

HW3 Solutions

(*1*)

In line 1 we create the variable `f` that will print a new line and “a” and a new line, as well as hold an integer variable. The second defines a new function that takes in a variable `x` and will print a string “b” and then pass an integer value that (`r`) `f` will eventually hold. “b” will be printed and then it will print “c” because of the if statement. If $x > 0$ then “d” and a new line will be printed and `f` will hold $2*x$ else “e” and a new line will be printed and `f` will hold `r` which is `x+7` from a few lines ago.

(*2*)

We define the function `g` which is passed a value `y`. The function will print “z” and a new line and `g` will hold the value `y+2`.

(*3*)

We define the function `n` that maps to the function `g` that is passed the evaluation of `f` with the input `g` evaluated with 0. `G` evaluated at 0 will return 2, and this is then passed to `f`. The function `f` defined above will then print a new line “a” and a new line. `F` will then print the string “b” and hold the value $2+7 = 9$. Then control will go into the if statement at which point `f` will print “c” and because 2 is greater than 0 `f` will print “d” and a new line and now `f` now contains the value $2*x = 2*(2) = 4$. 4 is passed to `g` and after evaluating it `n` will now contain the value $4+2 = 6$. Thus this entire evaluation will print “z \n \n a \n bcd \n” and `n` will contain the value 6.