

RECREATE MASTERPIECES OF MODERN ART WITH JAVASCRIPT

Amy Cheng

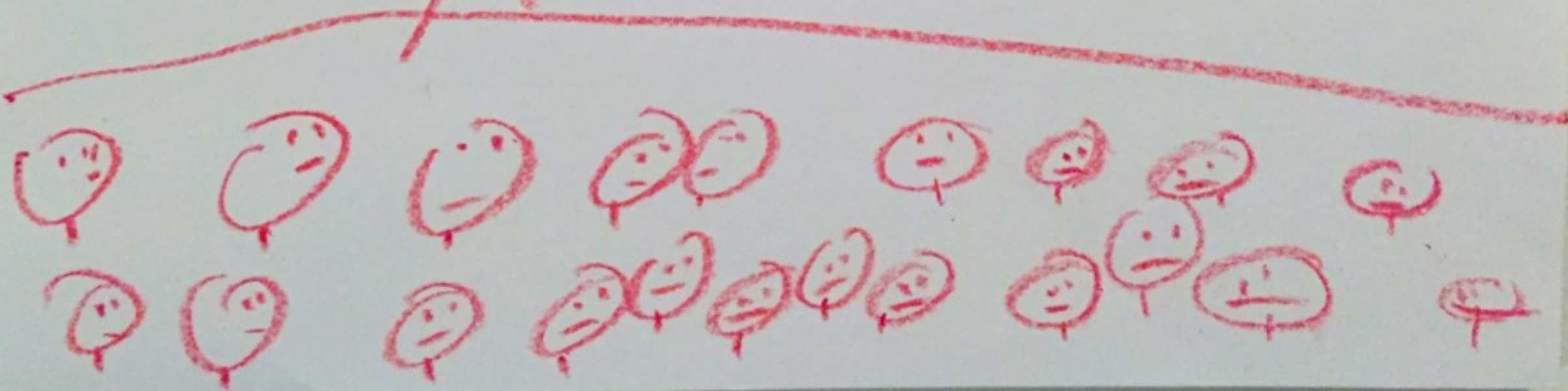
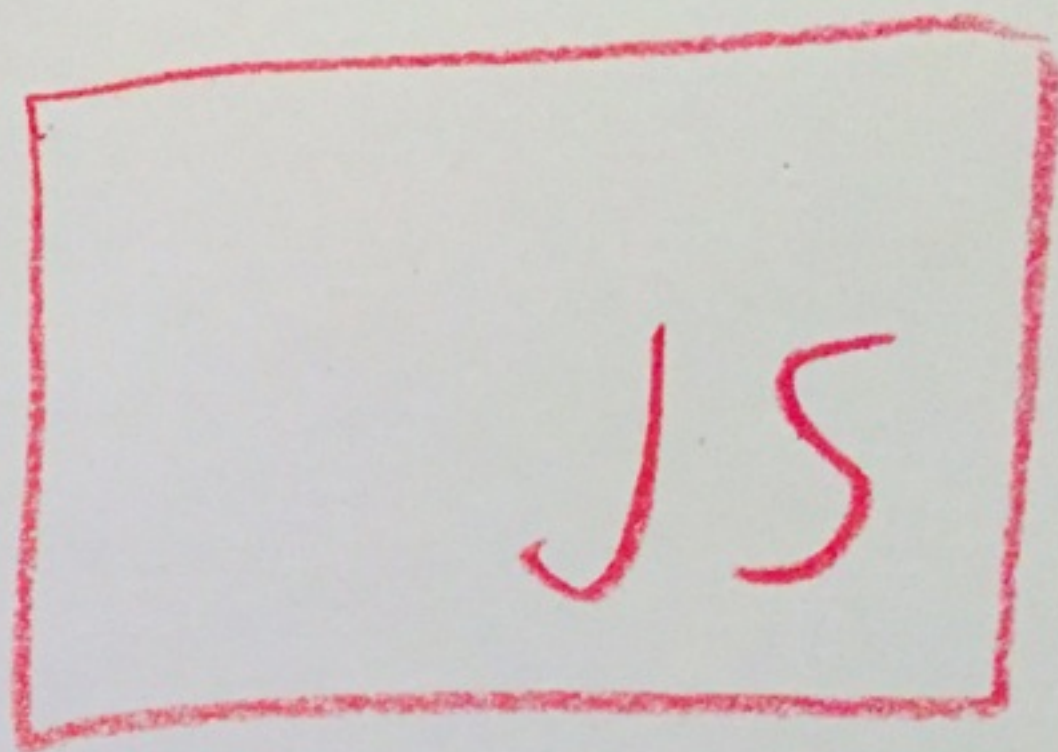
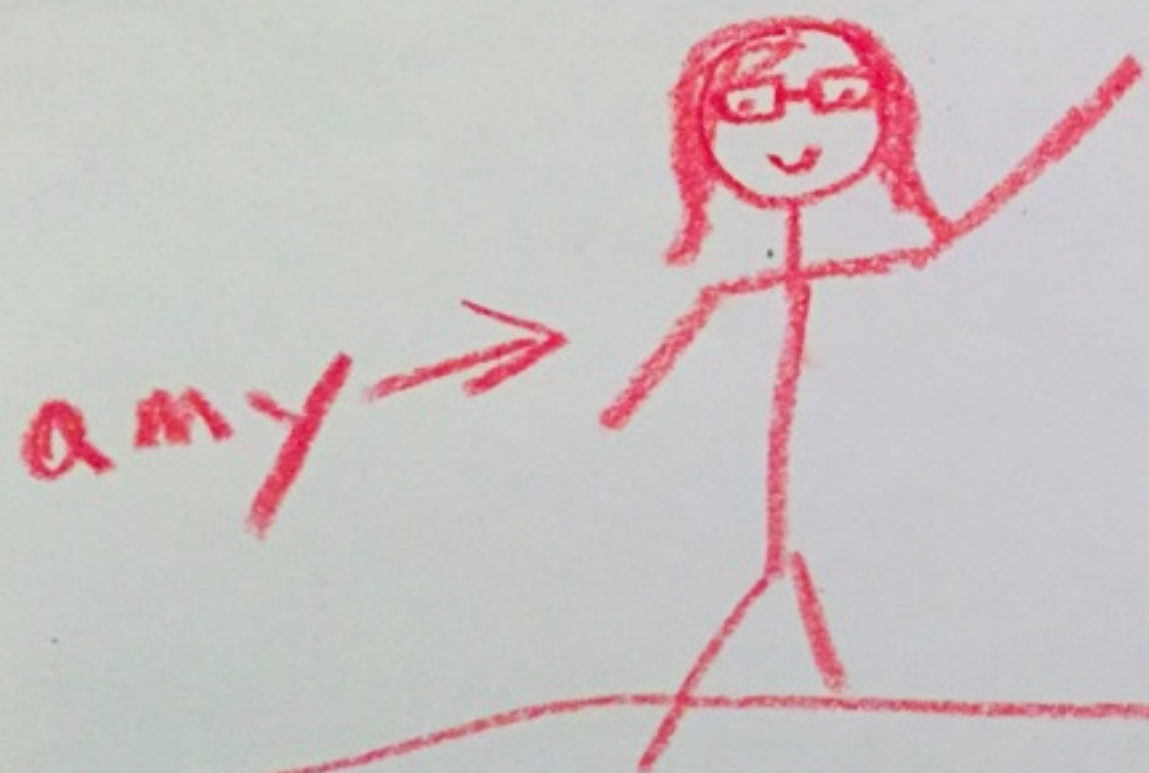
- web developer with New York Magazine
- artist



Strawberry
Almond
Scone
from Four and Twenty
Blackbird



canelé
from Woops Bakery





By Frida Kahlo

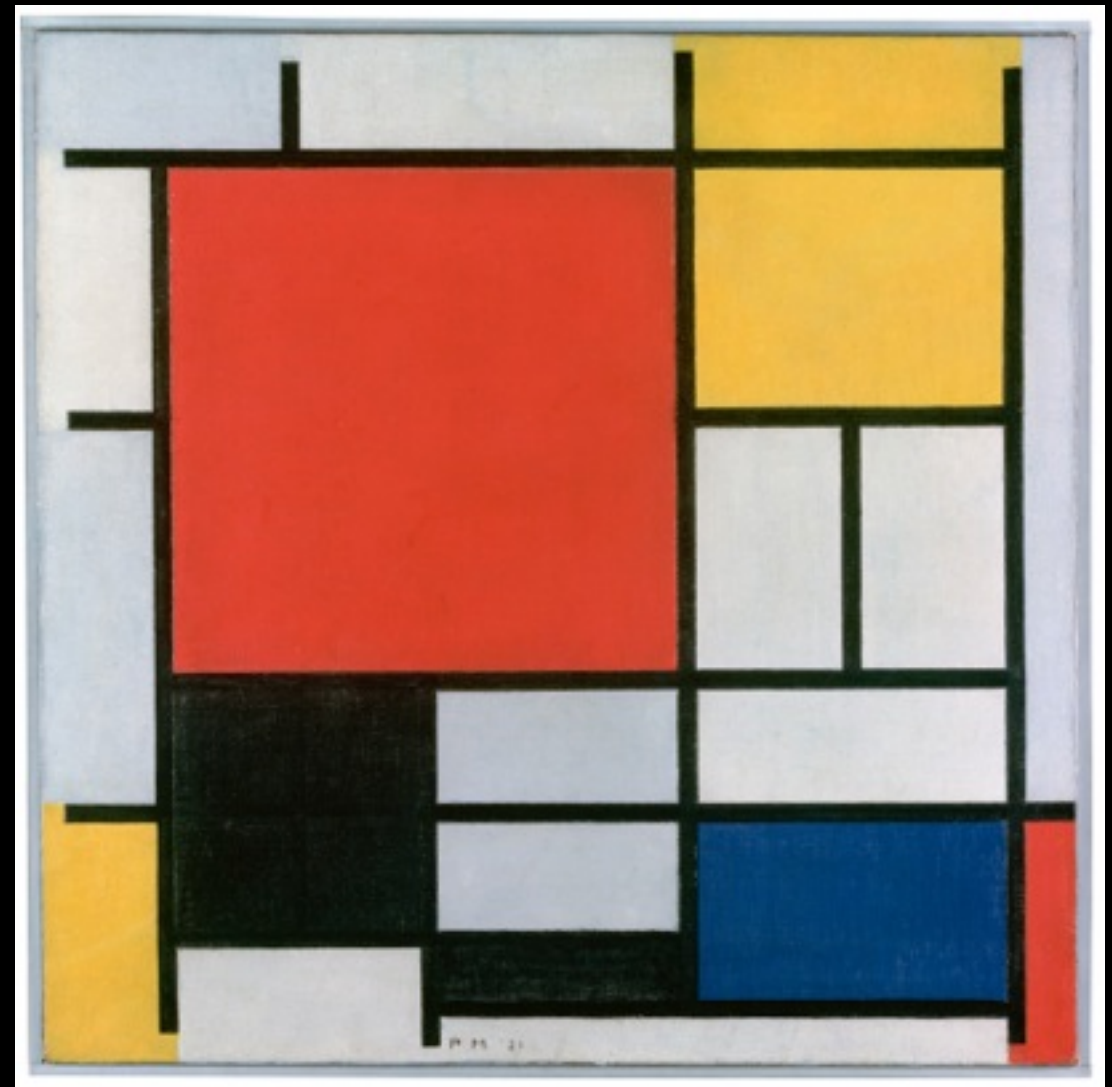


By Claude Monet

**If you know JavaScript,
you can make art!**



Spot Painting
Damien Hirst



Composition
Piet Mondrian

**HTML5 CANVAS API =
JavaScript's blank
canvas**


```
var xPosition = window.innerHeight/2;
var yPosition = window.innerWidth/2;
var size = 25;

var canvas=document.getElementById("canvas");
var ctx=canvas.getContext("2d");

var draw= function(){
    ctx.beginPath();
    ctx.arc(xPosition, yPosition, size, 0, 2*Math.PI);
    ctx.stroke();
    window.requestAnimationFrame(draw);
};

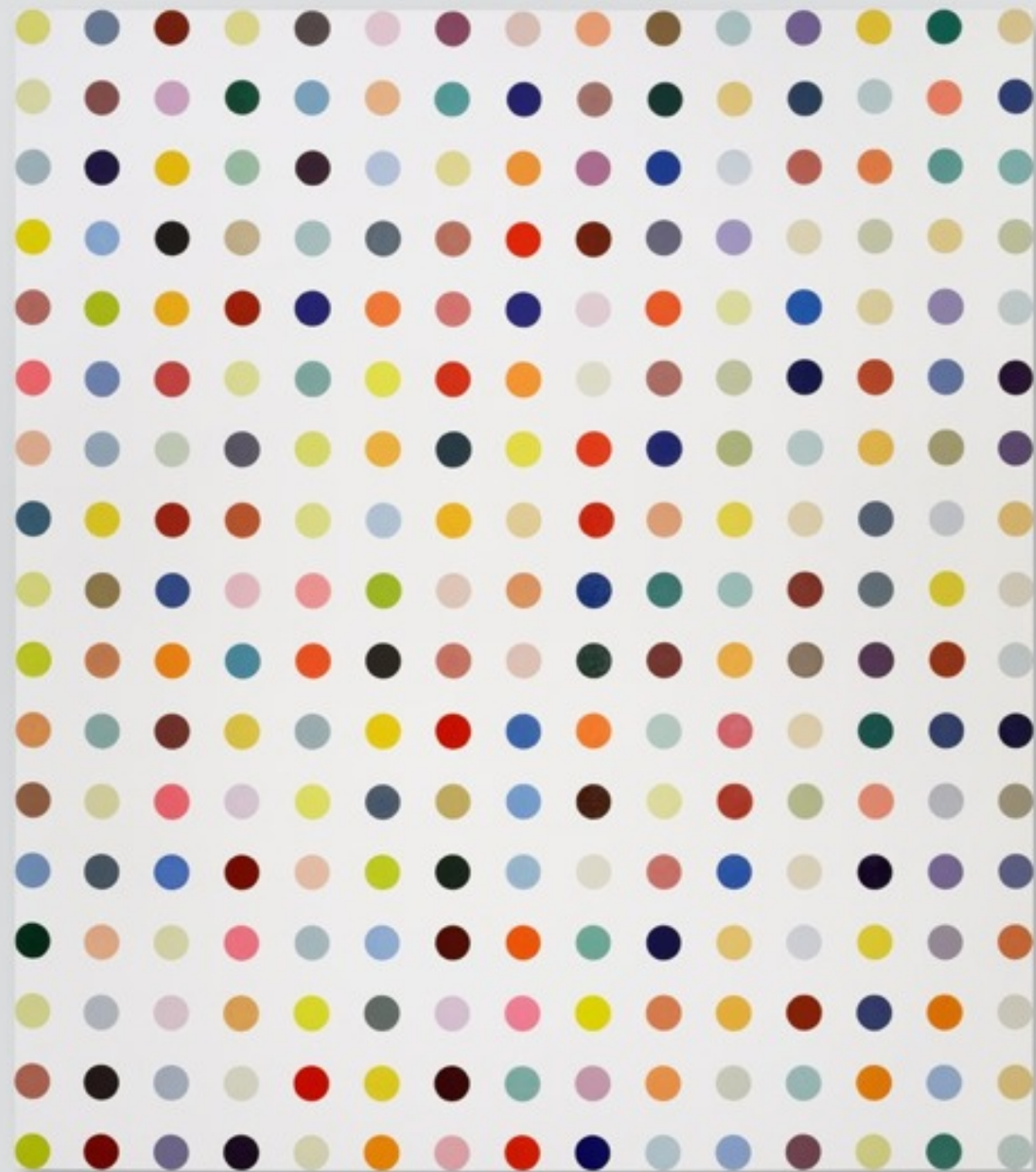
draw();
```

```
var xPositon = window.innerHeight/2;
var yPositon = window.innerWidth/2;
var size = 25;

var canvas=document.getElementById("canvas");
var ctx=canvas.getContext("2d");

var draw= function(){
    ctx.beginPath();
    ctx.arc(xPositon, yPositon, size, 0, 2*Math.PI);
    ctx.stroke();
    window.requestAnimationFrame(draw);
};

draw();
```



p5*

Concepts, not tools.

```
// P5
function draw() {
  fill(color);
  ellipse(x, y, horizontalRadius, verticalRadius);
}

// Fabric
var spot = new fabric.Circle(({
  radius: _radius, fill: color, left: x, top: y
}));
canvas.add(spot);

// Easel

var spot = new createjs.Shape();
spot.graphics.beginFill(color).drawspot(0, 0, _radius);
spot.x = x;
spot.y = y;
stage.addChild(spot);
```


Spot Painting

```
p.setup = function() {  
  p.createCanvas(800, 500);  
  p.background(255);  
  p.noLoop();  
};
```

```
p.draw = function() {  
  for ( var i = 1; i < p.width/spacing ; i++) {  
    for ( var j = 1; j< p.height/spacing; j++) {  
      color();  
      p.noStroke();  
      p.ellipse(i*spacing, j*spacing, 25, 25);  
    }  
  };  
};
```



```
p.setup = function() {  
  p.createCanvas(800, 500);  
  p.background(255);  
  p.noLoop();  
};
```

```
var color = function() {  
  return p.fill( p.random(0, 255), p.random(0,255), p.random(0,255));  
};
```

JavaScript is an artistic medium that can do:

- procedural generation


```
for ( var i = 1; i < p.width/spacing ; i++) {  
  for ( var j = 1; j< p.height/spacing; j++) {  
    color();  
    p.noStroke();  
    p.ellipse(i*spacing, j*spacing, 25, 25);  
  }  
};
```

JavaScript is an artistic medium that can do:

- procedural generation
- parameterization

```
var color = function() {  
  return p.fill( p.random(0, 255), p.random(0,255), p.random(0,255));  
};
```

Color Modes:

- how code interpret colors
- RGB -> red, green, blue
- HSB -> hue, saturation, brightness

Spot Painting Machine

```
//state object for dat.gui  
var machineState = {  
  colorMode: 'RGB',  
  colorVal1: 100,  
  colorVal2: 100,  
  colorVal3: 100,  
  colorVal1Rando: true,  
  colorVal2Rando: true,  
  colorVal3Rando: true,  
  render: generateColors,  
  save: saveImage  
};
```

```
var color = function() {
  var color1 = machineState.colorVal1;
  var color2 = machineState.colorVal2;
  var color3 = machineState.colorVal3;

  if( machineState.colorMode === 'RGB' ){
    p.colorMode(p.RGB, 255);
    color1 = normalize(machineState.colorVal1);
    color2 = normalize(machineState.colorVal2);
    color3 = normalize(machineState.colorVal3);
  }else{
    p.colorMode(p.HSB, 100);
  }

  var _color1 = p.random(0, color1);
  var _color2 = p.random(0, color2);
  var _color3 = p.random(0, color3);

  // freeze values (don't randomize)
  if(!machineState.colorVal1Rando){_color1 = color1;}
  if(!machineState.colorVal2Rando){_color2 = color2;}
  if(!machineState.colorVal3Rando){_color3 = color3;}

  return p.color(
    _color1,
    _color2,
    _color3
  );
};
```

```
var color = function() {
  var color1 = machineState.colorVal1;
  var color2 = machineState.colorVal2;
  var color3 = machineState.colorVal3;

  if( machineState.colorMode === 'RGB' ){
    p.colorMode(p.RGB, 255);
    color1 = normalize(machineState.colorVal1);
    color2 = normalize(machineState.colorVal2);
    color3 = normalize(machineState.colorVal3);
  }else{
    p.colorMode(p.HSB, 100);
  }

  var _color1 = p.random(0, color1);
  var _color2 = p.random(0, color2);
  var _color3 = p.random(0, color3);

  // freeze values (don't randomize)
  if(!machineState.colorVal1Rando){_color1 = color1;}
  if(!machineState.colorVal2Rando){_color2 = color2;}
  if(!machineState.colorVal3Rando){_color3 = color3;}

  return p.color(
    _color1,
    _color2,
    _color3
  );
};
```

**What if we randomize
other visual elements?**

More randomness



Preparatory Paintings
Elaine De Kooning


```
function setup(){
  createCanvas(800, 500);
  background(255);

  for (var i = 0; i < numberOfSwoosh; i++) {

    noFill()
    stroke(0);
    strokeWeight(random(75));
    strokeCap(ROUND);
    curve(
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation),
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation),
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation),
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation)
    );
  };

  for (var i = 0; i < numberOfStrokes; i++) {
    stroke(0);
    strokeCap(PROJECT);
    strokeWeight(noise(i)*20);
    line(
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation),
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation)
    );
  };
}
```

```
function setup(){
  createCanvas(800, 500);
  background(255);

  for (var i = 0; i < numberOfSwoosh; i++) {

    noFill()
    stroke(0);
    strokeWeight(random(75));
    strokeCap(ROUND);
    curve(
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation),
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation),
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation),
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation)
    );
  };

  for (var i = 0; i < numberOfStrokes; i++) {
    stroke(0);
    strokeCap(PROJECT);
    strokeWeight(noise(i)*20);
    line(
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation),
      randomGaussian(width/2, deviation), randomGaussian(height/2, deviation)
    );
  };
}
```

```
p5.prototype.randomGaussian = function(mean, sd) {  
  var y1,x1,x2,w;  
  if (previous) {  
    y1 = y2;  
    previous = false;  
  } else {  
    do {  
      x1 = this.random(2) - 1;  
      x2 = this.random(2) - 1;  
      w = x1 * x1 + x2 * x2;  
    } while (w >= 1);  
    w = Math.sqrt((-2 * Math.log(w))/w);  
    y1 = x1 * w;  
    y2 = x2 * w;  
    previous = true;  
  }  
  
  var m = mean || 0;  
  var s = sd || 1;  
  return y1*s + m;  
};
```

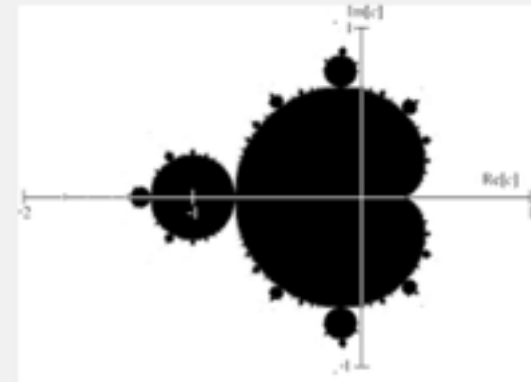
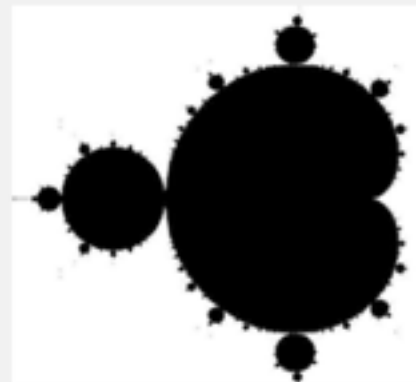
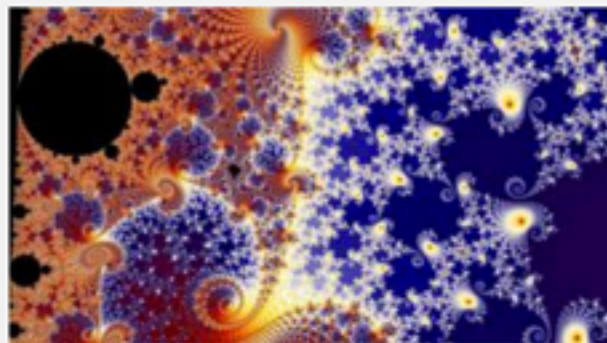
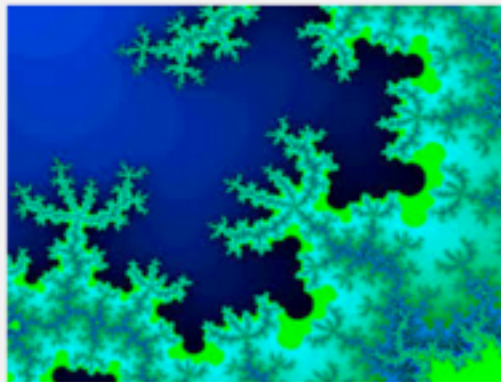
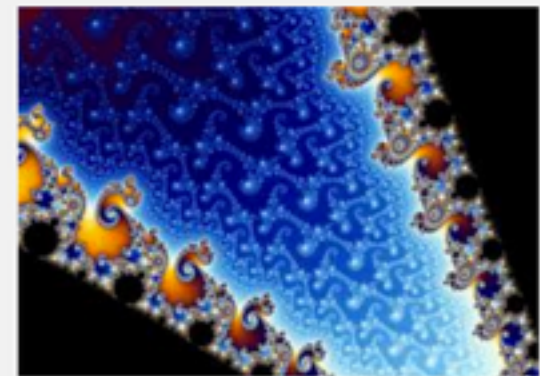
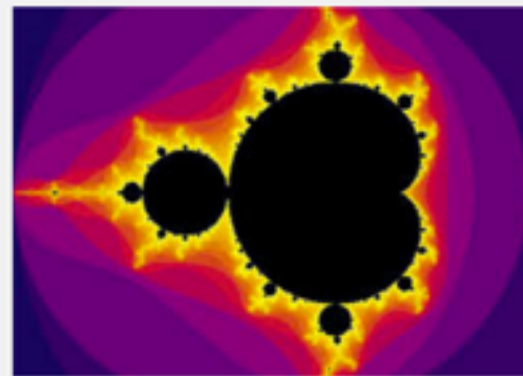
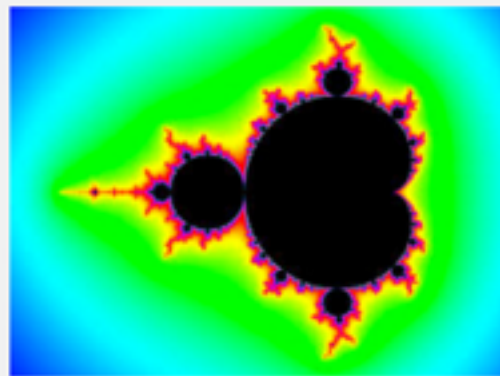
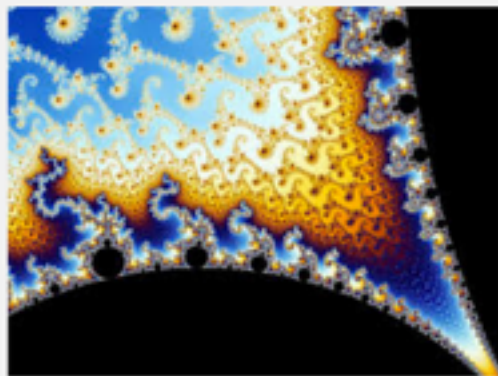
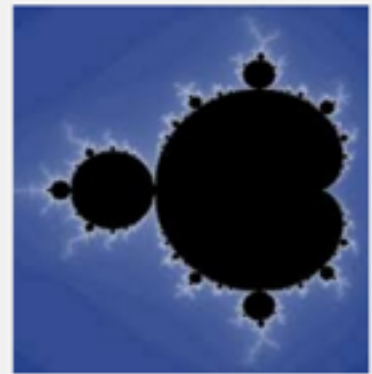
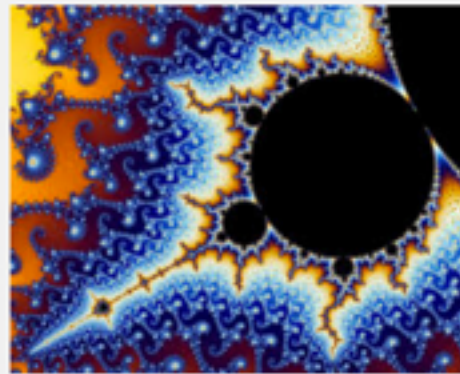
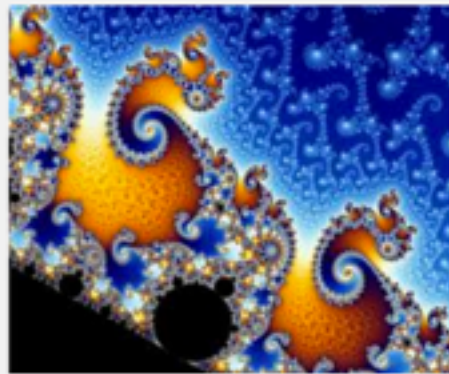
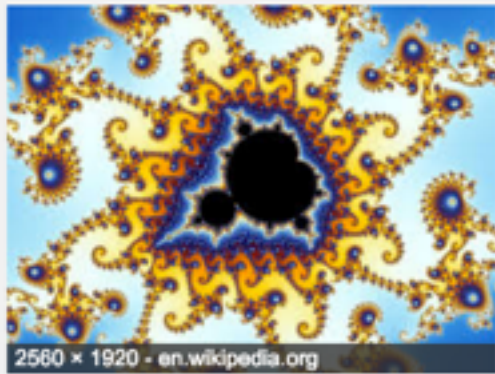
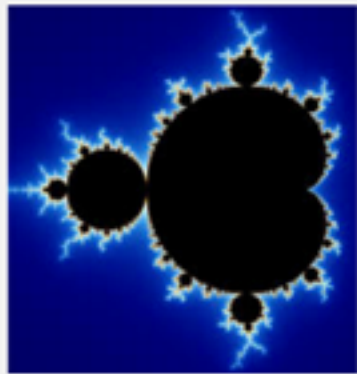
```
p5.prototype.randomGaussian = function(mean, sd) {  
  var y1,x1,x2,w;  
  if (previous) {  
    y1 = y2;  
    previous = false;  
  } else {  
    do {  
      x1 = this.random(2) - 1;  
      x2 = this.random(2) - 1;  
      w = x1 * x1 + x2 * x2;  
    } while (w >= 1);  
    w = Math.sqrt((-2 * Math.log(w))/w);  
    y1 = x1 * w;  
    y2 = x2 * w;  
    previous = true;  
  }  
  
  var m = mean || 0;  
  var s = sd || 1;  
  return y1*s + m;  
};
```

JavaScript is an artistic medium that can do:

- procedural generation
- parameterization
- painting with algorithms

$$z_{(n+1)} = z_n^2 + c \mid$$

$$z_0 = 0$$



**Mathematics is one
expression of the world
and art is another.
Computation can act as a
bridge between the two!**

Mandelbrot

JavaScript is an artistic medium that can do:

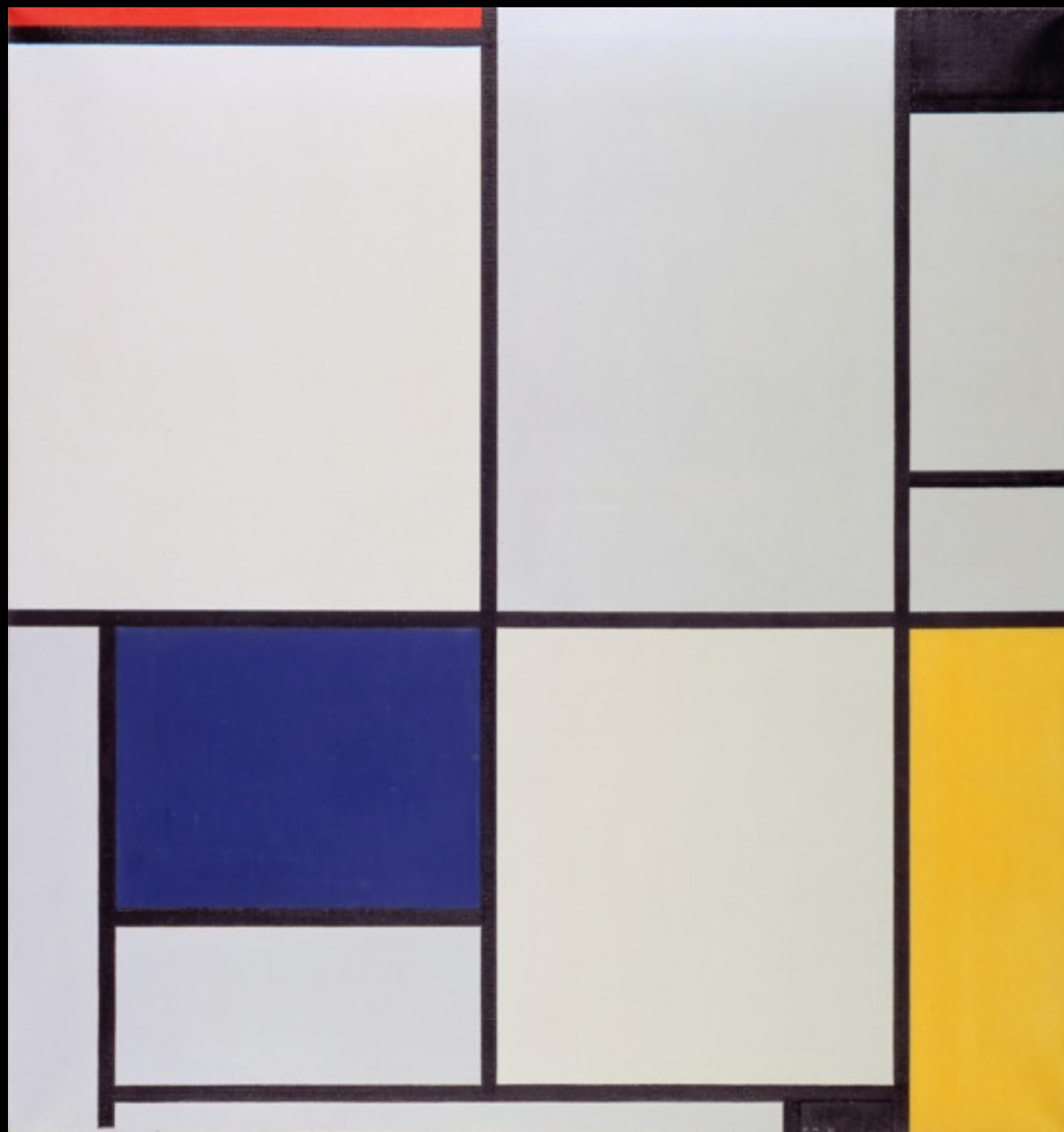
- procedural generation
- parameterization
- painting with algorithms
- creating and running systems

Spot Painting:

- parameters
- random function
- color function
- ellipse function (for loops)
- GUI

Prepartory Painting:

- curve
- line
- random function
- Gaussian function



Composition

Mondrian Automata

Mondrian Automata Pt. 2

```
var Cell = function( initX, initY, height,
width, color){

    // variables for position and vectors

    this.update = function() {
        // ...
    };

    this.render = function(){
        // ...
    };

    // ...
}
```

```
this.update = function() {  
    var currentLocation = p.createVector(xPos, yPos);  
    var steering;  
  
    if(Math.floor(targetLocation.x) !== Math.floor(currentLocation.x) &&  
Math.floor(targetLocation.y) !== Math.floor(currentLocation.y)){  
        steering = p5.Vector.sub(targetLocation,currentLocation);  
        steering.normalize();  
        xPos += steering.x;  
        yPos += steering.y;  
    }else{  
        targetLocation = p.createVector(p.random(0,600), p.random(0,300));  
    }  
};
```

callback =
1 frame of animation

Spot Painting Pt. 4

```

// Separation
// Method checks for nearby boids and steers away
this.separate = function(boids) {
  var desiredseparation = 50.0;
  var steer = createVector(0,0);
  var count = 0;
  // For every boid in the system, check if it's too close
  for (var i = 0; i < boids.length; i++) {
    var d = p5.Vector.dist(this.position,boids[i].position);
    // If the distance is greater than 0 and less than an arbitrary amount (0 when you are yourself)
    if ((d > 0) && (d < desiredseparation)) {
      // Calculate vector pointing away from neighbor
      var diff = p5.Vector.sub(this.position,boids[i].position);
      diff.normalize();
      diff.div(d);          // Weight by distance
      steer.add(diff);
      count++;              // Keep track of how many
    }
  }
  // Average -- divide by how many
  if (count > 0) {
    steer.div(count);
  }

  // As long as the vector is greater than 0
  if (steer.mag() > 0) {
    // Implement Reynolds: Steering = Desired - Velocity
    steer.normalize();
    steer.mult(this.maxspeed);
    steer.sub(this.velocity);
    steer.limit(this.maxforce);
  }
  return steer;
};

```

Source:
 The Nature of Code
 Daniel Shiffman
<http://natureofcode.com>

```
this.cohesion = function(boids) {  
  var neighbordist = 50;  
  var sum = createVector(0,0);  
  var count = 0;  
  for (var i = 0; i < boids.length; i++) {  
    var d = p5.Vector.dist(this.position, boids[i].position);  
    if ((d > 0) && (d < neighbordist)) {  
      sum.add(boids[i].position); // Add location  
      count++;  
    }  
  }  
  if (count > 0) {  
    sum.div(count);  
    return this.seek(sum); // Steer towards the location  
  } else {  
    return createVector(0,0);  
  }  
};
```

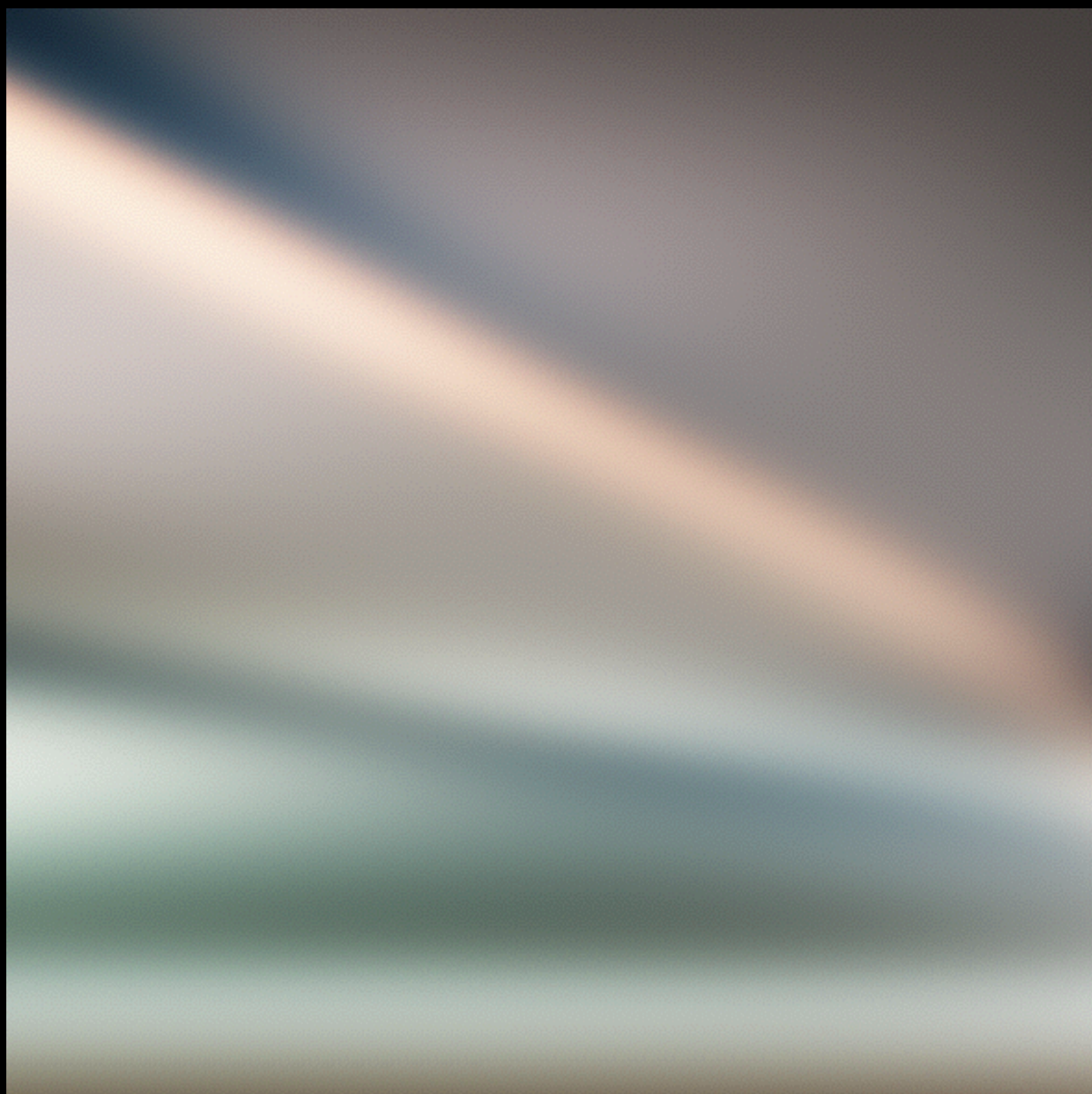
Source:
The Nature of Code
Daniel Shiffman
<http://natureofcode.com>

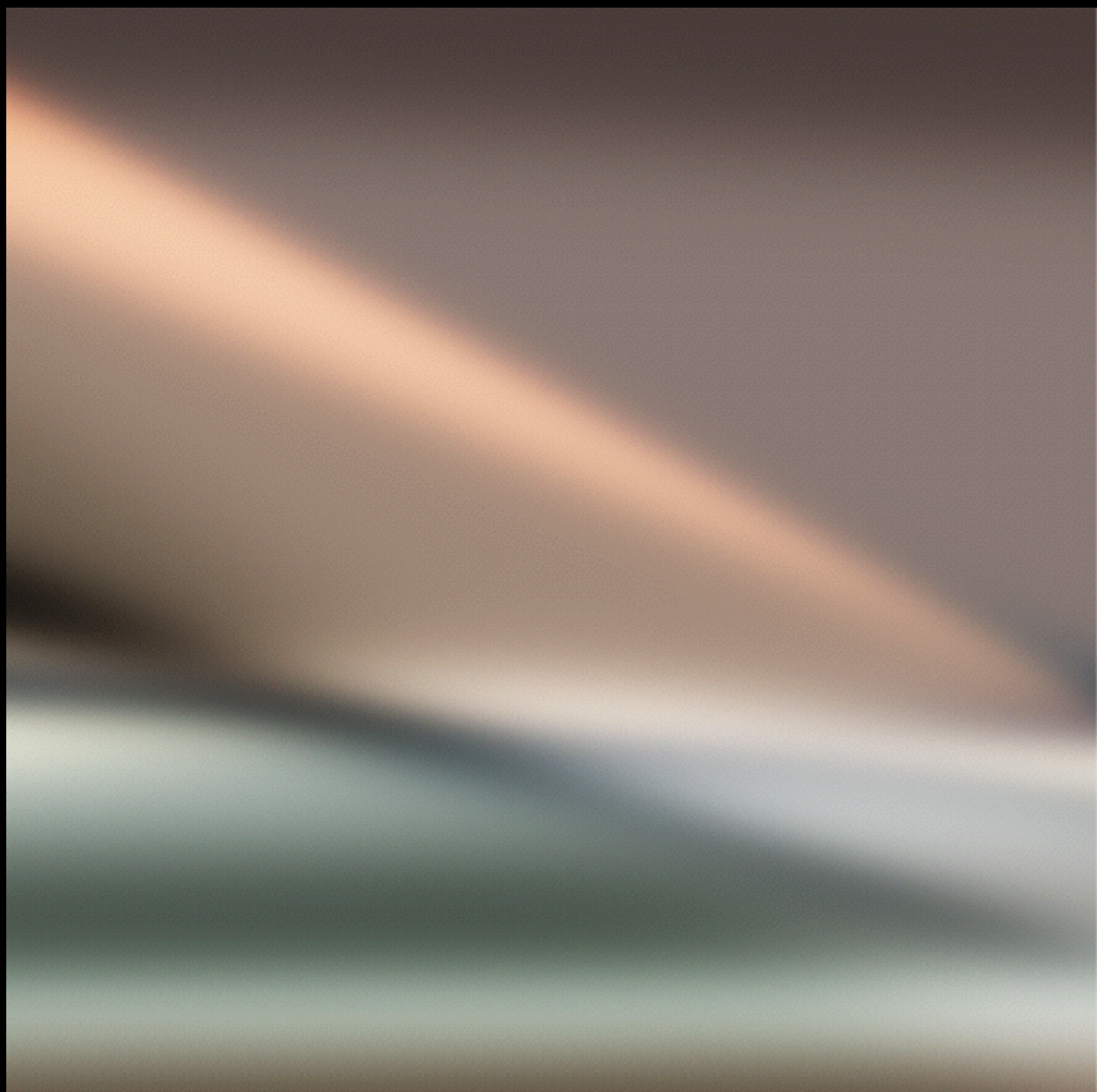
JavaScript is an artistic medium that can do:

- procedural generation
- parameterization
- painting with algorithms
- creating and running systems
- self-learning

**machine learning =
system that learns from
its inputs**

Code Painting





synaptic.js

```
var imgData = getPixelData(sourceImage);

var iterate = function(){
  for (var x = 0; x < 300; x+=1)
  {
    for(var y = 0; y < 300; y+=1)
    {
      var dynamicRate = .01/(1+.0005*iteration);
      perceptron.activate([x/300,y/300]);
      perceptron.propagate(dynamicRate, pixel(imgData,x,y));
    }
  }
  preview();
};
```

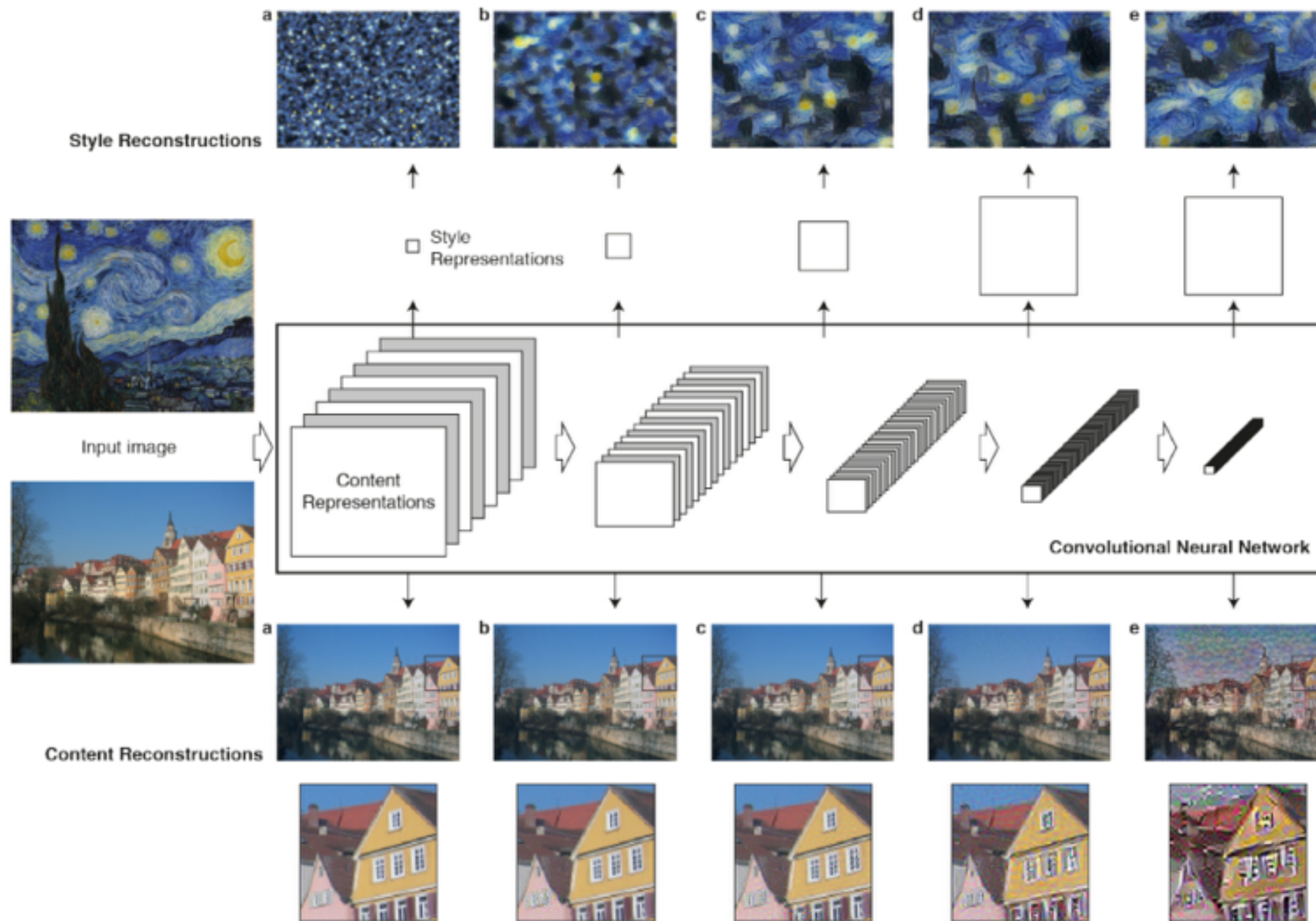
```
var imgData = getPixelData(sourceImage);

var iterate = function(){
  for (var x = 0; x < 300; x+=1)
  {
    for(var y = 0; y < 300; y+=1)
    {
      var dynamicRate = .01/(1+.0005*iteration);
      perceptron.activate([x/300,y/300]);
      perceptron.propagate(dynamicRate, pixel(imgData,x,y));
    }
  }
  preview();
};
```



```
var preview = function(){
  imageData = context.getImageData(0, 0, 300, 300);
  for (var x = 0; x < 300; x++)
  {
    for(var y = 0; y < 300; y++)
    {
      var rgb = perceptron.activate([x/300, y/300]);
      imageData.data[((300 * y) + x) * 4] = (rgb[0] ) * 255;
      imageData.data[((300 * y) + x) * 4 + 1] = (rgb[1] ) * 255;
      imageData.data[((300 * y) + x) * 4 + 2] = (rgb[2] ) * 255;
    }
  }

  context.putImageData(imageData,0,0);
  requestAnimationFrame(iterate);
};
```



Source:
 A Neural Algorithm of Artistic Style
 Leon A. Gatys, Alexander S. Ecker, Matthias Bethge



Source:
A Neural Algorithm of Artistic Style
Leon A. Gatys, Alexander S. Ecker,
Matthias Bethge

**Code is an art
medium but it can
also be an artist
collaborator.**

Collab

JavaScript is an artistic medium that can do:

- procedural generation
- parameterization
- painting with algorithms
- creating and running systems
- self-learning (?)

But why JavaScript?

JavaScript is an artistic medium that can do:

- procedural generation
- parameterization
 - be available to anyone with Internet
- painting with algorithms
 - cheap iterations
- creating and running systems
- self-learning (?)

Art is not an app.

Get excited!

Questions?

Email amy@amycheng.info

Submit Issue <https://github.com/amycheng/create-art-with-js/issues>