# **Student Information System**

1. Create necessary database and tables

## **Database:**

```
CREATE DATABASE Studentinfromationsystem;
```

## **Students Table:**

```
CREATE TABLE students (
    student_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    name VARCHAR(255),
    age INT,
    gender VARCHAR(10),
    email VARCHAR(255),
    phone VARCHAR(20)
);
```

# **Courses Table:**

```
CREATE TABLE courses(
    courses_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY key,
    Course_name VARCHAR(255),
    instructor VARCHAR(255),
    credits INT
    );
```

#### **Grades Table:**

```
CREATE Tables Grades(
grade_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT Primary key,
students_id INT,
courses-id INT,
garde Varchar(2),
FOREIGN KEY(students_id) REFERENCES students(students_id),
FOREIGN KEY(courses_id) REFERENCES courses(courses_id)
);
```

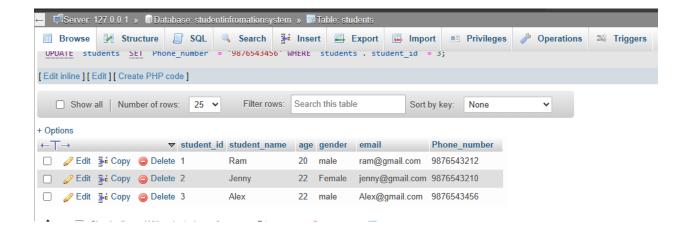
#### **Attendance Table:**

```
CREATE TABLE attendance (
    attendance_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    student_id INT,
    courses_id INT,
    date DATE,
    status VARCHAR(10),
    FOREIGN KEY (student_id) REFERENCES students(student_id),
    FOREIGN KEY (courses_id) REFERENCES courses(courses_id)
);
```

## 2. Add sample data into the database

# Sample data for Students table:

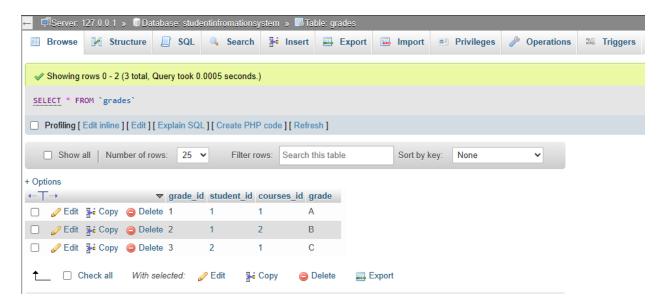
```
INSERT INTO students( name, age, gender, email, phone)
VALUES
   ('Ram', 20, 'male', 'ram@gmail.com', '9876543212'),
    ('Jenny', 22, 'Female', 'jenny@gmail.com', '9876543210'),
        ('Alex', 22, 'male', 'Alex@gmail.com', '9876543456');
```



# **Sample data for Courses Table:**

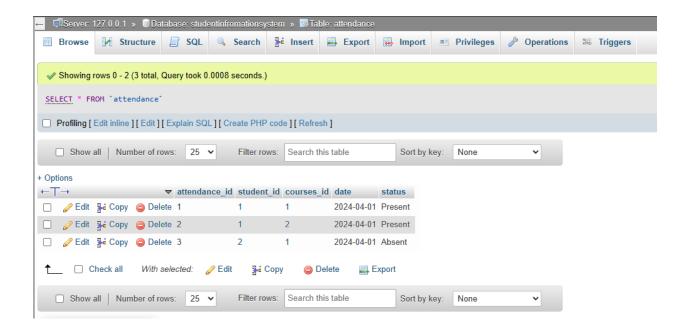


# Sample data for Grades Table:



## **Sample data for Attendance Table:**

```
INSERT INTO attendance (student_id, course_id, date, status)
VALUES (1, 1, '2024-04-01', 'Present'),
   (1, 2, '2024-04-01', 'Present'),
   (2, 1, '2024-04-01', 'Absent');
```

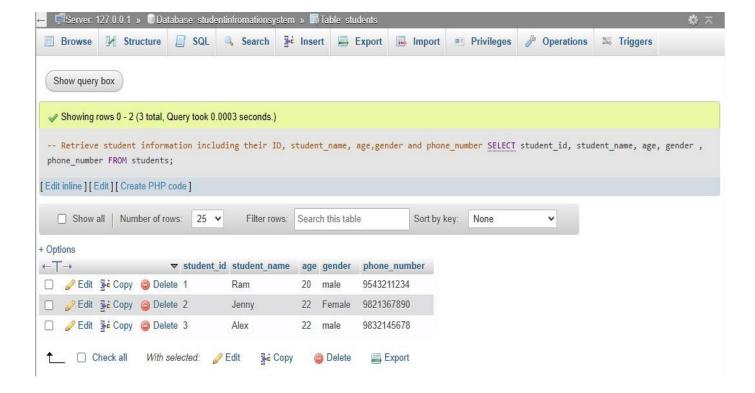


#### 3. Retrieve student information

-- Retrieve student information including their ID, student\_name, age,gender and phone\_number

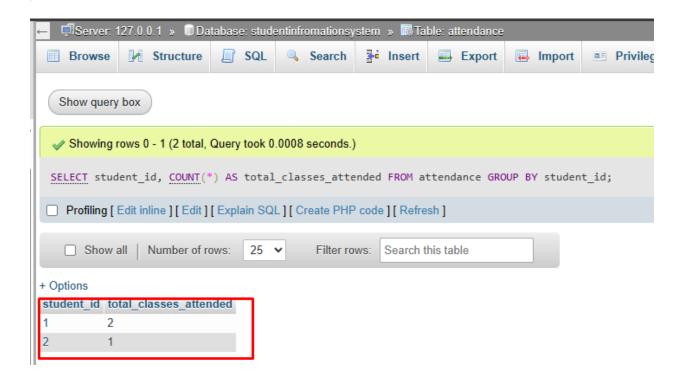
SELECT student\_id, student\_name, age, gender , phone\_number

FROM students;



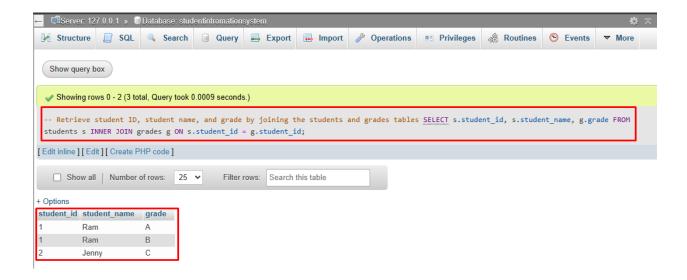
## 4. Calculate the total number of classes attended by each student:

```
SELECT student_id, COUNT(*) AS total_classes_attended FROM attendance GROUP BY student_id;
```

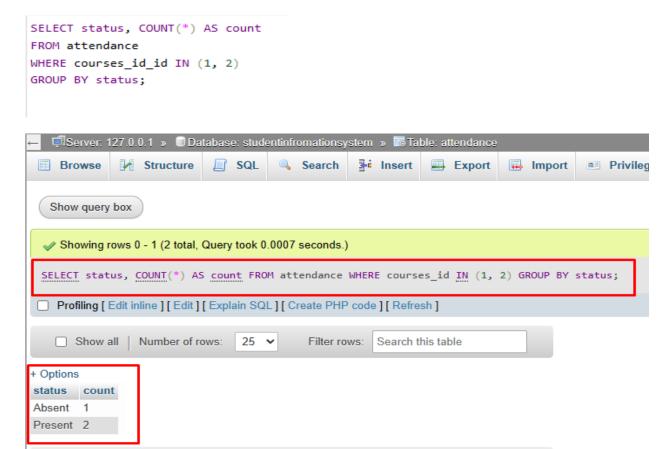


# 5. Retrieve student information along with their grades:

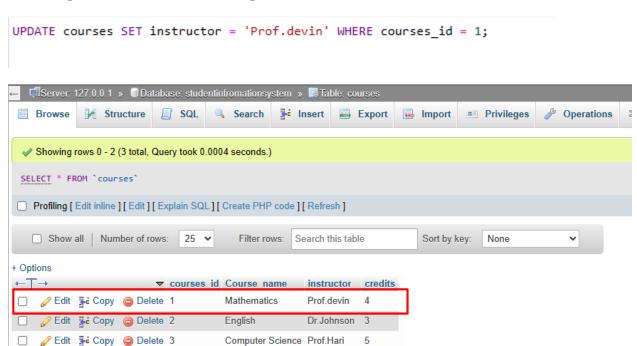
```
-- Retrieve student ID, student name, and grade by joining the students and grades tables
SELECT s.student_id, s.student_name, g.grade
FROM students s
INNER JOIN grades g ON s.student_id = g.student_id;
```



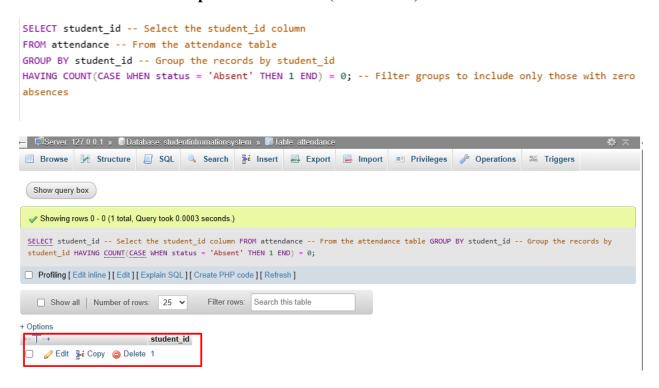
6. Count the number of attendance records (e.g., present, absent) for a specific course:



# 7. Update the instructor for a specific course:



## 8. Find students with perfect attendance (no absences):



#### 9. Find Students who Have Taken All Courses:

```
SELECT
   student id -- Select student id
FROM (
    SELECT
        student_id, -- Select student_id
        COUNT(DISTINCT courses_id) AS num_courses_taken -- Count the number of distinct courses taken by each student
    FROM grades -- From the grades table
    GROUP BY student_id -- Group the records by student_id
) AS subquery -- Create a subquery
WHERE num_courses_taken = (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM courses); -- Filter to include only students who have taken all courses available in
← 

Server: 127.0.0.1 » 

Database: studentinfromationsystem
 📝 Structure 📋 SQL 🔍 Search 🏿 Query 🚍 Export 📠 Import 🥕 Operations 💻 Privileges 🍪 Routines 🕒 Events 🔻 More
  Show query box

✓ MySQL returned an empty result set (i.e. zero rows). (Query took 0.0005 seconds.)

  SELECT student_id -- Select student_id FROM ( SELECT student_id, -- Select student_id COUNT(DISTINCT courses_id) AS num_courses_taken -- Count
  the number of distinct courses taken by each student FROM grades -- From the grades table GROUP BY student_id -- Group the records by
  student_id ) AS subquery -- Create a subquery WHERE num_courses_taken = (SELECT_COUNT(*) FROM courses);
 Profiling [Edit inline] [Edit] [Explain SQL] [Create PHP code] [Refresh]
  student_id
```

#### 10. Retrieve Courses with No Attendees:

```
SELECT

c.* -- Select all columns from the courses table

FROM courses c -- From the courses table

LEFT JOIN attendance a ON c.courses_id = a.courses_id -- Left join with the attendance table on courses_id

WHERE a.attendance_id IS NULL; -- Filter to include only records where there are no corresponding attendance records

Showing rows 0 - 0 (1 total, Query took 0.0004 seconds.)

SELECT c.* -- Select all columns from the courses table FROM courses c -- From the courses table LEFT JOIN attendance a ON c.courses_id = a.courses_id -- Left join with the attendance table on courses_id WHERE a.attendance_id IS NULL;

Profiling [Edit inline] [Edit] [Explain SQL] [Create PHP code] [Refresh]

Show all | Number of rows: 25  Filter rows: Search this table

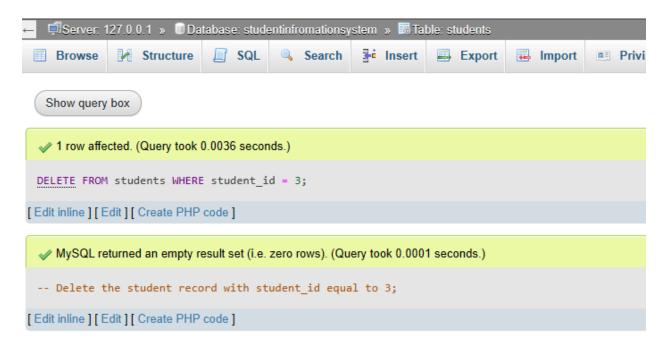
+ Options

courses_id Course_name instructor credits

3  Computer Science Prof.Hari 5
```

#### 11. Delete a student from the table:

DELETE FROM students WHERE student\_id = 3; -- Delete the student record with student\_id equal to 3



#### 12. Count the Number of Absences for Each Student:

```
SELECT

student_id, -- Select the student_id column

COUNT(*) AS num_absences -- Count the number of absences for each student and alias it as num_absences

FROM attendance -- From the attendance table

WHERE status = 'Absent' -- Filter to include only records where the status is 'Absent'

GROUP BY student_id; -- Group the results by student_id

Your SQL query has been executed successfully.

SELECT student_id, -- Select the student_id column COUNT(*) AS num_absences -- Count the number of absences for each student and alias it as num_absences FROM attendance -- From the attendance table WHERE status = 'Absent' -- Filter to include only records where the status is 'Absent' GROUP BY student_id;

Profiling [Edit inline] [Edit] [Explain SQL] [Create PHP code] [Refresh]
```

+ Options
student\_id num\_absences
2 1