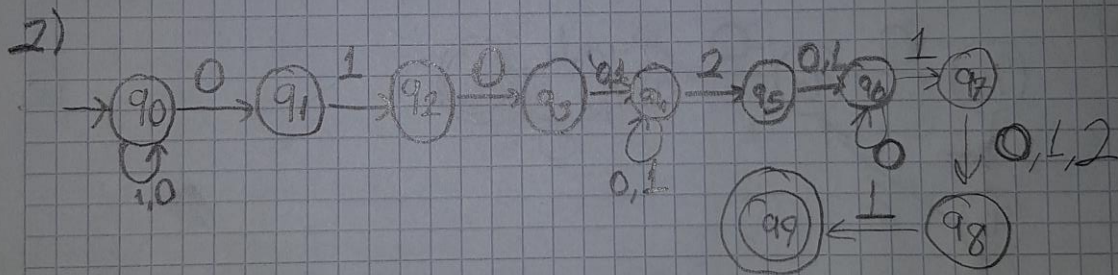
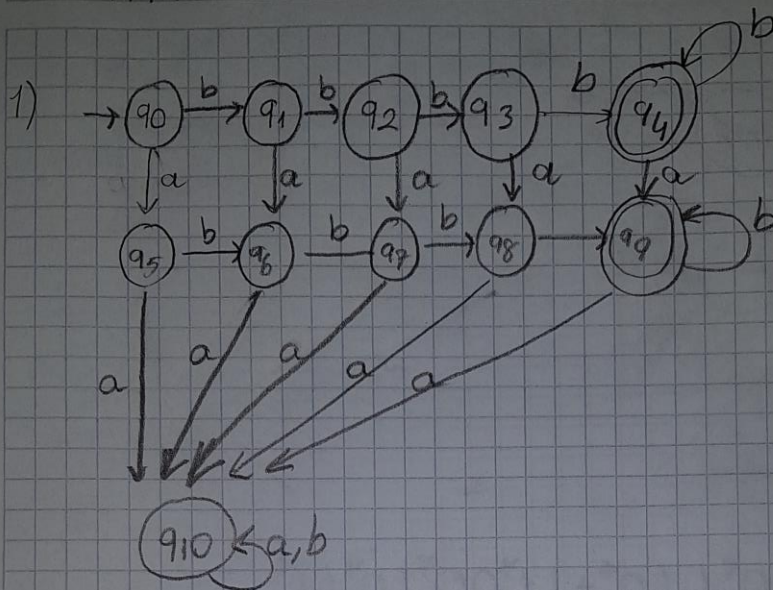


CSE 3064  
FORMAL  
LANGUAGES AND  
AUTOMATA  
THEORY  
HW #1

Enes Garip / 150116034



3) a)  $L_1 - L_2 = L_1 \cap \overline{L_2}$

$\overline{L_2} \rightarrow \text{regular}$

$L_1 \cap \overline{L_2} \rightarrow \text{regular}$

So, the language is regular

b)  $\overbrace{(L_2 - L_1)}^{\text{only } L_2} \cup \overbrace{(L_1 - L_2)}^{\text{only } L_1}$

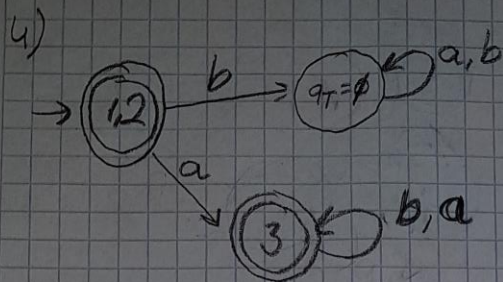
only  $L_2 \rightarrow \text{regular}$

only  $L_1 \rightarrow \text{regular}$

So, the language is regular

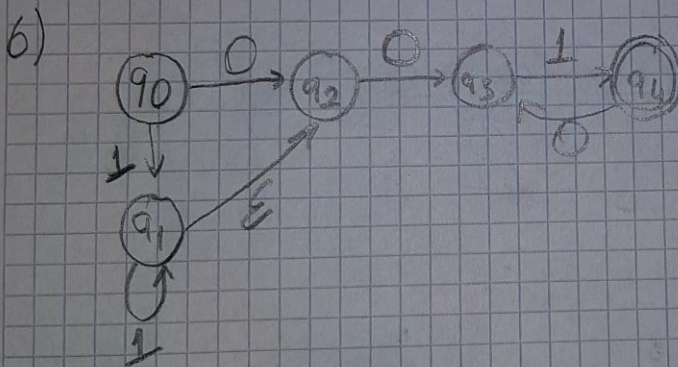
HW-1

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5)

$$\text{Solution} = 1^*00^*1(0^*+11^*00^*10^*1)^*$$

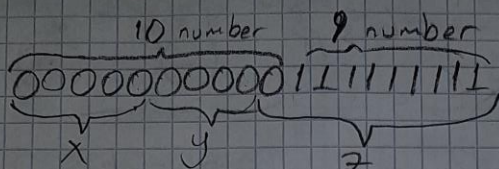


7) If we want to compare the count of  $ab$  and  $ba$  we have to know the counts. However, count of  $ab$  or  $ba$  can not saved to anywhere. So, the language is not a regular language.



8)

$$\text{Let } \rightarrow 0^{p+1} 1^p \rightarrow p=9$$



$$xy^2z = \overbrace{00000}^x \overbrace{000000000}^y \overbrace{011111111}^z$$

$$\bullet xy^2z \notin L$$

$$\bullet |y| > 0$$

$$\bullet |xy| \leq p \Rightarrow 13 \leq 9 \Rightarrow \text{contradiction}$$

So,  $L$  is not regular.

9)

a.

$$S \Rightarrow b, aSa, aSb, bSa, bSb$$

$$L = \{b, aba, abb, bba, bbb, aabaa, \dots\}$$

b.

$$S \Rightarrow \epsilon, 052, 02, 0A2$$

$$A \Rightarrow \epsilon, 1A22, 122$$

$$L = \{\epsilon, 02, 01222, 0012222, 01122222, \dots\}$$