# Ruby Monstas



## Session 2

## **Agenda**

- Recap
- Advanced Command Line
- Variables
- Booleans
- Arrays
- Exercises



# Recap

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe C:\Program Files\Adobe\RoboHelp 6.0\RoboHTML>rhcl -? [-o output folder name] [-d]

Adobe (R) RoboHelp Project Command Line Compiler version 6.00.099 Copyright (C) 2006 Adobe Macromedia Software LLC. All rights reserved. Usage: RHCL [-'\] project [-1 layout\_name] [-p [server\_name[:user\_name:password]]

Option Description: project Specifies a RoboHelp project file .xpj. Specifies a layout name. Primary layout is used by default. Specifies publishing server with optional username and password. If no server name is specified after -p, RHCL will publish the result

to all servers that are available to the layout. Specifies output folder name. The layout's default output folder is used by default. Displays all layout name(s) and publishing server name(s). Generates all layouts set for batch generation in the project.

-?. -h Requests online help.

Examples:

RHCL c:\project\myhelp.xpj RHCL "c:\my project\myhelp.xpj" RHCL c:\MY\_DOC~1\MY\_PROJ~1.XPJ

RHCL c:\project\myproject.xpj -d RHCL c:\project\myhelp.xpj -1 "Microsoft HTML Help"

RHCL c:\project\myhelp.xpj -1 WebHelp -p
RHCL c:\project\myhelp.xpj -1 FlashHelp -p server1:user1:password1 -p server2
RHCL c:\project\myhelp.xpj -1 "My Layout" -o "c:\Output\My Layout Output" C:\Program Files\Adobe\RoboHelp 6.0\RoboHTML>

## Numbers, Calculations, Strings, Methods

- 1,2,3
- 1.5, 3.09, 4.12
- 1+2
- 1/2
- "Lorem Ipsum"
- 'Im a sentence'.length



# Advanced<br/>Command Line

## **Copy files and directories**

ср	Copy files and folders
mv	Move files and folders, also rename files and folders
rm	Remove files
touch	Create a file if it does not exist already
man	Manual pages, documentation for commands
cat	Concatenate and print files
less	Display file

http://explainshell.com/

## Variables

## Introduction

## **Definition**

- Memory locations
- Can hold any data

```
irb(main):001:0> a = 5
=> 5
irb(main):002:0> b = "Hello World"
=> "Hello World"
```

## **Naming Conventions**

- Small letters
- No white space
- If the variable name has several words, use underscore
- Cannot start with a number

#### **Good variable names**

- user\_name
- date\_of\_birth
- list\_of\_favourite\_drinks

### Bad/invalid variable names

- 5\_things
- mynewvariable
- AnotherVariableName

## **Assigning Variables**

- Assignment operator: =
- Assigning variables: assign an object to a variable

```
irb(main):001:0> a = 5
=> 5
```

## **Use of Variables**

Refer to objects via variables

```
irb(main):003:0> a + 4
=> 9
irb(main):004:0> b.length
=> 11
```

## **Overwrite Variables**

 If you assign a new object to the same variable, the new object is valid

```
irb(main):002:0> b = "Hello World"
=> "Hello World"
irb(main):005:0> b = "Another String"
=> "Another String"
```

## **Assigning Variables to Variables**

Variables can be assigned to other variables

```
irb(main):001:0> a = 5
=> 5
irb(main):006:0> x = a
=> 5
```

## puts

"puts" is used to display the results of Ruby code

```
irb(main):008:0> puts "We print a string"
We print a string
=> nil
irb(main):009:0> puts b
Another String
=> nil
```

## gets

"gets" is used to get user input

```
irb(main):010:0> name = gets
Marion
=> "Marion\n"
irb(main):011:0> name
=> "Marion\n"
```

## Booleans

## Introduction

## **Boolean values**

- The truth!
  - true
  - o false

## Wait, I've seen that before!

Functions (methods) can return booleans

```
irb(main):013:0> "Ruby is great".include? "Ruby"
=> true
irb(main):014:0> "This is great".include? "Ruby"
=> false
irb(main):016:0> 1.odd?
=> true
irb(main):017:0> 3.even?
=> false
```

 Ruby code convention: Functions that return a boolean value end with a?

```
irb(main):023:0> b
=> "Another String"
irb(main):024:0> b.empty?
=> false
irb(main):026:0> x
=> 5
irb(main):027:0> x.integer?
=> true
```

## **Booleans and variables**

```
irb(main):029:0> is_b_empty = b.empty?
=> false
irb(main):030:0> is_b_empty
=> false
```

## **Comparison operators**

==	Are the left and right side equal?
! =	Are the left and right side <b>not equal</b> ?
<	Is the left side smaller than the right side?
>	Is the left side bigger than the right side?
<=	Is the left side smaller than or equal to the right side?
>=	Is the left side bigger than or equal to the right side?

## **Comparison operators**

```
irb(main):074:0>5==4
=> false
irb(main):075:0>5 != 4
=> true
irb(main):076:0>1<2
=> true
irb(main):077:0>1>2
=> false
irb(main):078:0>7.1 <= 7.2
=> true
irb(main):079:0>7.1>=7.2
=> false
```

## Arrays

## Introduction

## **Arrays**

### lists of things

```
irb(main):036:0> [1, 1, 3, 5, 8]
=> [1, 1, 3, 5, 8]
irb(main):038:0> my_array = [7, "hello", 5.9]
=> [7, "hello", 5.9]
```

## **Accessing array items**

```
irb(main):043:0> my array = [7, "hello", 5.9]
=> [7, "hello", 5.9]
irb(main):044:0> my array[1]
=> "hello"
irb (main):045:0> my array.last
=> 5.9
irb(main):046:0> my array.first
=> 7
```

## Adding to an array

## "shovel" operator

```
irb(main):039:0> my_array << "new item"
=> [7, "hello", 5.9, "new item"]
irb(main):041:0> my_array << x
=> [7, "hello", 5.9, "new item", 5]
```

## **Deleting from an array**

```
irb(main):055:0> my array
=> [7, "hello", 5.9, "new item", 5]
irb(main):056:0> my array.delete at(2)
=> 5.9
irb(main):057:0> my array
=> [7, "hello", "new item", 5]
irb(main):058:0> my array.delete("hello")
=> "hello"
irb(main):059:0> my array
=> [7, "new item", 5]
```

# Time to practice



Let's get to it!