

Column #74, June 2001 by Jon Williams:

Sounding Off! Again - Part 1

Of the twenty-something articles I've written for Nuts & Volts, none has generated as much e-mail as my articles on using the ISD2560. Any why not? Adding sound to BASIC Stamp projects is a lot of fun, and now it's a whole lot easier.

I've said it before: the Dallas metroplex is a great place. A recent discovery for me is a local company called Quadravox. These guys, all former engineers with Texas Instruments, know their sound and speech stuff. They know it really well. So much so that these are the folks who create the development tools for ISD (now part of Winbond). Since leaving TI, they have focused on making ISD devices easy to use and integrate into OEM products.

The Quadravox QV306M4-P

Of its product line, the Quadravox QV306M4-P is probably the most interesting offering for the Stamp user. The Quadravox guys think so too – their documentation includes a BS2 demonstration (that we'll expand on here).

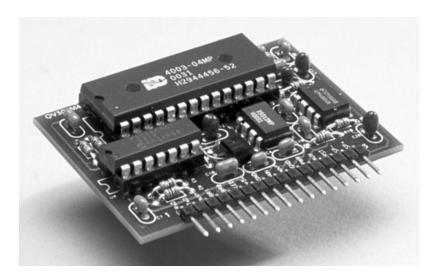


Figure 74.1: QV306M4-P with ISD chip, audio amplifier and serial controller

The QV306M4-P is a small (2.3" x 1.7") PCB that holds an ISD4003-04, an audio amplifier and a serial controller (programmed PIC) that makes interfacing the device a snap. The QV306M4-P connects to the outside world through a 16-pin SIP header. Figure 74.1 shows a picture of the QV3306MV-P.

The heart of the unit is, of course, the ISD4003-04. This gives the QV306M4-P the ability to store up to four minutes of high-quality sound. The "-P" designation at the end indicates that the unit comes pre-programmed from Quadravox. There are 240 pre-programmed sound files; professionally-recorded numbers, letters and technical terms.

Playing any of these "files" is as simple as sending the file number (0 to 239) through a serial connection. That's it! Tough, huh? Volume control and low-power (sleep) mode is handled serially as well. The QV306M4-P is a Stamp-users dream. Since the QV306M4-P doesn't have a multi-byte serial buffer, there is a busy line to indicate that the device is currently playing. We'll monitor the busy line when creating complex phrases.

Okay, let's just hook it up and try it out as shown in Figure 74.2. The connections to the Stamp – four of them – are easy. To hear how good the unit sounds, you'll need to connect a decent-quality, enclosed speaker. If you use a small speaker that is not enclosed, you'll be robbed – trust me on that.

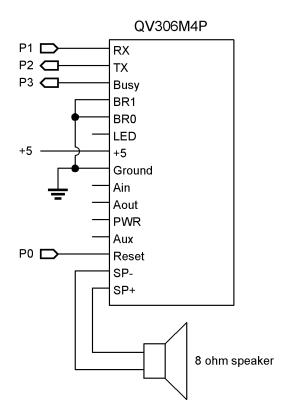


Figure 74.2: Connecting the QV306M4P to the BASIC Stamp requires only four connections and a decent-quality enclosed speaker

The onboard amplifier is capable of delivering 300 mW, so a nice speaker will give you a room full of sound. I picked up a little 8-ohm bookshelf speaker from Radio Shack and it works great.

Program Listing 74.1 (QV306M4P.BS2) is the updated demo. This code takes advantage of the preprogrammed sound files in the QV306M4-P. Don't let the length of the listing fool you; this program is deceptively simple.

We start by initializing the QV306M4-P. This is done by momentarily dropping the RESET line. When raised, we'll pause a bit to allow the QV306M4-P to count the number of stored sound files. If we ever send a file that is out-of-range, the QV306M4-P will play its first file.

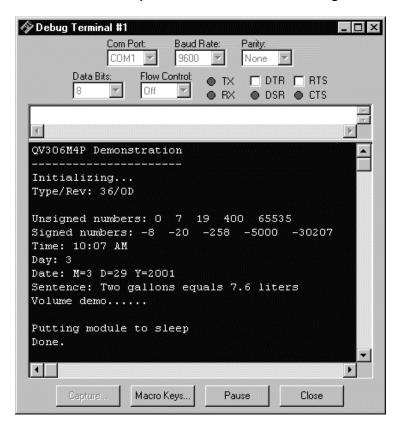


Figure 74.3: Demo BASIC Stamp code in DEBUG screen being run on the module

The first step in the demo is to display the device and revision type. Each command sends a single byte and expects one back from the QV306M4-P. The subroutines for these functions include a serial timeout so that they "don't" hang if you choose not to connect the serial input. Once we've displayed the device type, it's time to start talking.

As I indicated earlier, the QV306M4-P comes preprogrammed with 240 sound files. The first set of files are numbers that, when properly concatenated (chained together), will cause the device to say just about any number you wish. This is convenient for talking devices like clocks and thermometers.

Since the Stamp uses 16-bit numbers, I created a couple of subroutines to say them. The first to be demonstrated is called Say_Unsigned. This subroutine will "say" (literally) any number between zero and 65,535. A small loop in the main body feeds a table of numbers to exercise all the elements of the Say Unsigned subroutine.

The nature of Say_Unsigned is to parse the number passed to it and then say the parts just was we would. If our number is 65,535, the routine will start by saying "Sixty five thousand." The routine separates thousands, hundreds and then the rest. It is supported by another routine, Say Val XX, which will say any value between 0 and 99.

Say_Val_XX checks to see if the value passed is 20 or higher. The reason for this is that every number lower than 20 is a unique file. Anything 20 and higher is created by saying the tens value, then the ones. Notice that all the organization of the sound files ("zero" is file 0, etc.) makes this routine easy to use. Should you decide to custom-program your QV306M4-P, it's a good idea to keep the numbers as they are so you don't have to fix these subroutines.

Saying a negative number is just as easy. In the BASIC Stamp, a signed number is negative when bit 15 is set to one. In this case, the other bits represent the two's compliment value of the number. If bit 15 is set, the QV306M4-P will say "negative," then covert the value to positive with the ABS function and pass it on to Say_Unsigned to finish up.

The next part of the demo says a time; in this case using the 12-hour, AM/PM format. By taking advantage of Say_Val_XX, this routine is fairly straightforward. The only thing we need to is accommodate is the way we say time values that have minutes less than ten. In that case, we tend to say "oh-six" if the time is six minutes past the hour.

Say_Time12 does a quick range check, announces "The current time is..." then says the hours using the Say_Val_XX subroutine. It then checks to see if the minutes are less than ten. When this is the case, the QV306M4-P will say "oh" and then the minutes value. When the minutes is ten or greater, we skip the "oh" and say the value with Say_Val_XX. Since "AM" and "PM" are stored in consecutive locations, at bit of math is all that is required to select the correct phrase based on this one-bit value.

Moving on, we'll use the QV306M4-P to say the date. By now you've got the hang of how this works, so I'm not going to rehash the details. The only note here is that when the century value is 19 and the year value is less than ten, we have to insert the "oh" before the year, just as we did with the time.

Finally, there will be projects where we'll want to create a complex phrase or sentence from the fragments that are included in the QV306M4-P. The method I prefer is to build the complex phrase in a DATA table, then play each phrase in order. Since the valid range for phrase files is zero to 239, any value greater than 239 will cause the Say Sentence subroutine to terminate. I chose to use \$FF as the terminating value in the

demo. To play a stored sentence, we need to put the starting location in the variable, addr, then call Play_Sentence.

One of the coolest aspects of the QV306M4-P is the digitally controlled amplifier. The onboard controller actually modulates the amplifier to eliminate the clicks and pops that seem inherent with the ISD chip. The last portion of the demo repeats the word "Hello" through the volume range of the circuit.

Next Time...

Well, with our long code listing, that's about all we can squeeze in this month. Next month, we'll continue working with the QV306M4 by putting our own sounds into into it and creating a sound effects sbox for fun. Be sure to visit the Quadravox or Parallax web sites and download their excellent documentation.

Jon Comes Out of the Closet

In April I had the opportunity to attend the Embedded Systems Conference in San Francisco. It was a lot of fun; there were some really neat things to see. One of my greatest pleasures was the very cool opportunity to some of the readers of this column. That was fun. It's one thing to get an e-mail, quite another to meet that person face-to-face. I strive to keep my writing easy-going and accessible, so it was a pleasure to meet a few of you that felt like you "know" me. And now you do.

Well, that works both ways. I had the opportunity to Steve Ciarcia, well-known electronics guru and publisher of Circuit Cellar magazine. Like many of you, I've been reading Steve's materials and learning from him for a long time. Meeting him was a genuine thrill. Imagine my surprise when he told me he knew who I was – from this column, no less! Way cool.

And then it happened.... With a furrowed brow, Steve looked right at me and said, "But you don't actually work for Parallax, do you?" (At the time I was standing in the Parallax booth wearing Parallax attire.) "Yes," I replied, "I've been working for Parallax since August."

In a nutshell, Steve took exception (or raised an exception for your hardcore programmers) to me not coming out early on and telling you that Parallax had hired me. So now I'm doing it. Does my employment with Parallax change the way I feel about Stamps and how I approach this column? Of course not!

And now I get to work "on the inside" with Parallax's incredibly talented engineering staff to make Stamps more fun to use.

Okay, there you have it – I'm out. I work for Parallax now (Applications Engineer). I still live in Dallas and I'm still working part-time as an actor (commercials, mostly, but recently worked two days on the Matthew Perry comedy, "Servicing Sara"). I've never tried to hide my Parallax employment, I just didn't think it was necessary to wave (set?) a flag. Parallax did make an announcement to its distributors. Perhaps I should have said something here sooner.

This column is – and always has been – about programming BASIC Stamps. And through an incredible bit of good luck, I happened to land a job that pays me to do that.

```
'----[Title]------
' File..... QV306M4P.BS2 (Program Listing 76.1)
' Purpose... Quadravox QV306M4P (preprogrammed) Demonstration
' Author.... Michel Stella (Quadravox) and Jon Williams
' E-mail.... jonwms@aol.com
' Started...
' Updated... 29 MAR 2001
' {$STAMP BS2}
' ----[ Program Description ]------
' This program demonstrates the Quadravox QV306M4P, preprogrammed
' sound module. The "P" version contains 240 professionally recorded
' phrases (numbers, letters and technical words).
' ----[ Revision History ]------
' 29 MAR 2001 : Updated by Jon Williams
             - improved numeric parsing algorithms
             - added signed number capability
             - added stored sentence subroutine
' QV306M4P Connections:
                Stamp.P1
Stamp.P2
' 1 (RxD)
' 2 (TxD)
                Stamp.P3
Stamp.P3
Ground
Ground
+5 volts
' 3 (Busy)
' 4 (BR1)
 5 (BR0)
  7 (+5)
' 9 (Gnd)
                 Ground
               Stamp.P0
8 ohm speaker -
' 14 (Reset)
' 15 (Sp-)
' 16 (Sp+)
                 8 ohm speaker +
' ----[ I/O Definitions ]-------
QV RST
            CON
                  0
                                    ' QV306M4.14
           CON 1
CON 2
                                    ' QV306M4.1
QV RX
QV_TX
                                    ' QV306M4.2
           VAR In3
QV_BUSY
                                    ' QV306M4.3
```

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```
' ----[ Constants ]--------
T2400
            CON
                  396
                                   ' 2400 baud, true
IsBusy
            CON
' ** QV306M4 Command Set **
QV_Direct CON $F0
QV_Stop CON $F6
QV_Sleep CON $F8
QV_Volume CON $FC
QV_Reset CON $FD
                                   ' QV modes
                                    ' software reset
QV_Rev
            CON
                 $FE
                                    ' module revision
                                    ' module type
QV_Type
           CON
                 $FF
CON
                 Ω
                                   ' message # in QV306M4P
zero
           CON
                 1
one
           CON
two
          CON
CON
CON
three
                 3
four
five
                 5
six
                 6
          CON
CON
                 7
seven
_seven
_eight
_nine
                 8
                 9
_nine
_ten
           CON
                 10
_eleven
          CON
                 11
_twelve
           CON
                  12
_thirteen
           CON
                  13
 fourteen
            CON
                  14
fifteen
           CON
                  15
_sixteen
           CON
                  16
seventeen
           CON
                  17
eighteen
           CON
                 18
nineteen
           CON
                 19
twenty
           CON
                 20
thirty
           CON
                 21
forty
           CON
                 22
_fifty
           CON
                 23
_sixty
           CON
                 24
                  25
_seventy
          CON
           CON
_eighty
                 26
_ninety
           CON
                 27
_hundred
           CON
                  28
_thousand
            CON
                  29
_million
            CON
                  30
_billion
            CON
```

2000	CON	32	' "two thousand"
am	CON	33	two thousand
_			
_pm	CON	34	
_a	CON	35	
_alpha	CON	36	
_b	CON	37	
_bravo	CON	38	
_ ^C	CON	39	
_charlie	CON	40	
_d	CON	41	
_delta	CON	42	
_e	CON	43	
_echo	CON	44	
_f	CON	45	
_fox	CON	46	
_g	CON	47	
_golf	CON	48	
_h	CON	49	
_hotel	CON	50	
i	CON	51	
_india	CON	52	
_ _j	CON	53	
_juliet	CON	54	
k	CON	55	
_ _kilo	CON	56	
_1	CON	57	
- lima	CON	58	
_ _m	CON	59	
_ _mike	CON	60	
n n	CON	61	
november1	CON	62	
0	CON	63	
_oscar	CON	64	
_p	CON	65	
_papa	CON	66	
_d _baba	CON	67	
_quebec	CON	68	
r	CON	69	
romeo	CON	70	
_TOMICO	CON	71	
_s _sierra	CON	72	
_sieiia t	CON	73	
tango	CON	74	
_	CON	75	
_u uniform	CON	75 76	
	CON	77	
_v victor	CON	78	
-	CON	78 79	
_W		80	
_whiskey	CON		
_x	CON	81	
_xray	CON	82	

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37	CON	83
_y		
_yankee	CON	84
_ ^Z	CON	85
_zulu	CON	86
_monday	CON	87
_tuesday	CON	88
_wednesday	CON	89
_thursday	CON	90
friday	CON	91
saturday	CON	92
sunday	CON	93
_ january	CON	94
february	CON	95
march	CON	96
_march _april	CON	97
_		
_may	CON	98
_june	CON	99
_july	CON	100
_august	CON	101
_september	CON	102
_october	CON	103
_november2	CON	104
_december	CON	105
amp	CON	106
amps	CON	107
bars	CON	108
- bit	CON	109
bits	CON	110
_black	CON	111
_black blue	CON	112
_brue brown		113
-	CON	
_byte	CON	114
_bytes	CON	115
_cable	CON	116
_celcius	CON	117
_centimeter	CON	118
_centimetrs	CON	119
_cents	CON	120
_chip	CON	121
connector	CON	122
cubic	CON	123
degrees	CON	124
_divided by	CON	125
_divided_by dollars	CON	126
_dorrars down	CON	126
_down equals		
	CON	128
_fahrenheit	CON	129
_farads	CON	130
_feet	CON	131
_foot	CON	132
_gallons	CON	133

_gigahertz	CON	134	
_go	CON	135	
_gold	CON	136	
_good_aft	CON	137	' "good afternoon"
_good_morn	CON	138	' "good morning"
_goodbye	CON	139	
_gram	CON	140	
_grams	CON	141	
_gray	CON	142	
_green	CON	143	
hello	CON	144	
_hertz	CON	145	
hour	CON	146	
hours	CON	147	
inch	CON	148	
inches	CON	149	
indoor tmp	CON	150	' "indoor temperature"
is	CON	151	-
- key	CON	152	
kilobit	CON	153	
kilobits	CON	154	
kilobyte	CON	155	
kilohm	CON	156	
kilometer	CON	157	
kilometers	CON	158	
kiloohms	CON	159	
light	CON	160	
liters	CON	161	
mega	CON	162	
megabytes	CON	163	
megaohms	CON	164	
megohms	CON	165	
meter	CON	166	
meters	CON	167	
micro	CON	168	
micron	CON	169	
microns	CON	170	
_midnight	CON	171	
_mile	CON	172	
_miles	CON	173	
milli	CON	174	
minus	CON	175	
_minute	CON	176	
minutes	CON	176	
_minutes	CON	177	
_noon oclock	CON	178 179	
of Merc			I Not Margury
	CON	180	' "of Mercury"
_of_Water	CON	181	
_ohms	CON	182	
_orange	CON	183	
_pascals	CON	184	

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```
CON
                       185
_per_hour
               CON
                       186
per
_percent
              CON
                       187
_percent
_pico
_pink
_plus
_point
_pound
_pounds
              CON
                      188
             CON
CON
CON
CON
                      189
                      190
                      191
                      192
                      193
_psi CON
_purple CON
_rpm CON
_red
                      194
                      195
                       196
            CON
CON
CON
_red
                       197
_red
_second
_seconds
_silver
_square
                       198
                       199
                       200
             CON
                       201
start
                       202
_stop
              CON
                      203
_switch
             CON
                      204
tan
              CON
                      205
temp is CON
                                             ' "temperature is"
                      206
_t_cur_t_is CON 207
                                             ' "the current time is"
_t_currnt CON 208
_t_outside CON 209
                                              ' "the current"
                                              ' "the outside"
_t_speed_is CON 210
                                              ' "the speed is"
211
                      212
                       213
                       214
             CON
CON
CON
_volt
                       215
_volts
                       216
 white
                       217
 wire
                       218
_yard
              CON
                       219
_yards
              CON
                       220
_yards
_yellow
_y_spd_is
_the_date
is more
              CON
                       221
              CON
                       222
                                              ' "your speed is"
              CON
                       223
is more
              CON
                      224
pls wait
              CON
                      225
                                              ' "please wait"
_please CON
_is_less CON
_thank_you CON
_than CON
_and CON
                       226
                      227
                      228
                       229
_and
                       230
_are_closed CON
                       231
_are_down
               CON
                       232
_are_off
               CON
                       233
               CON
                       234
_are_on
               CON
                       235
_are_open
```

```
_are_up
           CON
                 236
_is_closed CON is down CON
                 237
is down
                  238
_is_off
           CON
                 239
' ----[ Variables ]------
          VAR
VAR
                Byte
                                    ' phrase to say
phrase
command
                 Byte
                                    ' command to QV306
           VAR
                 Word
addr
         VAR
result
                 Word
test
           VAR
                 Nib
temp
           VAR
                 Word
qvNumber VAR
qvDigit VAR
                 Word
               Byte
                                   ' 0..99
          VAR Nib
                                   ' 0 = Monday, 6 = Sunday
qvDay
                                    ' 0..31
qvDate
           VAR Byte
qvMonth
           VAR
                 Nib
                                    ' 1 = Jan, 12 = Dec
                                    ' 0..99
qvYear
           VAR
                 Byte
qvCentury
           VAR
                                    0 = 19xx, 1 = 20xx
                 Bit
qvHours
           VAR Nib
                                    ' 1..12
qvMinutes
           VAR Byte
                                    ' 0..59
                                    0 = PM, 1 = PM
qvAMPM
           VAR
                 Bit
qvVolume
           VAR
                 Byte
                                    ' 0..31
' ----[ EEPROM Data ]-----
Sentence1
            DATA _two,_gallons,_equals,_seven,_point,_six,_liters,$FF
' ----[ Initialization ]--------
Splash_Screen:
 DEBUG CLS
 DEBUG "QV306M4P Demonstration", CR
 DEBUG "----", CR
 DEBUG "Initializing...", CR
Initialize:
 LOW QV_RST
                                    ' reset the QV306M4
 PAUSE 100
 HIGH QV RST
 PAUSE 2000
                                    ' let QV306 count phrases
```

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```
'----[Main Code ]--------
Show Device:
 GOSUB QV GetType
 DEBUG "Type/Rev: ", HEX2 result, "/"
 GOSUB QV GetRevision
 DEBUG HEX2 result, CR, CR
Unsigned Demo:
 DEBUG "Unsigned numbers: "
 FOR test = 0 TO 4
   LOOKUP test, [0,7,19,400,65535], qvNumber
   DEBUG DEC qvNumber," "
   GOSUB Say_Unsigned
   PAUSE 500
 NEXT
 DEBUG CR
 PAUSE 2000
Signed Demo:
 DEBUG "Signed numbers: "
 FOR test = 0 TO 4
   LOOKUP test, [-8,-20,-258,-5000,-30207], qvNumber
   DEBUG SDEC qvNumber, " "
   GOSUB Say Signed
   PAUSE 500
 NEXT
 DEBUG CR
 PAUSE 2000
Time Demo:
 qvHours = 10
 qvMinutes = 7
                                          ' AM
 qvAMPM = 0
 DEBUG "Time: ",DEC qvHours,":",DEC2 qvMinutes," "
 DEBUG "A"+(qvAMPM * 15), "M", CR
 GOSUB Say_Time12
 PAUSE 2000
Date Demo:
 qvDay = 3
                                          ' Thursday
 qvDate = 29
 qvMonth = 3
 qvYear = 1
 qvCentury = 1
 DEBUG "Day: ", DEC qvDay, CR
 DEBUG "Date: M=",DEC qvMonth," D=",DEC qvDate
 DEBUG " Y=",DEC (19 + qvCentury),DEC2 qvYear,CR
 GOSUB Say_Day_And_Date
 PAUSE 2000
```

```
Sentence_Demo:
 DEBUG "Sentence: Two gallons equals 7.6 liters", CR
  addr = Sentence1
 GOSUB Say Sentence
 PAUSE 2000
Volume_Demo:
 DEBUG "Volume demo"
 phrase = _hello
 FOR qvVolume = 5 TO 30 STEP 5
   GOSUB Set_Volume
   GOSUB Say_Phrase
   DEBUG "."
  NEXT
 PAUSE 2000
 DEBUG CR, CR, "Putting module to sleep", CR
  SEROUT QV_RX,T2400,[QV_Sleep]
 DEBUG "Done."
 END
' ----[ Subroutines ]--------
· ************
' Get device information
*************
QV_GetType:
 result = 0
 SEROUT QV RX, T2400, [QV Type]
 SERIN QV TX, T2400, 2000, NoType, [result]
NoType:
 RETURN
QV_GetRevision:
 result = 0
 SEROUT QV RX, T2400, [QV Rev]
 SERIN QV TX, T2400, 2000, NoRev, [result]
NoRev:
 RETURN
· **************
' Say an individual phrase
· *************
Say Phrase:
 IF (QV_Busy = IsBusy) THEN Say_Phrase
                                         ' wait until not busy
 SEROUT QV_RX,T2400,[phrase]
                                          ' say the phrase
```

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```
RETURN
************
' Say a sentence
' - "addr" holds starting EE address of sentence
' - speaks until phrase > 239
************
Say Sentence:
 READ addr,phrase
                                         ' get a phrase from EEPROM
 READ addr,phrase ' get a phrase from IF (phrase > 239) THEN Done_Talking ' $FF is EOM flag
QV306 Busy1:
 IF (QV_Busy = IsBusy) THEN QV306_Busy1 ' wait for Busy to release
  SEROUT QV RX,T2400,[phrase]
                                         ' say the phrase
                                         ' point to next phrase
 addr = addr + 1
                                         ' say it
 GOTO Say_Sentence
Done Talking:
 RETURN
· *************
' Say an unsigned number
*************
Say_Unsigned:
 temp = qvNumber
Say_Number:
 qvDigit = temp / 1000
                                         ' get thousands
 IF (qvDigit = 0) THEN Say 100s
 GOSUB Say_Value_XX
 phrase = _thousand
GOSUB Say_Phrase
Say 100s:
 qvDigit = temp // 1000 / 100
                                        ' get hundreds
 IF (qvDigit = 0) THEN Say 10s
 GOSUB Say_Val_0T019
 phrase = hundred
 GOSUB Say Phrase
Say 10s:
 qvDigit = temp // 100
                                         ' get tens and ones
 IF (qvDigit = 0) & (qvNumber > 0) THEN Say_Num_Done
 GOSUB Say Value XX
Say_Num_Done:
RETURN
```

```
. ***********
' Say a signed number
************
Say_Signed:
 IF (qvNumber.Bit15 = 0) THEN Say_Unsigned
 phrase = _minus
 GOSUB Say_Phrase
 temp = ABS(qvNumber)
 GOTO Say Number
************
' Say a 2-digit number
· ***********
Say Value XX:
 IF (qvDigit < 20) THEN Say_Val_OTO19 ' skip if less than 20 phrase = (qvDigit / 10) + _eighteen ' calculate 10s message # GOSUB Say_Phrase ' say 10s
 qvDigit = qvDigit // 10
                                            ' calculate 1s message #
 IF (qvDigit = 0) THEN Say Val Done 'skip if zero
Say Val 0T019:
 phrase = qvDigit
 pause 1000
 GOSUB Say_Phrase
Say_Val_Done:
 RETURN
. *********
' Say 12-hour time
' ********
Say_Time12:
 IF (qvHours < 1) OR (qvHours > 12) THEN Skip_Time
 IF (qvMinutes > 59) THEN Skip_Time
                                              ' "The current time is..."
 phrase = _t_cur_t_is
  GOSUB Say_Phrase
Say_Hours:
  qvDigit = qvHours
  GOSUB Say_Value_XX
Say_Oh:
IF (qvMinutes > 9) THEN Say Minutes
```

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```
' as in 3:09 (three-oh-nine)
 phrase = _o
 GOSUB Say_Phrase
Say Minutes:
 qvDigit = qvMinutes
 GOSUB Say_Value_XX
Say_AMPM:
 phrase = _am + qvAMPM
 GOSUB Say_Phrase
Skip Time:
 RETURN
*********
' Say the day and date
' - no range checking on date
' - 1900 = "19 hundred"
' - 190x = "19-oh-x"
**************
Say Day And Date:
 IF (qvDay > 6) THEN Say_Month
                                         ' skip day if out-of-range
 phrase = qvDay + _monday
 GOSUB Say Phrase
 PAUSE 250
Say_Month:
 phrase = _january + qvMonth - 1
 GOSUB Say_Phrase
Say Date:
                                           ' 0..31
 qvDigit = qvDate
 GOSUB Say Value XX
Say_Year:
 \overline{IF} (qvCentury = 1) THEN Year2K
 phrase = _nineteen
 GOSUB Say_Phrase
Check Year00:
 IF (qvYear > 0) THEN Check Year0X
 phrase = _hundred
 GOSUB Say_Phrase
 GOTO Year_Done
Check Year 0X:
 IF (qvYear > 9) THEN Say_YearXX
 phrase = _o
                                           ' say "oh"
GOSUB Say_Phrase
```

```
GOTO Say_YearXX
Year2K:
 phrase = 2000
 GOSUB Say_Phrase
Say_YearXX:
 qvDigit = qvYear
  GOSUB Say_Value_XX
Year_Done:
 RETURN
· **********
' Set module volume
. **********
Set_Volume:
 IF (QV_Busy = IsBusy) THEN Set_Volume ' wait for Busy to release
  SEROUT QV_RX,T2400,[QV_Volume]
 SEROUT QV_RX,T2400,[qvVolume // 32] ' volume range is 0..31
 RETURN
```