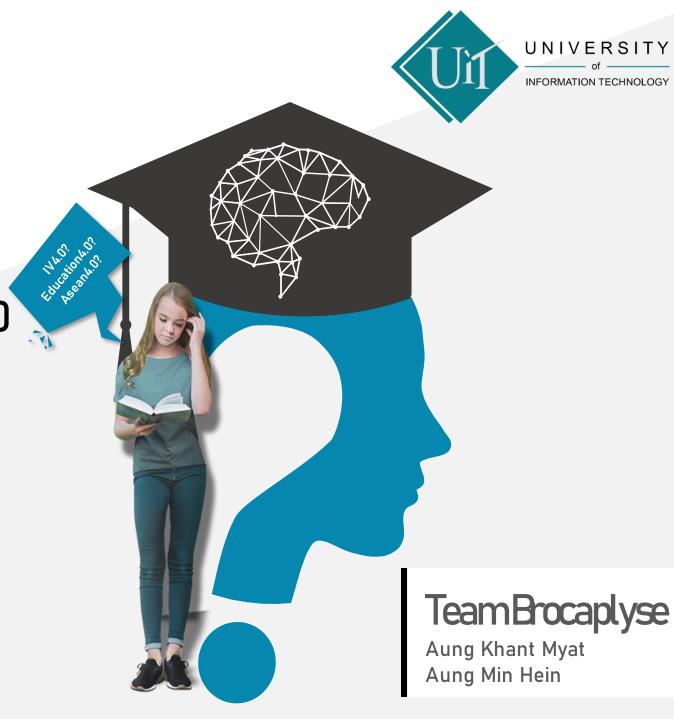


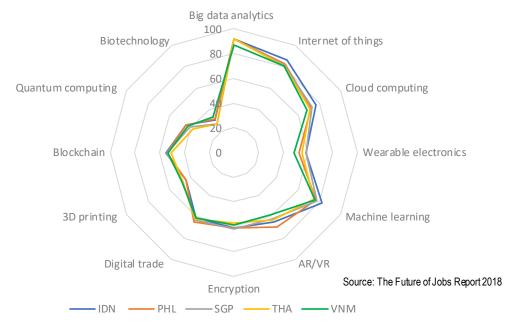
INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION 4.0 &
EDUCATION IN ASEAN





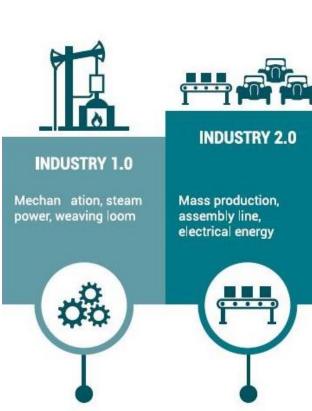
Industrial 4.0 Is Currently Happening And Asean's Economic Growth Is Rising Because Of It.

Technology Adoption By 2022 (% Of Companies)





The world will invest \$57.6B on cognitive and AI systems in 2021.



1870

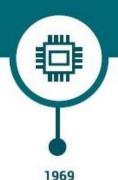
1784



INDUSTRY 4.0

INDUSTRY 3.0

Automation, computers and electronics Cyber Physical Systems, internet of things, networks





Source: IOTSENS

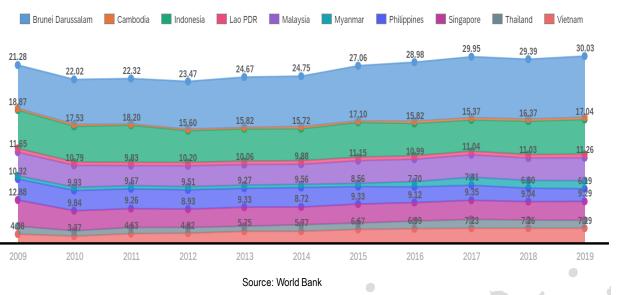
IV4 adoption in Asean increases net

between \$216 and \$627 billion

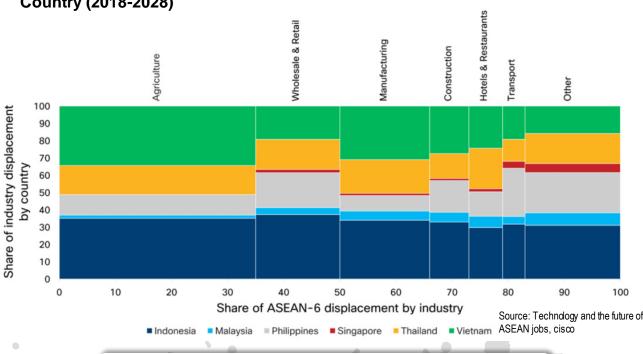
in economic gains annually by 2025.

The Shift To Industrial 4.0 Will Bring Much Significant Life Changes.

Unemployment Rate Of 15-year Old And Over, 2009 To 2019



Proportion Of Displaced Jobs By Sector Distribution To Each ASEAN-6 Country (2018-2028)



6.6M workers across the ASEAN-6 region, that will become redundant by 2028.

75M jobs globally, that may be displaced through adoption of technology by 2022.

3.4M net fewer skilled agriculture workers Across ASEAN-6 that will become redundant by 2028.

12% of elementary workers across ASEAN-6 could be displaced by technology by 2028.

Employers Need To Prioritize Their Re And Upskilling Efforts On Employees.

9.2% of ASEAN youths believe their current skills are already outdated.

54% of all employees will require significant re- and upskilling by 2022.

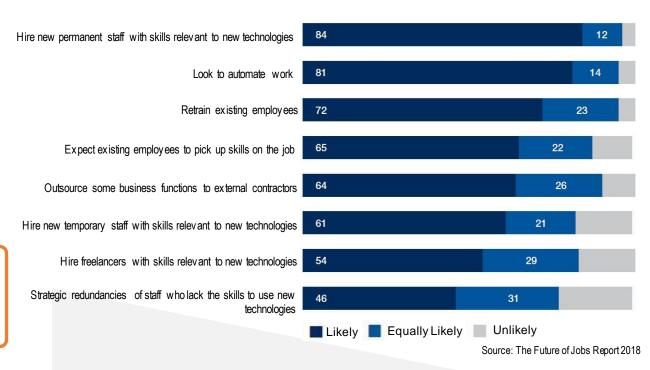
Skills Mismatch In Each Of Asean-6 Country Redundant workers Vacant positions Vacant positions At 5.2 Indonesia Malaysia Philippines Singapore Thailand Vietnam Source: Technology and the future of ASEAN jobs, cisco 1.7 million more

41% of ASEAN-6 redundant workers are lacking the IT skills.

1.9 million more workers will need interactive skills.

1.7 million more workers will need foundational skills.

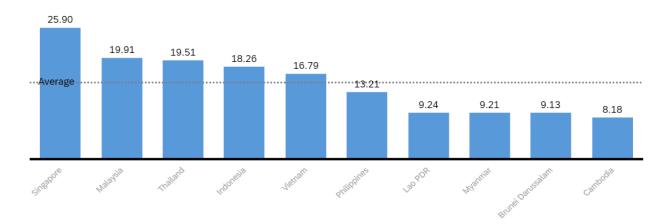
Strategies To Address Shifting Skills Needs, By Proportion Of Companies (%)



Despite the disruption being technology-based in nature, the ASEAN workforce's most significant challenge is to upgrade its softer, foundational and interactive skillset.

Education 4.0 Is A Response To The Need For The Industrial Revolution 4.0, To Meet The Skill Demands Of The Current Workforce.

Average Expenditure On Education As % Of Total Government Expenditure



Source: World Bank

Average Teacher: Student Ratio

1:20.10
ASEAN

GLOBAL

Average Adult Literacy Rate

92.11%

ASEAN

B5.10%

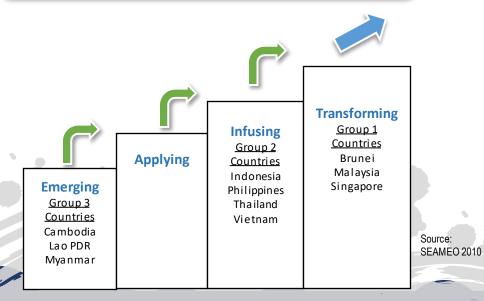
GLOBAL

Key Takeaway:

ASEAN surpasses the world in terms of quantitative measures, but in terms of quality education, it is sorely lacking.

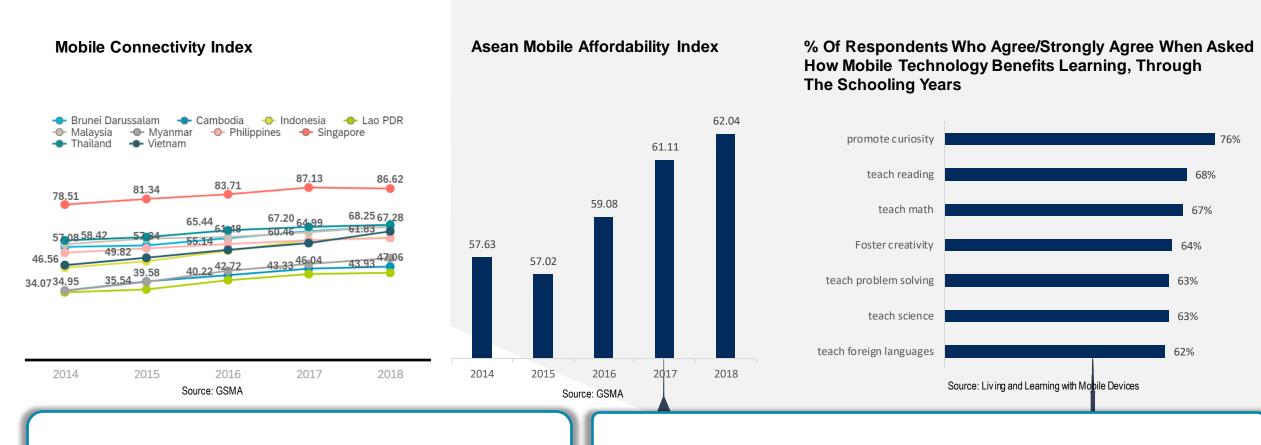
Strength Of Education 4.0

- 1. Creates an Opportunity for Educators to Engage in **New Technology Tools.**
- 2. Development of Technology Classroom Into **The 21st Century Skills.**
- 3. Opportunity to Experience a more **Practical Based Learning.**
- 4. Shift in Exam & Assessment Patterns.



Asean Countries According To Their Stage Of ICT Integration In Education

Usage Of Technology Greatly Benefits Education In Various Subjects And Areas.



People in ASEAN countries are already inclined to high mobile usage and familiarity with phone mobile technology compared to the rest of the world.

85% of students agree that mobile and apps can make learning fun.

68% of students agree that digital learning technology is helpful in research for class.

Leverage Existing Private Sector Resources

To develop a better understanding of the demand for skills and competencies.

Promote Policy Co-Creation Workshops



To formulate strategies and recommendations for skill shortages.

Enhanced Capacity To Deliver Skills Training That Fits The Industrial Revolution 4.0

Exploit Private Sector Partnerships to Develop New Models of Upskilling



To bridge the Asean workforce skills gaps.

Promote Lifelong
Learning as an Education
Principle in Partnership
with Business



To incentivize businesses to upskill their workers as well as ways to incentivize workers to seek training opportunities.

Improve Accessibility and
Discoverability of
Resources with Special
Focus on Women



To advance further within high-growth fields such as STEM.

Facilitating Education with Technology And infrastructure

Reform Curriculum



To Address the Changing Nature of the Workforce.

Invest further in mobile communications infrastructure



To get accessible and affordable mobile learning across the ASEAN region.

Encourage educational institutions or private companies



To produce more online courses in local languages.

Reference

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