

Quadravox

Playback Modules: QV306M4-P and QV306M4

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QV306m4-P: pre-programmed RS232 playback module for ISD4003-4MP series
ChipCorders™

The QV306m4-P module is functionally identical to the QV306m4 module (see data sheet for QV306m4). The only difference between the two modules is that QV306m4-P comes pre-programmed with 240 professionally recorded words and phrases. It can be used “directly out of the box” for numerous “playback only” applications, such as:

- Talking clock
- Talking calendar
- Talking thermometer
- Talking calculator
- Talking speller
- Talking instruments
-

The complete list of pre-programmed words and phrases is given in the annex to this document. The vocabulary list is arranged in such an order as to make algorithmic access easier to certain parts of the list. For example, all number words are arranged in order at the beginning of the list. The days of the weeks, months, letters and military alphabet letters are also sequentially organized. Most of the rest of the vocabulary is arranged in alphabetical order.

A sample Basic Stamp II™ application is supplied, to illustrate the interface between QV306m4-P and a popular software development system. This basic program contains several subroutines to:

- ✓ Speak a number from 0 to 65535
- ✓ Say a date between 1/1/1900 and 12/31/2099
- ✓ Say the time of day
- ✓ Change the output volume
- ✓ Get the module’s revision number and type

Since the QV306m4-P is functionally identical to the QV306m4, it can be reprogrammed using a Quadravox QV430P programmer, if the vocabulary is not suitable for a certain application.

QV306m4 RS232 playback module for ISD33000-4000 series ChipCorders®**Features:**

- delivered with 4 minute ISD4003-04
- up to 240 messages
- three addressing modes
- low power dissipation: <2mA at 5V, less than 1uA in power down mode
- single 5V supply (3V is generated on-board)
- separate amplifier power control and busy functions
- digitally controlled analog volume control
- 300mW amplifier on-board, compatible with QVamp3 12W amplifier module
- built-in sequential record mode for initial ChipCorder® setup
- automatic sensing of number of phrases when used with our recording software
- free recording software from our website
- PC interface hardware available, or build your own from our schematics
- for use with simple RXD/TXD RS232 controls

General description:

The QV306m4 module provides a simple method of adding voice and sound to your system. It comprises a controller based on a Microchip PIC processor, an ISD4003-04 ChipCorder® analog recording chips with four minutes capacity at 4kHz bandwidth, a digital potentiometer for volume control, and a 300mW audio amplifier. A line level, volume controlled output is also available. It is controlled with a simple two-wire RS232 connection (the return path is optional). Baud rate is selectable.

By taking advantage of the ChipCorder's® cueing mode, the QV306 can manage up to 240 separate messages without explicit reference to physical addresses. Three phrase selection modes are provided and are selected via a mode setting command. The addressing mode can be changed at any time.

A single n,8,1 byte transfer selects one of 240 messages (subject to the constraints explained later in this document). A code of 0fxh is interpreted as a mode- or volume- set command. A byte in the range 0-239 selects a single message in direct addressing mode, or determines the upper bound of a linear sequence or random selection. Upon power up or after a recording, the system will automatically detect the number of messages and define its own maximum upper bound.

The ChipCorder® and amplifier are powered only during operations. The QV306 is powered from start-up until the sleep mode bit is set with a set mode command. The mute/power pin can be used to switch power to an external amplifier. RESET_ wakes the QV306 from sleep mode.

Simple programming tools for creating properly formatted ISD ChipCorders® are available in software and schematic form free from <www.quadravox.com>. These tools eliminate the need to purchase a sound development system. If required, the Quadravox QV401P gang programmer can be used to mass produce formatted ChipCorder® devices.

In order to make the module as small as possible, the RS232 level conversion, audio connectors, power jack and 5V regulator are on a separate PCB, the QV430P. The QV430P makes it convenient to use our free QV300S2 programming software, but it not required for operation.

QV306m4 pin out and control lines:

Control lines	pin	level	Function
RXD (5V)	1	--	RS232 receive line
TXD (5V)	2	--	RS232 transmit line
BUSY_	3	low	indicates system is busy
BR1	4	--	msb of baud rate selection; must be +5V or GND
BR0	5	--	lsb of baud rate selection; must be +5V or GND
RECLED_	6	low	can be used to sink current for record LED. The external system must provide the current-limiting resistor.
+5V	7	+5	system power
GND	8	0	system ground
ANA_IN	9	--	line level analog input for recording
ANA_OUT	10	--	line level, volume controlled, analog output
GND	11	0	system ground
PWR_	12	low	can be used to control an external power amplifier such as the QVamp3.
AUX	13	--	not used in this version.
RESET_	14	low	system reset
SP-	15	--	speaker output; bridge tied load
SP+	16	--	speaker output; bridge tied load

Baud rate selection:

BR1	BR0	Rate
0	0	2400b
0	1	4800b
1	0	9600b
1	1	19200b

Commands:

Value	Record mode?	Action
0-239	No	Play phrase <value> according to mode settings
240-255	No	Set mode: see mode table for functions
1	Yes	Start recording individual phrase
0	Yes	Stop recording individual phrase

Set mode functions:

Value (hex)	Function
0f0h	set play mode to direct addressing
0f1h	set play mode to linear sequence
0f3h	set play mode to random sequence
0f4h	record mode; subsequent 1 and 0 commands start and stop recording
0f6h	stop play
0f8h	sleep
0fch	set volume with next byte transmitted. Only values 0-31 are valid
0fdh	software reset
0feh	return version byte (00ch)
0ffh	return type byte (036h)

Setting the addressing mode:

The QV306m4 offers three modes of playback addressing. The modes are selected using the two low-order bits of the set mode command. Bit 0 selects direct or sequential addressing. In direct addressing (bit 0 = 0), the value transferred in the command byte is used to select the phrase of the same number. If a value exceeding the maximum number of recorded phrases is sent, the last phrase in the memory will be played. If bit 0 is set to one, the phrase played will lie within the bounds of zero and the number transferred in the command byte. If bit 1 of the mode value is 0, the phrases in this range will be played in sequence, rolling back to zero after the top phrase (the one corresponding to the command byte) has been played. If bit 1 is 1, a randomly-selected one of the same range will be played.

The mode can be changed at any time, so system operation can combine the different addressing options. For example, to have ten phrases triggered by specific events and a different set of ten randomly selected by a fifth event, do the following:

- Record the phrases in order with the ten randomly selected ones as the first ten in the list.
- To randomly select one of the bottom group, first issue a set mode command specifying "random sequence" (0f3h). Repeatedly sending a command byte of "9" will produce a random selection of phrases 0-9.
- To select one of the fixed phrases, issue a set mode command for "direct" (0f0h), then send the number of the phrase to be played.
- If you desire that the phrases in the first group be played in sequence, issue a set mode "linear sequence" (0f1h) instead of 0f3h.

Recording messages:

The primary function of the QV306m4 is to manage message playback. The recording function is intended to be used only to set up the system initially. Messages must be recorded in the order they are to be selected, that is, from number 0 to n, and must all be recorded in the same session. Resetting record mode places a very short file on the ChipCorder to serve as the "last" marker. Quadravox provides the QV300S2 software and optional QV430P hardware to perform this operation, but it is simple enough to be easily integrated into your application.

To record a new set of messages:

- issue a set mode "record" command (0f4h)
- send a command byte of "1" (01h) and at the same time start applying the analog signal to be recorded to the analog-in+ pin of module. The recording level may have to be adjusted to achieve the best overall recording quality, as explained in ISD's documentation.
- When the analog segment is complete, send a command byte of "0" to stop the recording and place an EOM marker in the ChipCorder.
- When all phrases have been recorded, issue a set mode command of 0f0h.(or 0f1h or 0f3h for different playback modes)

Playing messages:

To play a message, first ensure that the mode (as explained as above) matches your intentions. Then, issue a single byte in a contiguous range from 0 to the number of recorded messages – 1 (maximum 239). When the phrase has completed, a byte with the number of the phrase spoken will be returned.

Message play can be stopped by issuing a stop command (0f6h). There is no return code for a stop command. Be aware that the ISD ChipCorder may require up to 50ms to effect the stop after it is received. Commands sent during this time may fail to execute properly.

The BUSY_ line can also be used to determine when the message is complete.

Power management:

The QV306m4 sends a power up command to the ChipCorder on startup. The QV306 and the ChipCorder will remain powered up until a set mode "sleep" command is issued. The amplifier will be muted or powered down except during playback. This muting is essential to cover address scan noise. The PWR_ pin can be used for the same function with an external amplifier. The system can be awakened by use of the RESET_ pin.

Applications:

The QV306m4 is intended for message playback applications where the user requires the large capacity of ISD's serial interface ChipCorders®, but does not want to develop custom microprocessor algorithms to manage the devices.

The QV306m4 can also be used in conjunction with a host microprocessor in lieu of developing custom real-time code on the host platform. When used in cueing mode, the ISD chips in this series require either constant polling or an interrupt driven service routine for advancing to the proper address. If used in address mode, they require that the microprocessor maintain an address table with entries for each of the independently accessed phrases. The QV306m4 can offload these functions as well as system power management from the main processor.

Limitations:

The QV306m4 is limited to 240 phrase selections.

The minimum allowable phrase length is 200ms, which in practical terms means that the minimum valid phrase length is more than a single segment for most ISD part types. This restriction is due to the necessity of using a particularly short phrase as an end-of-project marker.

The QV306m4 uses ISD's cueing mode for message management. Playback starting delay depends on both the position of the data in the chip and the number of messages in the project. Although the cueing mode scan runs 1600 times faster than normal chip speed, this still can amount to 150ms for a four-minute chip. To this is added the overhead of restarting the scan after each message is located. This delay complicates use of the 306 for phrase concatenation, but with care in the data preparation, some limited use is possible. Place all the frequently concatenated sounds (e.g. numbers) at the beginning of the list, followed by ending phrase segments, and finally by beginning phrase sections. This will optimize the allocation of the unavoidable delays.

Simple development platform:

The QV300S2 software and QV430P programming hardware provide a low-cost method of programming the 306m4 modules. The QV300S2 software is available free from the Quadravox website. The software makes use of your PC's sound card and serial port to control the QV306m4, which in turn invokes a cueing-mode record routine. The connections are as follows:

Serial port pins:

Ground (DB9 pin 5) connects to system ground.

TXD (DB9 pin 2) connects via the MAX232 level converter to QV305 RXD.

RXD (DB9 pin 3) connects via the MAX232 level converter to QV305 TXD.

Sound card line out, left channel, is capacitively coupled to one of the analog-in pins of the ISD chip.

Electrical Characteristics:

Absolute Maximum Ratings:

Stresses above these limits may cause permanent damage to the PIC16C505 controller device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may effect device reliability.

Ambient temperature under bias	-40°C to +125°C
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage on VDD with respect to Vss	0 to +7 V
Voltage on all other pins with respect to Vss	-0.6 v to (VDD + 0.6V)
Total power dissipation	700 mW
Maximum current out of Vss pin	150 mA
Maximum current into VDD pin	125 mA
Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0 or V _I > VDD)	+/- 20 mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0 or V _O > VDD)	+/- 20 mA
Maximum output current sunk by any output pin	25 mA
Maximum output current sourced by any input pin	25 mA

DC Characteristics: standard operating temperature 0°C ≤ T_A ≤ +70°C

Power supply pins:

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Uni	Conditions
VDD	Supply voltage	3.5		5.5	V	
VPOR	VDD start voltage to ensure power-on reset	--	Vss	--	V	See section on power-on reset for details
SVDD	VDD rise rate to ensure power-on reset	0.05	--	--	V	See section on power-on reset for details
IDD	Supply current⁽²⁾	--	1.8	2.4	mA	VDD = 5.0V
IPD	Power down current	--	4	12	μA	VDD = 3.5V
VIL	Input low voltage RXD, BR0-1-	Vss	--	0.5	V	
VIH	Input high voltage RXD, BR0-1	2.0	--	VDD	V	4.5 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V
IIL	Input leakage current⁽²⁾ RXD, BR0-1	--	--	+/- 1	μA	Vss ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD
VOL	Output low voltage RECLED_, TXD	--	--	0.6	V	IOL=8.5mA, IDD=4.5V
VOH	Output high voltage RECLED_, TXD	VDD-0.7	--	--	V	
CIO	Capacitive loading specs on output pins	--	--	50	pF	

Note 1: Data in the typical ("typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

2: Negative current is defined as coming out of the pin

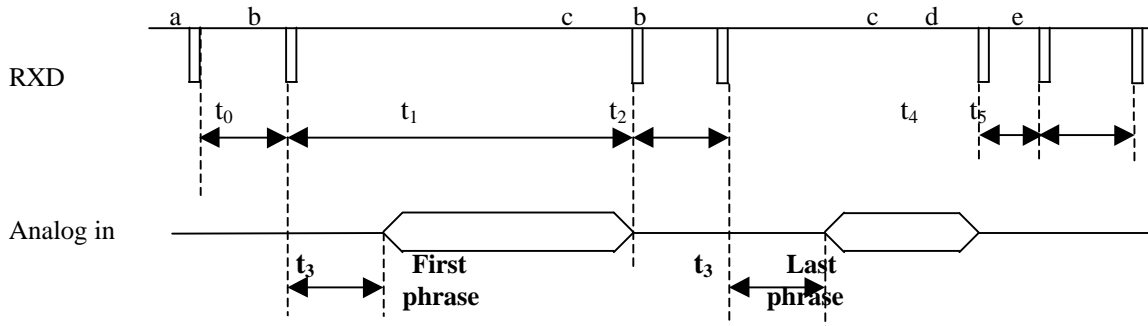
AC Characteristics: standard operating temperature $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Unit	Conditions
TioR	Pin output rise time	--	10	25 ⁽²⁾	ns	
TioF	Pin output fall time	--	10	25 ⁽²⁾	ns	

Note 1: Data in the typical (“typ”) column is based on characterization results at 5V, 25°C. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

2: These parameters are design targets and are not tested. No Characterization data available.

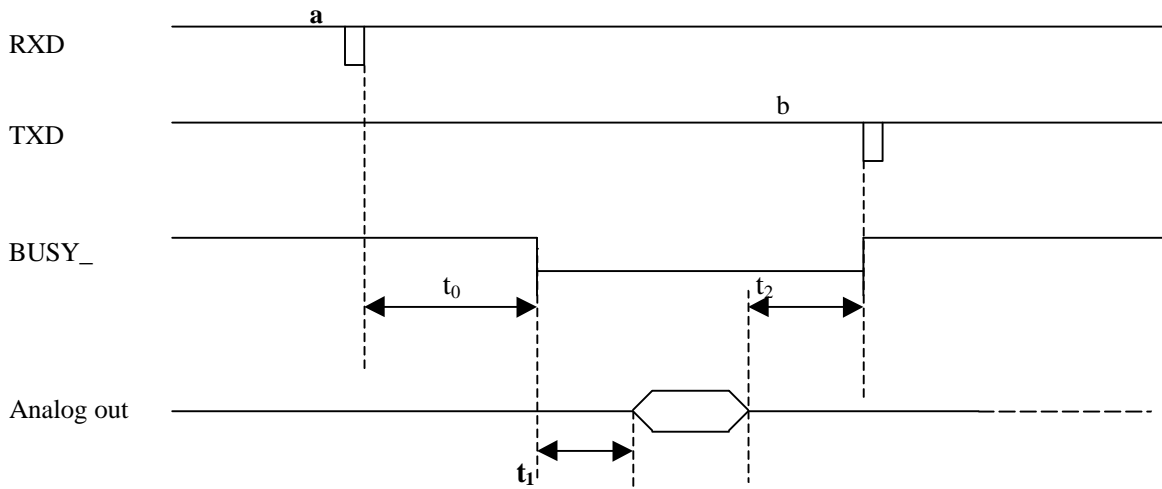
Record timing:



Timing values:

Symbol	event	min	typ	max	unit
t0	record mode start to first recording start	200			ms
t1	recording length	200		chip-400	ms
t2	spacing between subsequent recordings	50			ms
t3	start recording to analog in	15			ms
t4	end of last recording to end of recording mode	50			ms
t5	end of recording mode to next command	500			ms
a	set recording mode (F4h)				
b	start recording command (01h)				
c	stop recording command (00h)				
d	clear recording mode (F0h)				
e	any other command				

Play Timing:

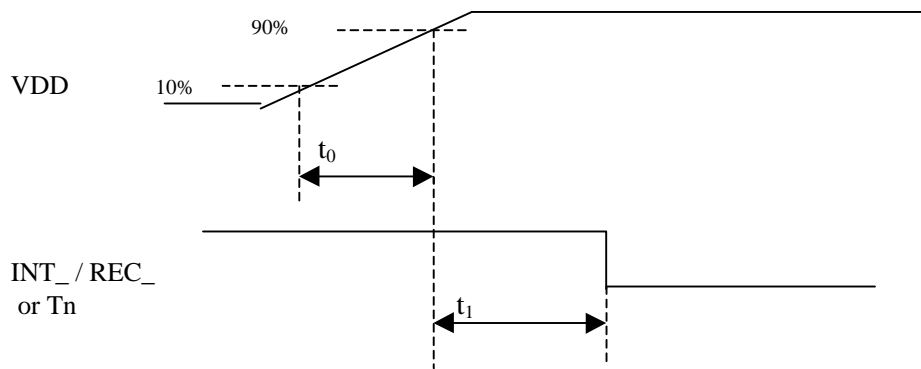


Timing values:

Symbol	event	min	typ	max	unit
t0	play command to BUSY_ active		10		us
t1	BUSY_ active to audio output		15	*	ms
t2	end of sound to BUSY_ inactive		1		ms
a	play command (00h – Efh)				
b	“done” response from QV306m4 (word value)				

*Note: the delay depends on the position of the data in the ISD chip and the number of messages in the project. For the ISD4003-04 and 20 messages, the maximum possible delay is approximately 150ms.

Power up timing:



Timing values:

Symbol	Event	min	typ	max	unit
t0	Vcc rise time			9	ms
t1	Delay to first command	500			ms

Online Support:

Quadravox maintains the latest specifications, schematic diagrams, and support software in the support section of our website, www.quadravox.com/support.htm.

For questions not answered there or for other inquiries, please write us at support@quadravox.com, or call 1-800-779-1909 from the U.S. and Canada, or 1-972-669-4002 from other countries.

Annex 1: Vocabulary list

zero	j	amp	light
one	Juliet	amps	Liters
two	k	Bars	mega
three	kilo	bit	megabytes
four	l	bits	megaohms
five	lima	black	megohms
six	m	blue	meter
seven	mike	brown	meters
eight	n	byte	micro
nine	november0	bytes	micron
ten	o	cable	microns
eleven	Oscar	Celsius	midnight
twelve	p	centimeter	mile
thirteen	papa	centimeters	miles
fourteen	q	Cents	milli
fifteen	Quebec	chip	minus
sixteen	r	Cubic	minute
seventeen	Romeo	degrees	minutes
eighteen	s	divided by	noon
nineteen	sierra	Dollars	o clock
twenty	t	down	Of mercury
thirty	tango	equals	Of water
forty	u	Fahrenheit	ohms
fifty	uniform	farads	orange
sixty	v	feet	Pascals
seventy	victor	foot	per hour
eighty	w	Gallons	per
ninety	whiskey	gigahertz	percent
hundred	x	go	pico
thousand	Xray	gold	pink
million	y	good afternoon	plus
billion	Yankee	good morning	point
two thousand	z	goodbye	pound
a.m.	Zulu	gram	pounds
p.m.	Monday	grams	p.s.i
a	Tuesday	gray	purple
alpha	Wednesday	green	r.p.m
b	Thursday	hello	red
bravo	Friday	hertz	second
c	Saturday	hour	seconds
Charlie	Sunday	hours	silver
d	January	inch	square
delta	February	inches	start
e	March	indoor temperature	stop
echo	April	is	switch
f	May	key	tan
fox	June	kilobit	temperature is
g	July	kilobits	the current time is
golf	August	kilobyte	the current
h	September	kilohm	the outside
hotel	October	kilometer	the speed is
i	November	kilometers	the
India	December	kiloohms	thee

times
up
volt
volts
white
wire
yard
yards
yellow
your speed is
the date
is more
please wait
please
is less
thank you
than
and
are closed
are down
are off
are on
are open
are up
is closed
is down
is off

Annex 2: Basic Stamp 2 sample program

' Quadravox Talking Module for Basic Stamp 2 (QV306M4-P)

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'QV306M4-P pinout and control lines:

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Control lines	pin	level	Function
'RXD (5V)		1	-- RS232 receive line
'TXD (5V)		2	-- RS232 transmit line
'BUSY_	3	low	indicates system is busy
'BR1		4	-- msb of baud rate selection; must be +5V or GND
'BR0		5	-- lsb of baud rate selection; must be +5V or GND
'RECLEd_		6	low can be used to sink current for record LED. The
external			
,			system must provide the current-limiting resistor.
'+5V		7	+5 system power
'GND		8	0 system ground
'ANA_IN		9	-- line level analog input for recording
'ANA_OUT		10	-- line level, volume controlled, analog output
'GND		11	0 system ground
'PWR_		12	low can be used to control an external power amplifier
such			
,			as the QVamp3.
'AUX		13	-- not used in this version.
'RESET_		14	low system reset
'SP-		15	-- speaker output; bridge tied load
'SP+		16	-- speaker output; bridge tied load

'Baud rate selection:

'BR1 BR0 Rate

'0 0 2400b 'this is the one implemented here

'0 1 4800b

'1 0 9600b

'1 1 19200b

'Commands:

'Value Action

'-----

'0-239 Play phrase <value> according to mode settings

'240-255 Set mode: see mode table below for functions

,

'Set mode functions:

'Value (hex) Function

'-----

'0f0h set play mode to direct addressing

'0f6h stop play

'0f8h sleep

'0fch set volume with next byte transmitted. Only values 0-31 are valid

'0fdh software reset

'0feh return version byte (00dh)

'0ffh return type byte (036h)

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' Board of Education Connections

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' We call Q1, Q2, ... pins 1,2 ... of the QV306M4-P module:

1) Insert the QV306M4-P module at the far end of the Board of Education, component side facing away from the Basic Stamp 2. Align the left most pin (Q16) of the connector with the left most row of the board (P15). This way, Pin 1 (Q1) of QV306M4-P corresponds to the row of P1 for the Basic Stamp.

2) Wire connections:

On the QV306M4-P side of the "Board of Education":

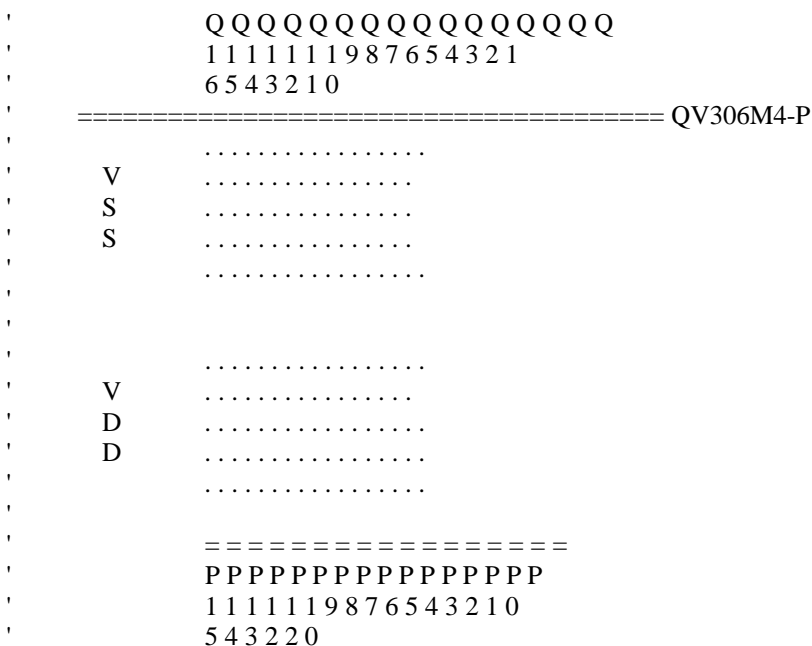
- VDD to Q7 (QV306M4-P Pin 7: Power)
- VSS (Ground) to Q8 (QV306M4-P Pin 8: Ground) . Then from there to Q5 (QV306M4-P pin 5: BR0) and Q4 (QV306M4-P Pin 4: BR1)

(to set the baudrate at 2400 bps)

- connect a wire to Q15 and one Q14: these two wires will go to an 8 Ohm speaker

From the Px connections, on the Stamp side:

- P1 to Q1 on the QV306M4-P side (QV306M4-P receive)
- P2 to Q2 on the QV306M4-P side (QV306M4-P transmit)
- P3 to Q3 on the QV306M4-P side (QV306M4-P busy_)
- P14 to Q14 on the QV306M4-P side (QV306M4-P reset)



| Basic Stamp 2 |

Vocabulary list

NUM0	con	0
NUM1	con	1
NUM2	con	2

NUM3	con	3	
NUM4	con	4	
NUM5	con	5	
NUM6	con	6	
NUM7	con	7	
NUM8	con	8	
NUM9	con	9	
NUM10	con	10	
NUM11	con	11	
NUM12	con	12	
NUM13	con	13	
NUM14	con	14	
NUM15	con	15	
NUM16	con	16	
NUM17	con	17	
NUM18	con	18	
NUM19	con	19	
NUM20	con	20	
NUM30	con	21	
NUM40	con	22	
NUM50	con	23	
NUM60	con	24	
NUM70	con	25	
NUM80	con	26	
NUM90	con	27	
NUM100	con	28	
NUM1000	con	29	
million	con	30	
billion	con	31	
NUM2000	con	32	
a_m	con	33	
p_m	con	34	
let_a	con	35	'this is the letter "a"'
alpha	con	36	
let_b	con	37	
bravo	con	38	
let_c	con	39	
charlie	con	40	
let_d	con	41	
delta	con	42	
let_e	con	43	
echo	con	44	
let_f	con	45	
fox	con	46	
let_g	con	47	
golf	con	48	
let_h	con	49	
hotel	con	50	
let_i	con	51	
india	con	52	
let_j	con	53	
juliet	con	54	
let_k	con	55	
kilo	con	56	
let_l	con	57	
lima	con	58	

let_m	con	59	
mike	con	60	
let_n	con	61	
november0	con	62	
let_o	con	63	
oscar	con	64	
let_p	con	65	
papa	con	66	
let_q	con	67	
quebec	con	68	
let_r	con	69	
romeo	con	70	
let_s	con	71	
sierra	con	72	
let_t	con	73	
tango	con	74	
let_u	con	75	
uniform	con	76	
let_v	con	77	
victor	con	78	
let_w	con	79	
whiskey	con	80	
let_x	con	81	
xray	con	82	
let_y	con	83	
yankee	con	84	
let_z	con	85	
zulu	con	86	
monday	con	87	
tuesday	con	88	
wednesday	con	89	
thursday	con	90	
friday	con	91	
saturday	con	92	
sunday	con	93	
january	con	94	
february	con	95	
march	con	96	
april	con	97	
may	con	98	
june	con	99	
july	con	100	
august	con	101	
september	con	102	
october	con	103	
november	con	104	
december	con	105	
amp	con	106	
amps	con	107	
Bars	con	108	
bit_w	con	109	'this is the word "bit"
bits	con	110	
black	con	111	
blue	con	112	
brown	con	113	
byte_w	con	114	'this is the word "byte"

bytes	con	115	
cable	con	116	
celsius	con	117	
centimeter	con	118	
centimeters	con	119	
Cents	con	120	
chip	con	121	
connector	con	122	
Cubic	con	123	
degrees	con	124	
divided_by	con	125	
Dollars	con	126	
down	con	127	
equals	con	128	
fahrenheit	con	129	
farads	con	130	
feet	con	131	
foot	con	132	
Gallons	con	133	
gigahertz	con	134	
go	con	135	
gold	con	136	
good_aft	con	137	'good afternoon
good_morn	con	138	'good morning
goodbye	con	139	
gram	con	140	
grams	con	141	
gray	con	142	
green	con	143	
hello	con	144	
hertz	con	145	
hour	con	146	
hours	con	147	
inch	con	148	
inches	con	149	
indoor_temp	con	150	'indoor temperature
is	con	151	
key	con	152	
kilobit	con	153	
kilobits	con	154	
kilobyte	con	155	
kilohm	con	156	
kilometer	con	157	
kilometers	con	158	
kiloohms	con	159	
light	con	160	
Liters	con	161	
mega	con	162	
megabytes	con	163	
megaohms	con	164	
megohms	con	165	
meter	con	166	
meters	con	167	
micro	con	168	
micron	con	169	
microns	con	170	

midnight	con	171	
mile	con	172	
miles	con	173	
milli	con	174	
minus	con	175	
minute	con	176	
minutes	con	177	
noon	con	178	
o_clock	con	179	
Ofmerc	con	180	
Ofwater	con	181	
ohms	con	182	
orange	con	183	
Pascals	con	184	
per_hour	con	185	
per	con	186	
percent	con	187	
pico	con	188	
pink	con	189	
plus	con	190	
point	con	191	
pound	con	192	
pounds	con	193	
Psi	con	194	
purple	con	195	
r_p_m	con	196	
red	con	197	
second	con	198	
seconds	con	199	
silver	con	200	
Square	con	201	
start	con	202	
stop_w	con	203	'this is the word "stop"
switch	con	204	
tan	con	205	
temp_is	con	206	'temperature is
t_curr_t_is	con	207	'the current time is
the_current	con	208	
the_outside	con	209	
t_speed_is	con	210	'the speed is
the	con	211	
thee	con	212	
times	con	213	
up	con	214	
volt	con	215	
volts	con	216	
white	con	217	
wire	con	218	
yard	con	219	
yards	con	220	
yellow	con	221	
y_speed_is	con	222	'your speed is
the_date	con	223	
is_more	con	224	
please_wait	con	225	
please	con	226	

```

is_less con 227
thank_you con 228
than con 229
and_w con 230 'this is the word "and"
are_closed con 231
are_down con 232
are_off con 233
are_on con 234
are_open con 235
are_up con 236
is_closed con 237
is_down con 238
is_off con 239
,
' Aliases for I/O definitions
,
RECEIVE_LINE con 1
TRANSMIT_LINE con 2
NBAUD2400 con 396
'=====
' I/O Definitions
'NBAUD2400
out14 = 0
output 14 'reset line
input 3 'busy line
out1 = 1 'WARNING if RECEIVE_LINE is not 1, this line must be
changed accordingly!!!!
output RECEIVE_LINE 'receive
input TRANSMIT_LINE 'transmit
'=====
' Aliases for QV commands
,
QV_DIRECT con $F0
QV_STOP con $F6
QV_SLEEP con $F8
QV_VOLUME con $FC
QV_RESET con $FD
QV_REVISION con $FE
QV_TYPE con $FF
'=====
' variables for say_number program
,
znumber var word
zdigit var word
ztmp var word
ztmp1 var word
,
' variable for say_date program
,
zcentury var bit ' 0 for 19xx, 1 for 20xx
zyear var byte ' number from 0 to 99
zmonth var nib ' 1 for January, 2 for February, etc...
zday var byte ' day of the month: 1 through 31
zdayweek var nib ' day of the week: 1 for Monday, 2 for Tuesday,...
,
' variables for say_time program

```

```

'
zam_pm var      bit      ' 0 for a.m. 1 for p.m.
zhour          var      nib      ' hour from 1 to 12
zmin           var      byte     ' minute: from 0 to 59
'=====
' Program start
'=====
gosub DoReset   'Reset the QV Module
'-----
' Test say_number
'-----
znumber =65530 'change value of number here to hear other numbers
gosub say_number 'module says" sixty five thousand five hundred thirty"
pause 2000
'-----
gosub getQvRevision
'debug HEX? ztmp      'uncomment this line to see Revision Number in Debug Window
gosub getQvType
'debug HEX? ztmp      'uncomment this line to see Type Number in Debug Window
'-----
ztmp=1
loopVolume:
if ztmp> 31 then endLoopVolume
gosub QVSetVolume
serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[switch]      ' Module says "switch" 32 times from lowest to
highest volume
gosub WaitNotBusy
ztmp =ztmp + 1
goto loopVolume
endLoopVolume:
'-----
' Test say_date
'-----
zcentury=1
zyear =1
zmonth=1
zday=19
zdayweek=5
'
' the date defined here is Friday ,January 19, 2001
'
gosub say_date   'Module says "Friday ,January 19, 2001"
pause 2000
'-----
' Test say_time
'-----
zhour=11
zmin = 52
zam_pm= 1
'
' the time defined here is 11:00 pm
'
gosub say_time   'Module says" the current time is eleven fifty two, p.m."

end_program:    'Program stops here
end

```

```

'
'
'
'*****
' subroutines *
'*****
say_number:
'
' subroutine to speak the number contained in the variable znumber
' the maximum value of this variable is 65535
'
    ztmp = znumber
    if ztmp >0 then strictly_pos
    serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[num0]
    gosub WaitNotBusy
    return
strictly_pos:
    zdigit = ztmp /1000
    if(zdigit = 0) then next_test100
    gosub say_2dnumber
    serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[NUM1000] 'say "thousand"
    gosub WaitNotBusy
next_test100:
    ztmp=ztmp - (zdigit * 1000)
    zdigit =ztmp /100' the hundreds
    if zdigit = 0 then next_test_10
    serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[zdigit]
    gosub WaitNotBusy
    serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[NUM100] 'say "hundred"
    gosub WaitNotBusy
next_test_10:
    zdigit = ztmp - (zdigit * 100)
    gosub say_2dnumber 'only a 2 digit number left
    return
'*****
say_2dnumber
'
' subroutine to speak a non zero 2 digit number contained in zdigit
'
    if zdigit >20 then more_than_20
    if zdigit =0 then ret_say_2dnumber
    serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[zdigit]
    gosub WaitNotBusy
    return
more_than_20:
    ztmp1= zdigit / 10 'tens
    serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[ztmp1 +num18]
    gosub WaitNotBusy
    ztmp1 = zdigit - (ztmp1 * 10)
    if(ztmp1 = 0) then ret_say_2dnumber
    serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[ztmp1]
    gosub WaitNotBusy
ret_say_2dnumber:
    return
'*****
say_date:

```

```

        if zdayweek > 7 then skip_day_week
        serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[monday + zdayweek -1]
        gosub WaitNotBusy
skip_day_week
        if zmonth > 12 then skip_month
        serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[January + zmonth -1]
        gosub WaitNotBusy
skip_month:
        if(zday > 31) then skip_day
        if( zday =0) then skip_day
skip_day:
        zdigit=zday
        gosub say_2dnumber
if(zcentury = 1) then say_2000
        serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[NUM19]
        gosub WaitNotBusy
        goto say_year_digits
say_2000:
        serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[NUM2000]
        gosub WaitNotBusy

say_year_digits:
        if(zyear =0) then skip_year
        zdigit=zyear
        gosub say_2dnumber
skip_year:
return

'*****
say_time:
'
' subroutine to say time in 12 hour format (plus a.m. or p.m)
'
' the hour is contained in variable zhour (1-12)
' the minutes are in variable zmin (0-59)
' the variable zam_pm (1 bit) contains a.m. (0) or p.m. (1)
'
if(zhour =0) then skip_time          'hour invalid, don't talk
if(zhour > 12) then skip_time        'hour invalid, don't talk
if(zmin > 59) then skip_time          'minutes invalid, don't talk
serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[t_curr_t_is]  'say: the current time is
gosub WaitNotBusy
zdigit=zhour
gosub say_2dnumber
zdigit=zmin
'
' several cases
'
if(zmin=0) then say_am_pm            ' don't say "zero" for minutes
if(zmin>=10) then say_minutes
say_oh:
'
' here, single digit minutes, we say "oh" first
'
serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[let_o]
gosub WaitNotBusy

```



```

say_minutes:
gosub say_2dnumber
say_am_pm:
if(zam_pm =0) then say_am
say_pm:
    serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[p_m]
    gosub WaitNotBusy
    goto skip_time
say_am:
    serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[a_m]
    gosub WaitNotBusy
    goto skip_time
skip_time:
return
*****
WaitNotBusy:
,
' wait till the QV Module is finished talking
' at which point IN3 = 1
,
hold:    if IN3 = 0 then hold
        return
*****
DoReset:
out14 = 0      'do a reset
pause 100      '
out14 = 1
pause 2000     'wait while the QV module counts its phrases
return
*****
GetQVRevision:
,
' queries revision number of QV Module
' stores it in variable ztmp
,
serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[QV_REVISION]
serin TRANSMIT_LINE,NBAUD2400,[ztmp]
return
*****
GetQVType:
,
' queries type of QV Module
' stores it in variable ztmp
,
serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[QV_TYPE]
serin TRANSMIT_LINE,NBAUD2400,[ztmp]
return
*****
QVSetVolume:
,
' sets volume of QV module with value (0--31) stored in ztmp
,
if ztmp <32 then volume_OK
ztmp=31
volume_OK
serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[QV_VOLUME]

```

```
serout RECEIVE_LINE,NBAUD2400,[ztmp]  
return
```