Date <= '2021-04-30']</pre>
```

Use the make\_graph function that we've already defined. You'll need to invoke it in questions 5 and 6 to display the graphs and create the dashboard. > Note: You don't need to redefine the function for plotting graphs anywhere else in this notebook; just use the existing function.

# 0.2 Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is Tesla and its ticker symbol is TSLA.

```
[6]: Tesla = yf.Ticker('TSLA')
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named tesla\_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[7]: tesla_data = Tesla.history(period="max")
```

Reset the index using the reset\_index(inplace=True) function on the tesla\_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the tesla\_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 1 to the results below.

```
[8]: tesla_data.reset_index(inplace=True) tesla_data.head()
```

```
[8]:
                           Date
                                     Open
                                               High
                                                          Low
                                                                  Close
    0 2010-06-29 00:00:00-04:00 1.266667
                                           1.666667
                                                     1.169333
                                                              1.592667
    1 2010-06-30 00:00:00-04:00 1.719333
                                           2.028000
                                                     1.553333 1.588667
    2 2010-07-01 00:00:00-04:00
                                 1.666667
                                           1.728000
                                                     1.351333
                                                               1.464000
    3 2010-07-02 00:00:00-04:00
                                 1.533333
                                           1.540000
                                                     1.247333
                                                               1.280000
    4 2010-07-06 00:00:00-04:00 1.333333
                                           1.333333 1.055333 1.074000
```

	Volume	Dividends	Stock Splits
0	281494500	0.0	0.0
1	257806500	0.0	0.0
2	123282000	0.0	0.0
3	77097000	0.0	0.0
4	103003500	0.0	0.0

### 0.3 Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm Save the text of the response as a variable named html\_data.

```
[11]: url="https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm"

html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful\_soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser. Make sure to use the html\_data with the content parameter as follow html\_data.content.

```
[12]: soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data,'html5lib')
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read\_html function extract the table with Tesla Revenue and store it into a dataframe named tesla\_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue.

Step-by-step instructions

Here are the step-by-step instructions:

- 1. Find All Tables: Start by searching for all HTML tables on a webpage using `soup.find\_all('
- 2. Identify the Relevant Table: then loops through each table. If a table contains the text "To
- 3. Initialize a DataFrame: Create an empty Pandas DataFrame called `tesla\_revenue` with column
- 4. Loop Through Rows: For each row in the relevant table, extract the data from the first and
- 5. Clean Revenue Data: Remove dollar signs and commas from the revenue value.
- 6. Add Rows to DataFrame: Create a new row in the DataFrame with the extracted date and cleaned
- 7. Repeat for All Rows: Continue this process for all rows in the table.

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find\_all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read\_html function the table is located at index 1

We are focusing on quarterly revenue in the lab.

> Note: Instead of using the deprecated pd.append() method, consider using pd.concat([df, pd.De

Execute the following line to remove the comma and dollar sign from the Revenue column.

```
[]: tesla_revenue["Revenue"] = tesla_revenue['Revenue'].str.replace(',|\$',"", u oregex=True)
```

Execute the following lines to remove an null or empty strings in the Revenue column.

```
[]: tesla_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)

tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue[tesla_revenue['Revenue'] != ""]
```

Display the last 5 row of the tesla\_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
[17]: tesla_revenue.tail()
```

```
Γ17]:
                Date Revenue
      48
          2010-09-30
                           31
      49
          2010-06-30
                           28
      50 2010-03-31
                           21
      52
          2009-09-30
                           46
          2009-06-30
      53
                           27
```

#### 0.4 Question 3: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is GameStop and its ticker symbol is GME.

```
[18]: GameStop = yf.Ticker("GME")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named gme\_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[19]: gme_data = GameStop.history(period = 'max')
```

Reset the index using the reset\_index(inplace=True) function on the gme\_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the gme\_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot

of the results and code from the beginning of Question 3 to the results below.

```
[20]: gme_data.reset_index(inplace = True)
gme_data.head()
```

[20]:			Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	\
	0	2002-02-13	00:00:00-05:00	1.620128	1.693350	1.603296	1.691666	76216000	
	1	2002-02-14	00:00:00-05:00	1.712708	1.716074	1.670626	1.683251	11021600	
	2	2002-02-15	00:00:00-05:00	1.683250	1.687458	1.658002	1.674834	8389600	
	3	2002-02-19	00:00:00-05:00	1.666418	1.666418	1.578047	1.607504	7410400	
	4	2002-02-20	00:00:00-05:00	1.615920	1.662210	1.603296	1.662210	6892800	

	Dividends	Stock Splits
0	0.0	0.0
1	0.0	0.0
2	0.0	0.0
3	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0

#### 0.5 Question 4: Use Webscraping to Extract GME Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html. Save the text of the response as a variable named html\_data\_2.

```
[21]: url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html"

html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser.

```
[22]: soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data,'html5lib')
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read\_html function extract the table with GameStop Revenue and store it into a dataframe named gme\_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue. Make sure the comma and dollar sign is removed from the Revenue column.

Note: Use the method similar to what you did in question 2.

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find\_all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read\_html function the table is located at index 1

```
[24]: gme_revenue["Revenue"] = gme_revenue['Revenue'].str.replace(',|\$',"",u
```

Display the last five rows of the gme\_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
[25]: gme_revenue.tail()
```

```
[25]:
                Date Revenue
      57
          2006-01-31
                         1667
      58
          2005-10-31
                          534
          2005-07-31
      59
                          416
      60 2005-04-30
                          475
      61
          2005-01-31
                          709
```

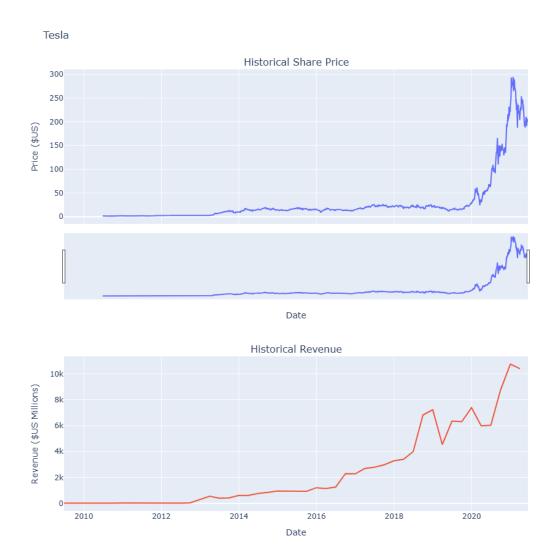
## 0.6 Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph

Use the make\_graph function to graph the Tesla Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make\_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

```
[26]: make_graph(tesla_data, tesla_revenue, 'Tesla')
```



# 0.7 Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph

Use the make\_graph function to graph the GameStop Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the make\_graph function is make\_graph(gme\_data, gme\_revenue, 'GameStop'). Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make\_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

#### GameStop





#### About the Authors:

Joseph Santarcangelo has a PhD in Electrical Engineering, his research focused on using machine learning, signal processing, and computer vision to determine how videos impact human cognition. Joseph has been working for IBM since he completed his PhD.

# ##

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toggle ## Change Log	toggle	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Version	Changed By
Change Description	toggle			
	toggle	2022-02-28	1.2	Lakshmi Holla
Changed the URL of GameStop	toggle	2020-11-10	1.1	Malika Singla
Deleted the Optional part	toggle	2020-08-27	1.0	Malika Singla
Added lab to GitLab	1			